

# **CD905-B Series**

## **COM Express Compact Module**

### **User's Manual**

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Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

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## Trademarks

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

## COM Express Specification Reference

PICMG® COM Express Module™ Base Specification.

<http://www.picmg.org/>

## FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

## Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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## About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

## Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arise from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

## Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



### Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

## Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

## About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One CD905-B board
- One DVD
- One QR (Quick Reference)

## Optional Items

- COM330-B carrier board
- COM630-B carrier board
- Cable kit for carrier board
- Heat spreader
- Heat sink
- Heat sink with fan
- Heat spreader with heat sink and fan

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

## Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- A CPU
- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

## Chapter 1 - Introduction

### Specifications

<b>Processor</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CD905-B2550:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® Atom™ D2550, 1.86GHz, 2x 512K L2, 10W TDP, dual-core</li> <li>Cooling option: heatsink with cooling fan</li> </ul> </li> <li>CD905-B2800:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® Atom™ N2800, 1.86GHz, 2x 512K L2, 6.5W TDP, dual-core</li> <li>Cooling option: heatsink (fanless solution)</li> </ul> </li> <li>CD905-B2600:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® Atom™ N2600, 1.6GHz, 2x 512K L2, 3.5W TDP, dual-core</li> <li>Cooling option: heatsink (fanless solution)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Chipset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® NM10 Express chipset</li> </ul>
<b>System Memory</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One 204-pin DDR3 SODIMM socket</li> <li>Supports DDR3 1066MHz (Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2800)</li> <li>Supports DDR3 800MHz (Intel® Atom™ N2600)</li> <li>Supports single channel memory interface</li> <li>Supports up to 4GB system memory (Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2800)</li> <li>Supports up to 2GB system memory (Intel® Atom™ N2600)</li> <li>DRAM device technologies: 1Gb, 2Gb and 4Gb DDR3 DRAM technologies are supported for x8 and x16 devices, unbuffered, non-ECC</li> </ul>
<b>Graphics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® GMA 3650 (Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2800)</li> <li>Intel® GMA 3600 (Intel® Atom™ N2600)</li> <li>Supports LVDS and VGA interfaces</li> <li>LVDS: Chronitel CH7511B, 24-bit, dual channel, display resolution up to 1920x1200</li> <li>VGA display resolution up to 1920x1200</li> <li>Supports Hardware H.264/AVC, MPEG-2 video decoder, VC-1, DirectX 9, 1080p decoder</li> </ul>
<b>Audio</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports High Definition Audio interface</li> </ul>
<b>LAN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® 82574 Gigabit Ethernet Controller</li> <li>Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver</li> <li>Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab</li> <li>Supports wire management</li> </ul>
<b>Serial ATA</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports 2 Serial ATA interfaces</li> <li>SATA 2.0 with data transfer rate up to 3Gb/s</li> <li>Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller</li> </ul>

<b>Watchdog Timer (optional)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Watchdog timeout programmable via software from 1 to 256 seconds</li> </ul>
<b>Expansion Interfaces</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports 8 USB 2.0 ports</li> <li>Supports 4 PCIe x1 interfaces</li> <li>Supports 4 PCI interfaces</li> <li>Supports 8-bit Digital I/O</li> <li>Supports 1 IDE interface</li> </ul>
<b>Damage Free Intelligence</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitors CPU temperature and overheat alarm</li> <li>Monitors CPU fan speed and failure alarm</li> <li>Monitors Vcore/V<sub>GFX</sub>/1.5V voltages and failure alarm</li> <li>Watchdog timer function</li> </ul>
<b>BIOS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>16Mbit SPI BIOS</li> </ul>
<b>Power Consumption</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>24.51 W with D2550 at 1.86GHz and 1x 1GB DDR3 SODIMM</li> </ul>
<b>OS Support</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Windows XP Professional x86 &amp; SP3 (32-bit)</li> <li>Windows 7 Ultimate x86 &amp; SP1 (32-bit)</li> </ul>
<b>Temperature</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating: 0°C to 60°C</li> <li>Storage: -20°C to 85°C</li> </ul>
<b>Humidity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10% to 90%</li> </ul>
<b>Power Input</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12V, 5VSB, VCC_RTC (ATX mode)</li> <li>12V, VCC_RTC (AT mode)</li> </ul>
<b>Certification</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CE</li> <li>FCC Class B</li> <li>RoHS</li> <li>UL</li> </ul>
<b>PCB</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dimensions               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>COM Express Compact</li> <li>95mm (3.74") x 95mm (3.74")</li> </ul> </li> <li>Compliance               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PICMG COM Express R2.0, Type 2</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## Features

### • Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

### • DDR3

DDR3 delivers increased system bandwidth and improved performance. The advantages of DDR3 are its higher bandwidth and its increase in performance at a lower power than DDR2.

### • Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications. Supports LVDS and VGA for up to 2 independent displays.

### • Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 3Gb/s (SATA 2.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s.

### • Gigabit LAN

The Intel 82574 Gigabit LAN controller supports up to 1Gbps data transmission.

### • USB

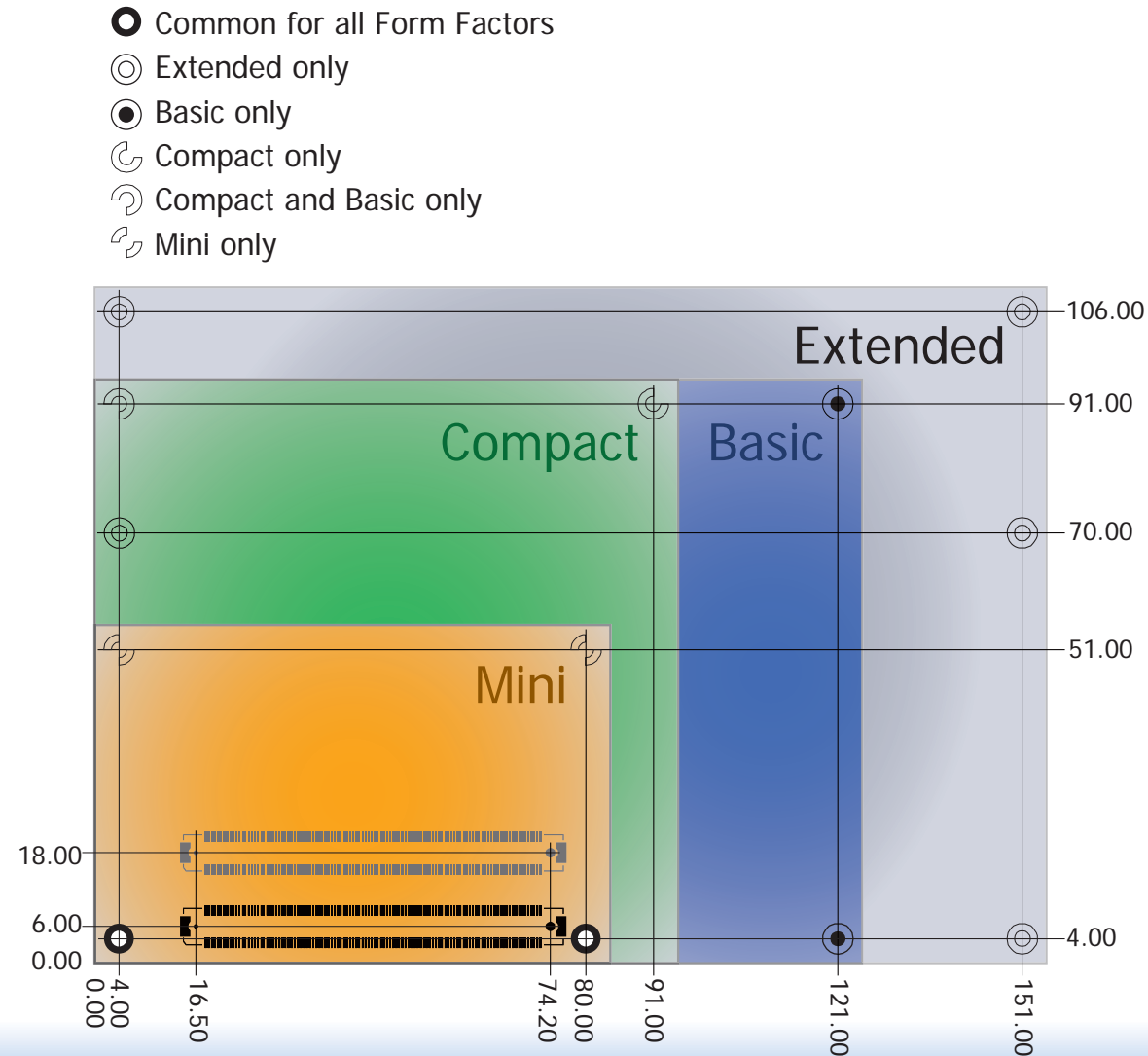
The system board supports USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 ports. USB 1.1 supports 12Mb/second bandwidth while USB 2.0 supports 480Mb/second bandwidth providing a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

## Chapter 2 - Concept

### COM Express Module Standards

The figure below shows the dimensions of the different types of COM Express modules.

CD905-B is a COM Express Compact module. The dimension is 95mm x 95mm.



## Specification Comparison Table

The table below shows the COM Express standard specifications and the corresponding specifications supported on the CD905-B module.

Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 2 (IDE + PCI) Min / Max	DFI CD905-B Type 2
A-B	System I/O		
A-B	PCI Express Lanes 0 - 5	1 / 6	4
A-B	LVDS Channel A	0 / 1	4
A-B	LVDS Channel B	0 / 1	1
A-B	eDP on LVDS CH A pins	NA	NA
A-B	VGA Port	0 / 1	1
A-B	TV-Out	NA	NA
A-B	DDI 0	NA	NA
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Serial Ports 1 - 2	NA	NA
A-B	CAN interface on SER1	NA	NA
A-B	SATA / SAS Ports	1 / 4	2
A-B	AC'97 / HDA Digital Interface	0 / 1	1
A-B	USB 2.0 Ports	4 / 8	8
A-B	USB Client	0 / 1	1
A-B	USB 3.0 Ports	NA	NA
A-B	LAN Port 0	1 / 1	1
A-B	Express Card Support	1 / 2	1
A-B	LPC Bus	1 / 1	1
A-B	SPI	1 / 2	1
A-B	System Management		
A-B <sup>6</sup>	SDIO (muxed on GPIO)	NA	NA
A-B	General Purpose I/O	8 / 8	8
A-B	SMBus	1 / 1	1
A-B	I2C	1 / 1	1
A-B	Watchdog Timer	0 / 1	1
A-B	Speaker Out	1 / 1	1
A-B	External BIOS ROM Support	0 / 2	1
A-B	Reset Functions	1 / 1	1

- 5 Indicates 12V-tolerant features on former VCC\_12V signals.
- 6 Cells in the connected columns spanning rows provide a rough approximation of features sharing connector pins.

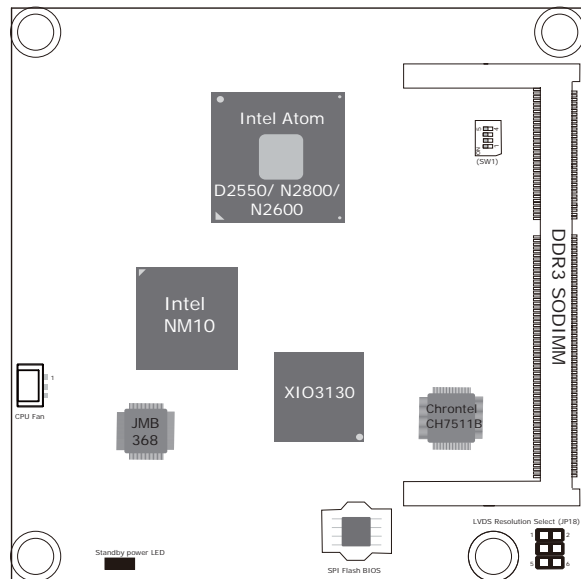
Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 2 (IDE + PCI) Min / Max	DFI CD905-B Type 2
A-B	Power Management		
A-B	Thermal Protection	0 / 1	1
A-B	Battery Low Alarm	0 / 1	1
A-B	Suspend/Wake Signals	0 / 3	2
A-B	Power Button Support	1 / 1	1
A-B	Power Good	1 / 1	1
A-B	VCC_5V_SBY Contacts	4 / 4	4
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Sleep Input	NA	NA
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Lid Input	NA	NA
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Fan Control Signals	NA	NA
A-B	Trusted Platform Modules	NA	NA
A-B	Power		
A-B	VCC_12V Contacts	12 / 12	12

Module Pin-out - Required and Optional Features C-D Connector. PICMG® COM.0Revision 2.1

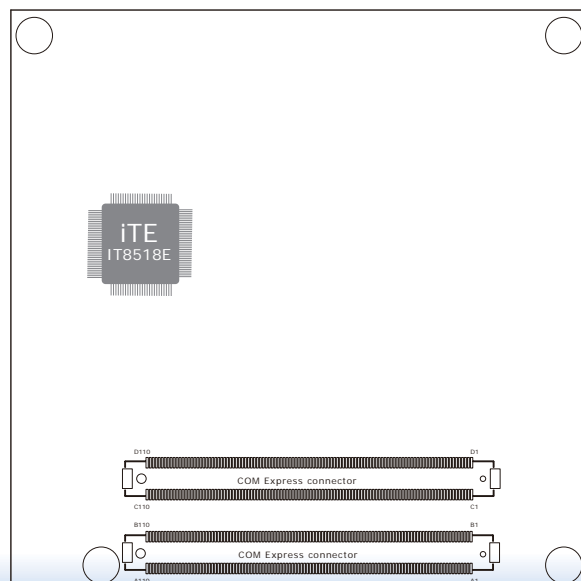
Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 2 (IDE + PCI) Min / Max	DFI CD905-B Type 2
C-D	System I/O		
C-D <sup>6</sup>	PCI Express Lanes 16 - 31	0 / 16	0
	PCI Express Graphics (PEG)	0 / 1	0
	Muxed SDVO Channels 1 - 2	0 / 2	0
	PCI Express Lanes 6 - 15	NA	NA
C-D <sup>6</sup>	PCI Bus - 32 Bit	1 / 1	1
	PATA Port	1 / 1	1
	LAN Ports 1 - 2	NA	NA
	DDIs 1 - 3	NA	NA
C-D <sup>6</sup>	USB 3.0 Ports	NA	NA
C-D	Power		
C-D	VCC_12V Contacts	12 / 12	12

## Chapter 3 - Hardware Installation

### Board Layout

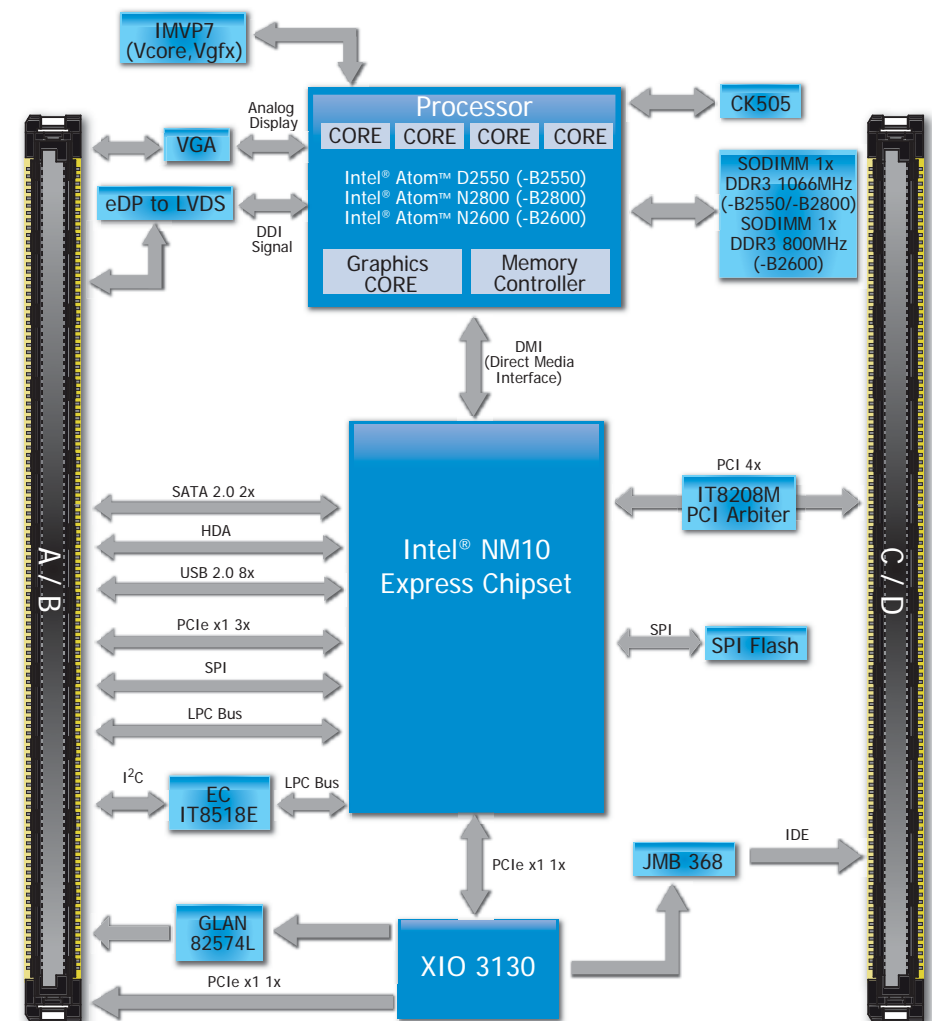


Top View



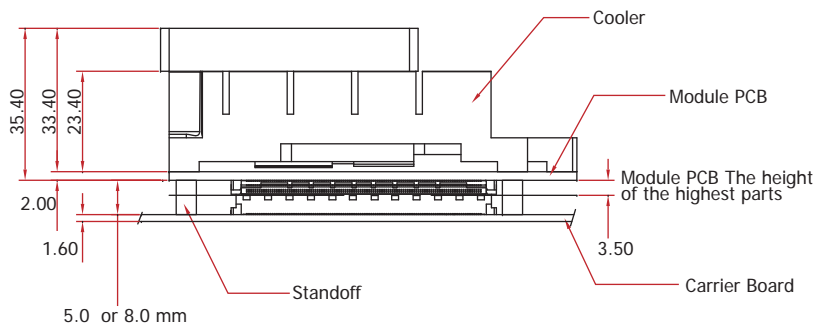
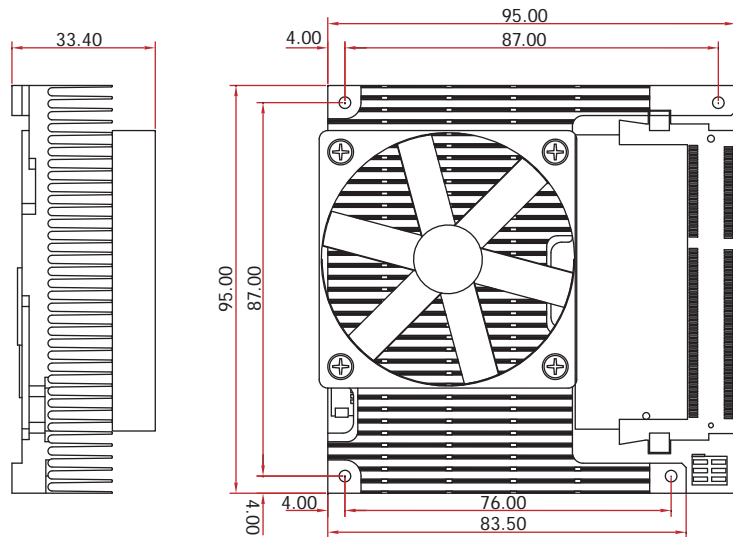
Bottom View

### Block Diagram



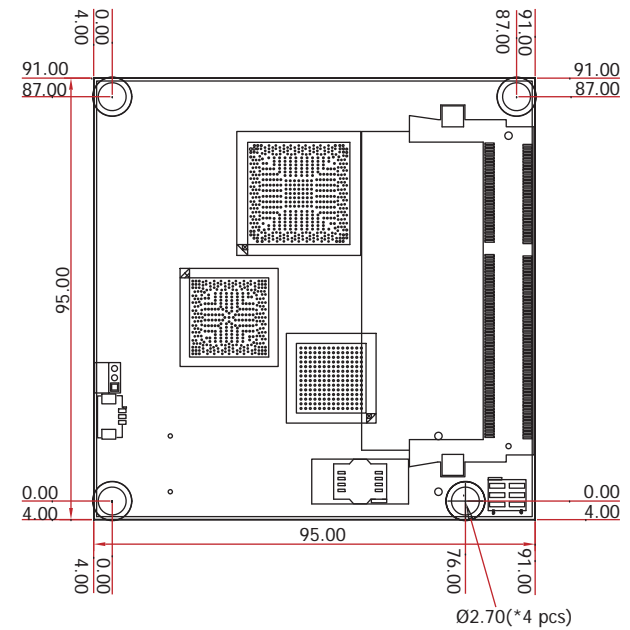
## Mechanical Diagram

### CD905-B Module with Heat Sink

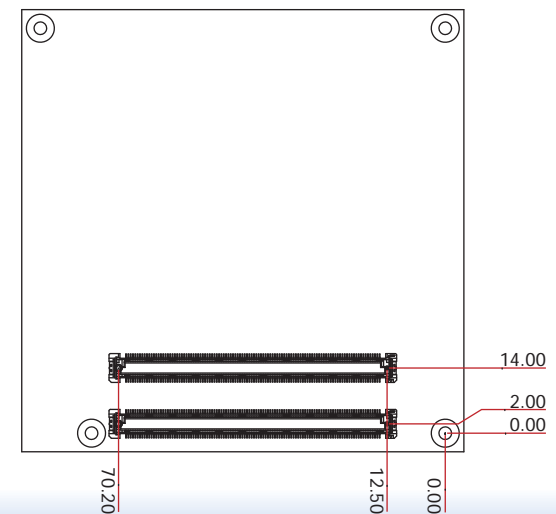


### Side View of the Module with Heat Sink and Carrier Board

CD905-B Module



Top View



### Bottom View

**Important:**

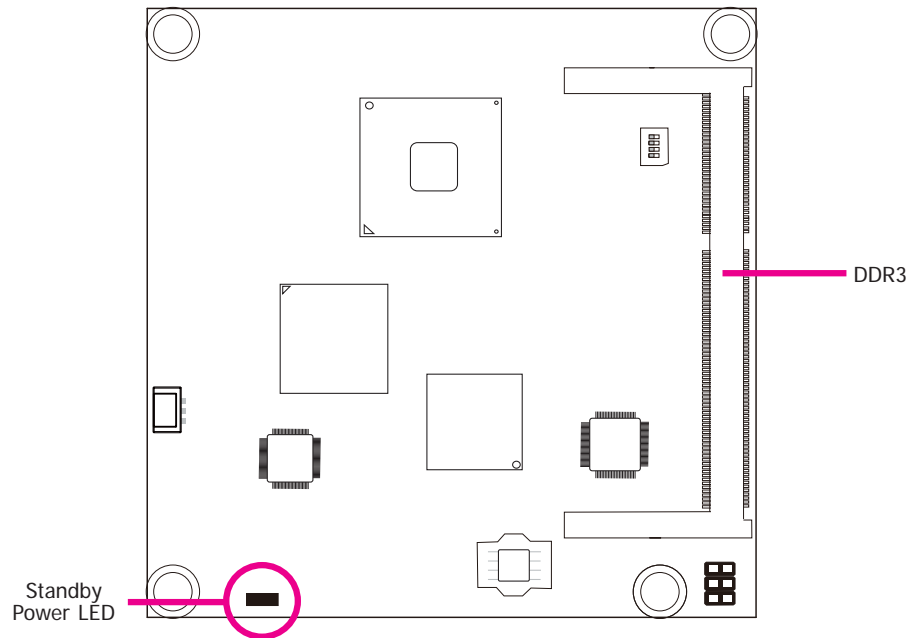
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

## System Memory

The system board is equipped with one 204-pin SODIMM sockets that support DDR3 memory modules.

**Important:**

When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that there is power on the board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the board and components.



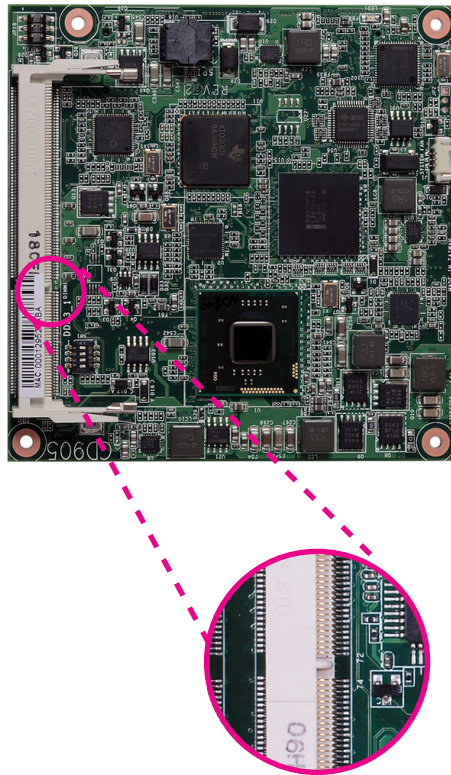
## Installing the DIMM Module



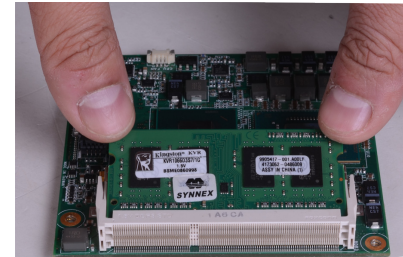
### Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual one. These illustrations are for reference only.

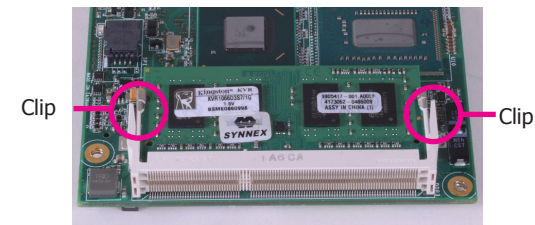
1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the SODIMM socket on the system board.
4. Note the key on the socket. The key ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in only one direction.



5. Grasping the module by its edges, align the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.

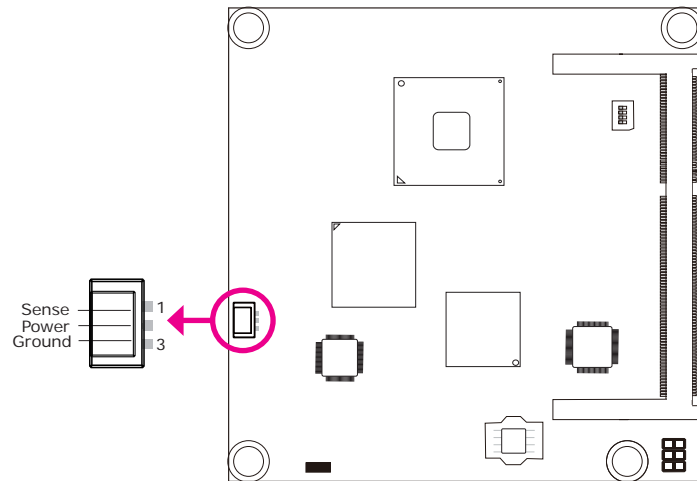


6. Push down the module until the clips at each end of the socket lock into position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the module is correctly locked into position.



## Connectors

### CPU Fan Connector



Connect the CPU fan's cable connector to the CPU fan connector on the board. The cooling fan will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and board components.

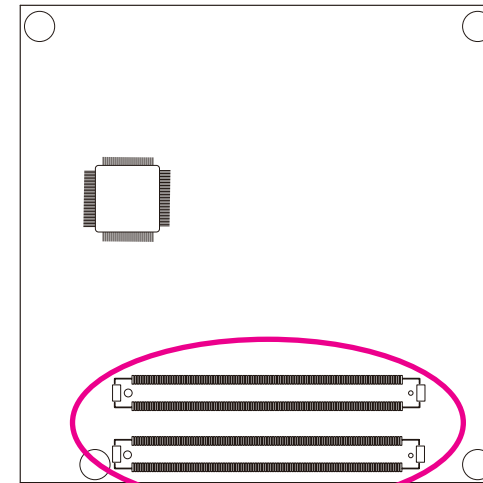
### BIOS Setting

"Module Board H/W Monitor" submenu in the Advanced menu of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fan. Refer to chapter 3 of the manual for more information.

### COM Express Connectors

The COM Express connectors are used to interface the CD905-B COM Express board to a carrier board. Connect the COM Express connectors (located on the solder side of the board) to the COM Express connectors on the carrier board.

Refer to the "Installing CD905-B onto a Carrier Board" section for more information.



COM Express Connectors

Refer to the following pages for the pin functions of these connectors.

## COM Express Connectors

RowA		RowB		RowA		RowB	
A1	GND (FIXED)	B1	GND (FIXED)	A56	PCIE_TX4-	B56	NC
A2	GBE0_MDI3-	B2	GBE0_ACT#	A57	GND	B57	GPO2
A3	GBE0_MDI3+	B3	LPC_FRAME#	A58	PCIE_TX3+	B58	PCIE_RX3+
A4	GBE0_LINK100#	B4	LPC_AD0	A59	PCIE_TX3-	B59	PCIE_RX3-
A5	GBE0_LINK1000#	B5	LPC_AD1	A60	GND (FIXED)	B60	GND (FIXED)
A6	GBE0_MDI2-	B6	LPC_AD2	A61	PCIE_TX2+	B61	PCIE_RX2+
A7	GBE0_MDI2+	B7	LPC_AD3	A62	PCIE_TX2-	B62	PCIE_RX2-
A8	GBE0_LINK#	B8	LPC_DRQ0#	A63	GPI1	B63	GPO3
A9	GBE0_MDI1-	B9	LPC_DRQ1#	A64	PCIE_TX1+	B64	PCIE_RX1+
A10	GBE0_MDI1+	B10	LPC_CLK	A65	PCIE_TX1-	B65	PCIE_RX1-
A11	GND (FIXED)	B11	GND (FIXED)	A66	GND	B66	WAKE0#
A12	GBE0_MDI0-	B12	PWRBTN#	A67	GPI2	B67	WAKE1#
A13	GBE0_MDI0+	B13	SMB_CK	A68	PCIE_TX0+	B68	PCIE_RX0+
A14	GBE0_CTREF	B14	SMB_DAT	A69	PCIE_TX0-	B69	PCIE_RX0-
A15	SUS_S3#	B15	SMB_ALERT#	A70	GND (FIXED)	B70	GND (FIXED)
A16	SATA0_TX+	B16	SATA1_TX+	A71	LVDS_A0+	B71	LVDS_B0+
A17	SATA0_TX-	B17	SATA1_TX-	A72	LVDS_A0-	B72	LVDS_B0-
A18	SUS_S4#	B18	SUS_STAT#	A73	LVDS_A1+	B73	LVDS_B1+
A19	SATA0_RX+	B19	SATA1_RX+	A74	LVDS_A1-	B74	LVDS_B1-
A20	SATA0_RX-	B20	SATA1_RX-	A75	LVDS_A2+	B75	LVDS_B2+
A21	GND (FIXED)	B21	GND (FIXED)	A76	LVDS_A2-	B76	LVDS_B2-
A22	NC	B22	NC	A77	LVDS_VDD_EN	B77	LVDS_B3+
A23	NC	B23	NC	A78	LVDS_A3+	B78	LVDS_B3-
A24	SUS_S5#	B24	PWR_OK	A79	LVDS_A3-	B79	LVDS_BKLT_EN
A25	NC	B25	NC	A80	GND (FIXED)	B80	GND (FIXED)
A26	NC	B26	NC	A81	LVDS_A_CK+	B81	LVDS_B_CK+
A27	BATLOW#	B27	WDT	A82	LVDS_A_CK-	B82	LVDS_B_CK-
A28	ATA_ACT#	B28	AC_SDIN2	A83	LVDS_I2C_CK	B83	LVDS_BKLT_CTRL
A29	AC_SYNC	B29	AC_SDIN1	A84	LVDS_I2C_DAT	B84	VCC_5V_SBY
A30	AC_RST#	B30	AC_SDIN0	A85	GPI3	B85	VCC_5V_SBY
A31	GND (FIXED)	B31	GND (FIXED)	A86	KBD_RST#	B86	VCC_5V_SBY
A32	AC_BITCLK	B32	SPKR	A87	KBD_A20GATE	B87	VCC_5V_SBY
A33	AC_SDOUT	B33	I2C_CK	A88	PCIE0_CK_REF+	B88	BIOS_DIS1#
A34	BIOS_DISABLE#	B34	I2C_DAT	A89	PCIE0_CK_REF-	B89	VGA_RED
A35	THRMTRIP#	B35	THRM#	A90	GND (FIXED)	B90	GND (FIXED)
A36	USB6-	B36	USB7-	A91	SPI_POWER	B91	VGA_GRN
A37	USB6+	B37	USB7+	A92	SPI_MISO	B92	VGA_BLU
A38	USB_6_7_OC#	B38	USB_4_5_OC#	A93	GPO0	B93	VGA_HSYNC
A39	USB4-	B39	USB5-	A94	SPI_CLK	B94	VGA_VSYNC
A40	USB4+	B40	USB5+	A95	SPI_MOSI	B95	VGA_I2C_CK
A41	GND (FIXED)	B41	GND (FIXED)	A96	GND	B96	VGA_I2C_DAT
A42	USB2-	B42	USB3-	A97	NC	B97	SPI_CS#
A43	USB2+	B43	USB3+	A98	NC	B98	NC
A44	USB_2_3_OC#	B44	USB_0_1_OC#	A99	NC	B99	NC
A45	USB0-	B45	USB1-	A100	GND (FIXED)	B100	GND (FIXED)
A46	USB0+	B46	USB1+	A101	NC	B101	NC
A47	VCC_RTC	B47	EXCD1_PERST#	A102	NC	B102	NC
A48	EXCD0_CPPE#	B48	EXCD1_CPPE#	A103	NC	B103	NC
A49	EXCD0_CPPE#	B49	SYS_RESET#	A104	VCC_12V	B104	VCC_12V
A50	LPC_SERIRQ	B50	CB_RESET#	A105	VCC_12V	B105	VCC_12V
A51	GND (FIXED)	B51	GND (FIXED)	A106	VCC_12V	B106	VCC_12V
A52	NC	B52	NC	A107	VCC_12V	B107	VCC_12V
A53	NC	B53	NC	A108	VCC_12V	B108	VCC_12V
A54	GPI0	B54	GPO1	A109	VCC_12V	B109	VCC_12V
A55	PCIE_TX4+	B55	NC	A110	GND (FIXED)	B110	GND (FIXED)

RowC		RowD		RowC		RowD	
C1	GND (FIXED)	D1	GND (FIXED)	C56	NC	D56	NC
C2	IDE_D7	D2	IDE_D5	C57	NC	D57	TYPE2#
C3	IDE_D6	D3	IDE_D10	C58	NC	D58	NC
C4	IDE_D3	D4	IDE_D11	C59	NC	D59	NC
C5	IDE_D15	D5	IDE_D12	C60	GND (FIXED)	D60	GND (FIXED)
C6	IDE_D8	D6	IDE_D4	C61	NC	D61	NC
C7	IDE_D9	D7	IDE_D0	C62	NC	D62	NC
C8	IDE_D2	D8	IDE_REQ	C63	NC	D63	NC
C9	IDE_D13	D9	IDE_IOW#	C64	NC	D64	NC
C10	IDE_D1	D10	IDE_ACK#	C65	NC	D65	NC
C11	GND (FIXED)	D11	GND (FIXED)	C66	NC	D66	NC
C12	IDE_D14	D12	IDE_IRQ	C67	NC	D67	GND
C13	IDE_IORDY	D13	IDE_A0	C68	NC	D68	NC
C14	IDE_IOR#	D14	IDE_A1	C69	NC	D69	NC
C15	PCI_PME#	D15	IDE_A2	C70	GND (FIXED)	D70	GND (FIXED)
C16	PCI_GNT2#	D16	IDE_CS1#	C71	NC	D71	NC
C17	PCI_REQ2#	D17	IDE_CS3#	C72	NC	D72	NC
C18	PCI_GNT1#	D18	IDE_RESET#	C73	NC	D73	NC
C19	PCI_REQ1#	D19	PCI_GNT3#	C74	NC	D74	NC
C20	PCI_GNT0#	D20	PCI_REQ3#	C75	NC	D75	NC
C21	GND (FIXED)	D21	GND (FIXED)	C76	GND	D76	GND
C22	PCI_REQ0#	D22	PCI_AD1	C77	NC	D77	IDE_CBLID#
C23	PCI_RESET#	D23	PCI_AD3	C78	NC	D78	NC
C24	PCI_AD0	D24	PCI_AD5	C79	NC	D79	NC
C25	PCI_AD2	D25	PCI_AD7	C80	GND (FIXED)	D80	GND (FIXED)
C26	PCI_AD4	D26	PCI_C/BE0#	C81	NC	D81	NC
C27	PCI_AD6	D27	PCI_AD9	C82	NC	D82	NC
C28	PCI_AD8	D28	PCI_AD11	C83	NC	D83	NC
C29	PCI_AD10	D29	PCI_AD13	C84	GND	D84	GND
C30	PCI_AD12	D30	PCI_AD15	C85	NC	D85	NC
C31	GND (FIXED)	D31	GND (FIXED)	C86	NC	D86	NC
C32	PCI_AD14	D32	PCI_PAR	C87	GND	D87	GND
C33	PCI_C/BE1#	D33	PCI_SERR#	C88	NC	D88	NC
C34	PCI_PERR#	D34	PCI_STOP#	C89	NC	D89	NC
C35	PCI_LOCK#	D35	PCI_TRDY#	C90	GND (FIXED)	D90	GND (FIXED)
C36	PCI_DEVSEL#	D36	PCI_FRAME#	C91	NC	D91	NC
C37	PCI_IRDY#	D37	PCI_AD16	C92	NC	D92	NC
C38	PCI_C/BE2#	D38	PCI_AD18	C93	GND	D93	GND
C39	PCI_AD17	D39	PCI_AD20	C94	NC	D94	NC
C40	PCI_AD19	D40	PCI_AD22	C95	NC	D95	NC
C41	GND (FIXED)	D41	GND (FIXED)	C96	GND	D96	GND
C42	PCI_AD21	D42	PCI_AD24	C97	NC	D97	NC
C43	PCI_AD23	D43	PCI_AD26	C98	NC	D98	NC
C44	PCI_C/BE3#	D44	PCI_AD28	C99	NC	D99	NC
C45	PCI_AD25	D45	PCI_AD30	C100	GND (FIXED)	D100	GND (FIXED)
C46	PCI_AD27	D46	PCI_IRQC#	C101	NC	D101	NC
C47	PCI_AD29	D47	PCI_IRQD#	C102	NC	D102	NC
C48	PCI_AD31	D48	PCI_CLKRUN#	C103	GND	D103	GND
C49	PCI_IROA#	D49	PCI_M66EN	C104	VCC_12V	D104	VCC_12V
C50	PCI_IROB#	D50	PCI_CLK	C105	VCC_12V	D105	VCC_12V
C51	GND (FIXED)	D51	GND (FIXED)	C106	VCC_12V	D106	VCC_12V
C52	NC	D52	NC	C107	VCC_12V	D107	VCC_12V
C53	NC	D53	NC	C108	VCC_12V	D108	VCC_12V
C54	NC	D54	NC	C109	VCC_12V	D109	VCC_12V
C55	NC	D55	NC	C110	GND (FIXED)	D110	GND (FIXED)

## COM Express Connectors Signal Description

Pin Types					
I	Input to the Module				
O	Output from the Module				
I/O	Bi-directional input / output signal				
OD	Open drain output				

AC97/HDA Signals Descriptions					
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
AC/HAD_RST#	A30	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Reset output to CODEC, active low.
AC/HDA_SYNC	A29	O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Sample-synchronization signal to the CODEC(s).
AC/HDA_BITCLK	A32	I/O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Serial data clock generated by the external CODEC(s).
AC/HDA_SDOUT	A33	O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Serial TDM data output to the CODEC.
AC/HDA_SDIN2	B28	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Serial TDM data inputs from up to 3 CODECs.
AC/HDA_SDIN1	B29	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		
AC/HDA_SDIN0	B30	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		

Gigabit Ethernet Signals Descriptions					
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
GBE0_MDIO+	A13	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0: Media Dependent Interface Differential Pairs 0,1,2,3. The MDI can operate in 1000, 100 and 10 Mbit / sec modes. Some pairs are unused in some modes, per the following:  <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-family: monospace;"> <div>MDI[0] +/-</div> <div>B1_DA +/-</div> <div>TX +/-</div> <div>TX +/-</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-family: monospace;"> <div>MDI[1] +/-</div> <div>B1_DB +/-</div> <div>RX +/-</div> <div>RX +/-</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-family: monospace;"> <div>MDI[2] +/-</div> <div>B1_DC +/-</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-family: monospace;"> <div>MDI[3] +/-</div> <div>B1_DD +/-</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>
GBE0_MDIO-	A12	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_MDII+	A10	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_MDII-	A9	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_MDII2+	A7	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_MDII2-	A6	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_MDII3+	A3	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_MDII3-	A2	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		
GBE0_ACT#	B2	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 activity indicator, active low.
GBE0_LINK#	A8	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 link indicator, active low.
GBE0_LINK100#	A4	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 100 Mbit / sec link indicator, active low.
GBE0_LINK1000#	A5	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 1000 Mbit / sec link indicator, active low.
GBE0_CTREF	A14	REF	GND min 3.3V max	1V9	Reference voltage for Carrier Board Ethernet channel 0 magnetics center tap. The reference voltage is determined by the requirements of the Module PHY and may be as low as 0V and as high as 3.3V. The reference voltage output shall be current limited on the Module. In the case in which the reference

### IDE Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
IDE_D0	D7	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V		Bidirectional data to / from IDE device.
IDE_D1	C10				
IDE_D2	C8				
IDE_D3	C4				
IDE_D4	D6				
IDE_D5	D2				
IDE_D6	C3				
IDE_D7	C2			PD 10K	
IDE_D8	C6				
IDE_D9	C7				
IDE_D10	D3				
IDE_D11	D4				
IDE_D12	D5				
IDE_D13	C9				
IDE_D14	C12				
IDE_D15	C5				
IDE_A0	D13	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Address lines to IDE device.
IDE_A1	D14				
IDE_A2	D15				
IDE_IOW#	D9	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		I/O write line to IDE device. Data latched on trailing (rising) edge.
IDE_IOR#	C14	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		I/O read line to IDE device.
IDE_REQ	D8	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PD 5.6K	IDE Device DMA Request. It is asserted by the IDE device to request a data transfer.
IDE_ACK#	D10	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		IDE Device DMA Acknowledge.
IDE_CS1#	D16	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		IDE Device Chip Select for 1F0h to 1FFh range.
IDE_CS3#	D17	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		IDE Device Chip Select for 3F0h to 3FFh range.
IDE_IORDY	C13	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 4.7k to 3.3V	IDE device I/O ready input. Pulled low by the IDE device to extend the cycle.
IDE_RESET#	D18	O CMOS	5V	PU10k to 5V	Reset output to IDE device, active low.
IDE_IRO	D12	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PD 10K	Interrupt request from IDE device.
IDE_CBLID#	D77	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PD 10K	Input from off-Module hardware indicating the type of IDE cable being used. High indicates a 40-pin cable used for legacy IDE modes. Low indicates that an 80-pin cable with interleaved grounds is used. Such a cable is required for Ultra-DMA 66, 100 and 133 modes.

**SATA Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
SATA0_TX+	A16	O SATA	AC coupled on		Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 transmit differential pair.
SATA0_TX-	A17	O SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA0_RX+	A19	I SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA0_RX-	A20	I SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA1_TX+	B16	O SATA	AC coupled on		Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 transmit differential pair.
SATA1_TX-	B17	O SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA1_RX+	B19	I SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA1_RX-	B20	I SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA2_TX+	A22	O SATA	AC coupled on	NC	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 transmit differential pair.
SATA2_TX-	A23	O SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA2_RX+	A25	I SATA	AC coupled on	NC	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 receive differential pair.
SATA2_RX-	A26	I SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA3_TX+	B22	O SATA	AC coupled on	NC	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 transmit differential pair.
SATA3_TX-	B23	O SATA	AC coupled on		
SATA3_RX+	B25	I SATA	AC coupled on	NC	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 receive differential pair.
SATA3_RX-	B26	I SATA	AC coupled on		
ATA_ACT#	A28	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3	ATA (parallel and serial) or SAS activity indicator, active low.

**PCI Express Lanes Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
PCIE_TX0+	A68	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module		PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 0
PCIE_TX0-	A69				
PCIE_RX0+	B68	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 0
PCIE_RX0-	B69				
PCIE_TX1+	A64	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module		PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 1
PCIE_TX1-	A65				
PCIE_RX1+	B64	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 1
PCIE_RX1-	B65				
PCIE_TX2+	A61	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module		PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 2
PCIE_TX2-	A62				
PCIE_RX2+	B61	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 2
PCIE_RX2-	B62				
PCIE_TX3+	A58	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module		PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 3
PCIE_TX3-	A59				
PCIE_RX3+	B58	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 3
PCIE_RX3-	B59				
PCIE_TX4+	A55	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 4
PCIE_TX4-	A56				
PCIE_RX4+	B55	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 4
PCIE_RX4-	B56				
PCIE_TX5+	A52	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 5
PCIE_TX5-	A53				
PCIE_RX5+	B52	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 5
PCIE_RX5-	B53				
PCIE0_CK_REF+	A88	O PCIE	PCIE		Reference clock output for all PCI Express and PCI Express Graphics lanes.
PCIE0_CK_REF-	A89				

## PEG Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
PEG_TX0+	D52	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 0
PEG_TX0-	D53				
PEG_RX0+	C52	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 0
PEG_RX0-	C53				
PEG_TX1+	D55	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 1
PEG_TX1-	D56				
PEG_RX1+	C55	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 1
PEG_RX1-	C56				
PEG_TX2+	D58	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 2
PEG_TX2-	D59				
PEG_RX2+	C58	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 2
PEG_RX2-	C59				
PEG_TX3+	D61	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 3
PEG_TX3-	D62				
PEG_RX3+	C61	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 3
PEG_RX3-	C62				
PEG_TX4+	D65	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 4
PEG_TX4-	D66				
PEG_RX4+	C65	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 4
PEG_RX4-	C66				
PEG_TX5+	D68	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 5
PEG_TX5-	D69				
PEG_RX5+	C68	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 5
PEG_RX5-	C69				
PEG_TX6+	D71	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 6
PEG_TX6-	D72				
PEG_RX6+	C71	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 6
PEG_RX6-	C72				
PEG_TX7+	D74	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 7
PEG_TX7-	D75				
PEG_RX7+	C74	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 7
PEG_RX7-	C75				
PEG_TX8+	D78	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 8
PEG_TX8-	D79				
PEG_RX8+	C78	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 8
PEG_RX8-	C79				
PEG_TX9+	D81	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 9
PEG_TX9-	D82				
PEG_RX9+	C81	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 9
PEG_RX9-	C82				
PEG_TX10+	D85	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 10
PEG_TX10-	D86				
PEG_RX10+	C85	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 10
PEG_RX10-	C86				
PEG_TX11+	D88	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 11
PEG_TX11-	D89				

**PEG Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
PEG_RX11+	C88	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 11
PEG_RX11-	C89				
PEG_TX12+	D91	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 12
PEG_TX12-	D92				
PEG_RX12+	C91	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 12
PEG_RX12-	C92				
PEG_TX13+	D94	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 13
PEG_TX13-	D95				
PEG_RX13+	C94	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 13
PEG_RX13-	C95				
PEG_TX14+	D98	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 14
PEG_TX14-	D99				
PEG_RX14+	C98	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 14
PEG_RX14-	C99				
PEG_TX15+	D101	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 15
PEG_TX15-	D102				
PEG_RX15+	C101	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NC	PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 15
PEG_RX15-	C102				
PEG_LANE_RV#	D54	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NC	PCI Express Graphics lane reversal input strap. Pull low on the Carrier
PEG_ENABLE#	D97	I CMOS	3.3V /3.3V		Strap to enable PCI Express x16 external graphics interface. Pull low to enable the x16 PEG interface.

**ExpressCard Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
EXCD0_CPPE#	A49	I CMOS	3.3V /3.3V	PU 10k to 3.3V	PCI ExpressCard: PCI Express capable card request, active low, one per card
EXCD1_CPPE#	B48				
EXCD0_PERST#	A48	O CMOS	3.3V /3.3V		PCI ExpressCard: reset, active low, one per card
EXCD1_PERST#	B47				

### PCI Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
PCI_AD0	C24	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V		PCI bus multiplexed address and data lines
PCI_AD1	D22				
PCI_AD2	C25				
PCI_AD3	D23				
PCI_AD4	C26				
PCI_AD5	D24				
PCI_AD6	C27				
PCI_AD7	D25				
PCI_AD8	C28				
PCI_AD9	D27				
PCI_AD10	C29				
PCI_AD11	D28				
PCI_AD12	C30				
PCI_AD13	D29				
PCI_AD14	C32				
PCI_AD15	D30				
PCI_AD16	D37				
PCI_AD17	C39				
PCI_AD18	D38				
PCI_AD19	C40				
PCI_AD20	D39				
PCI_AD21	C42				
PCI_AD22	D40				
PCI_AD23	C43				
PCI_AD24	D42				
PCI_AD25	C45				
PCI_AD26	D43				
PCI_AD27	C46				
PCI_AD28	D44				
PCI_AD29	C47				
PCI_AD30	D45				
PCI_AD31	C48				
PCI_C/BE0#	D26	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V		PCI bus byte enable lines, active low
PCI_C/BE1#	C33				
PCI_C/BE2#	C38				
PCI_C/BE3#	C44				
PCI_DEVSEL#	C36	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI bus Device Select, active low.
PCI_FRAME#	D36	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI bus Frame control line, active low.
PCI_IRDY#	C37	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI bus Initiator Ready control line, active low.
PCI_TRDY#	D35	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI bus Target Ready control line, active low.
PCI_STOP#	D34	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI bus STOP control line, active low, driven by cycle initiator.
PCI_PAR	D32	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V		PCI bus parity

PCI Signals Descriptions					
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
PCI_PERR#	C34	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	Parity Error: An external PCI device drives PERR# when it receives data that has a parity
PCI_REQ0#	C22	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI bus master request input lines, active low.
PCI_REQ1#	C19				
PCI_REQ2#	C17				
PCI_REQ3#	D20				
PCI_GNT0#	C20	O CMOS	3.3V / 5V		PCI bus master grant output lines, active low.
PCI_GNT1#	C18				
PCI_GNT2#	C16				
PCI_GNT3#	D19				
PCI_RESET#	C23	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/ 5V		PCI Reset output, active low.
PCI_LOCK#	C35	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI Lock control line, active low.
PCI_SERR#	D33	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	System Error: SERR# may be pulsed active by any PCI device that detects a system error condition.
PCI_PME#	C15	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/ 5V		PCI Power Management Event: PCI peripherals drive PME# to wake system from low-power states S1–S5.
PCI_CLKRUN#	D48	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	Bidirectional pin used to support PCI clock run protocol for mobile systems.
PCI_IRQA#	C49	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	PCI interrupt request lines.
PCI_IRQB#	C50			PU 8.2k to 3.3V	
PCI_IRQC#	D46			PU 8.2k to 3.3V	
PCI_IRQD#	D47			PU 8.2k to 3.3V	
PCI_CLK	D50	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V	PCI 33MHz clock output.
PCI_M66EN	D49	I CMOS	3.3V / 5V	NC	Module input signal indicates whether an off-Module PCI device is capable of 66MHz operation. Pulled to GND by Carrier Board device or by Slot Card if the devices are NOT capable of 66 MHz operation. If the Module is not capable of supporting 66 MHz PCI operation, this input may be a no-connect on the Module. If the Module is capable of supporting 66 MHz PCI operation, and if this input is held low by the Carrier Board, the Module PCI interface shall operate at 33 MHz.

USB Signals Descriptions					
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
USB0+	A46	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 0
USB0-	A45				
USB1+	B46	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 1
USB1-	B45				
USB2+	A43	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 2
USB2-	A42				
USB3+	B43	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 3
USB3-	B42				
USB4+	A40	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 4
USB4-	A39				
USB5+	B40	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 5
USB5-	B39				
USB6+	A37	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 6
USB6-	A36				
USB7+	B37	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		USB differential pairs 7, USB7 may be configured as a USB client or as a host, or both, at the Module designer's discretion.
USB7-	B36				
USB_0_1_OC#	B44	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3.3VSB	USB over-current sense, USB channels 0 and 1. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_2_3_OC#	A44	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3.3VSB	USB over-current sense, USB channels 2 and 3. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_4_5_OC#	B38	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3.3VSB	USB over-current sense, USB channels 4 and 5. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_6_7_OC#	A38	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3.3VSB	USB over-current sense, USB channels 6 and 7. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.

**LVDS Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
LVDS_A0+	A71	O LVDS	LVDS		LVDS Channel A differential pairs
LVDS_A0-	A72				
LVDS_A1+	A73	O LVDS	LVDS		
LVDS_A1-	A74				
LVDS_A2+	A75	O LVDS	LVDS		
LVDS_A2-	A76				
LVDS_A3+	A78	O LVDS	LVDS		
LVDS_A3-	A79				
LVDS_A_CK+	A81	O LVDS	LVDS		LVDS Channel A differential clock
LVDS_A_CK-	A82				
LVDS_B0+	B71	O LVDS	LVDS		LVDS Channel B differential pairs
LVDS_B0-	B72				
LVDS_B1+	B73	O LVDS	LVDS		
LVDS_B1-	B74				
LVDS_B2+	B75	O LVDS	LVDS		
LVDS_B2-	B76				
LVDS_B3+	B77	O LVDS	LVDS		
LVDS_B3-	B78				
LVDS_B_CK+	B81	O LVDS	LVDS		LVDS Channel B differential clock
LVDS_B_CK-	B82				
LVDS_VDD_EN	A77	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		LVDS panel power enable
LVDS_BKLT_EN	B79	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		LVDS panel backlight enable
LVDS_BKLT_CTRL	B83	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		LVDS panel backlight brightness control
LVDS_I2C_CK	A83	I/O OD	3.3V / 3.3V		I2C clock output for LVDS display use
LVDS_I2C_DAT	A84	I/O OD	3.3V / 3.3V		I2C data line for LVDS display use

**LPC Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
LPC_AD0	B4	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		LPC multiplexed address, command and data bus
LPC_AD1	B5				
LPC_AD2	B6				
LPC_AD3	B7				
LPC_FRAME#	B3	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		LPC frame indicates the start of an LPC cycle
LPC_DRQ0#	B8	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		LPC serial DMA request
LPC_DRQ1#	B9				
LPC_SERIRQ	A50	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 8.2k to 3.3V	LPC serial interrupt
LPC_CLK	B10	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PD 10K	LPC clock output - 33MHz nominal

**SPI Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
SPI_CS#	B97	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Chip select for Carrier Board SPI - may be sourced from chipset SPI0 or SPI1
SPI_MISO	A92	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Data in to Module from Carrier SPI
SPI_MOSI	A95	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Data out from Module to Carrier SPI
SPI_CLK	A94	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Clock from Module to Carrier SPI
SPI_POWER	A91	O	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Power supply for Carrier Board SPI – sourced from Module – nominally
BIOS_DIS0#	A34	I CMOS	NA		Selection straps to determine the BIOS boot device.
BIOS_DIS1#	B88				The Carrier should only float these or pull them low, please refer to COM Express Module Base Specification Revision 2.1 for strapping options of BIOS disable signals.

**VGA Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
VGA_RED	B89	O Analog	Analog	PD 150R	Red for monitor. Analog output
VGA_GRN	B91	O Analog	Analog	PD 150R	Green for monitor. Analog output
VGA_BLU	B92	O Analog	Analog	PD 150R	Blue for monitor. Analog output
VGA_HSYNC	B93	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Horizontal sync output to VGA monitor
VGA_VSYNC	B94	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Vertical sync output to VGA monitor
VGA_I2C_CK	B95	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3V	DDC clock line (I2C port dedicated to identify VGA monitor capabilities)
VGA_I2C_DAT	B96	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3V	DDC data line.

**Miscellaneous Signal Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
I2C_CK	B33	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3VSB	General purpose I2C port clock output
I2C_DAT	B34	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3VSB	General purpose I2C port data I/O line
SPKR	B32	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Output for audio enunciator - the "speaker" in PC-AT systems. This port provides the PC beep signal and is mostly intended for debugging purposes.
WDT	B27	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Output indicating that a watchdog time-out event has occurred.
KBD_RST#	A86	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10KW to 3.3V	Input to Module from (optional) external keyboard controller that can force a reset. Pulled high on the Module. This is a legacy artifact of the PC-AT.
KBD_A20GATE	A87	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10KW to 3.3V	Input to Module from (optional) external keyboard controller that can be used to control the CPU A20 gate line. The A20GATE restricts the memory access to the bottom megabyte and is a legacy artifact of the PC-AT. Pulled high on the Module.

Power and System Management Signals Descriptions					
Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
PWRBTN#	B12	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB	A falling edge creates a power button event. Power button events can be used to bring a system out of S5 soft off and other suspend states, as well as powering the system down.
SYS_RESET#	B49	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB	Reset button input. Active low request for Module to reset and reboot. May be falling edge sensitive. For situations when SYS_RESET# is not able to reestablish control of the system, PWR_OK or a power cycle may be used.
CB_RESET#	B50	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V	Reset output from Module to Carrier Board. Active low. Issued by Module chipset and may result from a low SYS_RESET# input, a low PWR_OK input, a VCC_12V power input that falls below the minimum specification, a watchdog timeout, or may be initiated by the Module software.
PWR_OK	B24	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 1K to 3.3V	Power OK from main power supply. A high value indicates that the power is good. This signal can be used to hold off Module startup to allow Carrier based FPGAs or other configurable devices time to be programmed.
SUS_STAT#	B18	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Indicates imminent suspend operation; used to notify LPC devices.
SUS_S3#	A15	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Indicates system is in Suspend to RAM state. Active low output. An inverted copy of SUS_S3# on the Carrier Board may be used to enable the non-standby power on a typical ATX supply.
SUS_S4#	A18	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Indicates system is in Suspend to Disk state. Active low output.
SUS_S5#	A24	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Indicates system is in Soft Off state.
WAKE0#	B66	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 1K to 3.3VSB	PCI Express wake up signal.
WAKE1#	B67	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 8.2K to 3.3VSB	General purpose wake up signal. May be used to implement wake-up on PS2 keyboard or mouse activity.
BATLOW#	A27	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/ 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB	Indicates that external battery is low. This port provides a battery-low signal to the Module for orderly transitioning to power saving or power cut-off ACPI modes.
THRM#	B35	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 8.2K to 3.3V	Input from off-Module temp sensor indicating an over-temp situation.
THRMTRIP#	A35	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V	Active low output indicating that the CPU has entered thermal shutdown.
SMB_CK	B13	I/O OD	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to	System Management Bus bidirectional clock line.
SMB_DAT	B14	I/O OD	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to	System Management Bus bidirectional data line.
SMB_ALERT#	B15	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3VSB	System Management Bus Alert – active low input can be used to generate an SMI# (System Management Interrupt) or to wake the system.

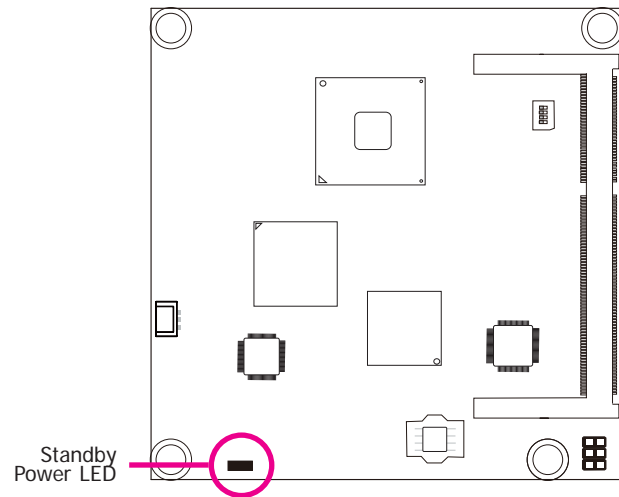
**GPIO Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
GPO0	A93	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		General purpose output pins.
GPO1	B54				
GPO2	B57				
GPO3	B63				
GPI0	A54	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		General purpose input pins.
GPI1	A63				
GPI2	A67				
GPI3	A85				

**Power and GND Signal Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	PU/PD	Description
VCC_12V	A104~A109 B104~B109 C104~C109 D104~D109	Power			Primary power input: +12V nominal. All available VCC_12V pins on the connector(s) shall be used.
VCC_5V_SBY	B84~B87	Power			Standby power input: +5.0V nominal. If VCC5_SBY is used, all available VCC_5V_SBY pins on the connector(s) shall be used. Only used for standby and suspend functions. May be left unconnected if these functions are not used in the system design.
VCC_RTC	A47	Power			Real-time clock circuit-power input. Nominally +3.0V.
GND	A1, A11, A21, A31, A41, A51, A57, A60, A66, A70, A80, A90, A96,A100, A110, B1, B11, B21 ,B31, B41, B51, B60, B70, B80, B90, B100, B110, C1,C11, C21, C31, C41, C51, C60, C70, C76, C80, C84, C87, C90, C93, C96, C100, C103, C110, D1,D11,D21, D31, D41, D51, D60, D67, D70,D76, D80, D84, D87, D90, D93, D96, D100, D103, D110	Power			Ground - DC power and signal and AC signal return path. All available GND connector pins shall be used and tied to Carrier Board GND plane.

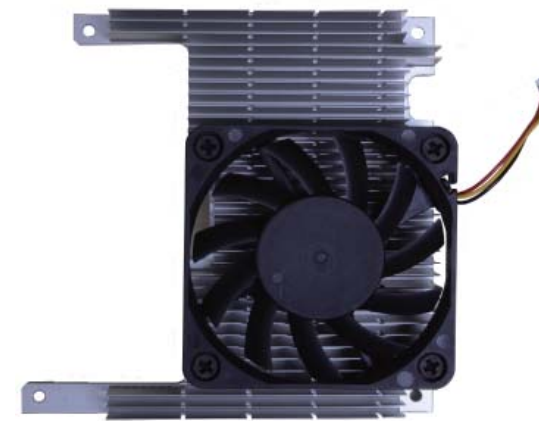
## Standby Power LED



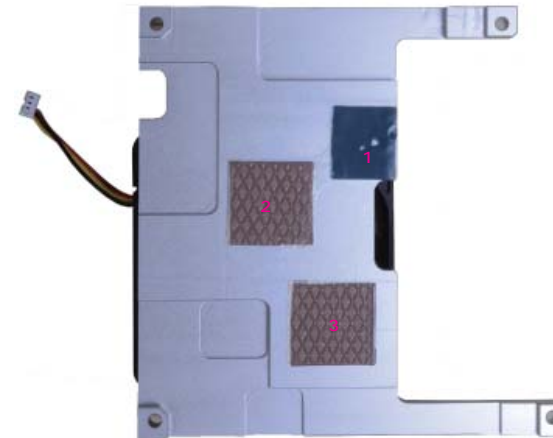
This LED will light when the system is in the standby mode.

## Cooling Option

### Heat Sink with Cooling Fan



Top View of the Heat Sink



Bottom View of the Heat Sink

- "1", "2" and "3" denote the locations of the thermal pads designed to contact the corresponding components that are on CD905-B.



**Important:**

Remove the plastic covering from the thermal pads prior to mounting the heat sink onto CD905-B.

## Installing CD905-B onto a Carrier Board

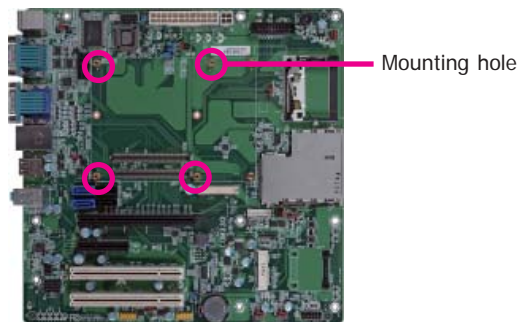


### Important:

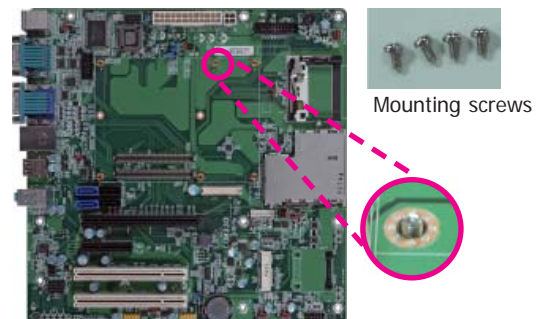
The carrier board (COM330-B) used in this section is for reference purpose only and may not resemble your carrier board. These illustrations are mainly to guide you on how to install CD905-B onto the carrier board of your choice.

- To download COM330-B datasheet and manual

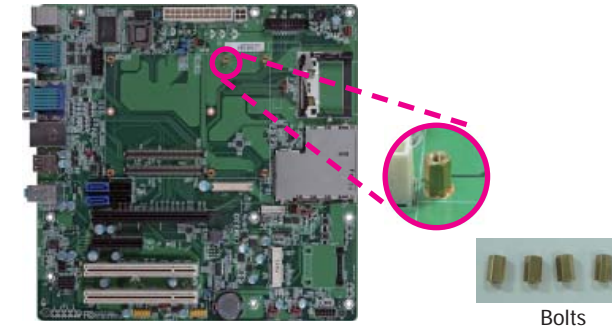
1. Now install the module and heatsink assembly onto the carrier board. The photo below shows the locations of the mounting holes on carrier board.



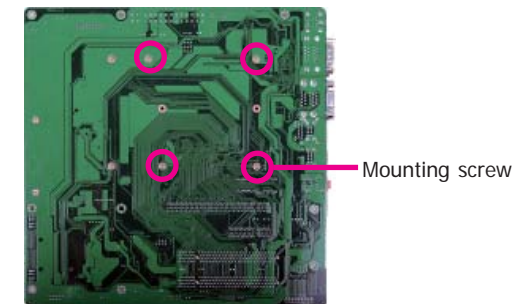
2. Insert the provided mounting screws into the mounting holes - from the bottom through the top of the carrier board.



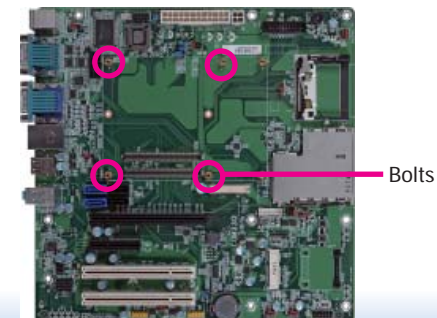
3. While supporting the mounting screw at the bottom, from the top side of the board, fasten a bolt into the screw.



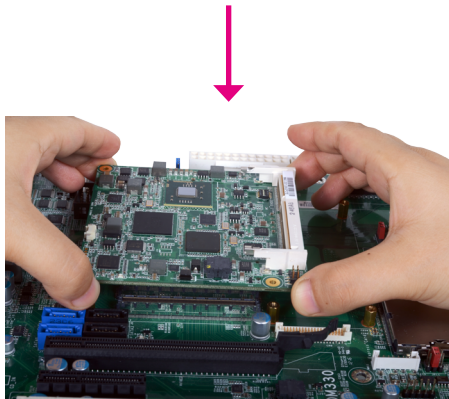
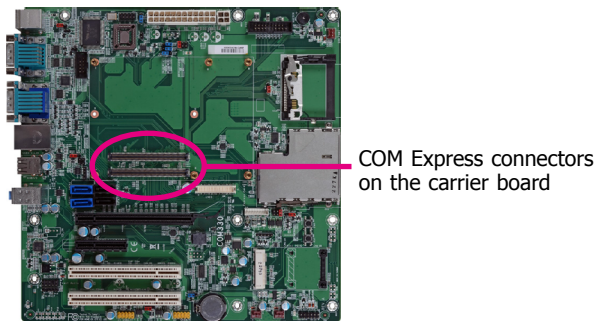
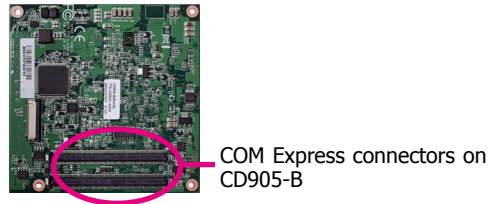
4. The photo below shows the solder side of the board with the screws already fixed in place.



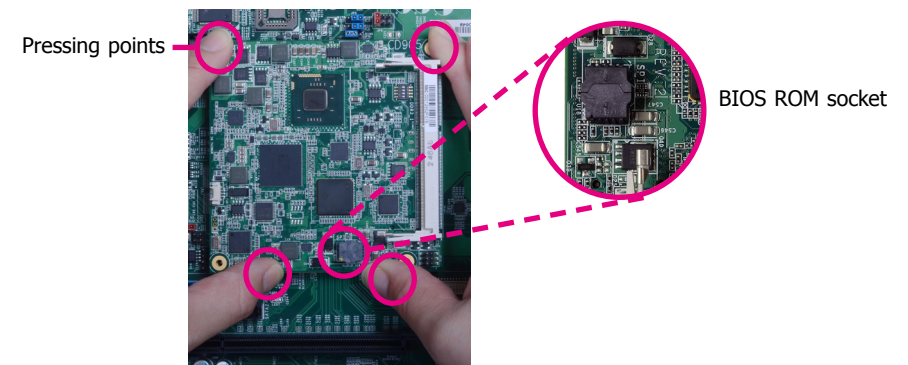
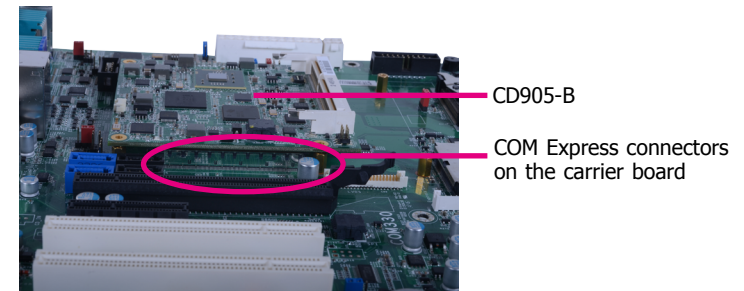
5. The photo below shows the component side of the board with the bolts already fixed in place.



6. Grasping CD905-B by its edges, position it on top of the carrier board with its mounting holes aligned with the bolts on the carrier board. This will also align the COM Express connectors of the two boards to each other.



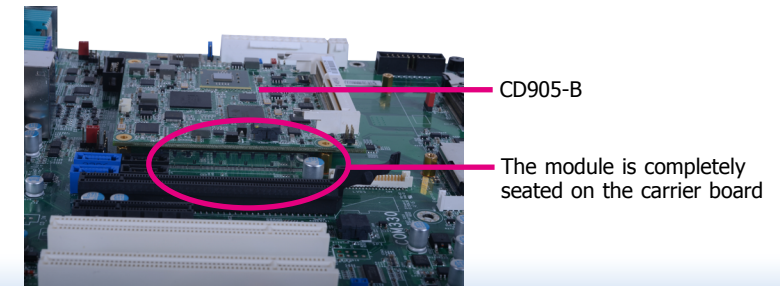
7. Press CD905-B down firmly until it is completely seated on the COM Express connectors of the carrier board.

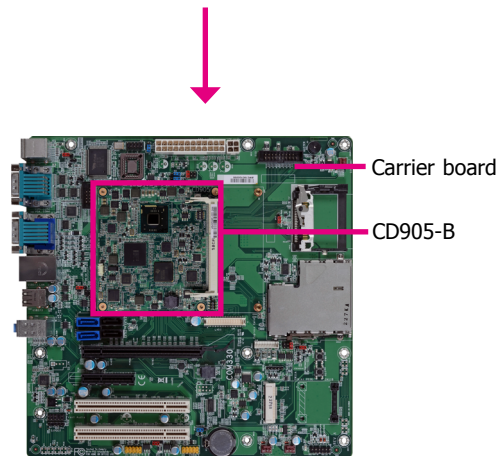


**Note:**

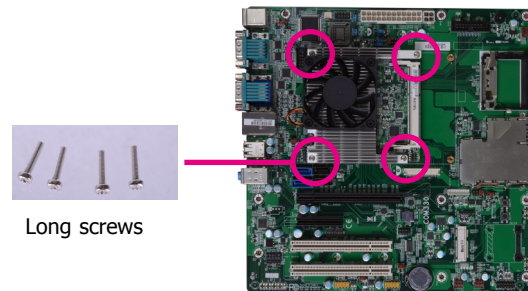
The above illustration shows the pressing points of the module onto the carrier board. Be careful when pressing the module, it may damage the socket.

8. Verify that the module is firmly seated onto the COM Express connectors of the carrier board.





9. Use the provided mounting screws to secure CD905-B with heat sink to the carrier board and then connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on CD905-B. The photo below shows the locations of the long mounting screws.



10. And then connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on CD905-B.



## Chapter 4 - BIOS Setup

### Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added. It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



**Note:**

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

### Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

### Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

### Legends

KEYs	Function
Right and Left Arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down Arrows	Moves the highlight up or down between submenus or fields.
<Esc>	Exits to the BIOS setup utility
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
Tab	Select a field
<F1>	Displays general help
<F4>	Saves and exits the setup program
<Enter>	Press <Enter> to enter the highlighted submenu

### Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

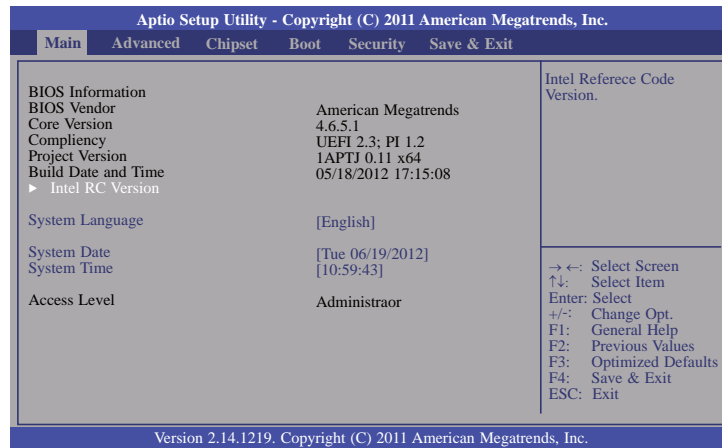
### Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

## AMI BIOS Setup Utility

### Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



### System Date

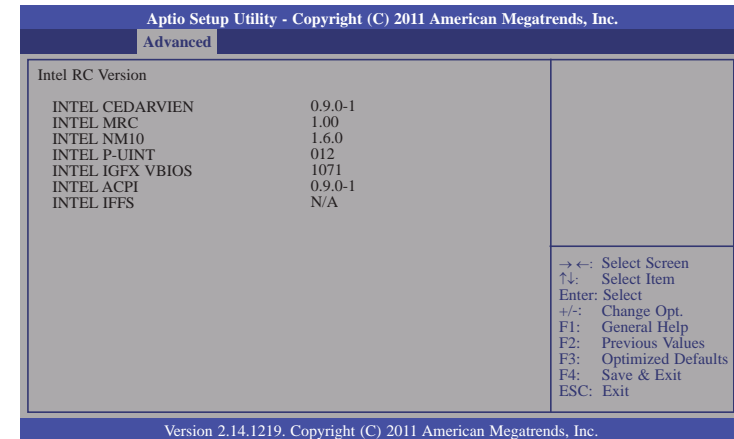
The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

### System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

### Intel RC Version

This section displays Intel Reference Code Version.

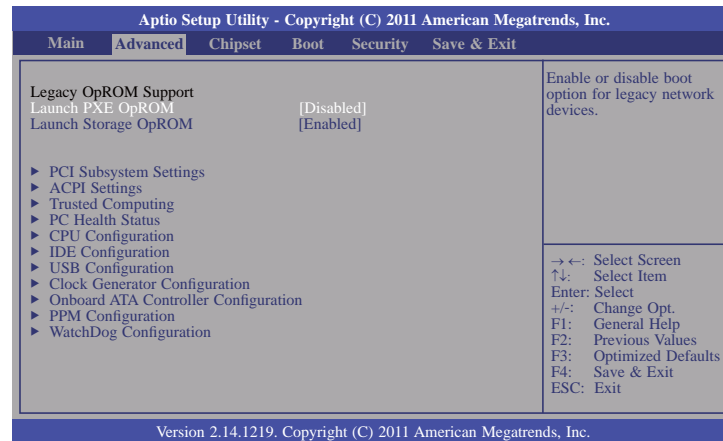


## Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



**Important:**  
Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.

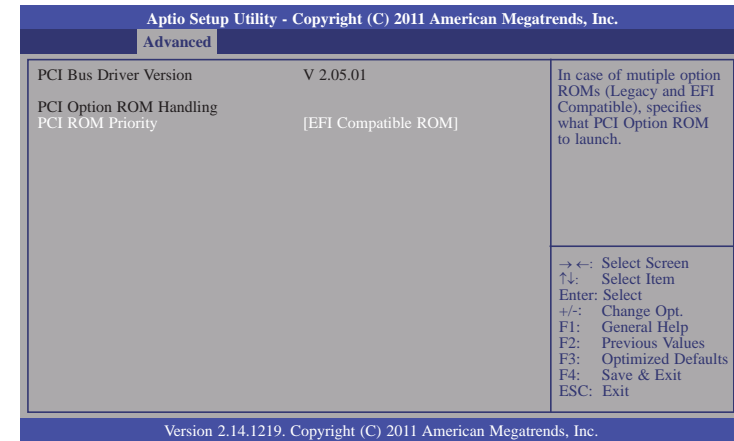


### Launch Storage OpROM

Enable or disable boot option for legacy mass storage devices with Option ROM.

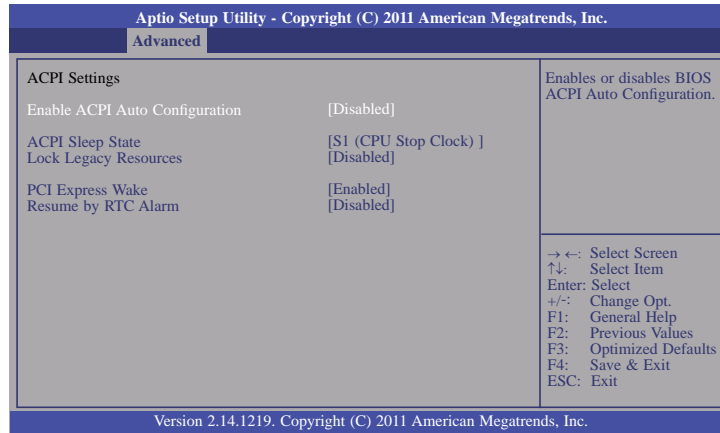
## PCI Subsystem Settings

This section configures PCI subsystem settings.



## ACPI Power Management Configuration

This section is used to configure the ACPI Power Management.



### ACPI Sleep State

Selects the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the Suspend button is pressed.

**S1(POS)** Enables the Power On Suspend function.

**S3(STR)** Enables the Suspend to RAM function.

### Lock Legacy Resources

Enable or disable lock of legacy resources.

### PCI Express Wake

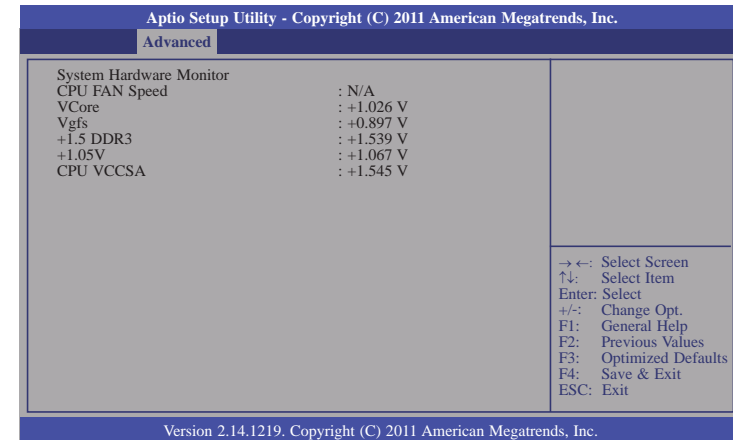
Enable resume by PCI Express.

### Resume by RTC Alarm

When Enabled, the system uses the RTC to generate a wakeup event.

## PC Health Status

This section displays hardware health monitor.



## CPU Configuration

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detected CPU information.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
CPU Configuration		Enabled for Windows XP and Linux (OS optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology) and Disabled for other OS (OS not optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology).
Processor Item	Intel(R) Atom(TM) CPU	
EMT64	Supported	→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Processor Speed	1600 MHz	
System Bus Speed	400 MHz	
Ratio Status	16	
Actual Ratio	16	
Processor Stepping	30661	
Microcode Revision	262	
L1 Cache RAM	2x56 k	
L2 Cache RAM	2x512 k	
Processor Core	Dual	
Hyper-Threading	Supported	
Hyper-threading	[Enabled]	
Executive Disable Bit	[Enabled]	
Limit CUPID Maximum	[Disabled]	

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### Hyper-threading

Enable this field for Windows XP and Linux which are optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. Select disabled for other OSes not optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.

### Executive Disable Bit

XD can prevent certain classes of malicious buffer overflow attacks when combined with a supporting OS (Windows server 2003 SP1, Windows XP SP2, SuSE Linux 9.2 RedHat Enterprise 3 Update 3.)

### Limit CUPID Maximum

The CPUID instruction of some newer CPUs will return a value greater than 3. The default is Disabled because this problem does not exist in the Windows series operating systems. If you are using an operating system other than Windows, this problem may occur. To avoid this problem, enable this field to limit the return value to 3 or less than 3.

## IDE Configuration

This section is used to configure IDE functions.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
SATA Port 0	WDC WD3200AAKS (320.0	SATA Ports (0-3) devices names if present and enabled.
SATA Port1	PHILIPS SPD251 ATAPI	
SATA Controller(s)	[Enabled]	
Configure SATA as	[IDE]	

→ ←: Select Screen  
 ↑ ↓: Select Item  
 Enter: Select  
 +/-: Change Opt.  
 F1: General Help  
 F2: Previous Values  
 F3: Optimized Defaults  
 F4: Save & Exit  
 ESC: Exit

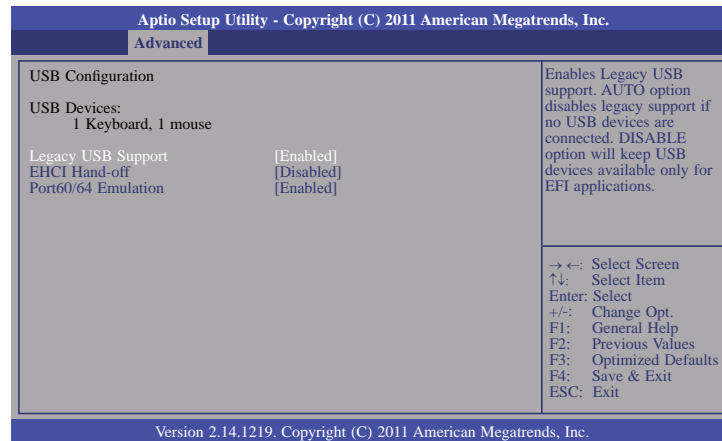
Version 2.02.1205. Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.

### Configure SATA as

This field is used to select a configuration for SATA controller.

## USB Configuration

This section is used to configure USB.



### Legacy USB Support

#### Enabled

Enables legacy USB.

#### Auto

Disables support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

#### Disabled

Keeps USB devices available only for EFI applications.

### EHCI Hand-off

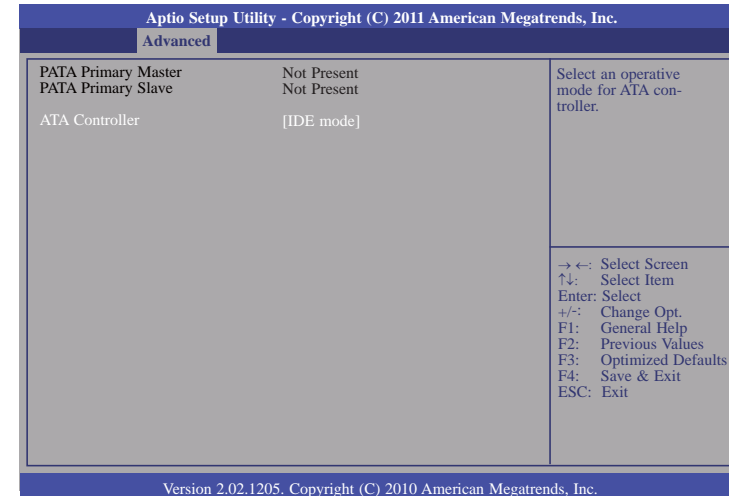
This is a workaround for OSeS that does not support EHCI hand-off. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

### Port 60/64 Emulation

Enables I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete keyboard legacy support for non-USB aware OSeS.

## Onboard ATA Controller Configuration

Enables or disables the onboard ATA controller.



## PPM Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
PPM Configuration		Enable/Disable Intel SpeedStep
EIST	[Disabled]	
CPU C Status Report	[Disabled]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.		

### EIST

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Enhanced SpeedStep Technology.

### CPU C Status Report

Enabled and Disabled CPU C status report to OS.

## WatchDog Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
WatchDog1 function		Enable/Disable IT8518 WatchDog Timer.
	[Disabled]	
WatchDog2 function		
	[Disabled]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.		

### WatchDog function

This field is used to enable or disable the Watchdog timer function.

### Watchdog 1 function

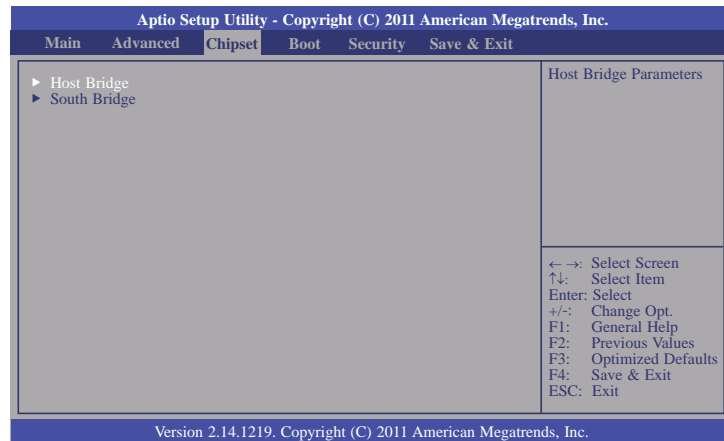
Enable or disable IT8518 watchdog timer.

### Watchdog 2 function

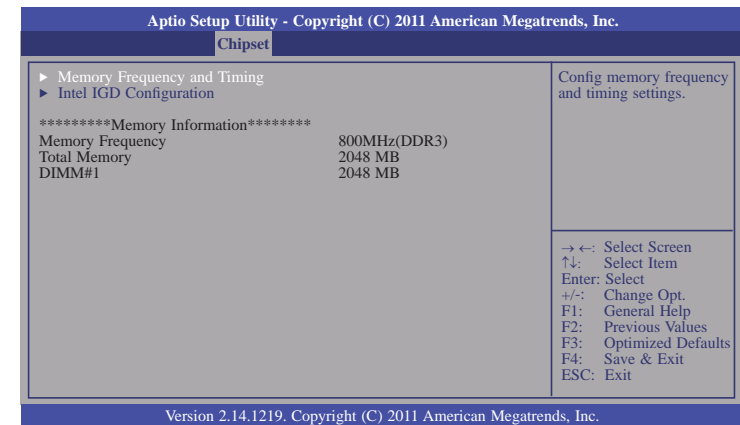
Enable or Disable IT8518 watchdog2 timer for COM Express B27 PIN(WDT).

## Chipset

Configures relevant chipset functions.



## Host Bridge



## Memory Frequency and Timing

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
Memory Frequency and Timing	Enable or Disable MRC fast boot.
MRC Fast Boot [Disabled]	
	→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.	

## South Bridge

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
▶ TPT Devices	Enable/ disable Intel(R) IO Controller Hub (TPT) devices.
SLP_S4 Assertion Width [1-2 Seconds]	
	→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.	

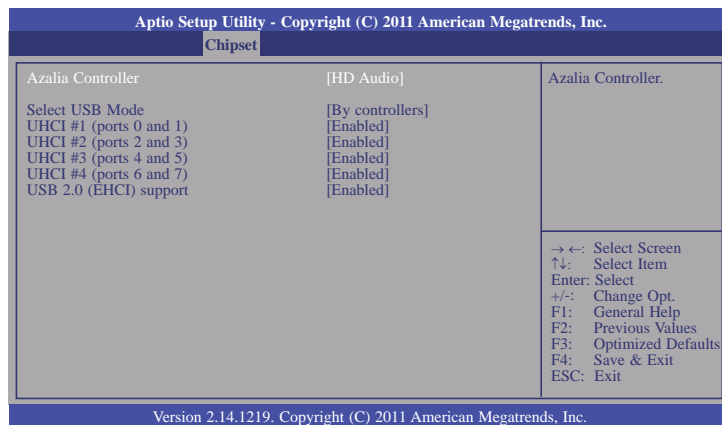
## Intel IGD Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
Intel IGD Configuration	Auto disable IGD upon external GFX detected.
Auto disable IDG [Disabled]	
	→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.	

## SLP\_S4 Assertion Width

Select a minimum assertion width of SLP\_S4# signal.

## TPT Devices



## Select USB Mode

By controllers or ports.

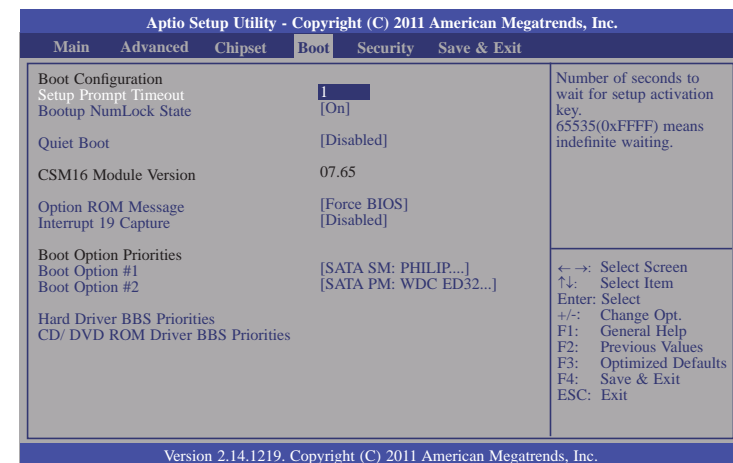
## UHCI #1~4

Control the USB UHCI (USB1.1) functions. Disable from highest to lowest controller.

## USB 2.0 (EHCI)

Enable or disable USB 2.0 (EHCI) support.

## Boot



## Setup Prompt Timeout

Selects the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

## Bootup NumLock State

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

## Quiet Boot

Enables or disables the quiet boot function.

## Option ROM Messages

Set display mode for option ROM.

## Interrupt 19 Capture

When enabled, it allows the optional ROM to trap Int 19.

## Security

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
<b>Password Description</b> If ONLY the Administrator's password is set, then this only limits access to Setup and is only asked for when entering Setup. If ONLY the User's password is set, then this is a power on password and must be entered to boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will have Administrator rights. The password length must be in the following range: Minimum length 3 Maximum length 20			Set Administrator Password.		
Administrator Password User Password			→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit		
<b>HDD Security Configuration</b>					
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.					

### Administrator Password

Sets the administrator password.

### User Password

Sets the user password.

## Save & Exit

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
<b>Save Changes and Reset</b> Discard Changes and Reset			Reset the system after saving the changes.		
<b>Save Options</b> Restore Defaults Save as User Defaults Restore User Defaults					
<b>Boot Override</b> SATA PM: WDC WD3200AAKS-00L9A SATA SM: PHILIPS SPD2517T					
Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device			← →: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit		
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.					

### Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

### Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

### Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

### Save as User Defaults

To save changes done so far as user default, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to save values as user default.

### Restore User Defaults

To restore user default to all the setup options, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore user default.

## Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS.EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

A:> AFUDOS BIOS\_File\_Name /b /p /n  
then press <Enter>.

```
C:\AFU\AFUDOS>afudos filename /B /P /N
+-----+
|               AMI Firmware Update Utility(APTIO) v2.25               |
|               Copyright (C)2008 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved.               |
+-----+

Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash ..... done
Erasing BootBlock ..... done
Writing BootBlock ..... done
Verifying BootBlock ..... done

C:\AFU\AFUDOS>
```

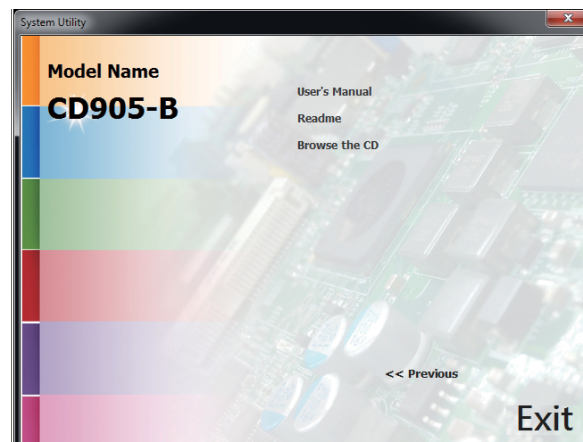
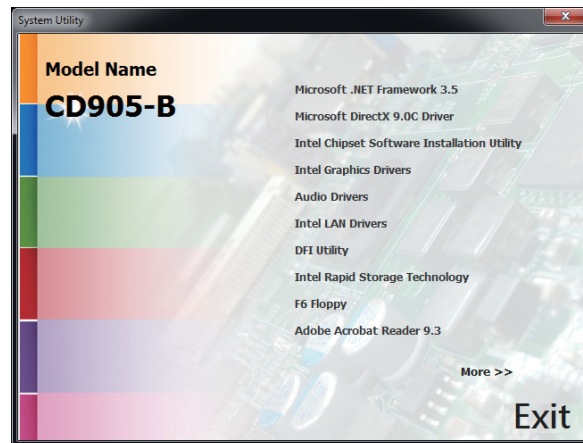
After finishing BIOS update, please turn off the AC power. Wait about 10 seconds and then turn on the AC power again.

## Chapter 5 - Supported Software

The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".

### Auto Run Page (For Windows XP)



### Auto Run Page (For Windows 7)



## Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 (For Windows XP only)

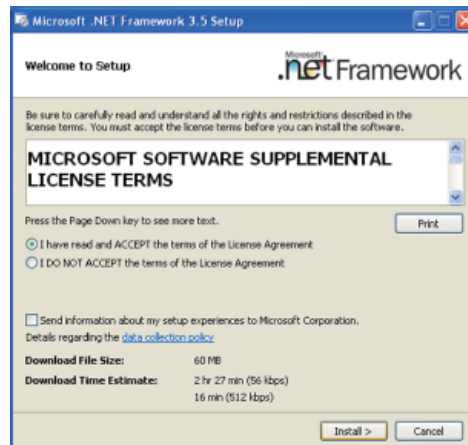

**Note:**

Before installing Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5, make sure you have updated your Windows XP operating system to Service Pack 3.

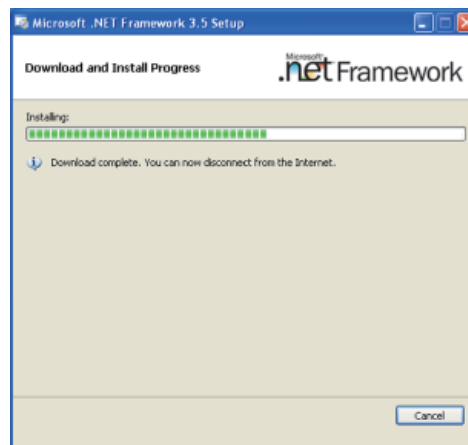
To install the driver, click “Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5” on the main menu.

1. Read the license agreement carefully.

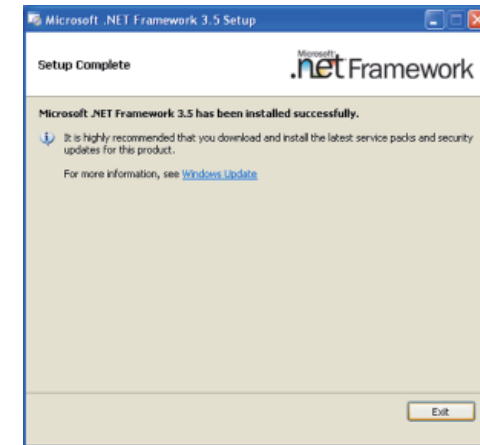
Click “I have read and accept the terms of the License Agreement” then click Install.



2. Setup is now installing the driver.



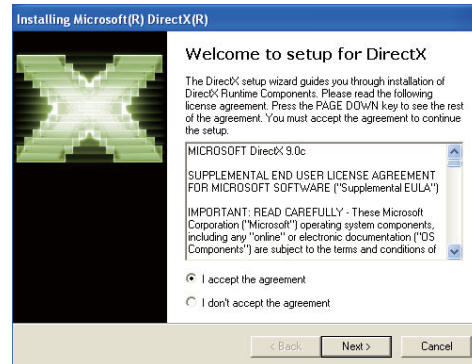
3. Click Exit.



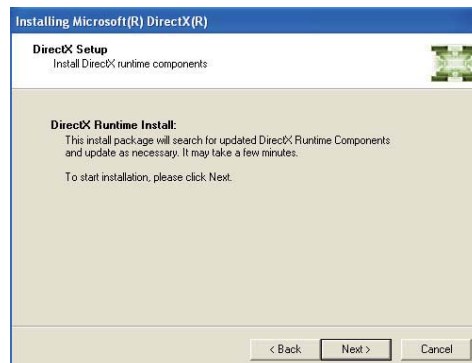
## Microsoft DirectX 9.0C (For Windows XP only)

To install the utility, click “Microsoft DirectX 9.0C Driver” on the main menu.

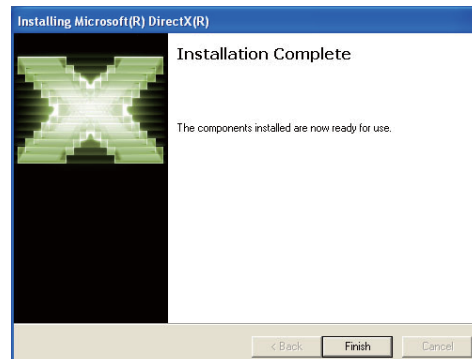
1. Click “I accept the agreement” then click Next.



2. To start installation, click Next.



3. Click Finish. Reboot the system for DirectX to take effect.



## Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility (For Windows XP)

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click “Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



- Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



- Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



- Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility (For Windows 7)

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click "Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility" on the main menu.

- Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



- Read the license agreement then click Yes.



- Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



- After completing installation, click Finish to exit setup.



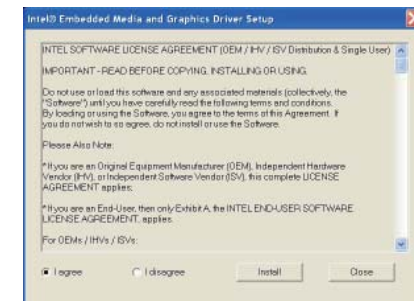
## Intel Graphics Drivers (For Windows XP)

To install the driver, click “Intel Graphics Drivers” on the main menu.

- Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Select “Installs driver and application files” and click Next.



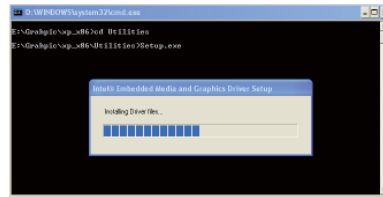
- Read the license agreement. Then, select “I agree” and click Install.



- Click “Continue Anyway” to start the installation.

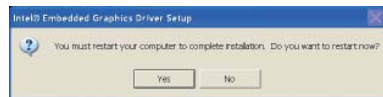


4. Setup is now installing the driver.



5. Click "Yes" to restart this computer now.

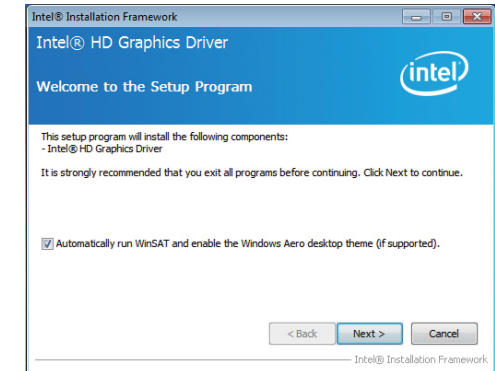
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Intel Graphics Drivers (For Windows 7)

To install the driver, click "Intel Graphics Drivers" on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.



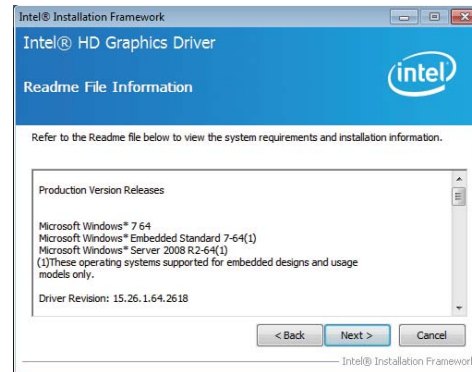
By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows Vista desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

We recommend that you skip this process by disabling this function then click Next.

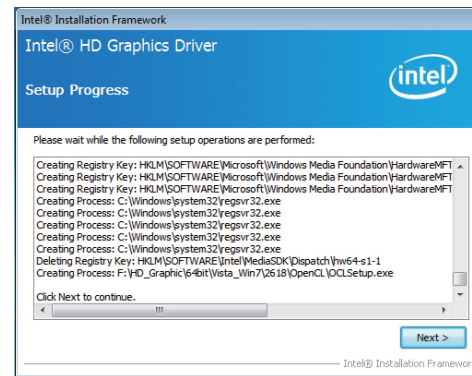
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



- Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.

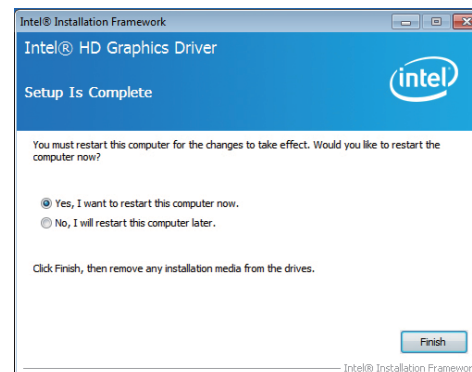


- Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



- Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Audio Drivers (For Windows XP)

To install the driver, click "Audio Drivers" on the main menu.

- Setup is now ready to install the audio driver. Click Next.
- Follow the remainder of the steps on the screen; clicking "Next" each time you finish a step.



- Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Audio Drivers (For Windows 7)

To install the driver, click "Audio Drivers" on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the driver. Click Next.
2. Follow the remainder of the steps on the screen; clicking "Next" each time you finish a step.



3. Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click Finish.

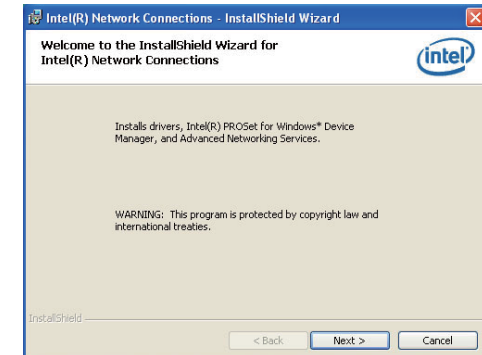
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



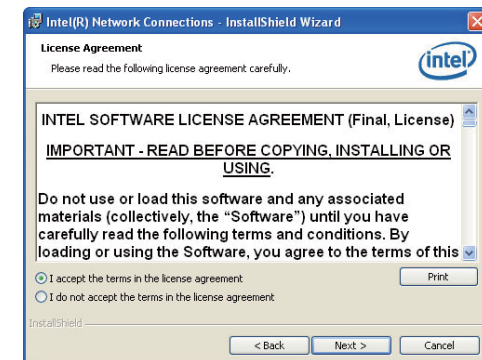
## Intel LAN Drivers (For Windows XP)

To install the driver, click "Intel LAN Drivers" on the main menu.

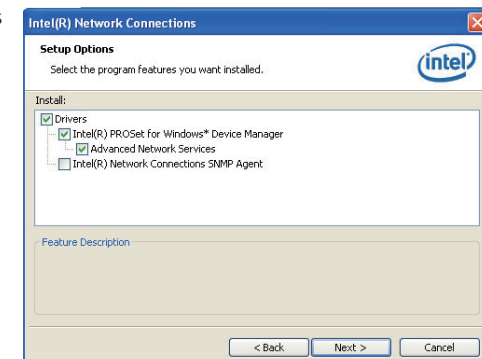
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



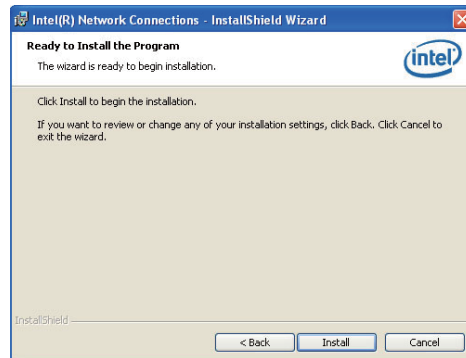
2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



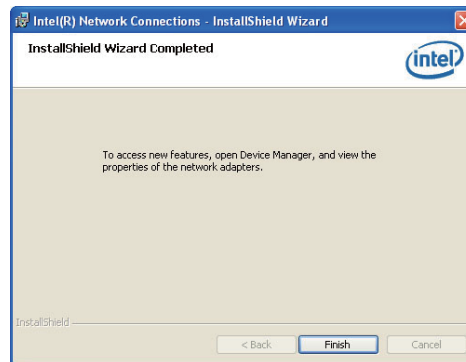
3. Select the program features you want installed then click Next.



- Click Install to begin the installation.



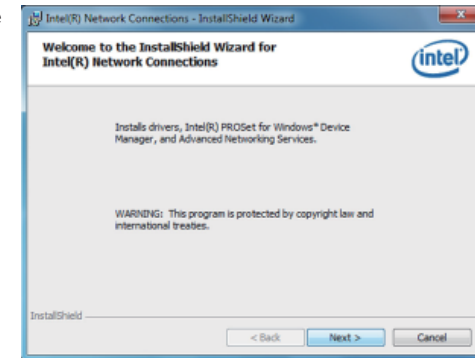
- After completing installation, click Finish.



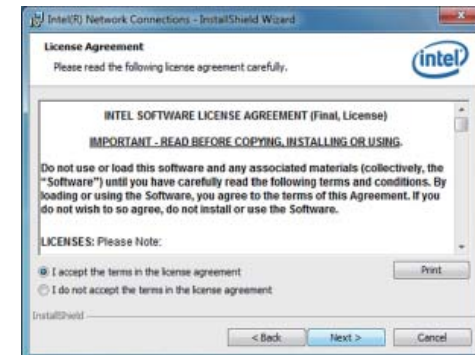
## Intel LAN Drivers (For Windows 7)

To install the driver, click "Intel LAN Drivers" on the main menu.

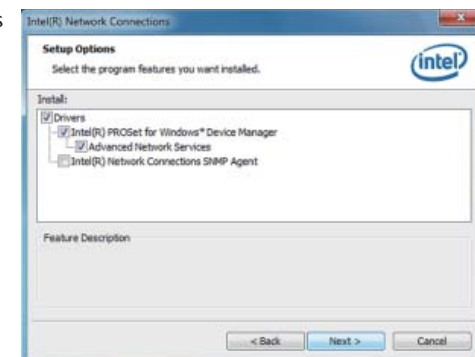
- Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



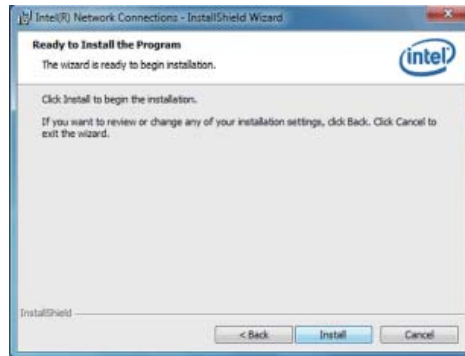
- Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



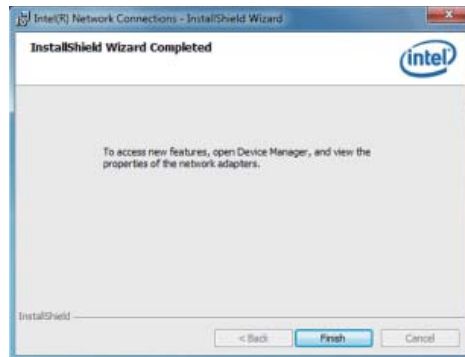
- Select the program features you want installed then click Next.



- Click Install to begin the installation.



- After completing installation, click Finish.



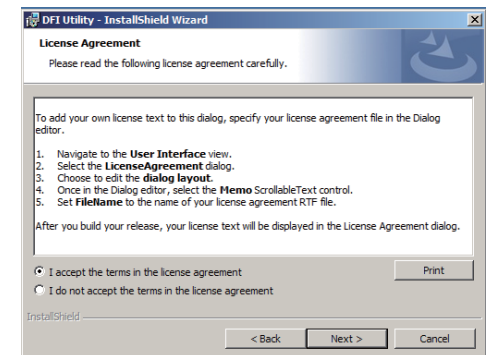
## DFI Utility

DFI Utility provides information about the board, HW Health, Watchdog and DIO. To access the utility, click "DFI Utility" on the main menu.

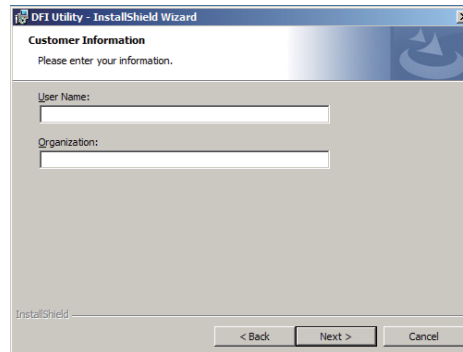
- Setup is ready to install the DFI Utility driver. Click Next.



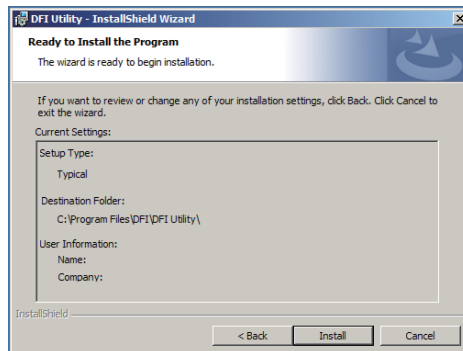
- Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" and then click Next.



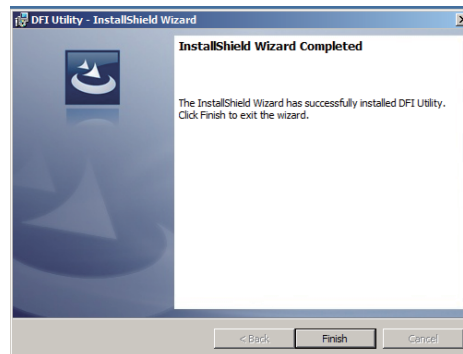
3. Enter "User Name" and "Organization" information and then click Next.



4. Click Install to begin the installation.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.

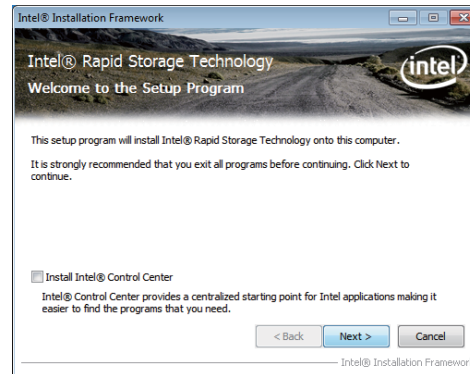


## Intel Rapid Storage Technology

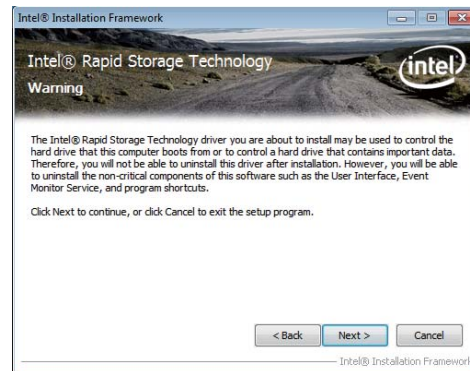
The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, click “Intel Rapid Storage Technology” on the main menu.

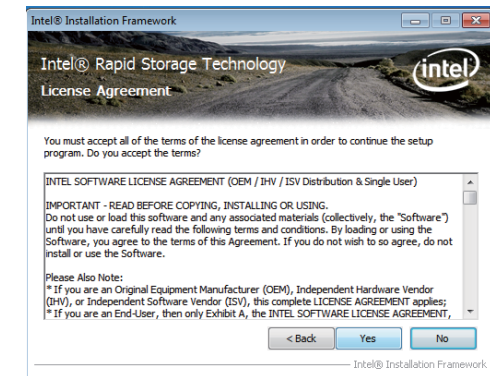
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



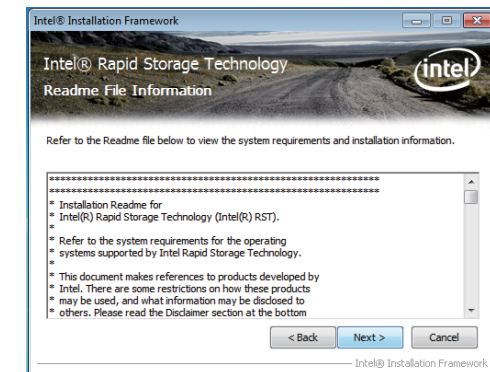
2. Read the warning then click Yes.



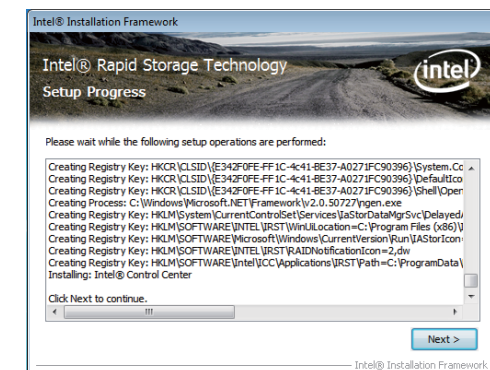
3. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



4. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



5. Setup is now installing the utility. Click Next to continue.

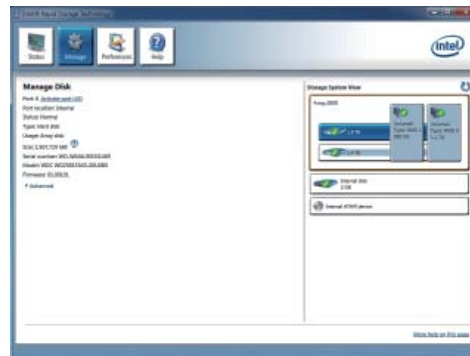


6. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



7. Run the Intel Matrix Storage Console utility to view the hard drives' configuration.



## F6 Floppy

This is used to create a floppy driver diskette needed when you install Windows® XP using the F6 installation method. This will allow you to install the operating system onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

1. Insert a blank floppy diskette.
2. Locate for the drivers in the CD then copy them to the floppy diskette. The CD includes drivers for both 32-bit and 64-bit operating systems. The path to the drivers are shown below.

32-bit

CD Drive:\AHCI\_RAID\F6FLOPPY\f6flpy32

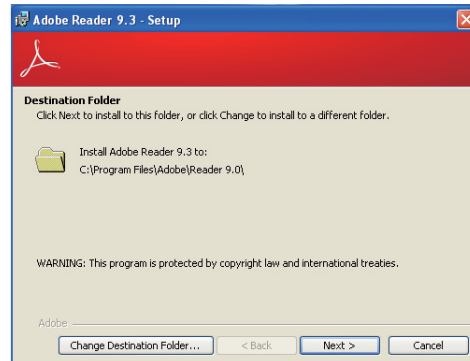
64-bit

CD Drive:\AHCI\_RAID\F6FLOPPY\f6flpy64

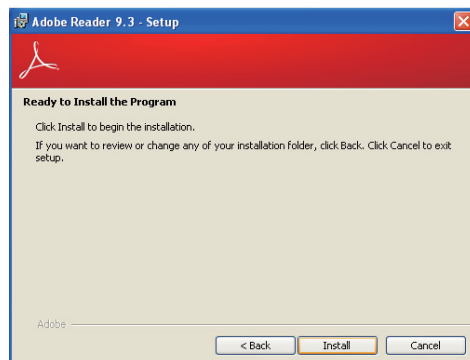
## Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

To install the reader, click “Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3” on the main menu.

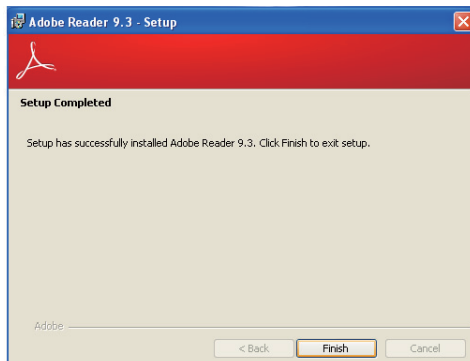
1. Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



## Appendix A - NLITE and AHCI Installation Guide

### nLite

nLite is an application program that allows you to customize your XP installation disc by integrating the RAID/AHCI drivers into the disc. By using nLite, the F6 function key usually required during installation is no longer needed.



#### Note:

The installation steps below are based on nLite version 1.4.9. Installation procedures may slightly vary if you're using another version of the program.

1. Download the program from nLite's official website.

<http://www.nliteos.com/download.html>

2. Install nLite.

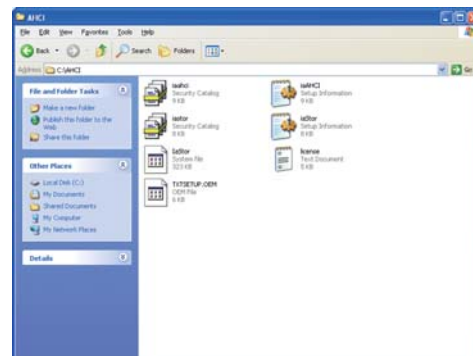


#### Important:

Due to it's coding with Visual.Net, you may need to first install .NET Framework prior to installing nLite.

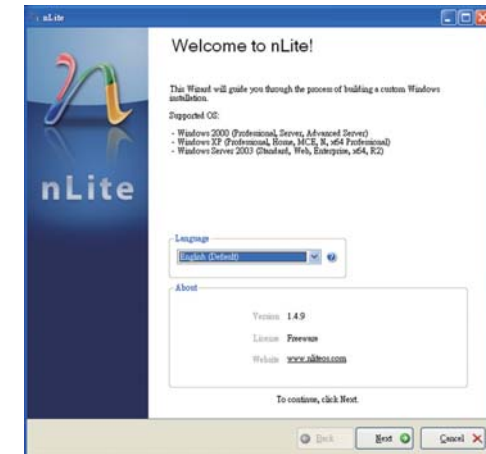
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files from Intel's website. The drivers you choose will depend on the operating system and chipset used by your computer.

The downloaded driver files should include iaahci.cat, iaAHCI.inf, iastor.cat, iaStor.inf, iaStor.sys, license.txt and TXTSETUP.OEM.



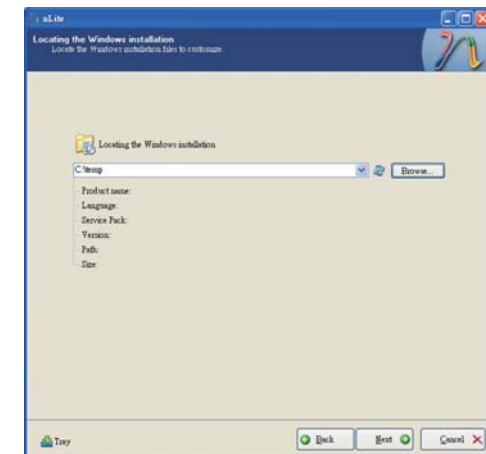
4. Insert the XP installation disc into an optical drive.

5. Launch nLite. The Welcome screen will appear. Click Next.

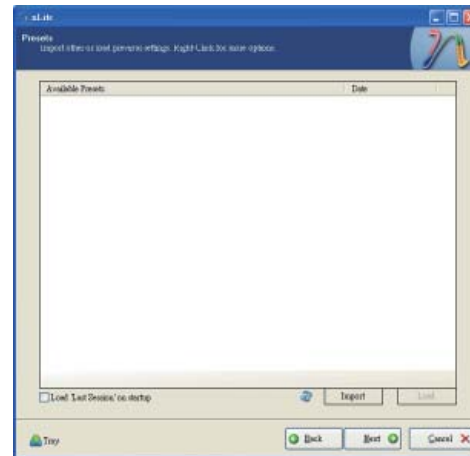


6. Click Next to temporarily save the Windows installation files to the designated default folder.

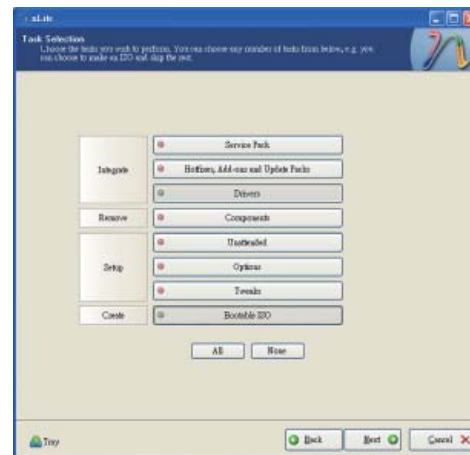
If you want to save them in another folder, click Browse, select the folder and then click Next.



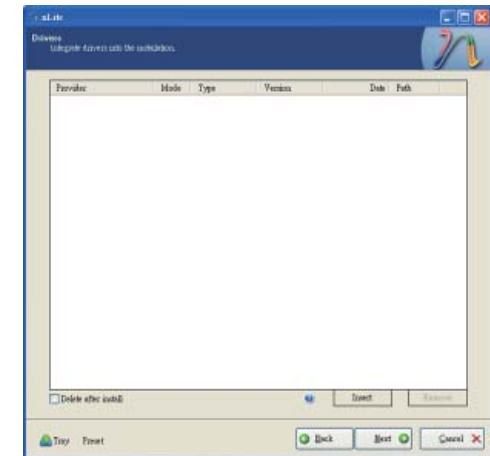
7. Click Next.



8. In the Task Selection dialog box, click Drivers and Bootable ISO. Click Next.

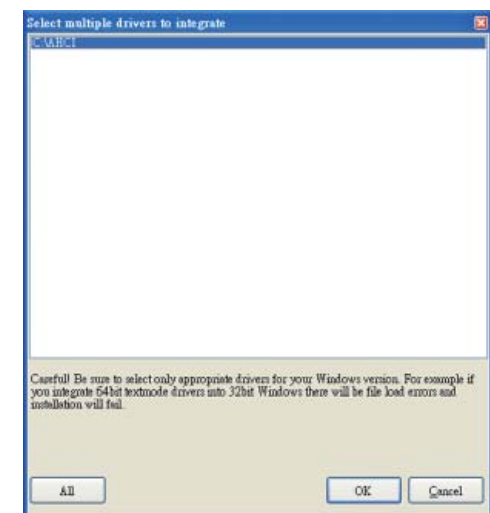


9. Click Insert and then select Multiple driver folder to select the drivers you will integrate. Click Next.



10. Select only the drivers appropriate for the Windows version that you are using and then click OK.

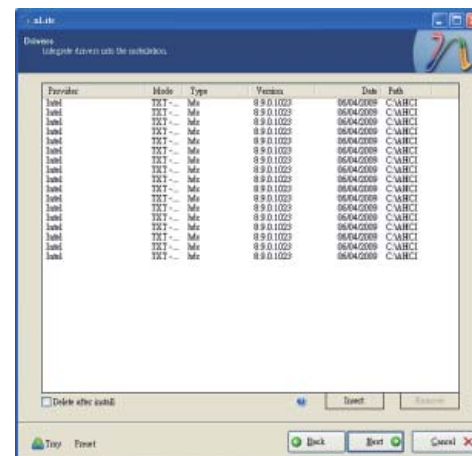
Integrating 64-bit drivers into 32-bit Windows or vice versa will cause file load errors and failed installation.



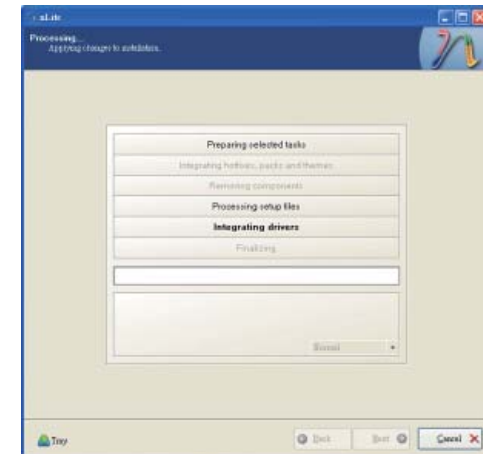
11. If you are uncertain of the southbridge chip used on your motherboard, select all RAID/AHCI controllers and then click OK.



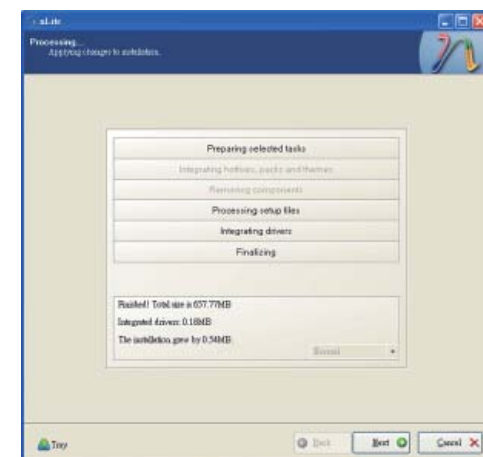
12. Click Next.



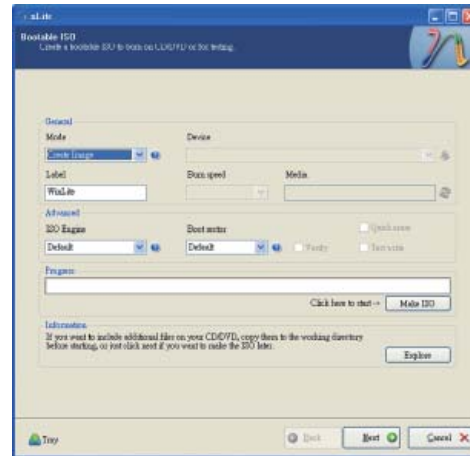
13. The program is currently integrating the drivers and applying changes to the installation.



14. When the program is finished applying the changes, click Next.

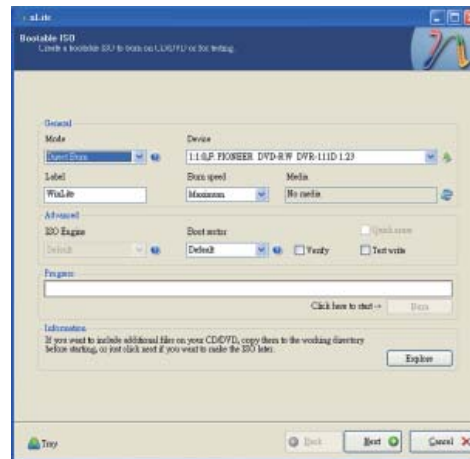


15. To create an image, select the Create Image mode under the General section and then click Next.



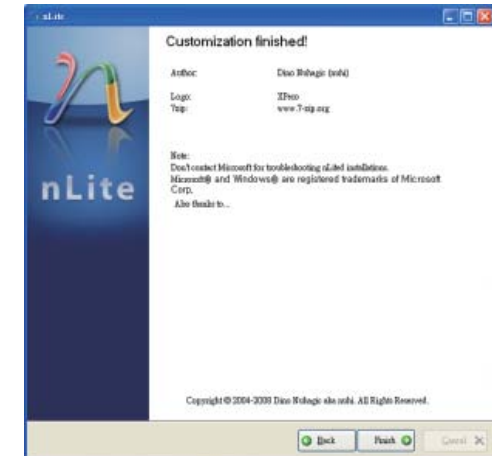
16. Or you can choose to burn it directly to a disc by selecting the Direct Burn mode under the General section.

Select the optical device and all other necessary settings and then click Next.



17. You have finished customizing the Windows XP installation disc. Click Finish.

Enter the BIOS utility to configure the SATA controller to RAID/AHCI. You can now install Windows XP.

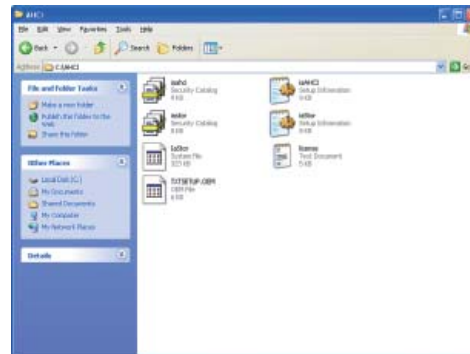


**AHCI**

The installation steps below will guide you in configuring your SATA drive to AHCI mode.

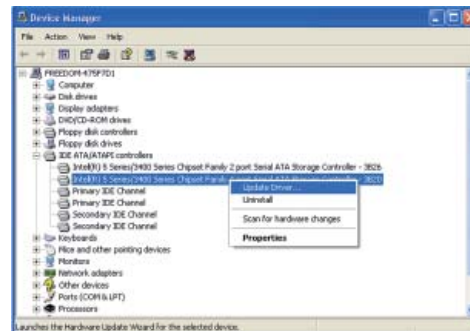
1. Enter the BIOS utility and configure the SATA controller to IDE mode.
2. Install Windows XP but do not press F6.
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files supported by the motherboard chipset from Intel's website.

Transfer the downloaded driver files to C:\AHCI.



4. Open Device Manager and right click on one of the Intel Serial ATA Storage Controllers, then select Update Driver.

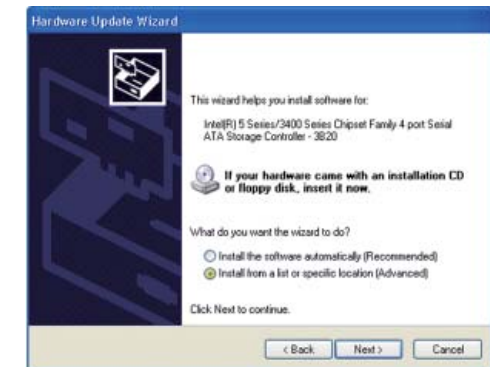
If the controller you selected did not work, try selecting another one.



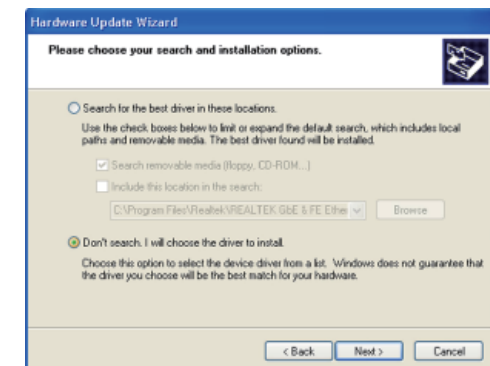
5. In the Hardware Update Wizard dialog box, select "No, not this time" then click Next.



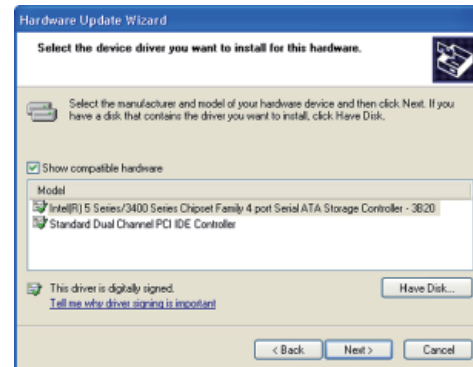
6. Select "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" and then click Next.



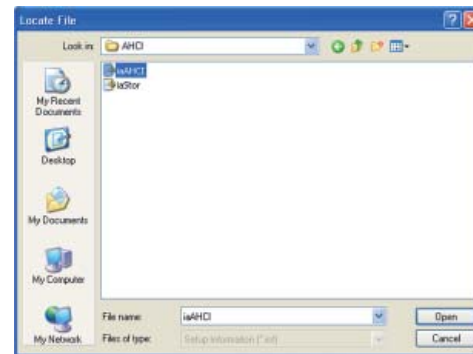
7. Select "Don't search. I will choose the driver to install" and then click Next.



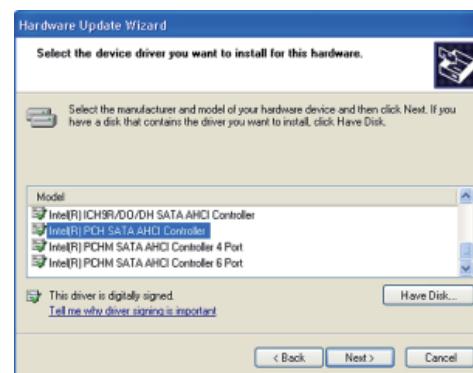
8. Click "Have Disk".



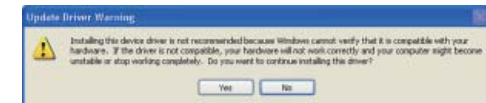
9. Select C:\AHCI\iaAHCI.inf and then click Open.



10. Select the appropriate AHCI Controller of your hardware device and then click Next.

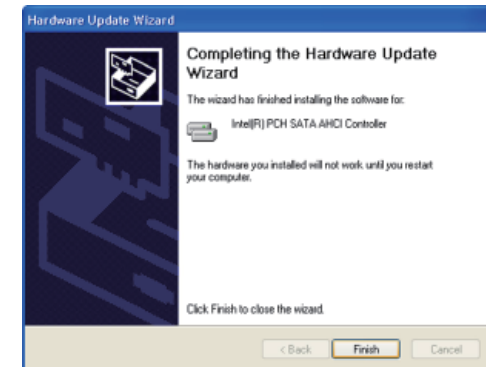


11. A warning message appeared because the selected SATA controller did not match your hardware device.



Ignore the warning and click Yes to proceed.

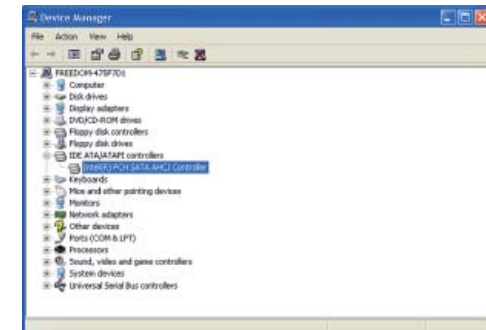
12. Click Finish.



13. The system's settings have been changed. Windows XP requires that you restart the computer. Click Yes.



14. Enter the BIOS utility and modify the SATA controller from IDE to AHCI. By doing so, Windows will work normally with the SATA controller that is in AHCI mode.



## Appendix B - Watchdog Sample Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
//-----
#define EC_EnablePort 0x66
#define EC_DataPort 0x62
//-----
void WriteEC(char,int);
void SetWDTime(int,int);
int GetWDTime(void);
//-----
main()
{
    unsigned int countdown;
    unsigned int input,count_h,count_l;

    printf("Input WD Time: ");
    scanf("%d",&input);
    printf("\n");
    count_h=input>>8;
    count_l=input&0x00FF;
    SetWDTime(count_h,count_l);

    while(1)
    {
        countdown = GetWDTime();
        delay(100);
        printf("\rTime Remaining: %d ",countdown);
    }
}
//-----
void SetWDTime(int count_H,int count_L)
{
    //Set Count
    WriteEC(0xB7,count_H); //High Byte
    WriteEC(0xB8,count_L); //Low Byte
    //Enable Watch Dog Timer
    WriteEC(0xB4,0x02);
}
//-----
```

```
int GetWDTime(void)
{
    int sum,data_h,data_l;
    //Select EC Read Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x80);
    delay(5);
    //Get Remaining Count High Byte
    outportb(EC_DataPort,0xF6);
    delay(5);
    data_h=inportb(EC_DataPort);
    delay(5);
    //Select EC Read Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x80);
    delay(5);
    //Get Remaining Count Low Byte
    outportb(EC_DataPort,0xF7);
    delay(5);
    data_l=inportb(EC_DataPort);
    delay(5);

    data_h<=8;
    data_h&=0xFF00;
    sum=data_h|data_l;
    return sum;
}
//-----
void WriteEC(char EC_Addr, int data)
{
    //Select EC Write Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x81);
    delay(5);
    outportb(EC_DataPort,EC_Addr);
    delay(5);
    outportb(EC_DataPort,data);
    delay(5);
}
//-----
```

## Appendix C - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

### Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

#### CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

**Important**

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

#### DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

## Appendix D - Troubleshooting

### Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
4. The monitor is turned on.
5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

### Monitor/Display

#### If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
3. Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

#### The picture seems to be constantly moving.

1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
2. Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

#### The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

### Power Supply

#### When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

## Hard Drive

### Hard disk failure.

1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

### Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

## Serial Port

### The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

## Keyboard

### Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

## System Board

1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
5. If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.