



EC510/511-SD

**User's Manual** 

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#### **Trademarks**

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

# **FCC and DOC Statement on Class A**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

#### Notice:

- 1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- 2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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#### **About this Manual**

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

#### Warranty

- Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
- 2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
- Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
- 4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

### **Static Electricity Precautions**

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

- 1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
- 2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
- 3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
- 4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
- Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or con nectors by their ends.



#### Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

#### **Safety Measures**

To avoid damage to the system:

Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

 Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

#### Battery:

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

# **Safety Precautions**

- · Use the correct DC input voltage range.
- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.
- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.
- · Keep this system away from humidity.
- Place the system on a stable surface. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- The openings on the system are for air ventilation to protect the system from overheating.
   DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- Place the power cord in such a way that it will not be stepped on. Do not place anything on top of the power cord. Use a power cord that has been approved for use with the system and that it matches the voltage and current marked on the system's electrical range label.
- If the system will not be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- If one of the following occurs, consult a service personnel:
  - The power cord or plug is damaged.
  - Liquid has penetrated the system.
  - The system has been exposed to moisture.
  - The system is not working properly.
  - The system dropped or is damaged.
  - The system has obvious signs of breakage.
- The unit uses a three-wire ground cable which is equipped with a third pin to ground the unit and prevent electric shock. Do not defeat the purpose of this pin. If your outlet does not support this kind of plug, contact your electrician to replace the outlet.
- Disconnect the system from the DC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.

# **About the Package**

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- 1 EC510/EC511-SD system unit
- 1 CD disk includes: Drivers/Manual

#### **Optional Items**

- Wall Mount kit
- Power Cord
- Power Adapter (100W/120W/160W)

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

# **Chapter 1 - Introduction**

# **Overview**



**Front Panel** 

# **Key Features**

<b>Model Name</b>	EC510/EC511-SD
Processor	6th Generation Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>™</sup> processors
Chipset	Intel® Q170 Chipset
LAN	6 LAN ports (or 4 PoE + 2 LAN ports)
СОМ	3 COM ports
Display	VGA DVI (DVI-D signal) or HDMI by request HDMI or DP (DP available upon request)
USB	4 USB 3.0 Type A ports
DIO	16-bit digital input/output
Power	9~36V DC-in

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# **Specifications**

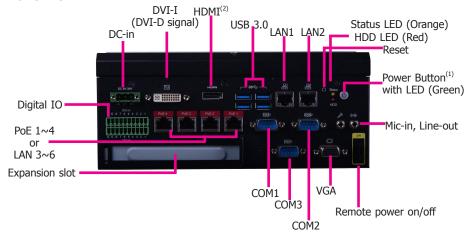
Processor	6th/7th Generation Intel® Core™ Processors, LGA 1151 Socket  • Intel® Core™ i7-6700TE, Quad Core, 8M Cache, 2.4GHz (3.4GHz), 35W  • Intel® Core™ i5-6500TE, Quad Core, 6M Cache, 2.3GHz (3.3GHz), 35W  • Intel® Core™ i3-6100TE, Dual Core, 4M Cache, 2.7GHz, 35W  • Intel® Core™ i7-7700T, Quad Core, 8M Cache, 2.9GHz (3.8GHz), 35W  • Intel® Core™ i5-7500T, Quad Core, 6M Cache, 2.7GHz (3.3GHz), 35W  • Intel® Core™ i3-7101TE, Dual Core, 3M Cache, 3.4GHz, 35W
Chipset	Intel® Q170 Chipset
Memory	Two 260-pin SODIMM  • Supports dual-channel DDR4 1866/2133MHz  • Supports up to 32GB system memory
Graphics	Intel® HD Gen 9 Graphics OpenGL 5.0, DirectX 12, OpenCL 2.1 • Supports these codecs: HW Decode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2, VC1/WMV9, JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9 HW Encode: MPEG2, AVC/H264, JPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9 • Output displays: VGA: resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz DVI-I: resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz HDMI: resolution up to 4096x2160 @ 24Hz or 2560x1600 @ 60Hz DP: resolution up to 4096x2304 @ 60Hz
Triple/Dual Display	VGA (+) DVI-I (DVI-D signal) / HDMI (HDMI available upon request) (+) HDMI / DP (DP available upon request)
Storage	<ul><li>Two 2.5" SATA Drive Bay</li><li>SATA 3.0 port with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s</li></ul>
Ethernet	<ul> <li>One Intel® I211AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps)</li> <li>One Intel® I219V</li> <li>Four Intel® I210IT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) for Gigabit Ethernet or POE ports</li> </ul>
Expansion	One full-size Mini PCIe (PCIe/USB) One half-size Mini PCIe (USB/mSATA) 1 x PCI slot (EC510-SD) 1 x PCIe x16 slot (EC511-SD)

Front I/O Ports	<ul> <li>One status and one HDD LED</li> <li>One power button with LED</li> <li>One reset button</li> <li>Six RJ45 LAN ports; four of these six can be PoE GbE (RJ-45) (supports IEEE 802.3af, 15.4W per port)</li> <li>One VGA port/one DVI (DVI-D signal)/one HDMI or DP (DP available upon request)</li> <li>Four USB 3.0 Type A ports</li> <li>One Line-out and one Mic-in Ports</li> <li>Two RS-232/422/485 (DB-9) (RS-232 with power) and one RS-232/422/485 (DB-9)</li> <li>Two set of 8-bit DIO</li> <li>One 9~36V DC-in 3-pole terminal block</li> </ul>
Power	Power input voltage: 9~36V DC-in (terminal block connector)
<b>Cooling System</b>	Fanless with heatsink
Environment	<ul> <li>Operating Temperature: 0 to 50°C (SSD or mSATA-mini, with 0.7m/s air flow)</li> <li>Storage Temperature: -20 to 85°C</li> <li>Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% RH (non-condensing)</li> </ul>
Construction	• Aluminum + SGCC
Mounting	<ul><li>Wall mount</li><li>Mounting brackets and screws (optional)</li></ul>
Dimensions	• 235mm x 102.5mm x 222mm (W x H x D)
Weight	• 4.1 kg
OS Support	<ul><li>Windows 7 (32/64-bit)</li><li>Windows 8.1 (64-bit)</li><li>Windows 10</li></ul>
Other Features	System Reset, Programmable via Software from 1 to 255 Seconds
Standards and Certifications	<ul> <li>Shock: Half sine wave 3G, 11ms, 3 shock per axis</li> <li>Vibration: IEC68-2-64</li> </ul>

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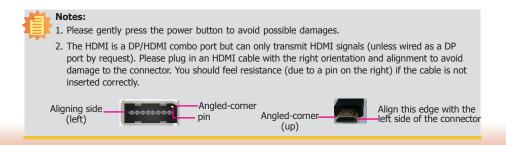
# **Getting to Know the EC510/EC511-SD**

### **Front View**



#### **Rear View**





## Front I/O Ports

#### **Power Button with LED (Green)**

Press to power on or power off the system.

#### **Reset Button**

Press to reset the system.

## **HDD LED (Red)**

Indicates the status of disk drives.

HDD LED				
HDD State	Disk access activity	Disk drives present or not present		
LED Behavior	Blink	Off		

### Status LED (Orange)

Indicates system status as below.

Status LED				
Suspend Mode	S0	Sleep	S4, S5	
LED Behavior	Always ON	Blinking	Off	

#### Remote Power-on/Power-off Switch Connector

Connects distant power on/off switch.

#### **USB 3.0 Ports**

Connect to USB 3.0 as well as devices based on previous USB versions.

#### **COM Ports**

All COM ports can be selected among RS232, RS422 and RS485.

COM1 and COM2 can be selected between RS232 and RS232 with power via jumper settings.

#### **DIO Connector**

The DIO connector provides 16-bit digital input/output.

## DVI-I (DVI-D signal) / HDMI / VGA Connector

Connects the DVI-I / HDMI / VGA connector of an LCD monitor.

#### **Line-out and Microphone Ports**

Connect audio devices such as microphones and speakers.

#### Gigabit LAN Ports (1~6)

Connect the system to a local area network.

LAN  $3\sim6$  can be Power over Ethernet (PoE) that is capable of delivering 15.4W of power to connected devices.

#### DC-in

DC 9~36V power input via a terminal block connector.

#### **PCIe Expansion Slot**

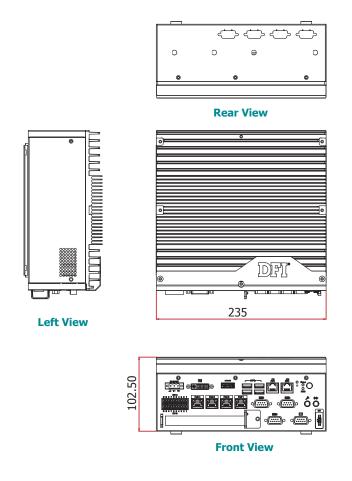
Provides PCIe or PCI expansion connectivity via a riser card.

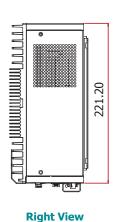
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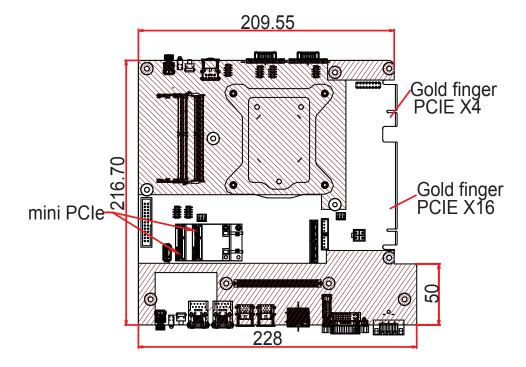
## **Mechanical Dimensions**

# **Chassis Dimensions**

# **Motherboard Dimensions**







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# **Chapter 2 - Getting Started**

# **Preparing the System**

Before you start using the system, you need the following items:

- SATA hard drive
- AC power adapter
- Optical drive (for installing software/drivers)
- Memory module

## **Installing Devices**

The following devices can be installed in the system.

- Memory module
- SATA hard drives
- Mini PCIe and mSATA card
- PCIe or PCI expansion cards

## **Configuring the BIOS**

To get you started, you may need to change configurations such as the date, time and the type of hard disk drive.

- 1. Power-on the system.
- 2. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. Press the Delete key to enter the BIOS setup utility.

## **Installing an Operating System**

To install an OS, you need an optical drive or a USB flash drive and boot from such a device.

Make sure a 2.5" SATA drive is already installed.

- 1. Refer to the following chapters for information on installing SATA drives.
- 2. Refer to your operating system manual for instructions on installing the operating system.

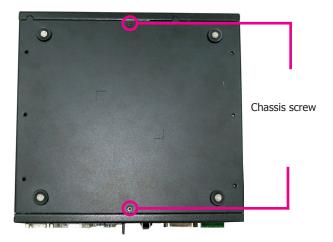
## **Installing the Drivers**

The system package includes a CD disk. The CD includes drivers that must be installed to provide the best system performance. Refer to the Supported Software chapter for instructions on installing the drivers.

# **Chapter 3 - Installing the Devices**

# **Removing the Chassis Cover**

- 1. Make sure the system and all other peripherals connected to it have been powered off.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- The 6 mounting screws on the left and right sides and bottom of the system are used to secure the cover to the chassis. Remove these screws and put them in a safe place for later use.





4. Lift the cover upward to open the system.

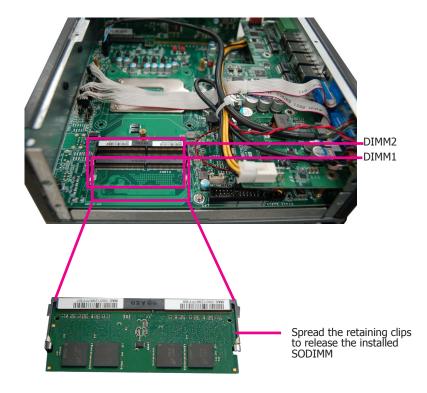


# **Installing a SODIMM**

Grasp the module by its edges and align the SODIMM's notch with the socket's key; then insert the SODIMM into the socket at an angle and push it down until the retaining clips snap into place.



To remove a SODIMM, gently spread the retaining clips at each end of the SODIMM socket. The SODIMM should pop out of the socket. Lift the SODIMM away from the socket on the mainboard.



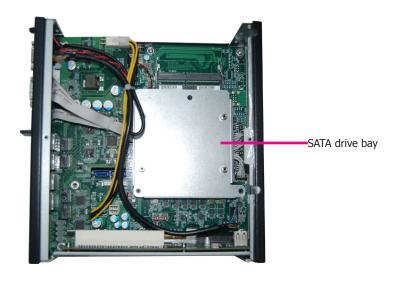


#### Notes:

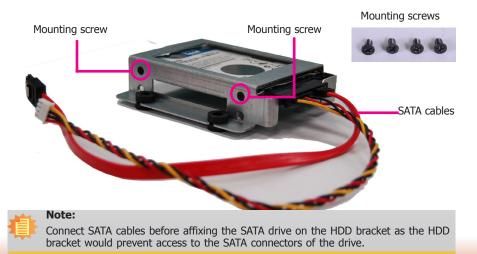
- The system supports dual-channel configuration. To enable dual-channel, populate both SODIMM sockets.
- 2. If you plan to install only one SODIMM, install it in the DIMM1 socket (lower one and farther from the center of the mainboard).
- 3. The SODIMM sockets can only accept DDR4 memory modules. Please do not install other types of memory modules.

# **Installing a 2.5" SATA Drive**

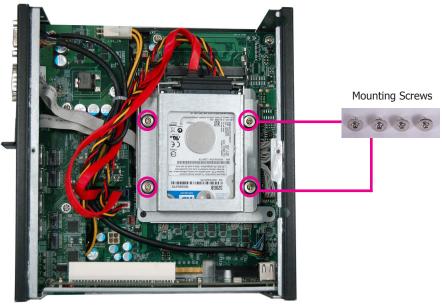
 The SATA HDD bracket is included in the product package. Locate the SATA drive bay on which the SATA HDD bracket will be mounted.



2. Insert the SATA drive into the HDD bracket and secure it in place with the provided screws (black screws). The HDD bracket can accommodate two SATA drives.



3. Place the SATA drive with the HDD bracket into the system. Align the mounting holes on the HDD bracket with the mounting holes on the SATA drive bay and use the provided screws to secure the drive in place.



4. Connect the other end of the SATA data cable and the SATA power cable to the SATA data and SATA power connector on the mainboard respectively.



SATA data connector SATA power connector

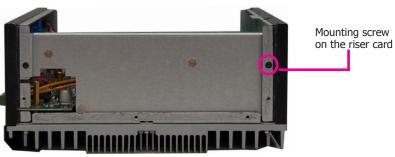
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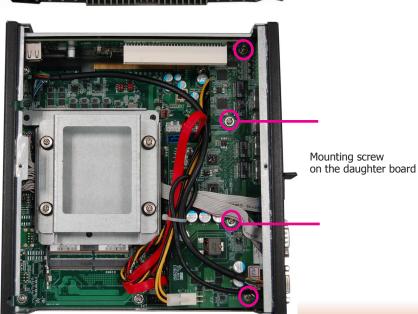
# **Installing a Mini PCIe or mSATA Card**

The Mini PCIe sockets are located on the mainboard. You need to revmove the riser card and daughter board to access them.

The 2 mounting screws on the supporting bracket of the riser card are used to secure the riser card to the chassis. Remove these screws and put them in a safe place for later use. To disengage the riser card from the mainboard, gently pull the card out of the connector on the mainboard.

The 4 mounting screws on the daughter board are used to secure the board to the mainboard. Remove these screws and put them in a safe place for later use. To disengage the daughter board from the mainboard, gently pull the card out of the connector on the mainboard.





The mainboard is equipped with 2 Mini PCIe slots: one full-size and one half-size slot. Here we will demonstrate the installation of a full-size Mini PCIe card.

- 1. Grasp the Mini PCIe card by its edges and align the notch in the connector of the Mini PCIe card with the connector's key on the mainboard.
- 2. Secure the card on the mainboard with the provided mounting screw.
- 3. If the Mini PCIe card has antennas, route the antennas to the antenna holes on the rear chassis of the device.





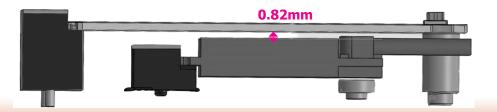
#### Note:

The system also has a half-size Mini PCIe slot that can accommodate a Mini PCIe card using mSATA or USB signals.



## Important:

The bottom side of a full-size Mini PCIe module should have a component height restriction of 0.82 mm and will sit flush against the connected half-size Mini PCIe module if such a component is used and the half-size slot is connected with a module.

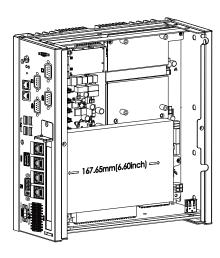


## **Installing a PCI or PCIe Expansion Card**

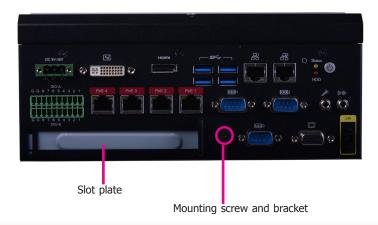


## Important:

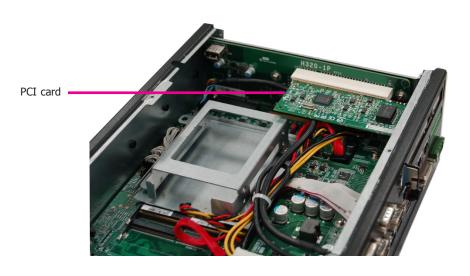
When inserting expansion cards into the system, please select a standard card within 167.65mm (as shown in the picture below) in order to fit into the expansion slot.



 The PCI and PCIe slots on the riser card inside the system are used to install expansion cards. To install an expansion card you need to first remove the slot plate and bracket by uninstalling the screw on the front chassis.



2. Insert the expansion card into a PCI or PCIe slot on the riser card. Ensure the card is properly seated into the slot and secure the bracket in place.



## **Front View**





#### Note:

The EC511-SD has one PCIe x16 slot with the H120-1E riser card, whereas the EC510-SD has one PCI slot with the H320-1P riser card.

## **Installing a CPU**

- 1. Make sure the system and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered-off.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Before installing the Intel CPU, remove the 8 mounting screws on the top of the system unit and put them in a safe place for later use.



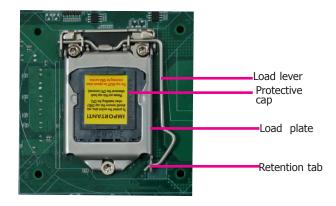
 The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 1151 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 1151 packaged Intel CPU.



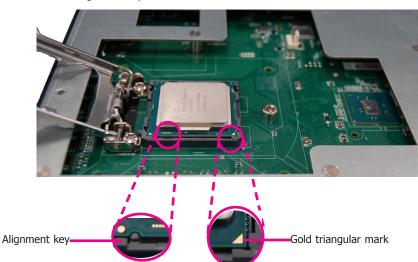
#### Important:

- 1. Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA 1151 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.
- 2. Keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA 1151 socket comes with the protective cap.
- 5. Unlock the socket by pushing the load lever down, move it sideways until it is released from the retention tab, and then lift the load lever up.

- Remove the protective cap from the CPU socket. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only to install the CPU.
- 7. Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the corner of the CPU socket as the photo shown below.
- 8. Unlock the socket by pushing the load lever down and moving it sideways until it is released from the retention tab and then lift the load lever up.



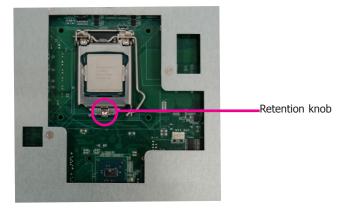
9. Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the corner of the CPU socket as shown below. The CPU's notch will at the same time fit into the socket's alignment key.





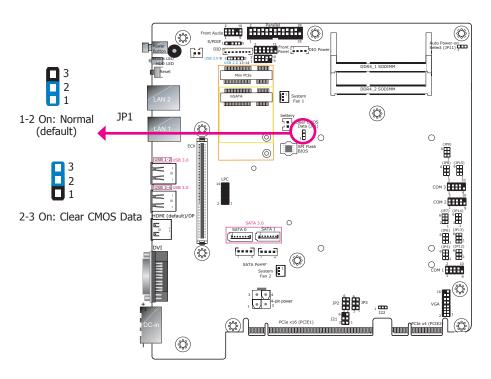
**Important:** The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be inserted without exerting any force.

10. Close the load plate and push the load lever down to lock it under the retention tab. While closing the load plate, slide the front edge of the load plate under the retention tab.



# **Chapter 4 - Jumper Settings**

## **Clear CMOS Data**



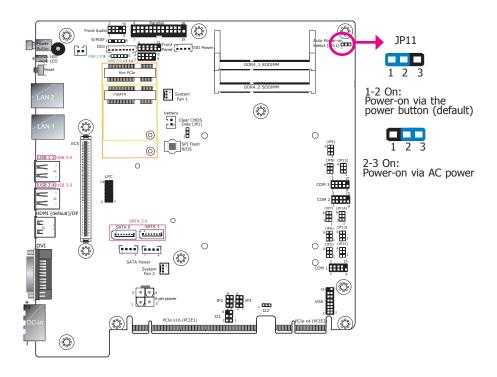
If you encounter the following conditions, you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

- a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- b) You forgot the supervisor or user password.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow these steps below:

- 1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Set the jumper pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set the jumper back to its default setting: 1-2 On.
- 3. Now plug the power cord and power on the system.

## **Auto Power-on Select**

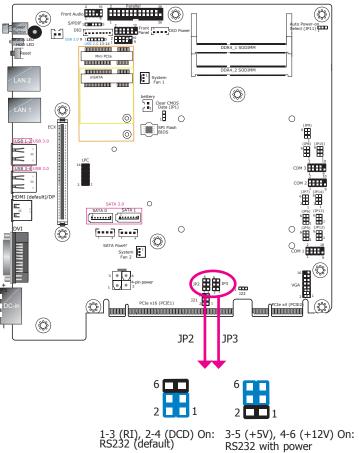


JP11 is used to select the method of powering on the system. If you want the system to power-on whenever AC power comes in, set JP11 pins 2 and 3 to On. If you want to use the power button, set pins 1 and 2 to On.

When using the JP11 "Power On" feature to power the system back on after a power failure, the system may not power on if the power lost is resumed within 5 seconds (power flicker).

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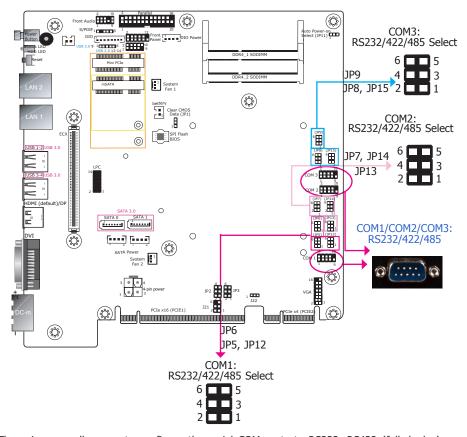
# COM1/COM2 RS232 Power Select



JP3 (for COM1) and JP2 (for COM2) are used to configure serial COM ports to normal RS232 or RS232 with power. The pin assignments (Pin 1: optional 12V and Pin 9: optional 5V) of COM1 and COM2 will vary according to JP3's and JP2's setting respectively.

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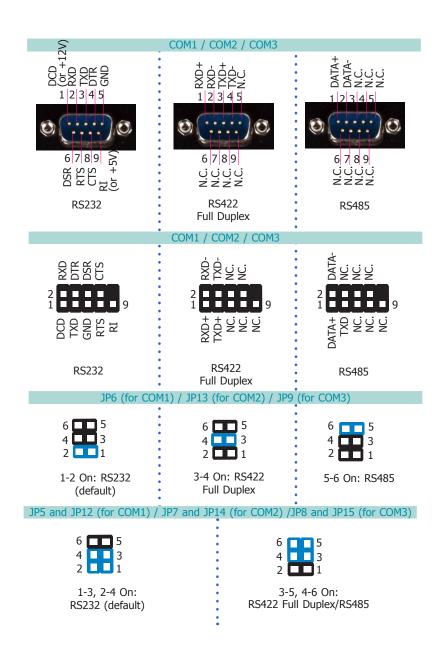
## COM1 /COM2 /COM3 RS232/422/485 Select



These jumpers allow you to configure the serial COM ports to RS232, RS422 (full duplex) or RS485. JP5, JP6 and JP12 are used to configure serial COM port 1. JP7, JP13 and JP14 are used to configure serial COM port 2. JP8, JP9 and JP15 are used to configure serial COM port 3. The pin functions of COM port 1 to COM port 3 will vary according to these jumpers' settings. In addition, COM port 1 and COM port 2 can be switched between normal RS232 and RS232 with power. You can also configure the RS485 auto flow mechanism with the BIOS setup utility. For more information, refer to Chapter 7.

# Notes:

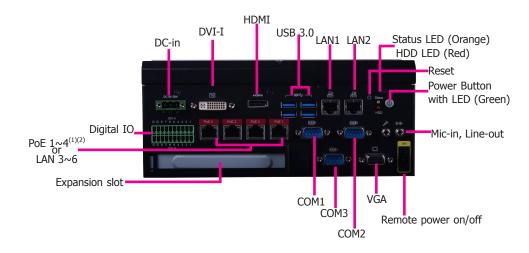
- 1. When COM1 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP5 and JP12 must be set in accordance to JP6.
- 2. When COM2 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP7 and JP14 must be set in accordance to JP13.
- 3. When COM3 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP8 and JP15 must be set in accordance to JP9.



20

# **Chapter 5 - Ports and Connectors**

# **Front Panel I/O Ports**

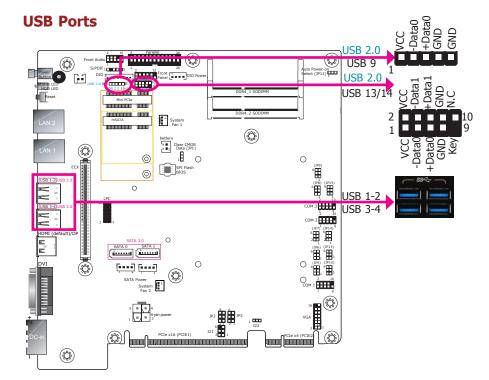


The front panel I/O consists of the following ports from the mainboard:

- Status and control: power button with LED, reset button, remote power on/off switch connector, status and HDD LEDs
- Power: DC-in
- USB: four USB 3.0 ports
- Serial: three RS232 serial COM ports
- Audio: one Line-out and one Mic-in port
- Network: two RJ45 LAN ports
- Display: VGA/DVI-I (DVI-D signal)/HDMI ports
- PCIe expansion: PCIe or PCI slot

The front panel I/O consists of the following ports from the daughter board:

- Network: four RJ45 LAN ports (or PoE ports)
- Digital input/output: one 16-bit DIO connector

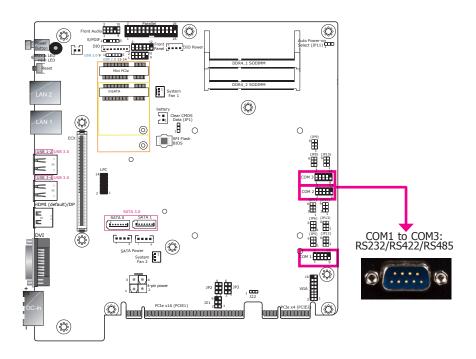


The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals. In addition to the 4 external ports on the front panel, the system board provides 3 USB 2.0 ports through internal pin headers.

#### BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

# **COM (Serial) Ports**



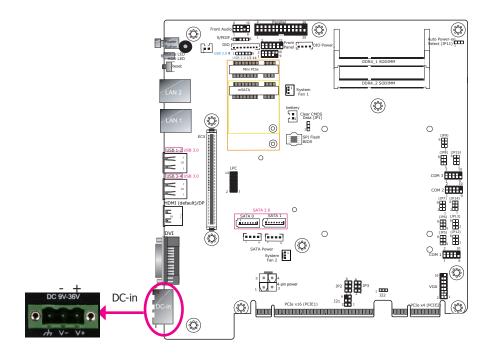
COM1 to COM3 can be selected among RS232, RS422 and RS485 via jumper settings. In addition, COM1 and COM2 can be switched between normal RS232 and RS232 with power. For pin definitions and jumper selection for different communication modes, please refer to Chapter 4.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

### BIOS Setting

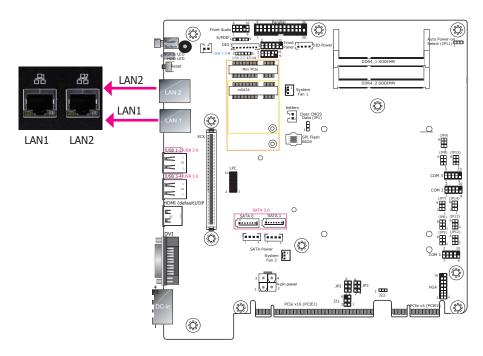
Configure the serial ports with more advanced options such as the RS485 auto flow mechanism in the Advanced menu ("Super IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

## 9~36V DC-in



This three-pole terminal block connector terminal block connector provides options of power input solution: 100W, 120W, and 160W. Connect a DC power cord to this jack. Using a voltage higher than the recommended one may fail to boot the system or cause damage to the mainboard.

## **RJ45 LAN Ports (mainboard)**



#### **Features**

- LAN1: Intel® I219V Gigabit Ethernet Controller
- LAN2: Intel® I211AT Gigabit Ethernet Controller

The LAN ports allow the system to connect to a local area network via Ethernet.

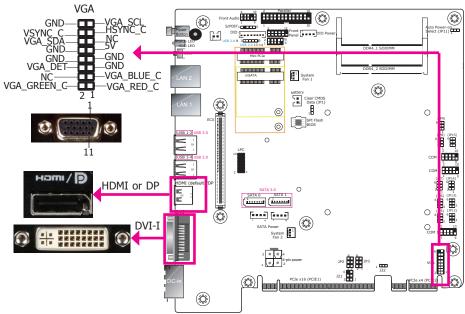
### **BIOS Setting**

Configure the onboard LAN in the Advanced menu ("ACPI Configuration") of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

#### **Driver Installation**

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

## **Display Interfaces**



#### **VGA Port**

The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor's 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port. After you plug the monitor's cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

### **DVI-I (DVI-D Signal) Port**

The DVI-I (DVI-D Signal) port is used to connect a digital LCD monitor to transmit uncompressed digital video. This connector has a DVI-I receptacle but implements DVI-D signals (digital only).

Connect the display device's cable connector to the DVI-I port. After you plug the cable connector into the DVI-I port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

#### **HDMI Port or DisplayPort**

The HDMI port which carries both digital audio and video signals and is used to connect the HDMI port of an LCD monitor or a digital TV.

### **BIOS Setting**

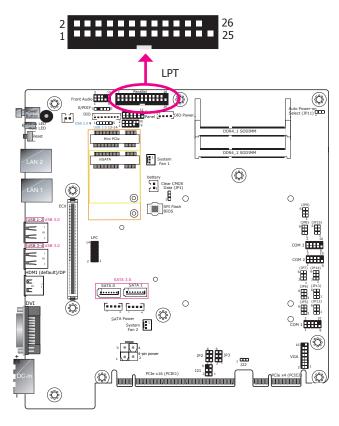
Configure the display devices in the Advanced menu ("Video Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

#### **Driver Installation**

Install the graphics driver. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

# **I/O Connectors**

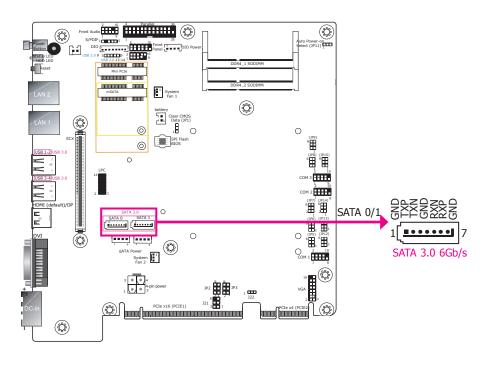
## **Parallel Connector**



The 25-pin connector is used to connect the parallel port of a device such as a printer. It supports SPP, ECP and EPP standards.

SPP (Standard Parallel Port)	Allows normal speed operation but in one direction only.
ECP (Extended Capabilities Port)	Allows parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the SPP's data transfer rate.
EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port)	Allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed.

## **SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors**



#### **Features**

- 2 Serial ATA 3.0 ports
  - SATA port 0 and 1 with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller with Intel® RST

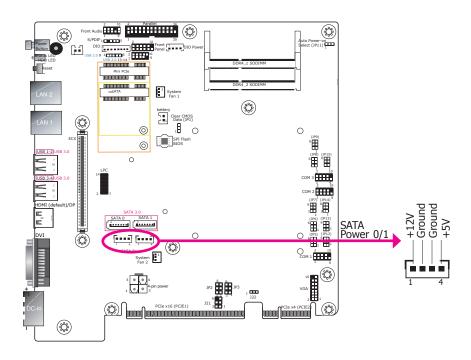
The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect the Serial ATA device. Connect one end of the Serial ATA data cable to a SATA connector on the mainboard and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

The power cable must be connected from the mainboard's Serial ATA power connector to a SATA drive's power connector in order to provide power to the drive. Refer to the next page for pin definitions of the SATA power connectors.

### **BIOS Setting**

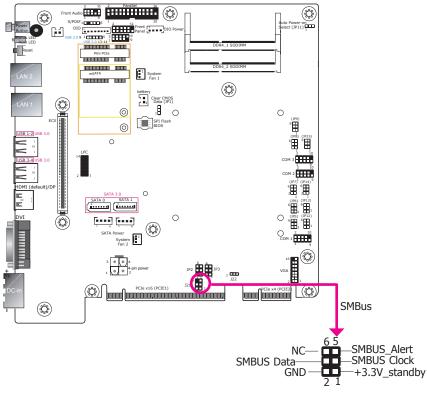
Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced menu ("SATA Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

# **SATA (Serial ATA) Power Connectors**



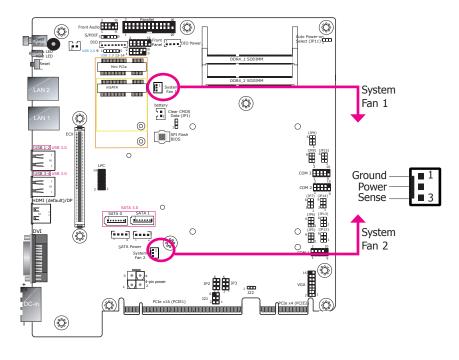
These SATA power connectors supply power to SATA drives. Connect one end of the provided power cable to the SATA power connector and the other end to your storage device.

## **SMBus Connector**



The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect SMBus devices. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

# **Cooling Fan Connectors**

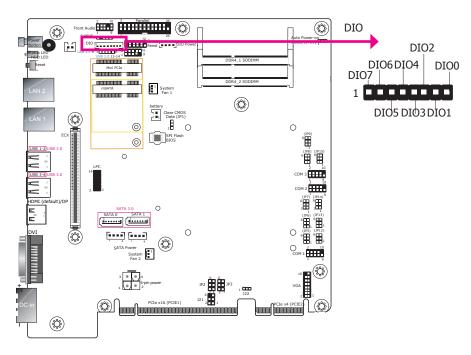


The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans.

#### **BIOS Setting**

The Super IO menu ("PC Health Status" submenu) of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

## **Digital I/O Connector (mainboard)**

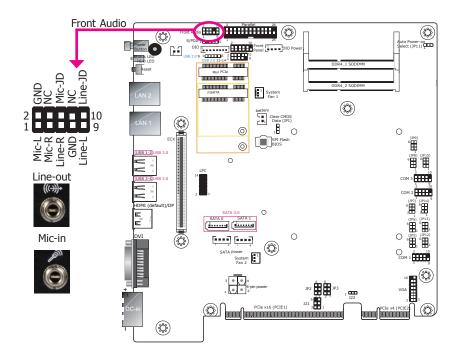


The Digital I/O connector provides 8 digital input or output port to enable monitor and control of the states of the connected external devices. Note that the HW Utility can only configure the external DIO ports. Please see "Digital I/O Connector (daughter board)" in this chapter.

#### **Digital I/O Connector**

Pins	DIO
1	DIO7
2	DIO6
3	DIO5
4	DIO4
5	DIO3
6	DIO2
7	DIO1
8	DIO0

## **Audio Connector**



#### **Audio**

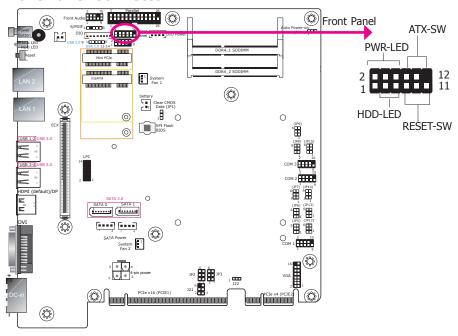
The mainboard is equipped with 2 audio jacks.

- Line-out Jack
   This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.
- Mic-in Jack
  This jack is used to connect an external microphone.

#### **Driver Installation**

Install the audio driver. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

## **Front Panel Connector**



#### **HDD-LED - HDD LED**

This LED will be lit when the hard drive is being accessed.

#### **RESET SW - Reset Switch**

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

#### **ATX-SW - ATX Power Switch**

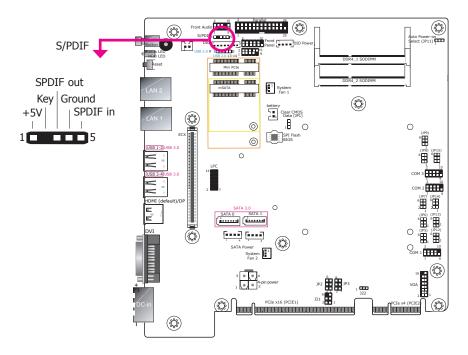
This switch is used to power on or off the system.

### **PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED**

When the system's power is on, this LED will be lit. When the system is in the S1 (Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

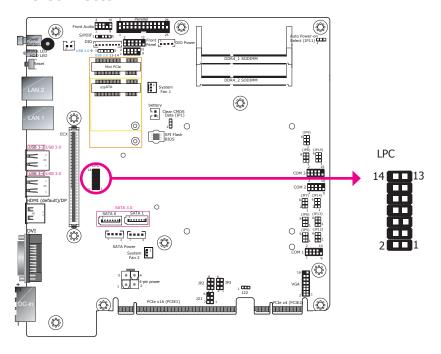
	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
	3	HDD Power	PWR-LED	2	LED Power
HDD-LED	5	Signal		4	LED Power
	7	Ground		6	Signal
RESET SW	9	RST Signal	ATX-SW	8	Ground
	11	N.C.		10	Signal

## **S/PDIF Connector**



The S/PDIF connector is an audio interface for transmitting digital audio signals. The system includes an S/PDIF header on the mainboard. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the S/PDIF connector.

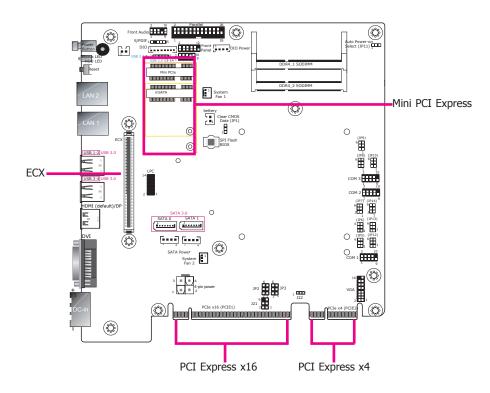
## **LPC Connector**



The Low Pin Count Interface was defined by Intel® Corporation to facilitate the industry's transition towards legacy free systems. It allows the integration of low-bandwidth legacy I/O components within the system, which are typically provided by a Super I/O controller. Furthermore, it can be used to interface firmware hubs, Trusted Platform Module (TPM) devices and embedded controllers. Data transfer on the LPC bus is implemented over a 4 bit serialized data interface, which uses a 24MHz LPC bus clock. For more information about LPC bus, please refer to the Intel® Low Pin Count Interface Specification Revision 1.1'. The table below indicates the pin functions of the LPC connector.

Pin	Pin Assignment	Pin	Pin Assignment
1	L_CLK	2	L_AD1
3	L_RST#	4	L_AD0
5	L_FRAME#	6	3V3
7	L_AD3	8	GND
9	L_AD2	10	Kev
11	INT_SERIRQ	12	GND
13	5VSB	14	5V

# **Expansion Slots**



### **Mini PCIe Slot**

The mainboard is equipped with a full-size Mini PCIe slot (PCIe/USB signals) and a half-size Mini PCIe (mSATA/USB signals) slot. Supporting both USB and mSATA signals, the half-size Mini PCIe slot can be used to expand the system's storage capacity or provide mobile communication capability.

### PCI Express x16 Slot/PCI Express x4 Connector

The system offers two types of riser cards. The EC510-SD is pre-installed with a riser card that provides one PCI slot on the front panel. Whereas the EC511-SD is pre-installed with another riser card that provides one PCIe x16 slot on the front panel.

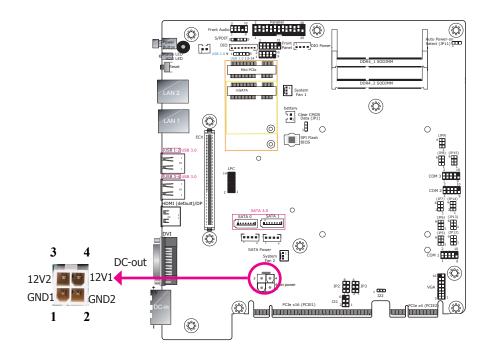
#### ECX Slot

The ECX interface is used to install an ECX card for I/O expansion via a proprietary daughter board.

Pin	Pin Assignment	Pin	Pin Assignment
1	GND	2	GND
3	PCIE_ECX_RX1p	4	PCIE_ECX_RX2p
5	PCIE_ECX_RX1n	6	PCIE_ECX_RX2n
7	PCIE_ECX_TX1n	8	PCIE_ECX_TX2n
9	PCIE_ECX_TX1p	10	PCIE_ECX_TX2p
11	CLK_PCIE_ECX1_p	12	CLK_PCIE_ECX2_p
13	CLK_PCIE_ECX1_n	14	CLK_PCIE_ECX2_n
15	Reserved	16	Reserved
17	Reserved	18	Reserved
19	GND	20	GND
21	CLK_PCIE_ECX3_p	22	PCIE_ECX_RX5p
23	CLK_PCIE_ECX3_n	24	PCIE_ECX_RX5n
25	GND	26	PCIE_ECX_TX5n
27	Reserved	28	PCIE_ECX_TX5p
29	DPB_AUX_n	30	CLK_PCIE_ECX5_p
31	DPB_AUX_p	32	CLK_PCIE_ECX5_n
33	Reserved	34	Reserved
35	Reserved	36	Reserved
37	Reserved	38	HD_OUT
39	GND	40	GND
41	DPB_LAN0_n	42	PCIE_ECX_RX4p
43	DPB_LAN0_p	44	PCIE_ECX_RX4n
45	DPB_LAN1_n	46	PCIE_ECX_TX4n
47	DPB_LAN1_p	48	PCIE_ECX_TX4p
49	DPB_LAN2_n	50	CLK_PCIE_ECX4_p
51	DPB_LAN2_p	52	CLK_PCIE_ECX4_n
53	DPC_AUX_n	54	Reserved
55	DPC_AUX_p	56	Reserved
57	DPB_HPD	58	Reserved
59	GND	60	GND
61	DPB_LAN3_n	62	LPC_FRAME#
63	DPB_LAN3_p	64	LPC_AD0
65	DPB_CTRL_CLK	66	LPC_AD1
67	DPB_CTRL_DATA	68	LPC_AD2
69	DPC_CTRL_CLK	70	LPC_AD3
71	DPC_CTRL_DATA	72	LPC_LDRQ1#
73	Reserved	74	DPC_HPD

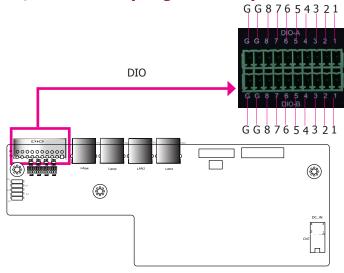
<b>75</b>	PLT-RST#	76	CLK_LPC
77	HD_RST#	78	HD_SPKR
79	GND	80	GND
81	DPC_LAN0_n	82	USB3_RX0n
83	DPC_LAN0_p	84	USB3_RX0p
85	DPC_LAN1_n	86	GND
87	DPC_LAN1_p	88	USB3_TX0n
89	DPC_LAN2_n	90	USB3_TX0p
91	DPC_LAN2_p	92	GND
93	DPC_LAN3_n	94	HD_BITCLK
95	DPC_LAN3_p	96	HD_SYNC
97	USB_PWR_SEL	98	HD_SIN
99	GND	100	GND
101	USB_1P	102	USB3_RX1n
103	USB_1N	104	USB3_RX1p
105	USB_0P	106	GND
107	USB_0N	108	USB3_TX1n
109	USB_OC#	110	USB3_TX1p
111	PCIE_ECX_RX3p	112	GND
113	PCIE_ECX_RX3n	114	SATA_TXn
115	PCIE_ECX_TX3n	116	SATA_TXp
117	PCIE_ECX_TX3p	118	Reserved
119	GND	120	GND
121	BID	122	GND
123	SMB_CLK_RESUME	124	DFI Board ID_0
125	SMB_DATA_RESUME	126	DFI Board ID_1
127	INT_GPIO#	128	DFI Board ID_2
129	PCIe_Wake#	130	SATA_RXn
131	INT_SERIRQ	132	SATA_RXp
133	VIN	134	VIN
135	+3.3VDU	136	+5VDU
137	+3.3VDU	138	+5VDU
139	GND	140	GND
141	+12V	142 144	+3.3V
143 145	+12V	144	+3.3V
145	+12V	148	+3.3V
	+12V		+3.3V
149 151	GND	150 152	GND
151	+5V	154	+5V
155	+5V	154	+5V
157	+5V	158	+5V
157	+5V	160	+5V
133	+5V	100	+5V

# 12V DC-out



The 4-pin vertical type connector (optional) provides low power output.

## **Digital I/O Connector (daughter board)**

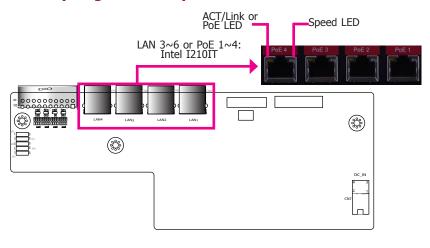


The Digital I/O connector provides 16 digital inputs or outputs to enable monitor and control of the state of the connected external devices. You can use the provided HW Utility to configure a port to be either input or output. Please refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

### **Digital I/O Connector**

Pins	DIO-A	DIO-B
1	DIO1	DIO1
2	DIO2	DIO2
3	DIO3	DIO3
4	DIO4	DIO4
5	DIO5	DIO5
6	DIO6	DIO6
7	DIO7	DIO7
8	DIO8	DIO8
G	GND	GND
G	GND	GND

## LAN Ports (daughter board)



Activity/Link LED		Speed LED	
LED Behavior	Description	LED Behavior	Description
Off	No link	Off	10Mbps connection
Blinking	Data Activity	Green	100Mbps connection
On	Link	Orange	1Gbps connection

PoE LED		Speed LED	
LED Behavior	Description	<b>LED Behavior</b>	Description
Off	The system is not powered on.	Off	10Mbps connection
Green	Supplying power over the Ethernet link	Green	100Mbps connection
		Orange	1Gbps connection

LAN3 to LAN6 can be normal Gigabit ports or PoE (Power over Ethernet) ports. With PoE (Power over Ethernet) support, the ports carry power to connected devices without the need for individual power supplies. Each port delivers up to 15.4 Watts of power to the connected devices that comply with IEEE 802.3af, for example, access points and VoIP phones.

#### **Driver Installation**

Install the LAN driver. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

# **Chapter 6 - Mounting Options**

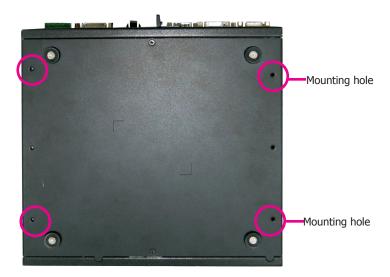
## **Wall Mount**

The wall mount kit includes the following:

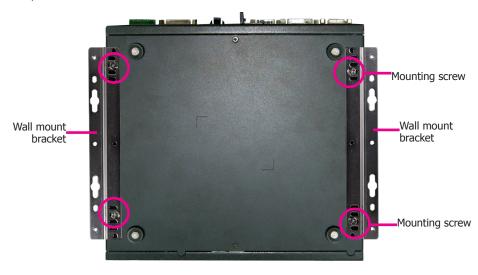
- 2 Wall mount brackets
- 4 Bracket screws



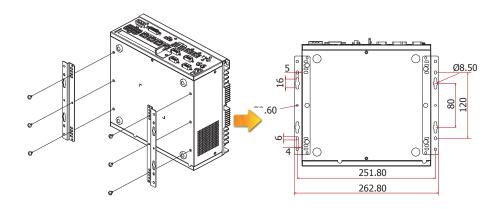
1. The wall mounting holes are located on the bottom of the system unit.



2. Use the provided mounting screws to secure the wall mount brackets on each side of the system unit.



The following illustration shows the location and dimension of the holes for mounting the device onto a wall or rack .



Chapter 6 Mounting Options www.dfi.com

# **Chapter 7 - BIOS Setup**

## **Overview**

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



#### Note:

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

## **Default Configuration**

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

## **Entering the BIOS Setup Utility**

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

## Legends

KEYs	Function
Right and Left Arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down Arrows	Moves the highlight up or down between submenus or fields.
<esc></esc>	Exits to the BIOS setup utility
<f1></f1>	Displays general help
<f5 f6=""></f5>	Changes the highlighted value
<f9></f9>	Changes to the default setup
<f10></f10>	Saves and exits the setup program.
<enter></enter>	Press <enter> to enter the highlighted submenu</enter>

## **Scroll Bar**

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

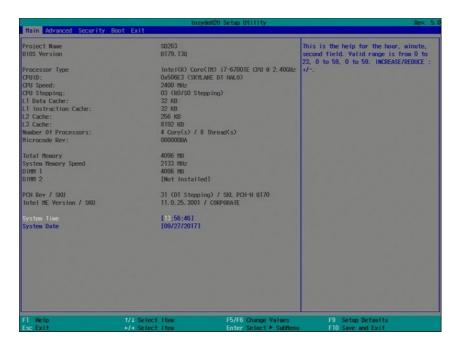
## Submenu

When "▶" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

# **Insyde BIOS Setup Utility**

## Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



#### **System Date**

The date format is <month>, <date>, <year>. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

#### **System Time**

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

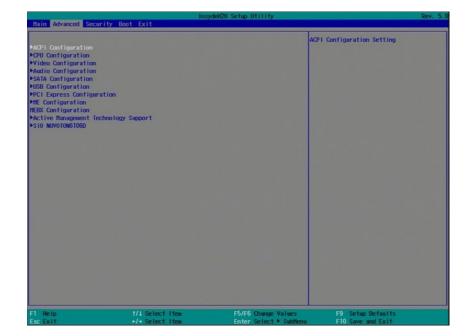
# **Advanced**

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



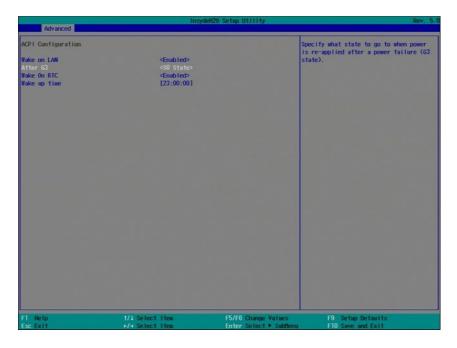
### Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



### **ACPI Settings**

This section configures the ACPI settings.



## Wake on LAN

Enable the system to be waken up via the onboard LAN.

#### State After G3

Specify which state the system should be in when the power is re-applied after a power failure (G3 state, the mechanical-off state).

**SO State** Power on the system when power is re-applied after a AC power loss.

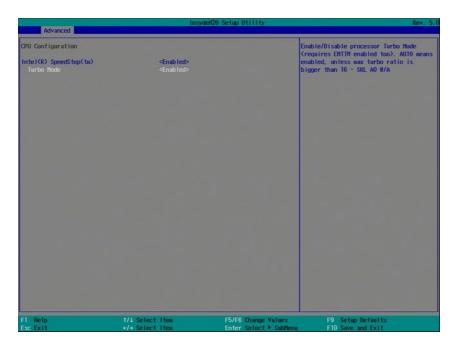
**S5 State** The system appears to be off when power is re-applied after AC power loss.

#### **Wake on RTC**

Automatically power the system on at a particular time every day from the Real-time clock battery. Specify the wake up time of the day below: <hour> (00 $\sim$ 23), <minute> (00 $\sim$ 59), <second> (00 $\sim$ 59).

### **CPU Configuration**

This section configures the CPU.



## Intel® SpeedStep™

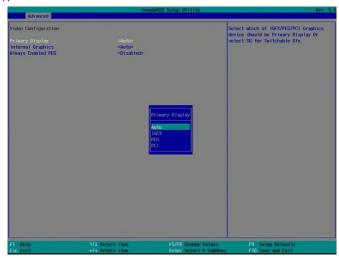
Enable or disable the Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST). The EIST helps optimize the balance between system's power consumption and performance.

#### **Turbo Mode**

Enable or disable processor turbo mode (requires that EMTTM is enabled too), which allows the processor core to automatically run faster than the base frequency when the processor's power, temperature, and specification are within the limits of TDP.

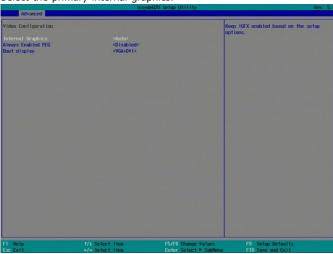
## **Video Configuration**

This section configures the video settings. Note that the options may vary according to the "Boot type" selected in the "Boot" menu.



### **Primary Display**

Select the primary internal graphics.

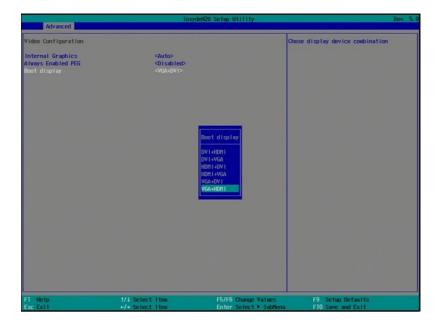


## **Internal Graphics**

Enable, disable or to automatically detect internal graphics.

## **Always Enabled PEG**

Enable or disable the PCIe graphics function.

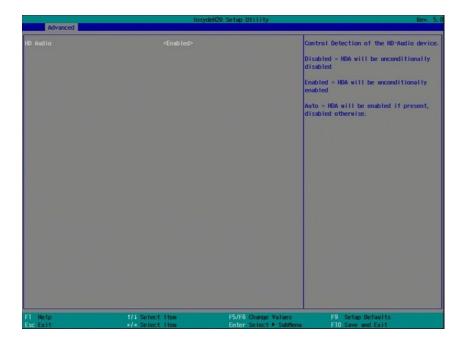


## **Boot display**

Set the display device combination during system booting. Note that this option only appears when the boot type selected is dual or legacy boot type.

### **Audio Configuration**

This section configures the audio settings.



### **HD Audio**

Control the detection of high-definition audio devices.

### **Disabled**

The high-definition audio will be unconditionally disabled.

#### Enabled

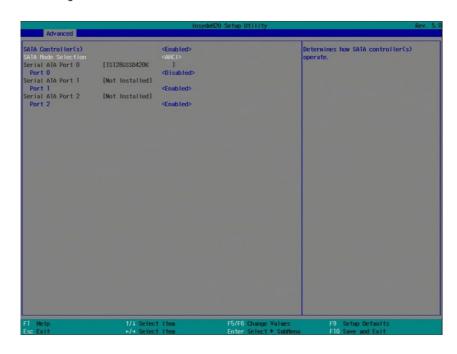
The high-definition audio will be unconditionally enabled.

### Auto

The high-definition audio will be enabled if present and disabled otherwise.

### **SATA Configuration**

This section configures the SATA controllers.



### SATA Controller(s)

Enable or disable Serial ATA devices.

### **SATA Mode Selection**

The mode selection configures the SATA controller(s).

### **AHCI Mode**

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

#### RAID Mode

This option allows you to create RAID using Intel® Rapid Storage Technology (Intel® RST) on Serial ATA devices.

### Serial ATA Port 0, 1 and 2

Enable or disable each serial ATA port:

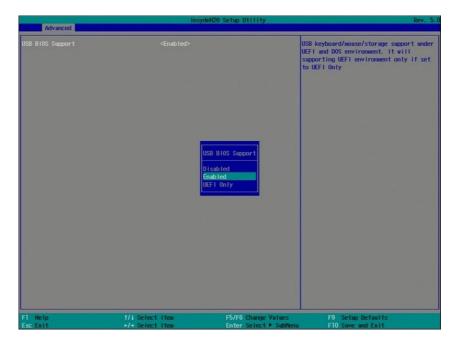
SATA Port 0 controls SATA3\_0

SATA Port 1 controls SATA3\_1

SATA Port 2 controls the half-size Mini PCIe slot

### **USB Configuration**

This section configures the parameters of the USB devices.



### **USB BIOS Support**

### Disabled

Disable the USB keyboard/mouse/storage support.

### **Enabled**

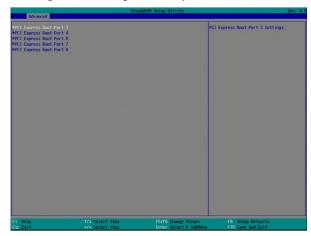
Enable the USB keyboard/mouse/storage support.

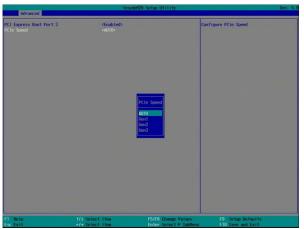
### **UEFI Only**

Enable the USB keyboard/mouse/storage support only under UEFI environment.

### **PCI Express Configuration**

This section configures the settings of PCI Express Root Ports.





### **PCI Express Root Port**

Enable or disable each PCI Express Root Port:

PCIe Root Port 3 controls PCIE1 (x16) connector

PCIe Root Port 4 controls LAN 1

PCIe Root Port 6 controls LAN 2

PCIe Root Port 7 controls the full-size Mini PCIe slot

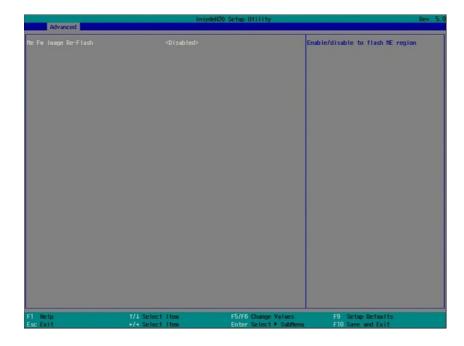
PCIe Root Port 8 controls PCIE2 (x4) connector

### **PCIe Speed**

Select the speed of the PCI Express Root Port: Auto, Gen1, Gen2 or Gen3.

### **ME Configuration**

This section configures flashing of Intel® Active Management Engine region.

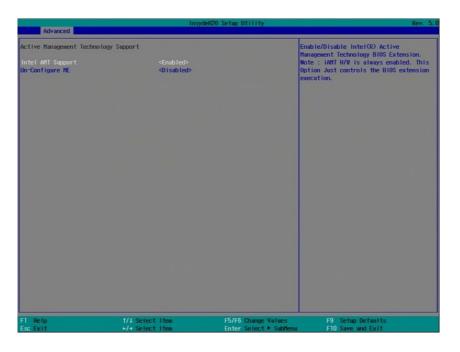


### Me Fw Image Re-Flash

Enable or disable flashing of the Intel® ME region.

### **Active Management Technology Support**

The section allows users to enable or disable the Intel® Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) BIOS extension. Please refer to Chapter 10 - Intel AMT Settings for more information.



### **Intel AMT Support**

Enable or disable Intel® Active Management Technology BIOS extension.

# **Un-Configure ME**

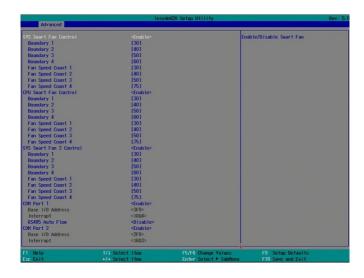
Clears all ME related configurations without requiring a password on the next boot.

### Super IO

This section configures the system's super I/O chip parameters.

### **Smart Fan Function**

This section configures the Smart Fan Function.



### SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan/SYS Smart Fan2 Control

Enable or disable the smart fan.

### **Boundary 1 to Boundary 4**

Set the boundary temperatures that determine the operation of the fan with different fan speeds accordingly. For example, when the system or the CPU temperature reaches boundary temperature 1, the system or CPU fan should be turned on and operate at the designated speed.

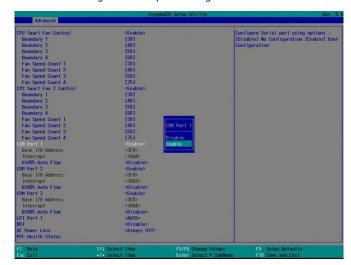
The range of the temperature is from 0 to 127°C.

### Fan Speed Count 1 to Fan Speed Count 4

Set the fan speed. The range is from 0 (fan stop)-100% (full speed).

### **COM Port Configuration**

This section configures serial port settings.



### COM Port 1 to COM Port 3

Configure the settings of each serial port.

**Disable** Disable the serial port.**Enable** Enable the serial port.

**RS485 Auto Flow** 

**Disable** Disable the RS485 auto flow mechanism.

**Enable** Enable the RS485 auto flow mechanism.

### LPT Port 1

Enable, disable or automatically detect the parallel port on the board.



### **WDT**

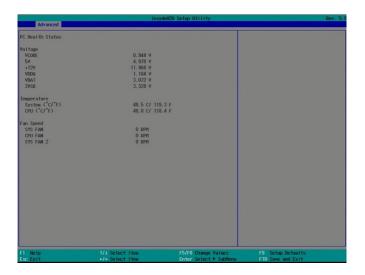
Enable or disable the watchdog function.

### **AC Power Loss**

Set the AC power loss to Always off or Always on. When it is set to Always off, the system's status will be power-off after an AC power loss event. When it is set to Always on, the system's status will be power-on after an AC power loss event.

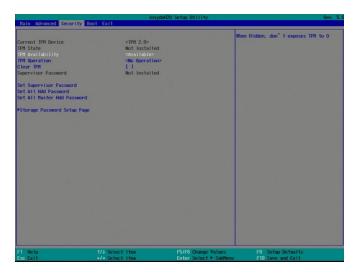
### **PC Health Status**

This screen displays PC health information.



# **Security**

This section configures the trusted platform module (TPM) and storage security.



### **TPM Availability**

Show or hide the TPM availability and its configurations.

### **TPM Operation**

Enable or disable the TPM function. It displays the following options:

- No Operation: No changes to current state.
- Disable: Disable and deactivate TPM.
- Enable: Enable and activate TPM.

### **Clear TPM**

Remove all TPM ownership contents.

### **Set Supervisor Password**

Set the administrative password. The length of the password must be greater than one character and less than or equal to 10 characters. Depending on the state of power-on password selected, the supervisor password may be required during POST or when entering the BIOS setup utility.

### **Power on Password**

Select "enabled" to require users to input the supervisor password when the system is entering the POST (power-on self-test).

### **Set All HDD Password**

Set password for all HDDs. The length of the password must be greater than one character and less than or equal to 32 characters.

#### Set All Master HDD Password

Set the master password for all HDDs. The length of the password must be greater than one character and less than or equal to 32 characters.

To set password for each storage device, use the "Storage Password Setup Page" option.

### **Storage Password Setup Page**

Enhance the HDD security for each HDD device by using a password.



### **Set Storage Password**

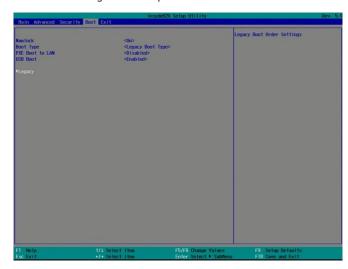
Set all HDD password. The length of the password must be greater than one character and less than or equal to 32 characters.

### **Set Master HDD Password**

Set the master password for all HDDs. The length of the password must be greater than one character and less than or equal to 32 characters. When the security mode is set to Lock, input the master HDD password to unlock the HDD. Clear the HDD password by pressing "Enter" to set HDD security to be disabled and set a new master HDD password.

# **Boot**

This section configures boot options.



#### Numlock

Select the power-on state for the numlock key.

### **Boot Type**

Select the boot type. The options include Dual Boot Type, Legacy Boot Type, and UEFI Boot Type.

### **Network stack**

Enable or disable UEFI network stack. This option is only available if the boot type is set to be UEFI or Dual. It supports the operation of these functions or software: Windows 8 BitLocker Network Unlock, UEFI IPv4/IPv6 PXE and legacy PXE Option ROM.

### PXE Boot to LAN or PXE Boot Capability

Enable or disable PXE (Preboot eXecution Environment).

### **USB Boot**

Enable or disable boot to USB boot devices.



### Note:

If the boot type is set to UEFI, the method for RAID volume creation will be different. Please refer to Chapter 9 - RAID for more information.

### Legacy

This section configures legacy boot order.



### **Normal/Advanced Boot Menu**

#### Normal

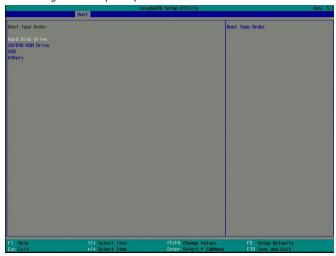
Select the boot menu type: normal or advanced.

For the advanced menu type: Use + and - keys to arrange the priority of the detected boot devices.

For normal menu type: Select the "Boot Type Order", "Hard Disk Drive" or USB category to view and arrange the order of the listed devices.

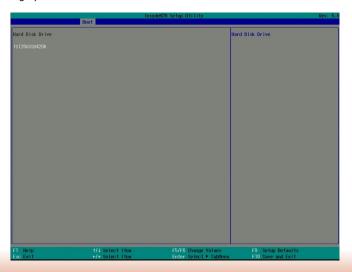
### **Boot Type Order**

Use + and - keys to arrange the sequence of storage devices that the system's hardware will check in the operating system's boot files. The first device in the order list has the highest boot priority.



### **Hard Disk Drive**

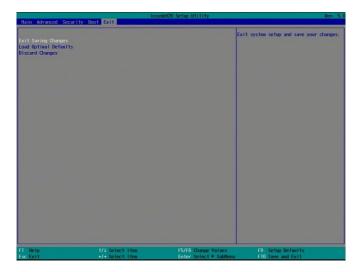
All installed hard disk drives will be displayed in this field. Use + and - keys to arrange the sequence of hard disk drives that the system's hardware will check in the operating system's boot files.



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# **Exit**

This section configures the parameters for exiting the BIOS menu.



# **Exit Saving Changes**

Select this field and then press <Enter> to exit the BIOS setup and save your changes.

# **Load Optimal Defaults**

Select this field and then press <Enter> to load optimal defaults.

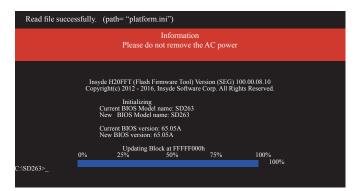
### **Discard Changes**

Select this field and then press <Enter> to exit the BIOS setup without saving your changes.

# **Updating the BIOS**

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files and specific instructions on how to update BIOS with the flash utility.

When you download the given BIOS file, you may find a BIOS flash utility attached with the BIOS file. This is the utility for performing BIOS updating procedure. For your convenience, we will also provide you with an auto-execution file in the downloaded BIOS file. This auto-execution file will bring you directly to the flash utility menu soon after system boots up and finishes running the boot files in your boot disk.



# **Notice: BIOS SPI ROM**

- 1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into the system board. Due to safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
- 2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
- 3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.

# 事

#### Note:

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

# **Chapter 8 - Supported Software**

The DVD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the DVD into a DVD-ROM drive. The auto-run screen will appear. If the "Autorun" does not automatically start, please go directly to the root directory of the DVD and double-click "Setup".

# For Windows 10





# For Windows 8.1





### For Windows 7





# **Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility**

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click "Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next" to continue.



2. Read the license agreement and then click "Yes".



Go through the readme document for more installation tips and then click "Next".



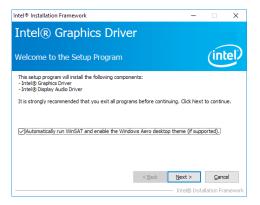
4. Click "Finish" to exit setup.



# **Intel Graphics Drivers**

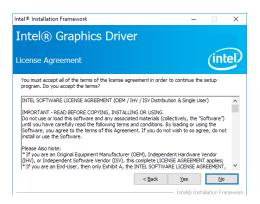
To install the driver, click "Intel Graphics Drivers" on the main menu.

 Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click "Next" to continue.

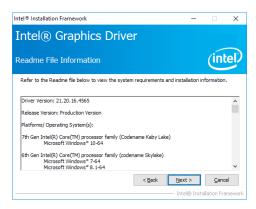


By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. With this enabled, after the graphics driver is installed and the system is rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows 7/Windows 8.1/Windows 10 desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

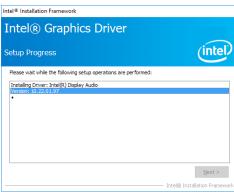
2. Read the license agreement and then click "Yes".



 Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips and then click "Next".



4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



 Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" and then click "Finish".
 Restarting the system will allow the new software

installation to take effect.



# **Audio Drivers**

To install the driver, click "Audio Drivers" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



2. Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" and then click "Finish".

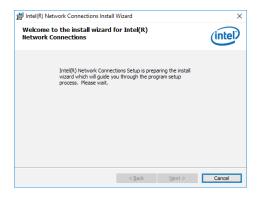
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



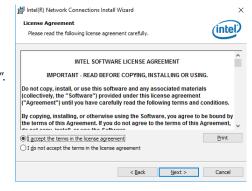
# **Intel LAN Drivers**

To install the driver, click "Intel LAN Drivers" on the main menu.

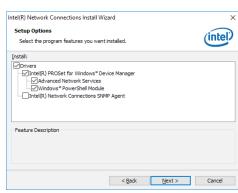
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



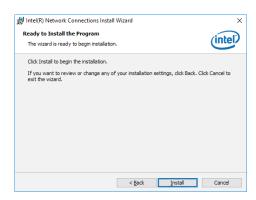
Read and License Agreement and click "I accept
the terms in the license
agreement" if you agree
the terms in the agreement, and then click "Next".



 Select the program features you want to install and then click "Next".



4. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



5. After the installation is complete, click "Finish" to exit setup.



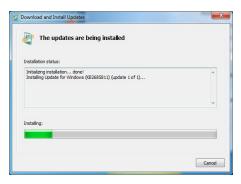
# **Kernel Mode Driver (For Windows 7 only)**

To install the driver, click "Kernel Mode Driver Framework" on the main menu.

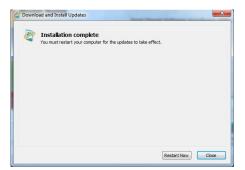
1. Click "Yes" to install the update.



2. The update is being installed now.



3. Click "Restart Now" to restart your computer when the installation is complete.



# **Intel Management Engine Drivers**

To install the driver, click "Intel Management Engine Drivers" on the main menu.

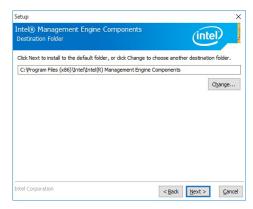
 Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



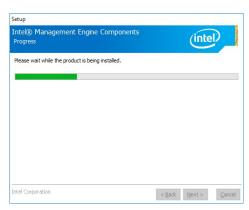
 Read and License Agreement and click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" if you agree with the terms in the agreement, and then click "Next".



 Setup is currently installing the driver. After the installation is complete, click "Next".



4. Please wait while the product is being installed.



5. After the installation is complete, click "Finish" to exit setup.



# **HW Utility**

HW Utility provides information about the board and enables you to configure Watchdog and DIO functions. To access the utility, click "HW Utility" on the main menu.



### Note:

If you are using Windows 7 or later versions, you need to access the operating system as an administrator to be able to install the utility.

1. Setup is ready to install the driver.



2. Click "Next" to continue.



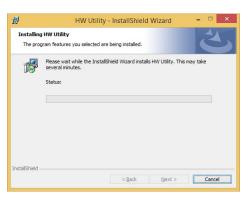
 Read the license agreement and then click "I accept the terms in the agreement" if you accept the terms in the agreement. Click "Next" to continue.



4. The wizard is ready to start the installation. Click "Install".



5. Please wait while the program features are being installed.



After the installation is complete, click "Finish" to exit setup.



The HW Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.

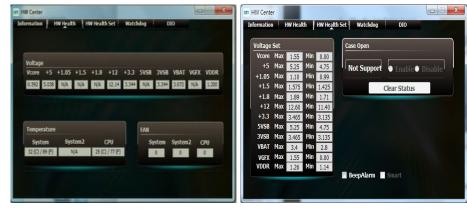




#### Note:

The screenshot displayed above is for illustrative purpose only, and may not resemble the actual screen.

The EC510/511-SD Utility features the following tabs: Information, HW Health, HW Healthset, Watchdog, and DIO. Click on the tabs to access each function.



HW Health HW Health Set





Watchdog DIO

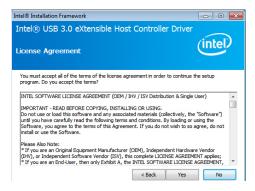
# **USB 3.0 Driver (For Windows 7 and Windows 8.1)**

To install the driver, click "USB 3.0 Driver" and "USB 3.0 Host Drivers (Ext. I/O board) " on the main menu.

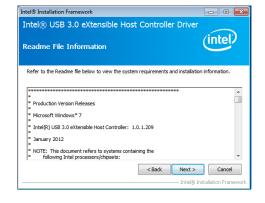
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



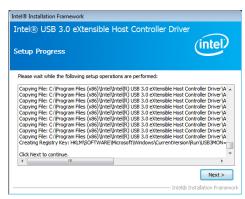
Read the license agreement and then click "Yes" if you agree with the terms in the agreement.



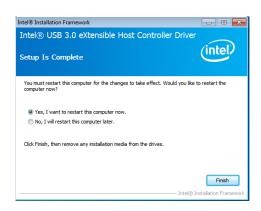
Go through the readme document for more installation tips and then click "Next".



 Setup is currently installing the driver. After the installation is complete, click "Next".



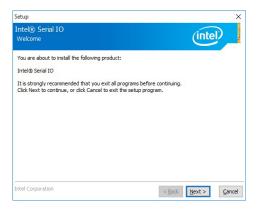
5. After the installation is complete, click "Finish".



# IO Driver (For Windows 7-64 bit, 8.1 and 10)

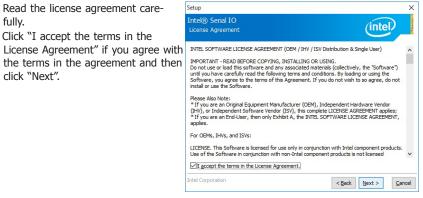
To install the driver, click "IO Driver" on the main menu

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.

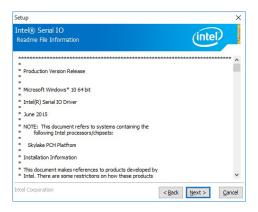


2. Read the license agreement carefully.

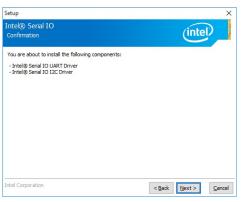
Click "I accept the terms in the the terms in the agreement and then click "Next".



3. Read the file information and then click "Next".



4. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to begin the installation.



5. Setup is now installing the driver.



6. Click "Finish" to exit setup.



# **Microsoft Framework 4.5.2 (For Windows 7)**

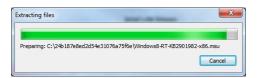


### Note:

Before installing Microsoft Framework 4.5.2, make sure you have updated your Windows 7 operating system to Service Pack 3.

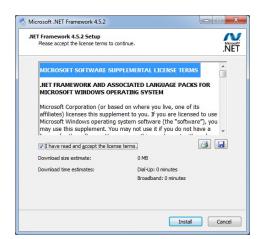
To install the driver, click "Microsoft Framework 4.5.2" on the main menu.

1. Setup is now extracting files.

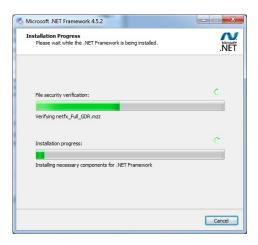


2. Read the license agreement carefully.

Click "I have read and accept the terms of the License Agree ment" if you agree with the terms in the agreement and then click "Next".



3. Setup is now installing the driver.



4. Click "Finish" to exit setup.

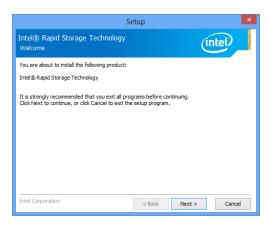


# **Intel Rapid Storage Technology**

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It also enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, click "Intel Rapid Storage Driver" on the main menu.

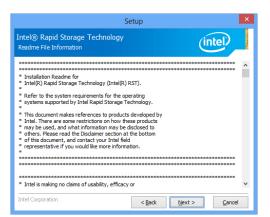
 The setup program is preparing to install the driver. Please exit all programs before continuing with the installation.



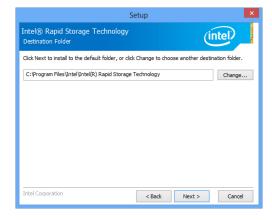
Read the license agreement carefully, accept the terms of the License Agreement, then click "Next" to continue.



Read the readme information and then click "Next."



 Setup is currently installing the driver. Click "Next" to install to the default folder or select to change the installation folder. The setup will then inform you that the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology will be installed on your system.



 Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now", then click "Finish."
 Restarting the system wil allow the new software

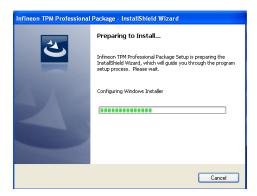
installation to take effect.



# **Infineon TPM Driver and Tool (optional)**

To install the driver, click "Infineon TPM driver and tool (option)" on the main menu.

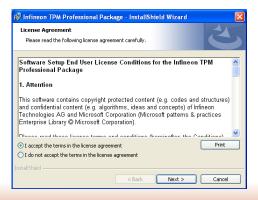
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click "Next" to continue.



 Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" if agree with the terms in the agreement and then click "Next".



4. Enter the necessary information and then click "Next".



5. Select the setup type and then click "Next".





7. TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click "Install".



8. The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click "Finish" to exit setup.



10. Click "Yes" to restart your system.



# **Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3**

To install the reader, click "Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3" on the main menu.

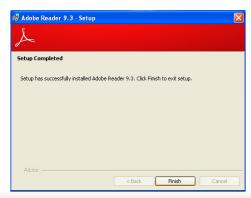
 Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click "Install" to begin installation.



3. Click "Finish" to exit setup.



# **Chapter 9 - RAID**

The system board allows configuring RAID on Serial ATA drives. It supports RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 5.

# **RAID Levels**

# **RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)**

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

# **RAID 1 (Mirrored Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)**

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

# **RAID 5 (Striped Disk Array with Distributed Parity)**

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and higher disk utilization than RAID 1.

RAID Level	Min. Drives	Protection	Description
RAID 0	2	None	Data striping without redundancy
RAID 1	2	Single Drive Failure	Disk mirroring
RAID 5	3	Single Drive Failure	Block-level data striping with distributed parity

# **Settings**

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

- Connect the Serial ATA drives.
- 2. Enable Serial ATA in the Insyde BIOS.
- 3. Create a RAID volume.
- 3-1. Create a RAID volume if the boot type is UEFI.
- 4. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility.

# **Step 1: Connect the Serial ATA Drives**

Refer to Chapter 3 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



### Important:

- 1. Make sure you have installed the Serial ATA drives and connected the data cables otherwise you won't be able to enter the RAID BIOS utility.
- 2. Treat the cables with extreme caution especially while creating RAID. A damaged cable will ruin the entire installation process and operating system. The system will not boot and you will lost all data in the hard drives. Please give special attention to this warning because there is no way of recovering back the data.

# **Step 2: Enable RAID in the Insyde BIOS**

- 1. Power-on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to "Advanced" menu, and select the "SATA Configuration" menu.
- 3. Change the "SATA Mode Selection" to "RAID" mode.
- 4. Save the changes in the "Save & Exit" menu.
- 5. Reboot the system.

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### Step 3: Create a RAID Volume

- 1. When the Intel® RST option ROM status screen displays during POST, press <Ctrl> and <I> simultaneously to enter the option ROM user interface.
- 2. Select 1: Create RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- 3. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the RAID level and press <Enter>.
- 4. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the strip size and press <Enter>.
- 5. Press <Enter> to select the physical disks.
- Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of hard drives and press <Space> to select the drive.
- 7. Press <Enter>.
- 8. Select the volume size and press <Enter>. You must select less than one hundred percent of the available volume space to leave space for the second volume.
- 9. Press <Enter> to create the volume.
- 10. At the prompt, press <Y> to confirm volume creation.
- 11. Select 4: Exit and press <Enter>.
- 12. Press <Y> to confirm exit.



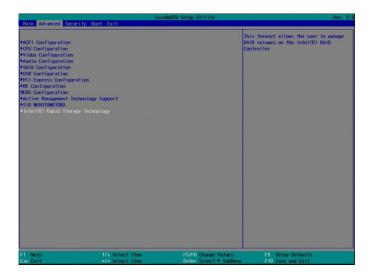
#### Note:

These steps are cited from the Intel® Support site, "Set Up a System with Intel® Matrix RAID Technology" (Article ID: 000005789). http://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/support/boards-and-kits/000005789.html

### Step 3-1: Create a RAID Volume if the Boot Type is UEFI

If the boot type is set to UEFI, RAID volume creation will be different. Please use the following steps to create RAID volumes. To set the boot type, enter the Insyde BIOS and go to "Boot" > "Boot type".

- 1. Go to the "Advanced" menu of the Insyde BIOS.
- 2. The "Intel® Rapid Storage Technology" menu appears. Enter this menu.



- The screen displays all available drives. Select "Create RAID volume" to create a RAID volume".
- 4. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the RAID level and press <Enter>.
- Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of hard drives and press <Space> to select the drive.
- 6. Press <Enter>.
- 7. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the strip size and press <Enter>.
- 8. Enter the volume size and press <Enter>.
- 9. At the prompt, press <Y> to confirm volume creation.

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# Step 4: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/ or SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

- 1. Insert the provided DVD into an optical drive.
- 2. Click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility" on the main menu.
- 3. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



 Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement." Then, click Next.



 Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information then click Next.



 Click Next to install to the default folder or click change to choose another destination folder.



7. Confirm the installation and click Next.



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8. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and then click Finish.



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# **Chapter 10 - Intel AMT Settings**

# **Overview**

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solutions to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems.

The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and the latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions:

### Discover

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

### Repair

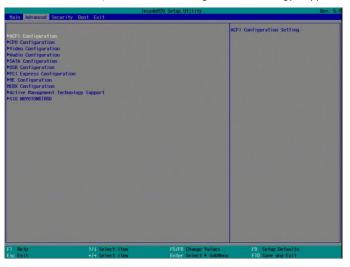
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

### Protect

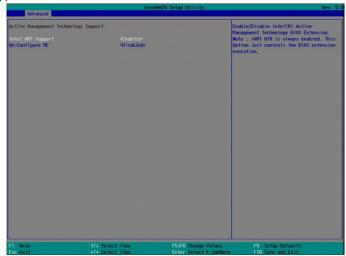
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

# **Enable Intel® AMT in the BIOS**

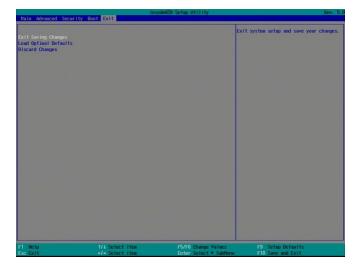
- 1. Power on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. In the "Advanced" menu, select "Active Management Technology Support".



In the "Active Management Technology Support" menu, select "Enabled" for "Intel AMT Support".

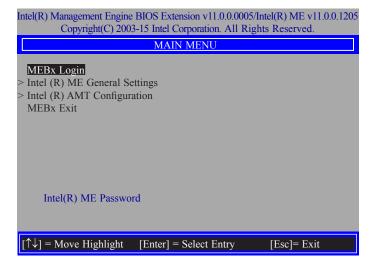


4. In the "Exit" menu, select "Exit Saving Changes" and then select "Yes".

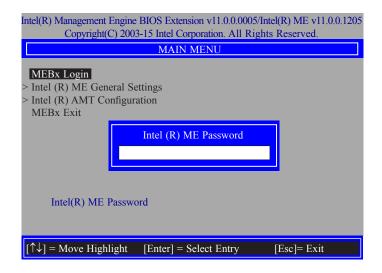


# Set up Intel® AMT using the Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX)

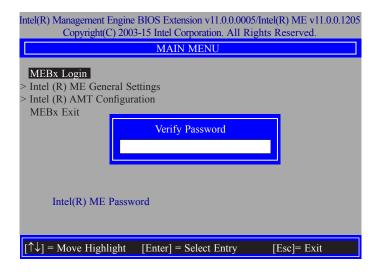
- 1. After the system reboots, press <Del> to enter the BIOS menu again.
- 2. In the "Advanced" menu, select "MEBX Configuration" to enter the Manageability Engine BIOS Extension (MEBx) Setup.
- 3. When the system reboots, you will be prompted for a password. The default password is "admin". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME Password, then press "Enter".



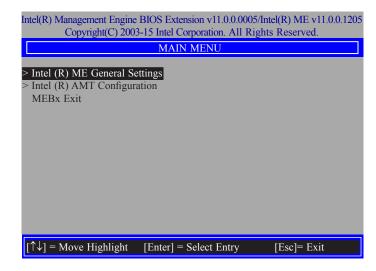
- 4. Enter a password in the space provided under "Intel(R) ME Password" and then press "Enter". The password must include:
  - 8-32 characters
  - Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding:, and " characters
  - At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
  - At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
  - Both lower case and upper case characters



5. You will be asked to verify the password. Enter the same new password in the space provided under "Verify Password" and then press "Enter".



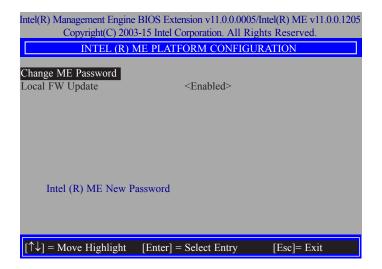
6. Select "Intel(R) ME General Settings" and then press "Enter".



7. Select "Change Intel(R) ME Password" and then press "Enter".

You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "admin". Enter the default password in the space provided under "Intel(R) ME New Password" and then press "Enter".

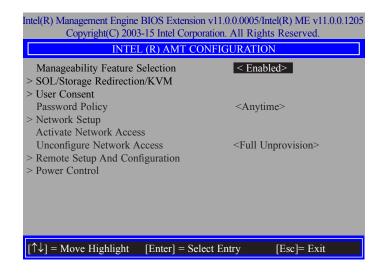
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding:, and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



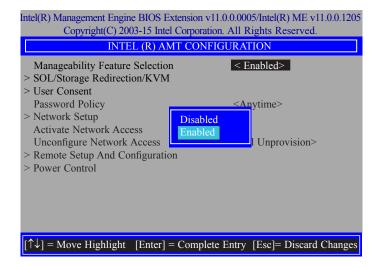
8. Select "Local FW Update" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" or "Password Protected" and then press "Enter".



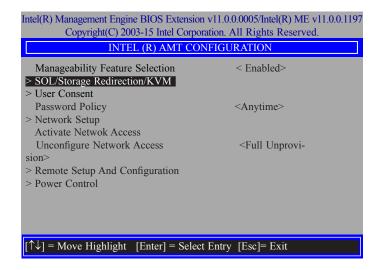
Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Main Menu". Select "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" and then press "Enter".



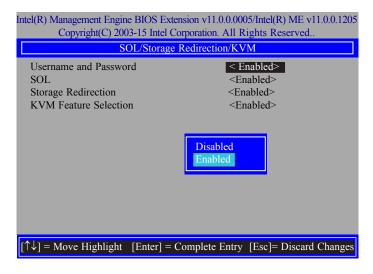
10. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Manageability Feature Selection" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



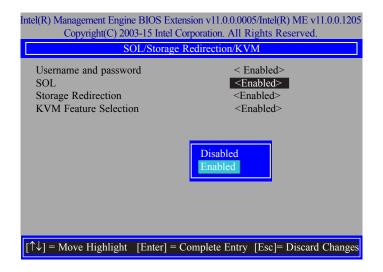
11. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" and then press "Enter".



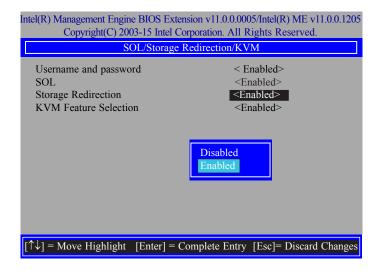
12. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "Username and Password" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



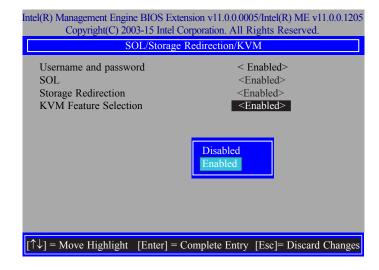
13. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "SOL" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



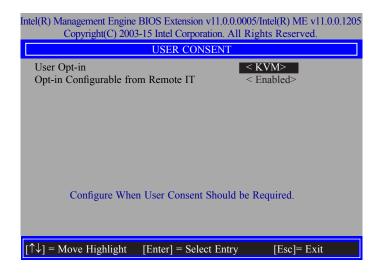
14. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "Storage Redirection" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



15. In the "SOL/IDER/KVM" menu, select "KVM Feature Selection" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



16. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu. Select "User Consent" and then press "Enter".



In the "User Consent" menu, select "User Opt-in" and then press "Enter". Select "None" or "KVM" or "ALL" and then press "Enter".

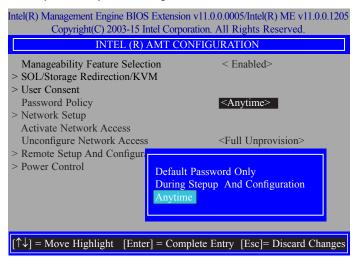


18. In the "User Consent" menu, select "Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disable Remote Control of KVM Opt-in Policy" and then press "Enter".

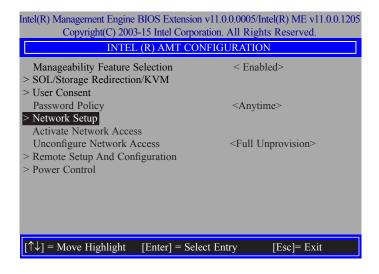


19. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu. Select "Password Policy" and then press "Enter".

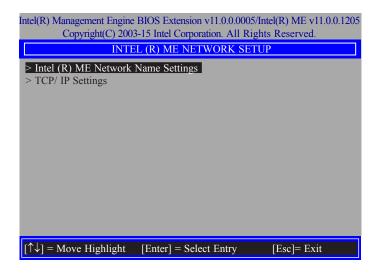
You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.



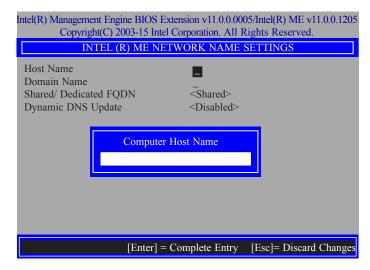
20. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Network Setup" and then press "Enter".



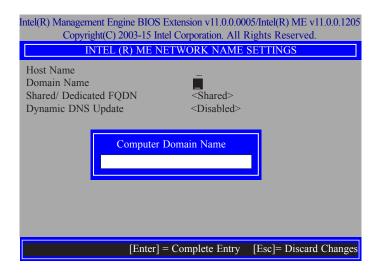
21. In the "Intel(R) ME Network Setup" menu, select "Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings" and then press "Enter".



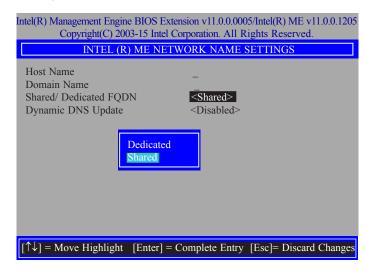
22. In the "Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings" menu, select "Host Name" and then press "Enter". Enter the computer's host name and then press "Enter".



23. Select "Domain Name" and then press "Enter". Enter the computer's domain name and then press "Enter".



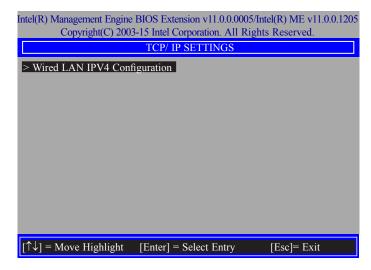
24. Select "Shared/Dedicated FQDN" and then press "Enter". Select "Shared" or "Dedicated" and then press "Enter".



25. Select "Dynamic DNS Update" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



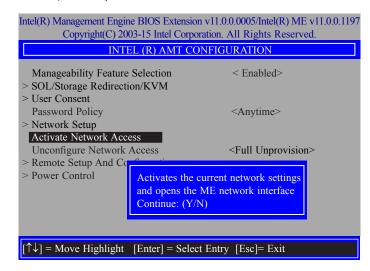
26. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Intel(R) ME Network Setup" menu. Select "TCP/IP Settings" and then press "Enter".



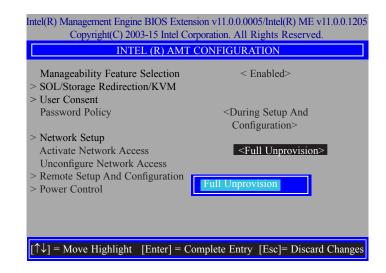
27. In the "TCP/IP Settings" menu, select "Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration" and then press "Enter".



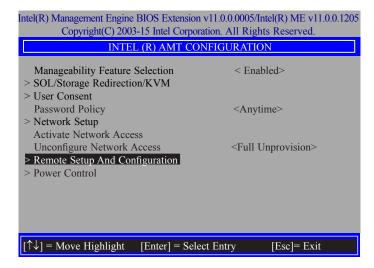
28. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Activate Network Access" and then select "Yes/No" and press "Enter".



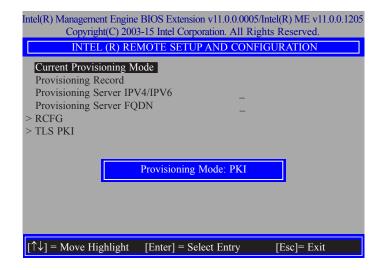
29. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Unconfigure Network Access" and then press "Enter".



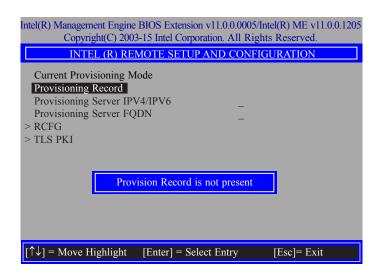
30. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Remote Setup And Configuration" and then press "Enter".



31. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Current Provisioning Mode" and then press "Enter".



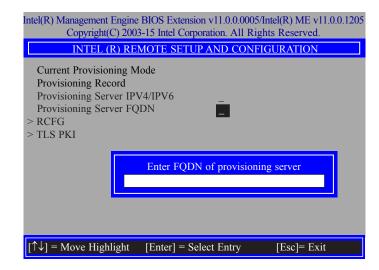
32. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Provisioning Record" and then press "Enter".



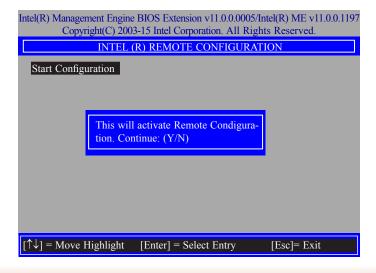
33. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Provisioning server IPV4/ IPV6", enter "Provisioning server address" and then press "Enter".



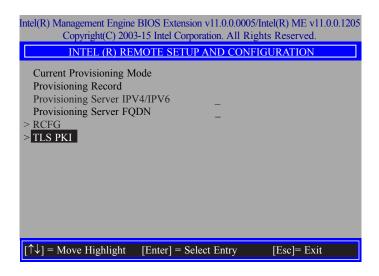
34. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Provisioning server FQDN", enter the FQDN of Provisioning server, and then press "Enter".



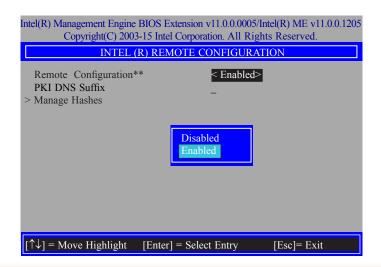
35. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "RCFG" and press "Enter", and then select "Start Configuration Y/N" and press "enter".



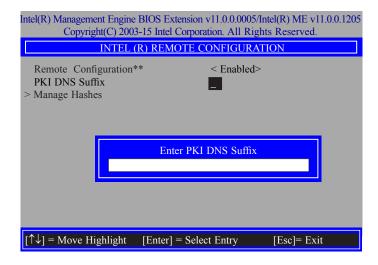
36. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "TLS PKI" and then press "Enter".



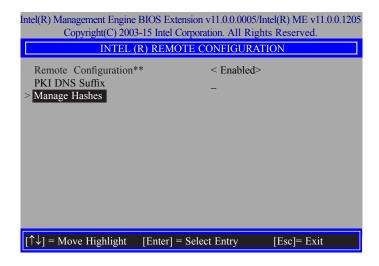
37. In the "Intel(R) Remote Configuration" menu, select "Remote Configuration\*\*" and press "Enter", and then select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and press "Enter".



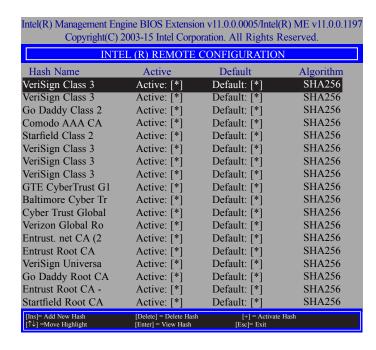
38. Select "PKI DNS Suffix", enter the "PKI DNS Suffix", and then press "Enter".



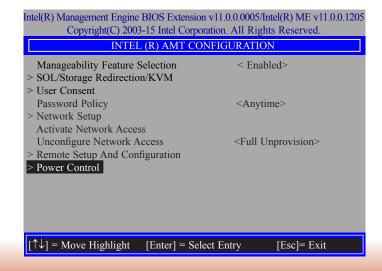
39. Select "Manage Hashes" and press "Enter", and then select one of the hash names.



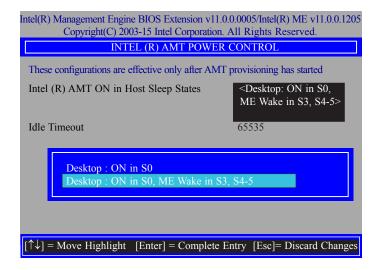
40. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select Power Control, and then press "Enter".



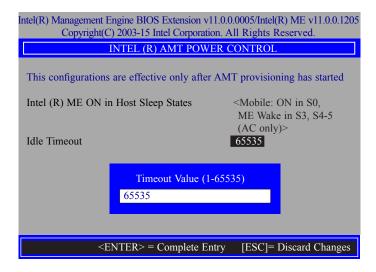
41. In the "Intel(R) AMT Power Control" menu, select "Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States" and then press "Enter". Select an option and then press "Enter".



42. In the "Intel(R) AMT Power Control" menu, select "Idle Timeout" and then press "Enter". Enter the timeout value (1-65535).



43. In the "Intel(R) AMT Power Control" menu, select "Idle Timeout" and then press "Enter". Enter the timeout value (1-65535).



44. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Main Menu". Select "Exit" and then press "Enter". Type "Y" and then press "Enter".

