



CS551

Embedded SBC 3.5" Industrial Motherboard
User's Manual

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Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

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Trademarks

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FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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About this Manual

This manual can be downloaded from the website. The manual is subject to change and update without notice, and may be based on editions that do not resemble your actual products. Please visit our website or contact our sales representatives for the latest editions.

Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

- To avoid damage to the system, use the correct AC input voltage range.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- 1 CS551 board
- 1 COM port cable (Length: 250mm, 1 x COM port) 332-753040-000G
- 1 Serial ATA data cable (Length: 500mm) 332-553001-005G
- 1 Serial ATA power cable (Length: 250mm) A81-004041-016G
- 1 Heat sink (Height: 43.2mm) A71-001302-030G

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Optional Items

Item Name	Part Number	Description
USB port cable	A81-001032-016G	Length: 200mm
Power adapter	671-110006-100G 671-106012-000G	100W, 12V, TDP 35W 60W, 12V, DC Jack, TDP 15W
4 pin to DC jack cable	A81-004051-016G	Length: 100mm
Audio cable	A81-022007-016G	Length: 160mm
Cooler fan	A71-101303-010G	Height: 34.6mm
Heater	612-KP4040-000G	

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

When installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- CPU
- Memory module
- Storage device such as hard disk drive .
- Power adaptor

External system peripherals may also be required for navigation and display, including at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

► Specifications

SYSTEM	Processor	8th Gen Intel® Core™ Processors, LGA 1151 Socket Intel® Core i7-8700T Processor (6C/12T; Max speed 4.0 GHz; TDP 35W) Intel® Core i5-8500T Processor (6C/6T; Max speed 3.5GHz; TDP 35W) Intel® Core i3-8100T Processor (4C/4T; Max speed 3.1GHz; TDP 35W) Intel® Pentium G5400T Processor (2C/4T; Max speed 3.1GHz; TDP 35W) Intel® Pentium G4900T Processor (2C/2T; Max speed 2.9GHz; TDP 35W) 9th Gen Intel® Core™ Processors, LGA 1151 Socket Intel® Core i7-9700TE Processor (8C/8T; Max speed 3.6GHz; TDP 35W) Intel® Core i5-9500TE Processor (6C/6T; Max speed 3.6GHz; TDP 35W) Intel® Core i3-9100TE Processor (4C/4T; Max speed 3.2GHz; TDP 35W) Note: Parts of the CPUs with the limit of 82/88C operating temperature will have cpu-throttling while operate over 65C, it's strongly advised to choose i7/i5 CPU which limited at 100C due to the original design of CS551. Above conditions won't be applied with re-designed thermal module.
	Memory	One 260-pin SODIMM up to 32GB Single Channel DDR4 2666MHz ECC only for C246 with Intel® Core i3-8100T/9100TE/Pentium G5400T/ Pentium G4900T
	BIOS	AMI SPI 128Mbit
GRAPHICS	Controller	Intel® UHD 630 Graphics GT Series
	Feature	OpenGL 4.6, DirectX 12, OpenCL 2.1 HW Decode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2 (H.262), VC1, JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H.265, VP8, VP9, VP10 HW Encode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2 (H.262), JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H.265, VP8, VP9
	Display	1 x LVDS, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz 2 x DP++, resolution up to 4096x2304 @ 60Hz
	Triple Displays	LVDS + DP++ + DP++
EXPANSION	Interface	1 x Full-size Mini PCIe (PCIe/USB 2.0, optional USB 3.1 Gen1/USB 2.0) 1 x M.2 2280 M key (C246/Q370: NVMe PCIe x4/SATA 3.0 or H310: NVMe PCIe x2, SATA 3.0) 1 x Nano SIM slot (optional for 3G/4G module)
AUDIO	Audio Codec	Realtek ALC262
ETHERNET	Controller	Intel® I211AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) or Intel® I210IT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps)
REAR I/O	Ethernet	2 x GbE (RJ-45)
	USB	4 x USB 3.1 Gen2 (C246/Q370) or Gen1 (H310)
	Display	2 x DP++

INTERNAL I/O	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (2.0mm pitch)
	USB	2 x USB 2.0 (2.0mm pitch)
	Display	1 x LVDS LCD Panel Connector 1 x LVDS Backlight
	Audio	1 x Audio (Line-out/Mic-in)
	SATA	1 x SATA 3.0 (up to 6Gb/s) 1 x SATA Power
	DIO	1 x 8-bit DIO
	Heater	1 x heater 12V header, activated below -10°C
	SMBus	1 x SMBus
WATCHDOG TIMER	Output & Interval	System Reset, Programmable via Software from 1 to 255 Seconds
SECURITY	TPM	fTPM 2.0
POWER	Type	12VDC
	Consumption	Typical: i7-8700T: 12V @ 0.86A (10.32Watt) Max: i7-8700T: 12V @ 5.38A (64.56Watt)
	Connector	Vertical Type Connector (4-pin) (default) Coaxial Jack (available upon request)
	RTC Battery	CR2032 Coin Cell
OS SUPPORT	Microsoft	Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 64-bit RS5
	Linux	Linux
ENVIRONMENT	MTBF	(Model: CS551-H310-BCA) 740,203 hrs @ 25°C; 462,070 hrs @ 45°C; 305,215 hrs @ 60°C; 227,949 hrs @ 70°C (Model: CS551-H310-ECA) 742,388 hrs @ 25°C; 464,078 hrs @ 45°C; 306,773 hrs @ 60°C; 229,188 hrs @ 70°C Calculation Model: Telcordia Issue 4 Environment: GB, GC - Ground Benign, Controlled
	Temperature	Operating: -5 to 65°C for 35W/100C CPU (fanless) and 35W 100C, 82C CPU (fan) -30 to 80°C for 15W TDP down/100C CPU (fanless); 35W/100C CPU (fan) Note: For -30°C environments, a heater/polyfilm can be added to heat up. Storage: -40 to 85°C
	Humidity	Operating: 5 to 90% RH; Storage: 5 to 90% RH
	MECHANICAL	Dimensions
Height		PCB: 1.6mm, Top Side: 25.27mm, Bottom Side: 7.68 mm
CERTIFICATIONS		CE, FCC, RoHS



The specifications listed here may be based on editions that do not resemble actual products. Please visit the download page at go.dfi.com/CS551, or QR code to the right for the latest datasheet.



► Features

Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

DDR4

DDR4 delivers increased system bandwidth and improves performance. The advantages of DDR4 provide an extended battery life and improve the performance at a lower power than DDR3/DDR2.

Graphics

The integrated Intel® UHD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications.

Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s.

Gigabit LAN

The Intel® I219LM and Intel® I211AT Gigabit Ethernet Controllers support data transmission at 1Gbps.

Audio

The Realtek ALC887 audio codec provides 7.1 channel High Definition audio output.

Wake-On-LAN

This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCI LAN card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRQ or DMA interrupt.

Wake-On-USB

This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.

ACPI STR

The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting “Standby” when you shut down Windows® without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.

Power Failure Recovery

When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

USB

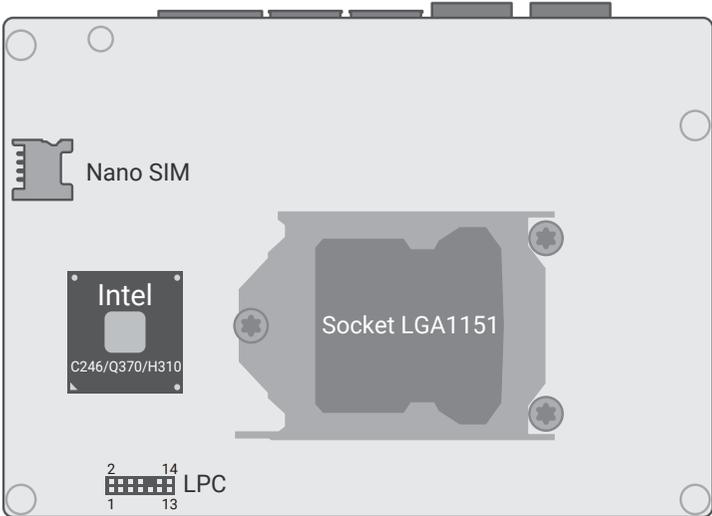
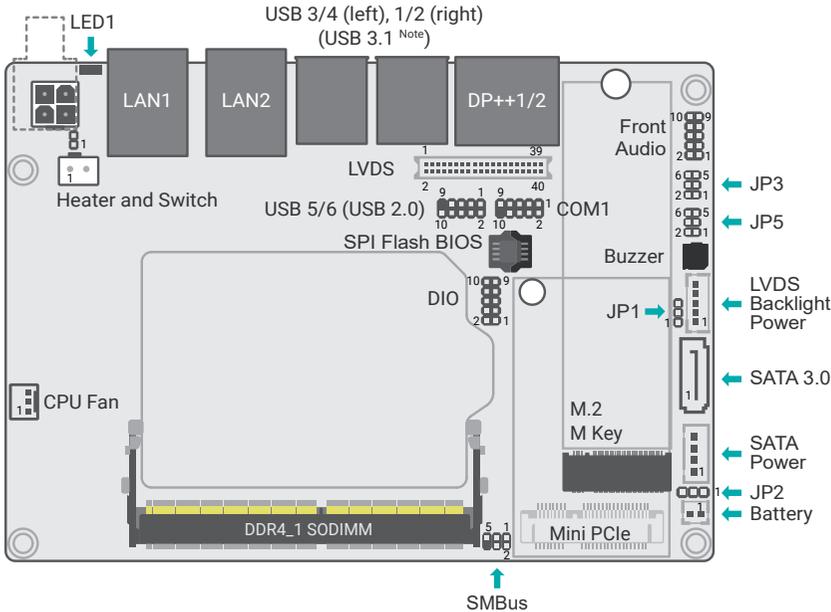
The system board supports the new USB 3.1 Gen 2. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 10 Gbit/s (1.2 GB/s) and is faster than USB 3.1 Gen 1 (5 Gbit/s, or 625 MB/s), USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.1 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

RTC Timer

The Real Time Clock (RTC) installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

▶ Board Layout



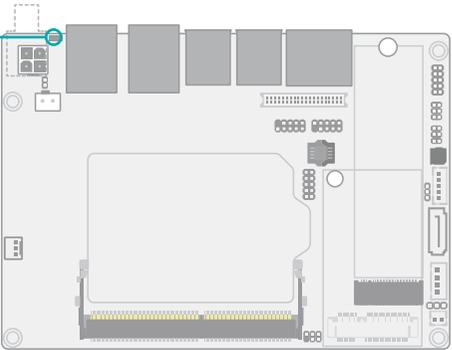
Note: Specifications of these components are model-specific. Please refer to the specifications for detail.



Important: Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

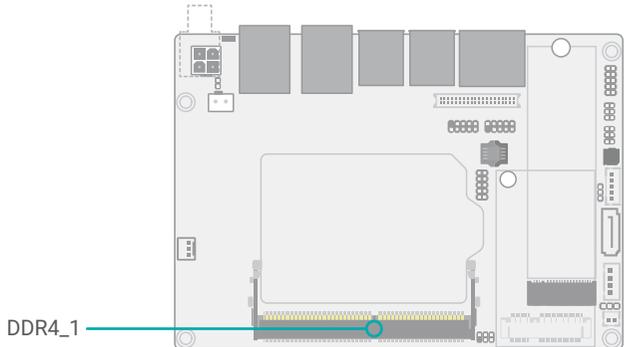
▶ Standby Power LED

Standby Power LED



Important: When the Standby Power LED lights up, it indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

► System Memory



The system board supports one single channel DDR4 SO-DIMM memory module.

Single Channel (SC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 64 bits from the memory channels.

Features

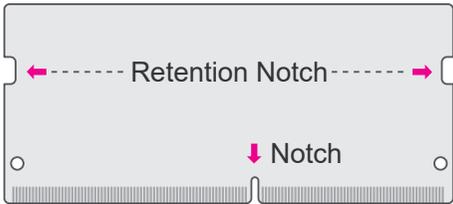
- 260-pin SO-DIMM up to 32GB
- Single Channel DDR4 2666MHz
- ECC/Non-ECC, ECC only for C246 with Intel® Core i3-8100T/9100TE/ Pentium G5400T/Pentium G4900T

► System Memory

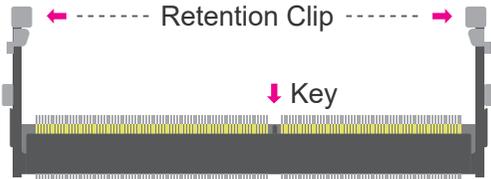
Installing the SO-DIMM Module

Before installing the memory module, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the SO-DIMM socket on the system board
4. Make sure the notch on memory card is aligned to the key on the socket.

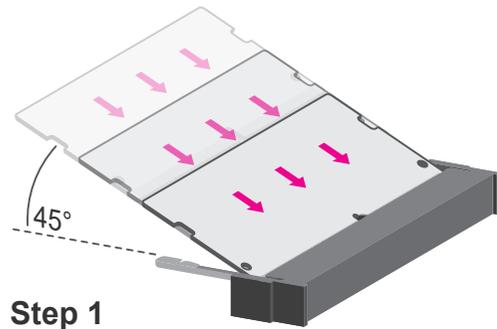


◀◀◀ DDR4 SO-DIMM

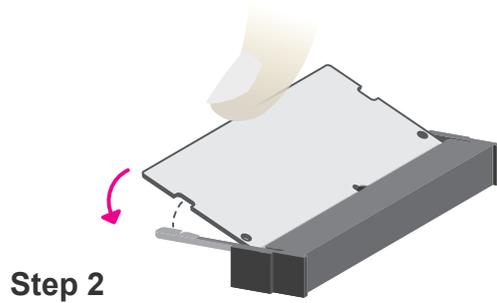


◀◀◀ Socket Top View

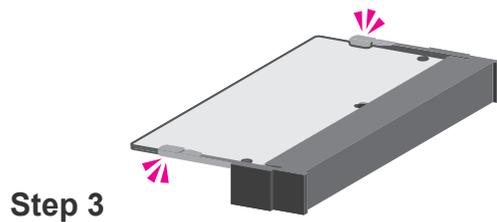
Please follow the steps below to install the memory card into the socket.



Step 1:
Insert the memory card into the slot while making sure 1) the notch and the key are aligned, and 2) the non-connector end rises approximately 45 degrees horizontally. Press the card firmly into the socket while applying and maintaining even pressure on both ends.



Step 2:
Press the end of the card far from the socket down while making sure the retention notch and the clip align as indicated by the dotted line in the illustration. If the retention notch and the clip do not align, please remove the card and re-insert it. Press the card all the way down.



Step 3:
The clips snap automatically and abruptly to the retention notches of the card sounding a distinctive click, and lock the card in place. Inspect that the clip sits in the notch. If not, please pull the clips outward, release and remove the card, and mount it again.

► CPU

The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 1151 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 1151 packaged Intel CPU.



Important:

1. Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA 1151 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap and/or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.
2. Make sure to keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA 1151 socket comes with the protective cap.



Protective cap

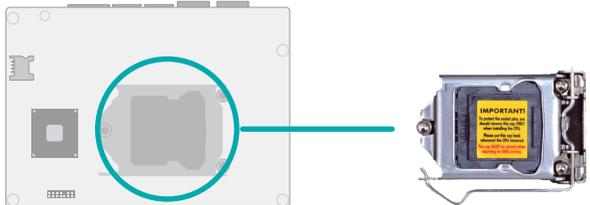


Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations and photos are for reference only.

Installing the CPU

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.



3. Locate the LGA 1151 CPU socket on the system board.



Important:

The CPU socket must not come in contact with anything other than the CPU. Avoid unnecessary exposure. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.

4. Unlock the socket by pressing the load lever down, moving it sideways until to escape the retention tab. Lift the load lever up when it's released.



Load lever

Retention tab

► CPU ► Installing the CPU

5. Lift the load lever and the load plate all the way up as shown in the photo.



6. Remove the protective cap from the CPU socket. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.



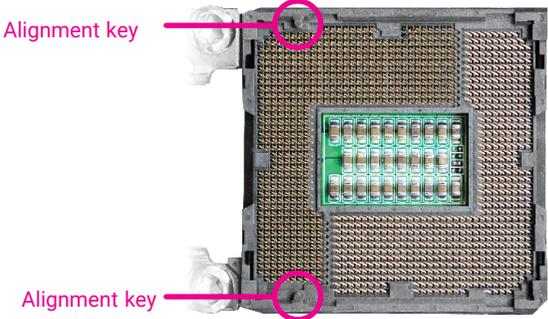
7-1. Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the chamfer corner of the CPU socket shown in the photo.



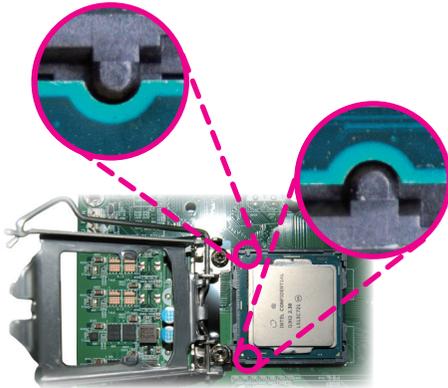
Important: The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be seated without exerting any force.

► CPU ► Installing the CPU

7-2. Two keys on the socket and notches on the CPU also facilitate alignment.



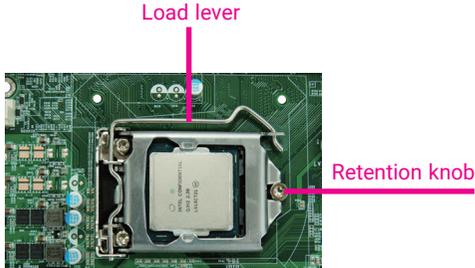
7-3. The CPU's notch will fit into the socket's alignment key when it's seated in the correct orientation.



8. Close the load plate then push the load lever down.

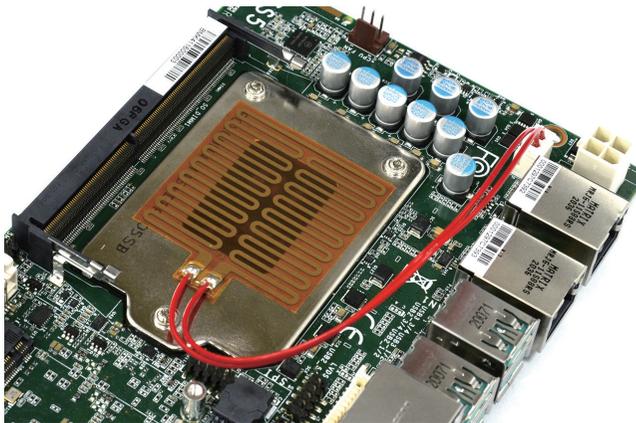
While closing the load plate, make sure the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention knob.

9. Press down the load lever and hook it under the retention tab.

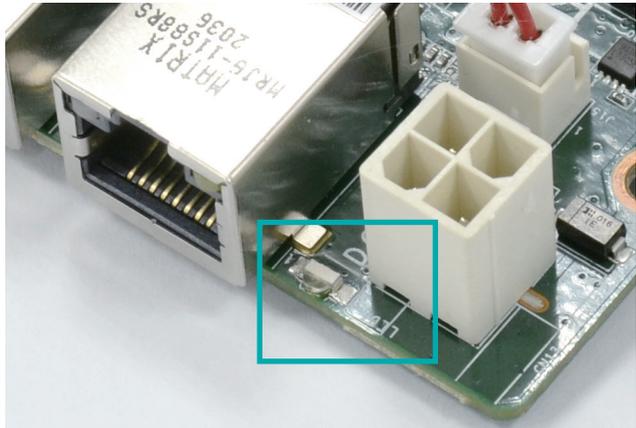


Heater(Optional)

The heater is used to warm up the CPU for the operation in cold environments.



It activates at the temperature between -5~10°C with LED1 being red on the system board.



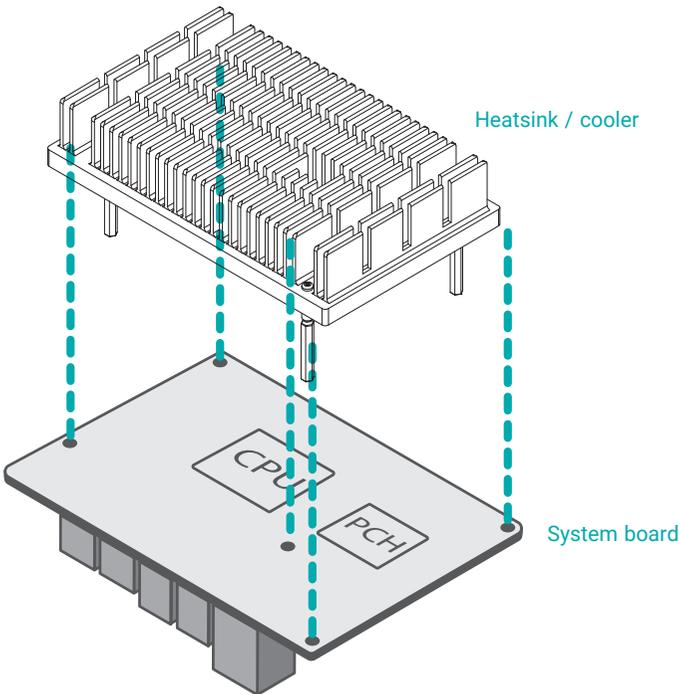
Below table shows various types of the heater condition.

Condition	Power Status	System status	LED	Remark
Heating	Power off	G3	RED	
	Power on	S3-S0	RED	CPU light-loading.
Non-heating	Power off	S5	Green	
	Power on	S0	Green	

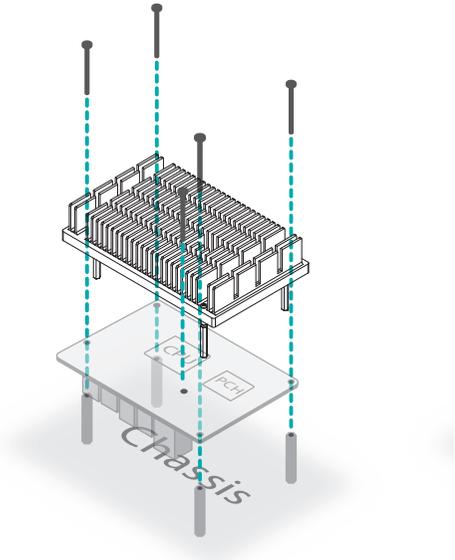
► CPU

Installing the Heatsink or Fan

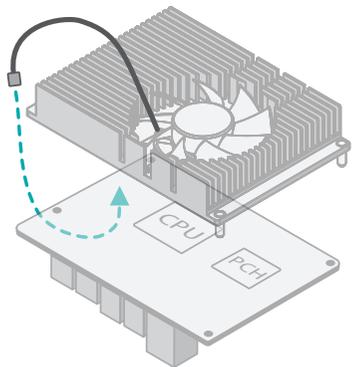
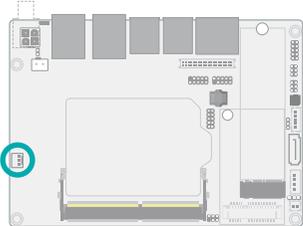
The system board may come with a heatsink or a cooler (heatsink with fan), including four stand-offs and four stand-off screws to secure the board and heatsink onto the chassis. The assembly is expected to be installed in the manners as illustrated below.



Please make sure the contacting sides of the heat spreader and the module are correct – the CPU side of the module shall be facing the interface metal side and legs of the heat sink. Rotate horizontally so the interface metal sits right on top of the CPU, and align the screw holes on the heatsink to those on the module. Remove any plastic cover on the interface metal and apply thermal paste/adhesive if it is required.



Optional: Connect the CPU fan cable to the CPU fan connector on the top side of the module. This step can be omitted if it is a fanless heatsink.



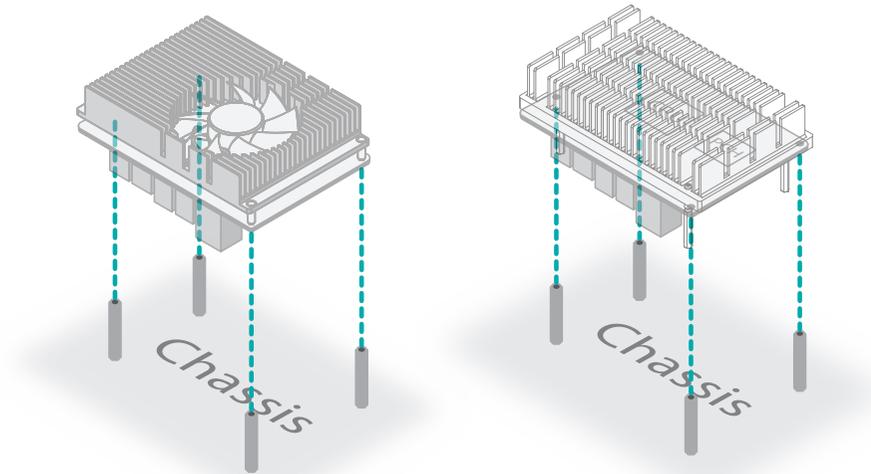
Screw the stand-offs onto the chassis. This step can be omitted if there exist pre-installed stand-offs on the chassis.



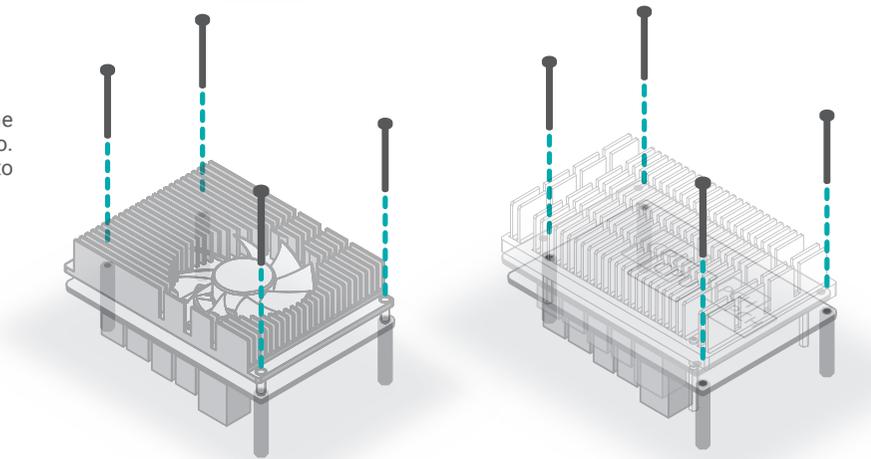
Note: The standard package includes a fanless heatsink. The heatsink with fan is an optional item available upon request.

► CPU ► Installing the Heatsink and Fan

Place the heatsink/fan and module combo onto the stand-offs. Make sure the stand-off screw holes on the combo and those on the stand-offs align.



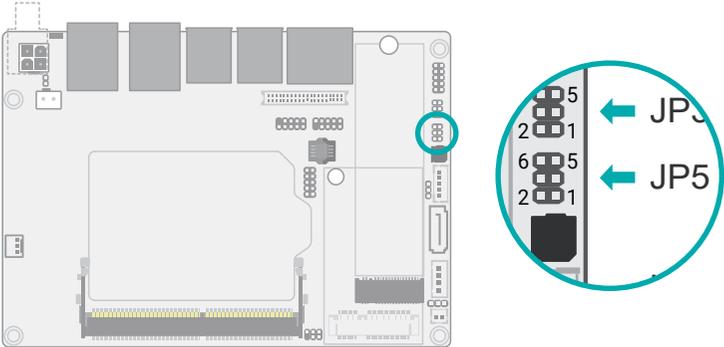
Place the stand-off screws provided in the package into the screw holes of the combo. Use a screwdriver to fasten the screws onto the chassis tight.



Note
It is typical that the chassis is customized, in which case the installation shall vary according to the design of the chassis instead of the instructions provided here.

► Jumper Settings

Front Panel (JP5)



■ Front Panel Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Power Button	2	Power LED VCC
3	GND	4	Power LED
5	System Reset	6	HDD LED

HDD-LED - Hard Disk Drive LED

Lighting of the LED indicates that the hard drive is being accessed.

System Reset

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

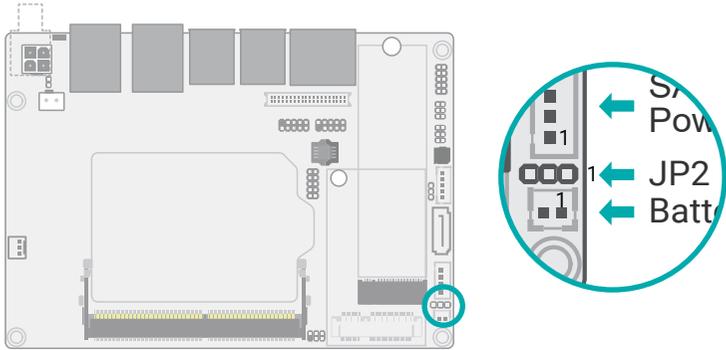
Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will light up. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink at 1-second intervals. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink at 4-second intervals.

Power Switch

This switch is used to power on or off the system.

Clear CMOS (JP2)



If any anomaly of the followings is encountered –

- a) CMOS data is corrupted;
- b) you forgot the supervisor or user password;
- c) failure to start the system due to BIOS mis-configuration

– it is suggested that the system be reconfigured with default values stored in the ROM BIOS. To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
2. Put a jumper cap on JP2's pin 2 and pin 3. Wait for a few seconds and set JP2 back to its default setting, i.e. jumper cap on pin 1 and pin 2.
3. Plug the power cord and power-on the system.



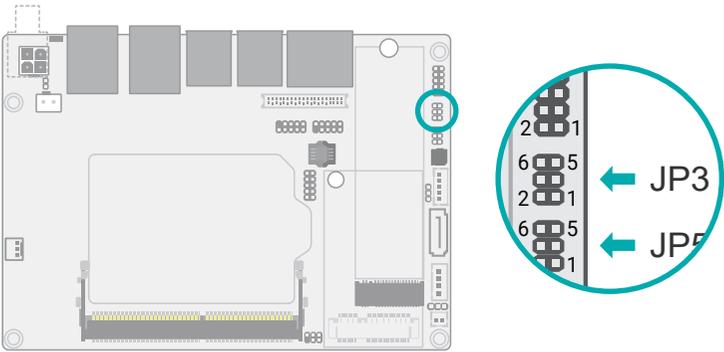
■ 1-2 On: Normal (default)



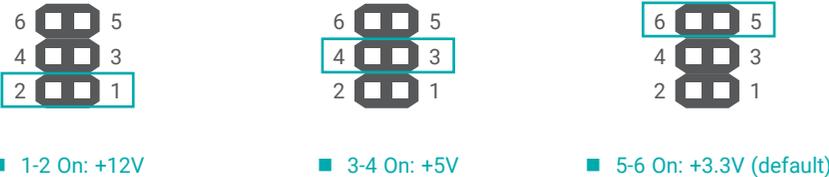
■ 2-3 On: Clear CMOS

▶ Jumper Settings

Panel Power Select (JP3)



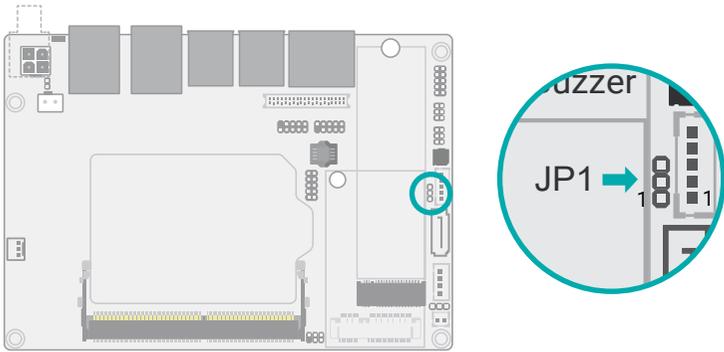
The power level supplied to the LVDS/eDP panel can be switched between +3.3V, +5V or +12V via JP3.



Important: Before powering-on the system, make sure that the setting of the jumper matches the specifications of the LVDS/eDP LCD. Incorrect power voltage may cause irreversible damage to your LCD panel.

▶ Jumper Settings

Backlight Power Select (JP1)

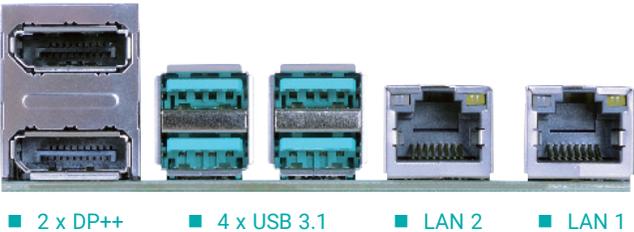


The power level supplied to the LCD backlight can be switched between +3.3V or +5V via JP1.



Important: Before powering-on the system, make sure that the setting of the jumper matches the specifications of the LCD's backlight power. Incorrect power voltage may cause irreversible damage to your LCD's backlight.

► Rear I/O Ports

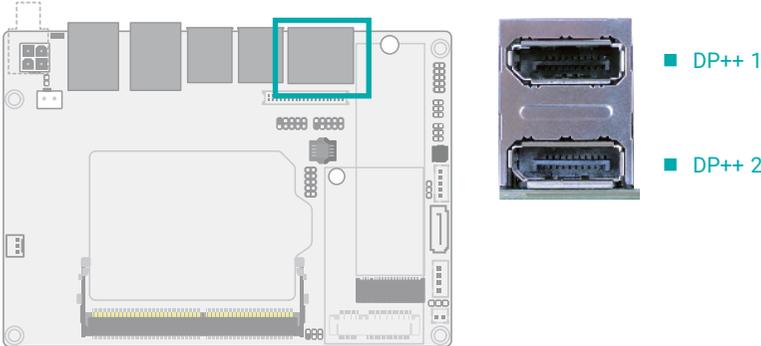


The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

- 2 DP++ ports
- 1 DC-In, optionally internal vertical 4-pin connector
- 2 RJ45 LAN ports
- 4 USB 3.1ports, Gen2 for C246/Q370, Gen1 for H310

► Rear I/O Ports

Graphics Display

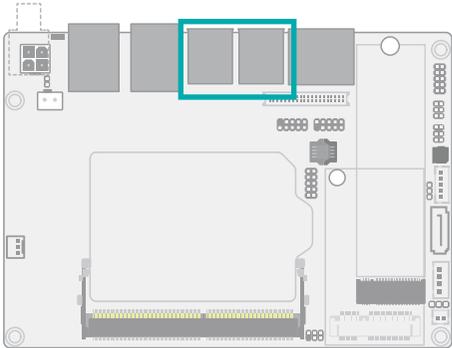


DisplayPort ++

The DisplayPort (DP) is a digital display interface used to connect a display device such as a computer monitor. It is used to transmit audio and video simultaneously. The interface, which is developed by VESA, delivers higher performance features than any other digital interface.

▶ Rear I/O Ports

USB Ports



- USB 2 (USB 3.1)
- USB 1 (USB 3.1)
- USB 4 (USB 3.1)
- USB 3 (USB 3.1)



USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals. The system board is equipped with multiple USB Type A ports at the rear side – four USB 3.1 Gen1 (H310) or Gen2 (C246/Q370) ports. For the internal USB ports, please refer to the next section. Please refer to the next section for internal USB connectors.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

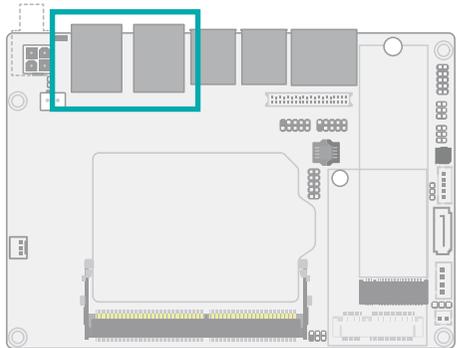
The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.

▶ Rear I/O Ports

RJ45 LAN Ports



- LAN 2
- LAN 1



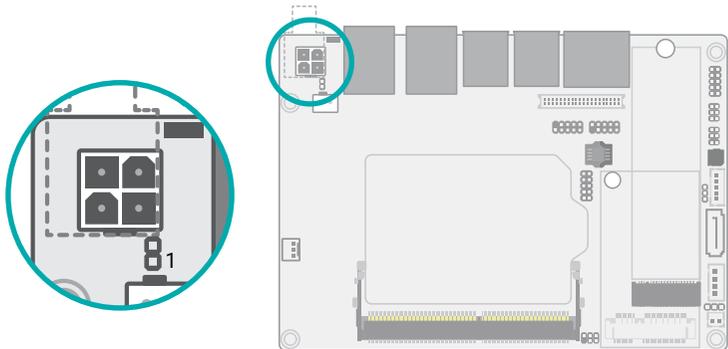
The two LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

Features

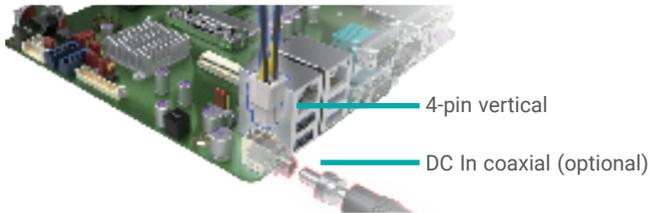
- 2 x Intel® I211AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) or Intel® I210IT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps)

► Internal I/O Connectors

12V DC-In



Connect a 4-pin DC power cord to the power connector for DC supply. The coaxial type is available upon request.

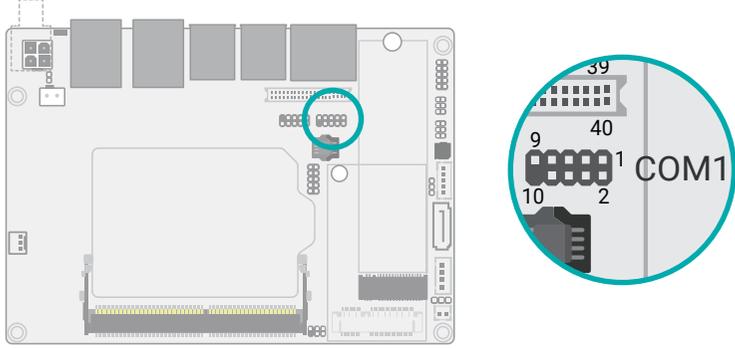


Important:

Using a voltage higher than the recommended range may result in failure in starting and booting the system or causing irreversible damage to the system board. A power adaptor/convertor is necessary when the power source on site does not comply with the power specifications of the board.

► Internal I/O Connectors

COM (Serial) Port



The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

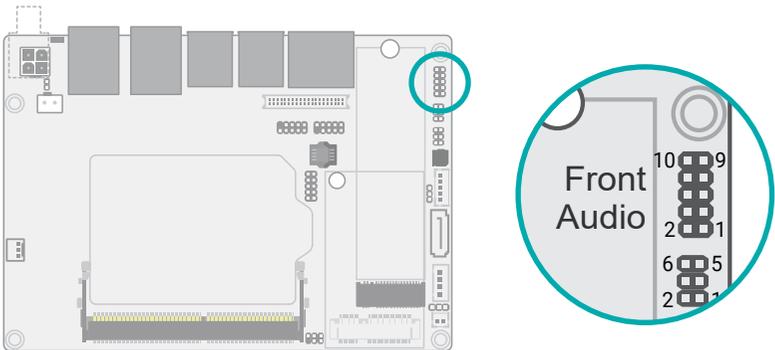
COM 1 supports three serial modes, i.e. RS232, RS422, and RS485.

■ COM Port Pin Assignment

Pin	RS232	RS422	RS485
1	DCD-	TXD-	Data-
2	RD	TXD+	Data+
3	TD	RXD+	N.C.
4	DTR-	RXD-	N.C.
5	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR-	N.C.	N.C.
7	RTS-	N.C.	N.C.
8	CTS-	N.C.	N.C.
9	RI-	N.C.	N.C.

Internal I/O Connectors

Front Audio



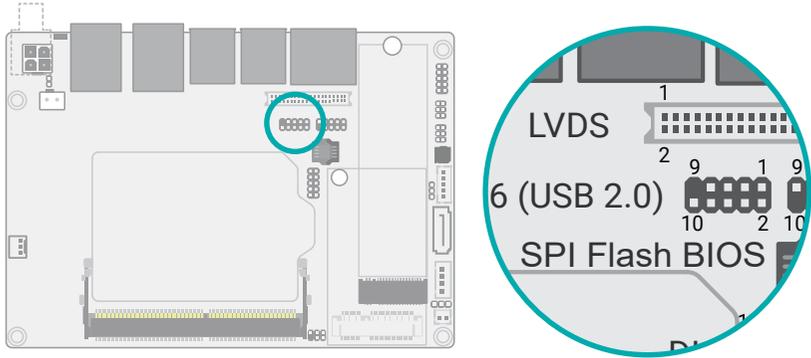
The Front Audio internal connector allows you to connect to the second line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system.

Front Audio Pin Assignment

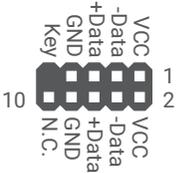
Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Mic-L	2	GND
3	Mic-R	4	N.C.
5	Line-Out-R	6	Mic-JD (sense)
7	GND	8	KEY
9	Line-Out-L	10	Line-JD (sense)

Internal I/O Connectors

USB Ports



USB 2.0 Pin Assignment



The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

In addition to the rear USB ports as introduced previously in this chapter, the system board is equipped with two internal USB 2.0 ports (one pin-header connector) and as illustrated above. The pin headers for USB 9/10 can also be replaced by a Type A vertical connector.

The internal USB pin headers may be connected to a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector.

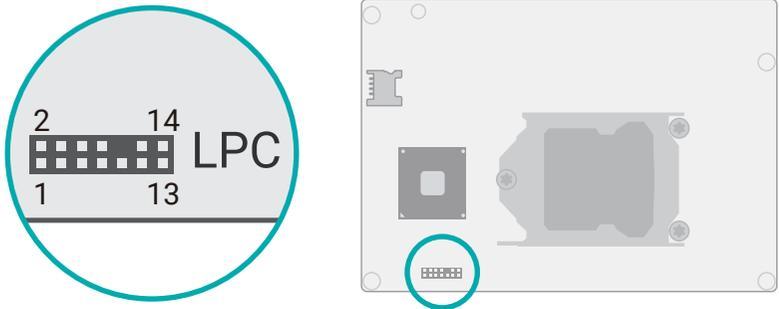
Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S state(s).

Internal I/O Connectors

LPC

The LPC connector is used for debugging.

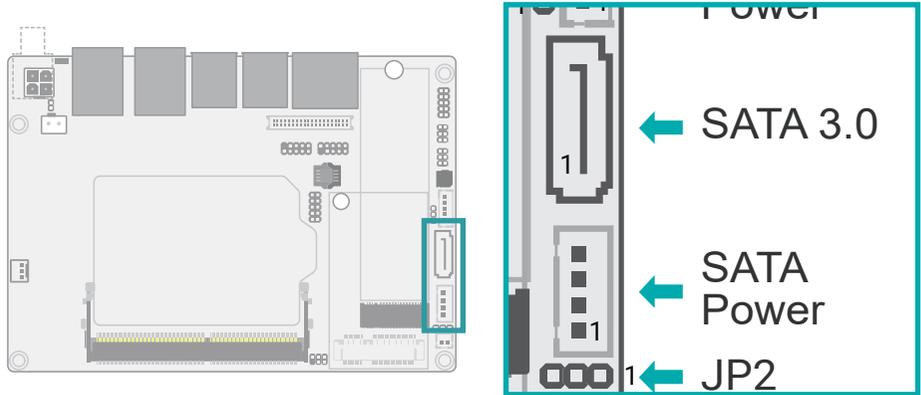


LPC Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	L_CLK	2	L_LAD1
3	L_RST#	4	L_LAD0
5	L_FRAME#	6	3.3V
7	L_LAD3	8	GND
9	L_LAD2	10	---
11	SERIRQ	12	GND
13	5VSB	14	5V

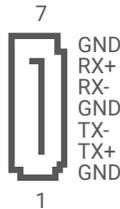
Internal I/O Connectors

SATA (Serial ATA)



The Serial ATA (SATA) connector is used to connect the Serial ATA device. The system board support one SATA port and provides data rate up to 6Gb/s. Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

SATA Pin Assignment

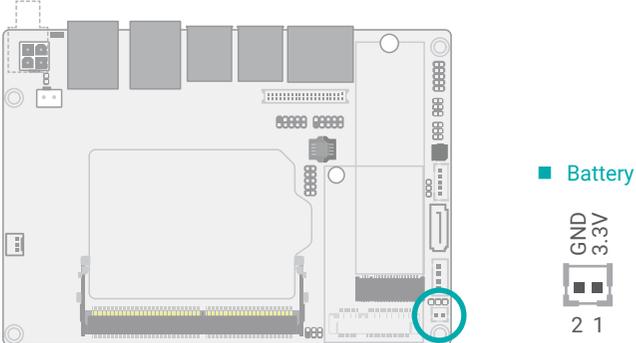


SATA Power Pin Assignment



Internal I/O Connectors

Battery



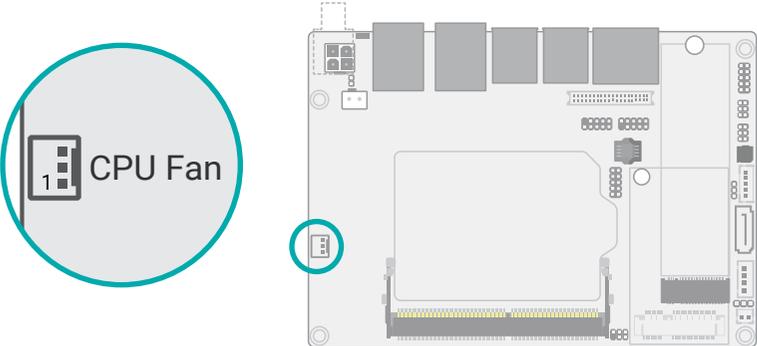
The external lithium ion battery supplies power to the real-time clock and CMOS memory as an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

Safety Measures

- There exists explosion hazard if the battery is incorrectly installed.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinances.

Internal I/O Connectors

CPU Fan



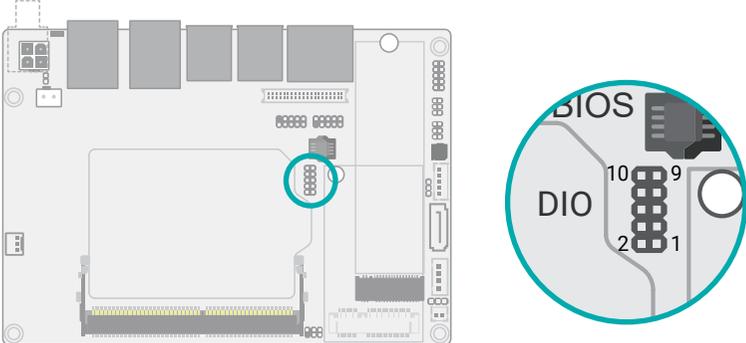
These fan connectors are used to connect to cooling fans. Cooling fans provide adequate air circulation throughout the chassis and dissipate heat to prevent overheating of the system board and components. The 3-pin CPU fan modulates fan speed via voltage modulation.

3-pin Fan Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment
1	Ground
2	Power
3	Sense

Internal I/O Connectors

Digital I/O



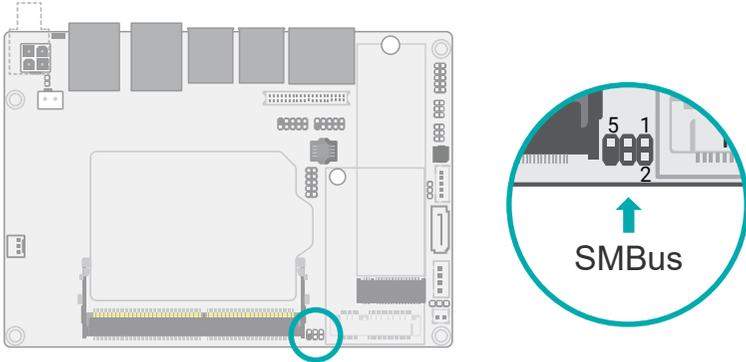
The 8-bit Digital I/O (DIO) connector allows for input/output signals of digital logical states defined by voltage levels.

Digital I/O Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	DIO_6	2	DIO_7
3	DIO_4	4	DIO_5
5	DIO_2	6	DIO_3
7	DIO_0	8	DIO_1
9	GND	10	5VSB

Internal I/O Connectors

SMBus



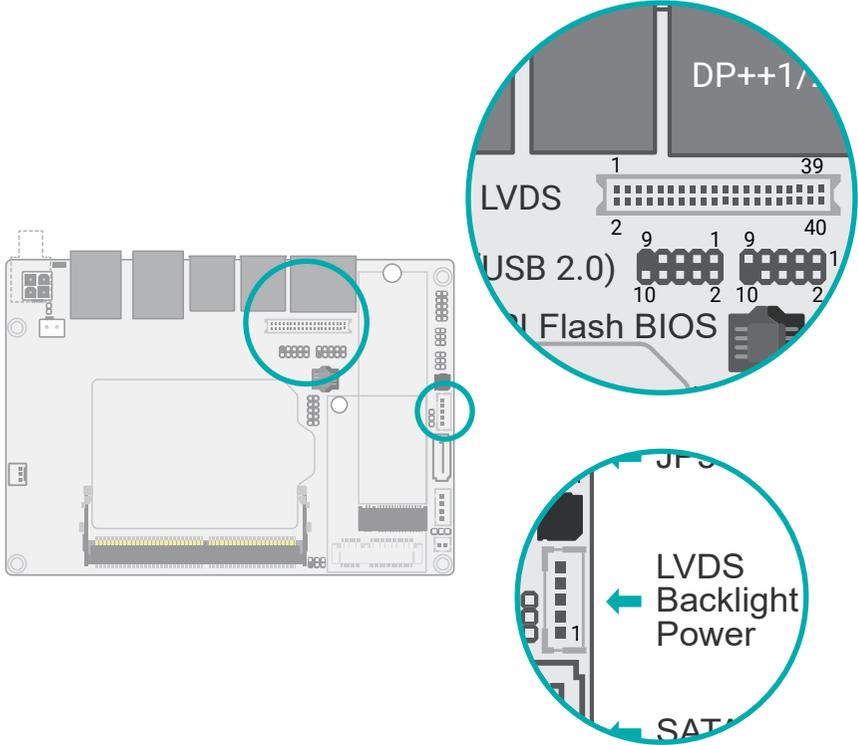
The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect the SMBus device. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

SMBus Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	3V3SB	2	GND
3	SMBus_Clock	4	SMBus_DATA
5	SMBus_Alert	6	---

► Internal I/O Connectors

LVDS Panel



The system board allows you to connect a LCD Display Panel by means of the LVDS LCD panel connector and the LCD/Inverter power connector. These connectors transmit video signals and power from the system board to the LCD Display Panel.

Jumper Setting

The power voltage of the LCD panel and backlight power is configured via jumper settings as previously instructed in this chapter.

■ LVDS LCD Panel Pin Assignment

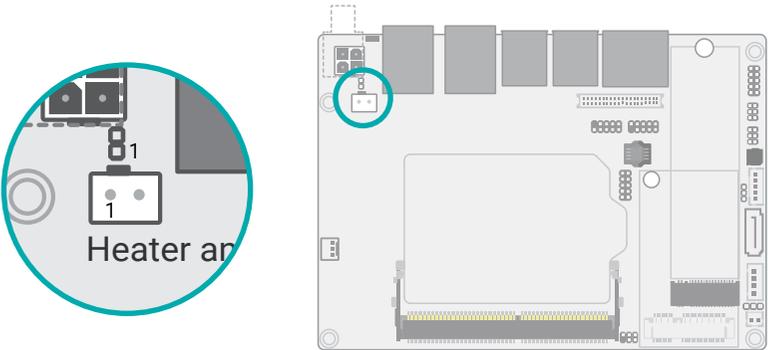
Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDSA_Out3+	4	LVDSB_Out3+
5	LVDSA_Out3-	6	LVDSB_Out3-
7	GND	8	GND
9	LVDSA_Out2+	10	LVDSB_Out2+
11	LVDSA_Out2-	12	LVDSB_Out2-
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDSA_Out1+	16	LVDSB_Out1+
17	LVDSA_Out1-	18	LVDSB_Out1-
19	GND	20	GND
21	LVDSA_Out0+	22	LVDSB_Out0+
23	LVDSA_Out0-	24	LVDSB_Out0-
25	GND	26	GND
27	LVDSA_CLK1+	28	LVDSB_CLK1+
29	LVDSA_CLK1-	30	LVDSB_CLK1-
31	GND	32	GND
33	LVDS_DDC_CLK	34	NC
35	LVDS_DDC_DATA	36	+3.3V
37	Panel Power	38	Panel Power
39	Panel Power	40	Panel Power

■ Backlight Power Pin Assignment

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	+12V	4	PWM Brightness Control
2	GND	5	5V
3	Backlight On/Off		

Internal I/O Connectors

Heater



The heater box header provides 12V power to the external heater with a 2-pin pin header for On/Off switch.

Heater Box Header

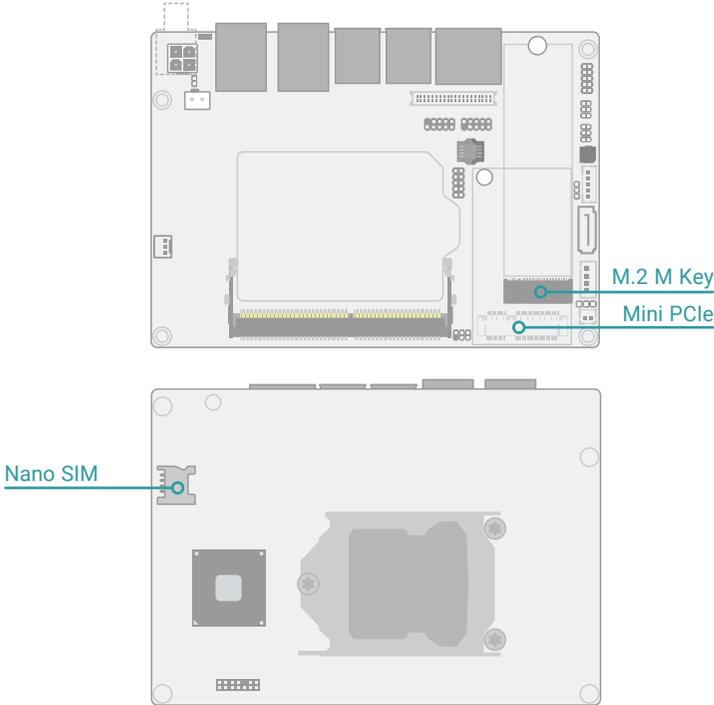
Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	12V	2	12VSB_PG_SW

Heater Switch Pin Header

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Manual Reset	2	12VSB_PG_SW

Internal I/O Connectors

Expansion Slots



M.2 Sockets

The M.2 socket is the Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF) which is designed to support multiple modules and make the M.2 more suitable in application for solid-state storage. The board preserves space and two standoffs for the M.2 M Key socket (22mm x 80mm).

Mini PCIe

The Mini PCIe socket allows for a full-size Mini PCIe module, and supports PCIe and USB signals.

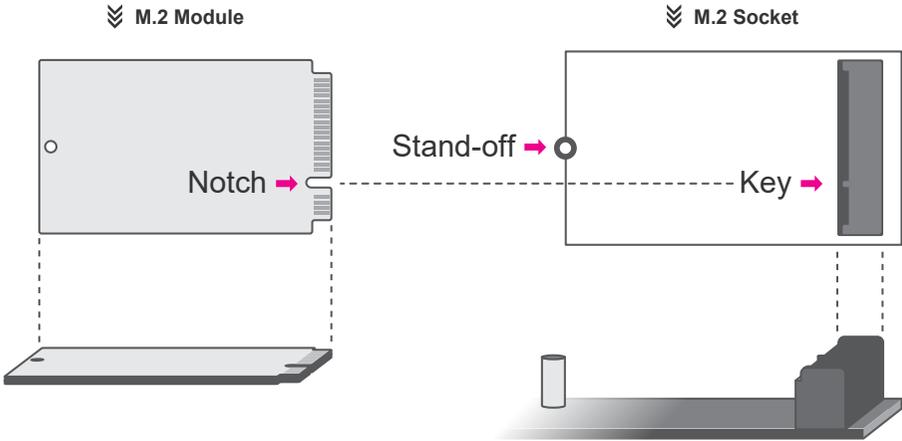
Nano SIM (optional)

The Nano SIM socket allows for inserting a Nano SIM card for the system to access the subscribed telecom service.

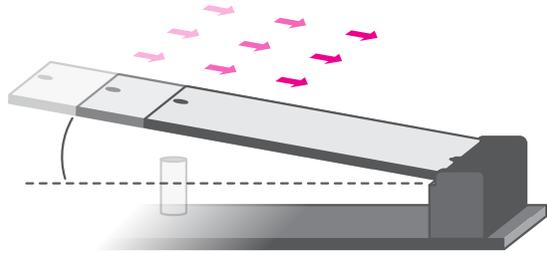
Installing the M.2 Module

Before installing the M.2 module into the M.2 socket, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

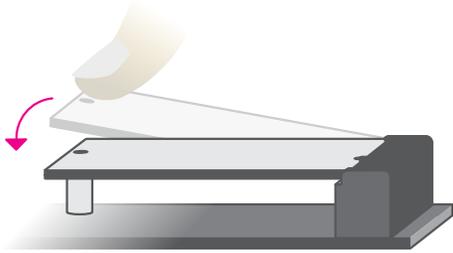
1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the M.2 socket on the system board
4. Make sure the notch on card is aligned to the key on the socket.
5. Make sure the standoff screw is removed from the standoff.



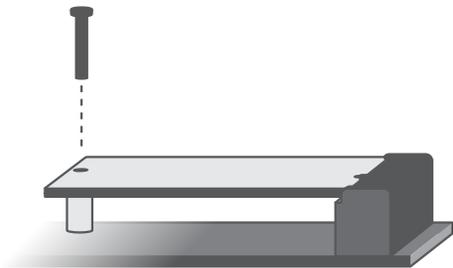
Please follow the steps below to install the card into the socket.



Step 1:
Insert the card into the socket at an angle while making sure the notch and key are perfectly aligned.



Step 2:
Press the end of the card far from the socket down until against the stand-off.

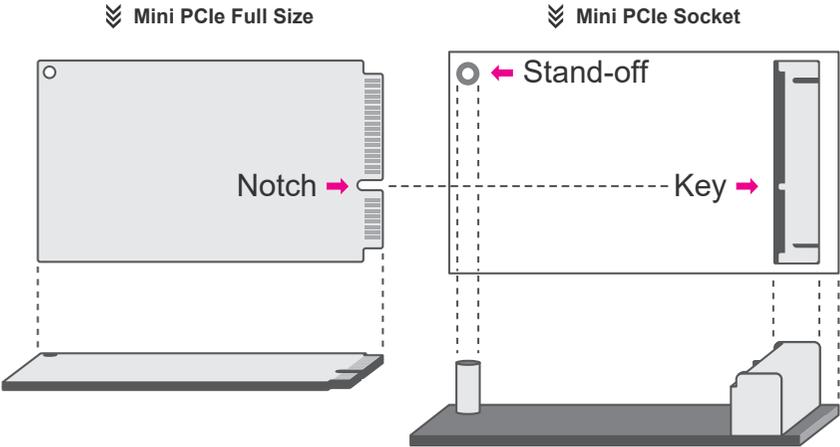


Step 3:
Screw tight the card onto the stand-off with a screw driver and a stand-off screw until the gap between the card and the stand-off closes up. The card should be lying parallel to the board when it's correctly mounted.

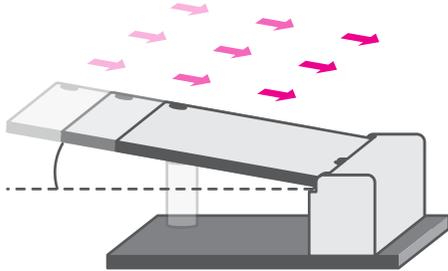
Installing the Mini PCIe Module

Before installing the Mini PCIe module into the Mini PCIe socket, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

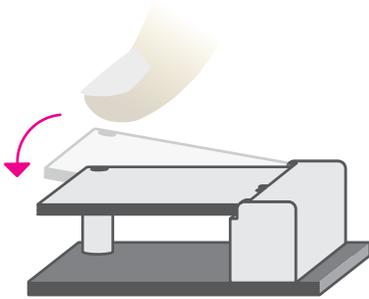
1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the Mini PCIe socket on the system board
4. Make sure the notch on card is aligned to the key on the socket.



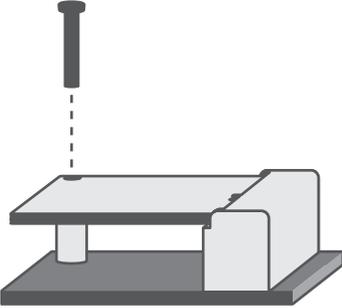
Please follow the steps below to install the card into the socket.



Step 1:
Insert the card into the socket at an angle while making sure the notch and key are perfectly aligned.



Step 2:
Press the end of the card far from the socket down until against the stand-off.



Step 3:
Screw tight the card onto the stand-off with a screw driver and a stand-off screw until the gap between the card and the stand-off closes up. The card should be lying parallel to the board when it's correctly mounted.

Chapter 3 - BIOS Settings

► Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added. It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.

Note

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen. The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and keys simultaneously.

Legends

Keys	Function
Right / Left arrow	Move the highlight left or right to select a menu
Up / Down arrow	Move the highlight up or down between submenus or fields
<Enter>	Enter the highlighted submenu
+ (plus key)/F6	Scroll forward through the values or options of the highlighted field
- (minus key)/F5	Scroll backward through the values or options of the highlighted field
<F1>	Display general help
<F2>	Display previous values
<F9>	Optimized defaults
<F10>	Save and Exit
<Esc>	Return to previous menu

Scroll Bar

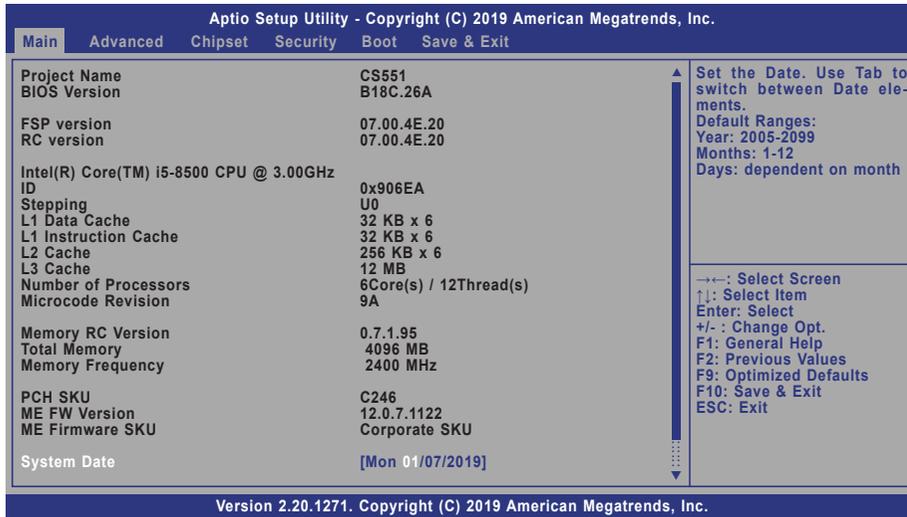
When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

► **Main**

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



System Date

The date format is <month>, <date>, <year>. Press "Tab" to switch to the next field and press "-" or "+" to modify the value.

System Time

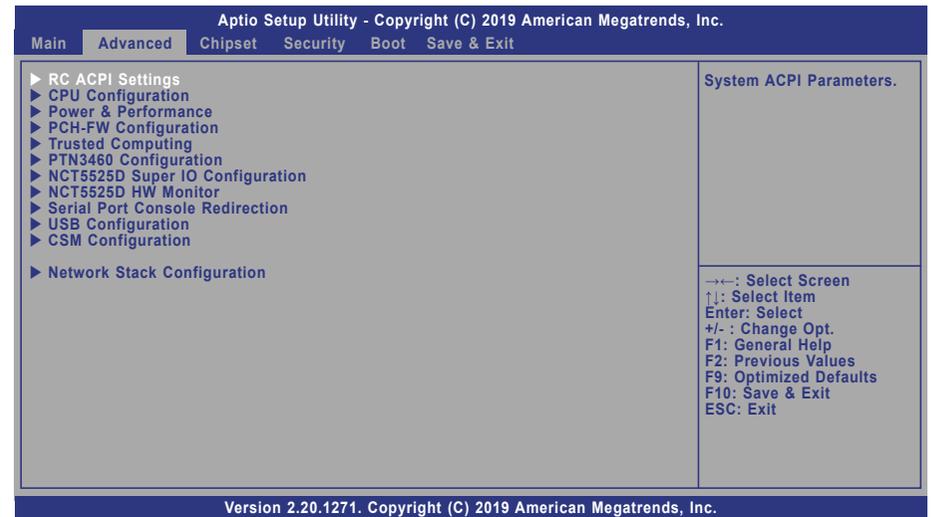
The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

► **Advanced**

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



Important:
 Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



► Advanced

RC ACPI Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
RC ACPI Configuration		Enable or disable System wake on alarm event. When enabled, System will wake on the hr:min::sec specified
Wake system from S5 via RTC	[Enabled]	
Wake up hour	0	→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Wake up minute	0	
Wake up second	0	
State After G3	[S0 State]	
Version 2.20.1271. Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		

Wake system from S5

When Enabled, the system will automatically power up at a designated time every day. Once it's switched to [Enabled], please set up the time of day — hour, minute, and second — for the system to wake up.

State After G3

When Enabled, the system will automatically power up at a designated time every day. Once it's switched to [Enabled], please set up the time of day — hour, minute, and second — for the system to wake up.

► Advanced

CPU Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
CPU Configuration		When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.
Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology	[Enable]	
Active Processor Cores	[All]	→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Power Limit 1	[35W]	
Version 2.20.1271. Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		

Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Active Processor Cores

Select number of cores to enable in each processor package: all or 1.

Power Limit 1

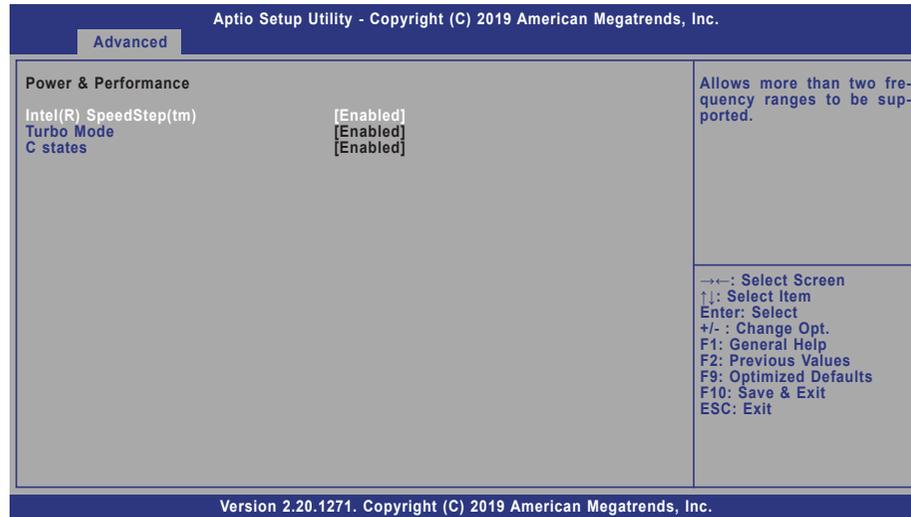
To set the power limit of different temperatures, if the temperature is under 65C, the limit will be 35W . If the temperature reaches 80C, the option will be default at 15W.



Note: Some of the fields may not be available when the features are not supported by the equipped CPU.

▶ **Advanced**

Power & Performance



Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm)

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep® Technology, which helps optimize the balance between system’s power consumption and performance. After it is enabled in the BIOS, EIST features can then be enabled via the operating system’s power management.

Turbo Mode

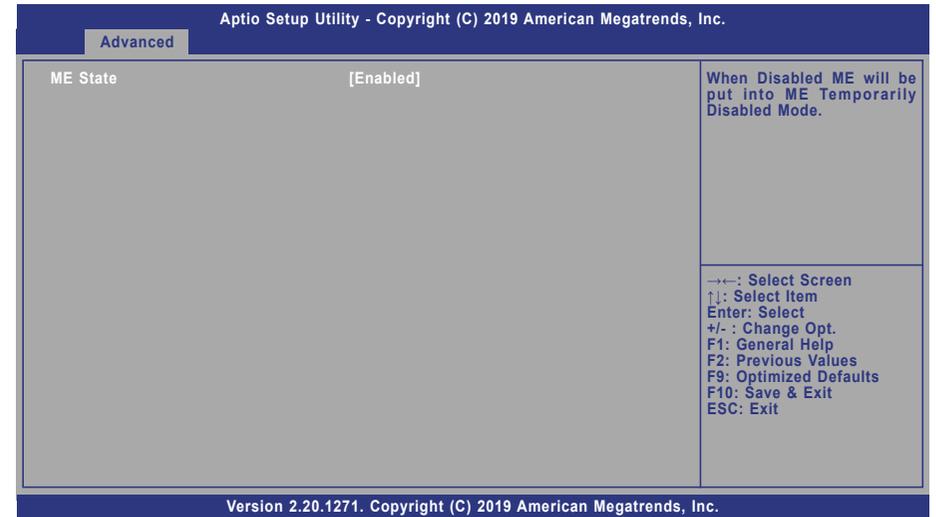
Enable or disable turbo mode of the processor. This field will only be displayed when EIST is enabled.

C states

Enable or disable CPU Power Management. It allows CPU to enter "C states" when it’s idle and nothing is executing.

▶ **Advanced**

PCH-FW Configuration

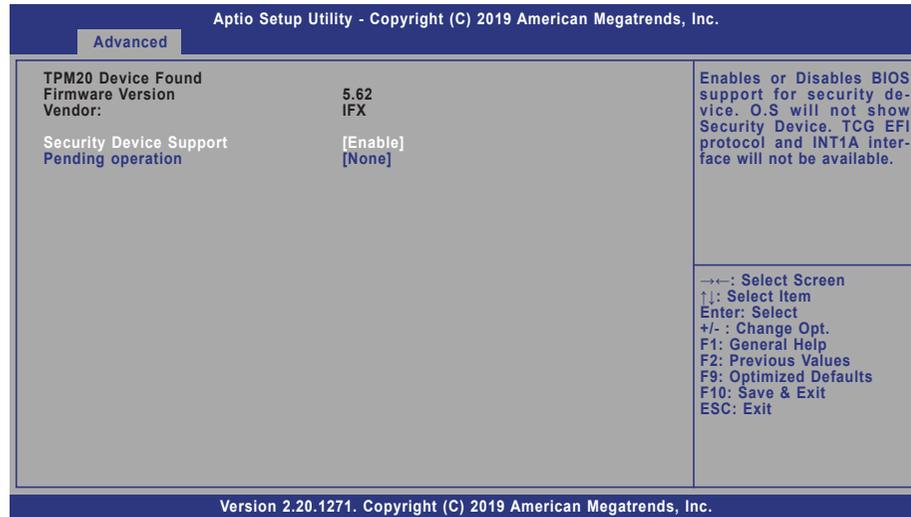


Me FW Image Re-Flash

This field is used to enable or disable the ME FW Image Re-Flash function, which allows the user to update the ME firmware.

▶ Advanced

Trusted Computing



Security Device Support

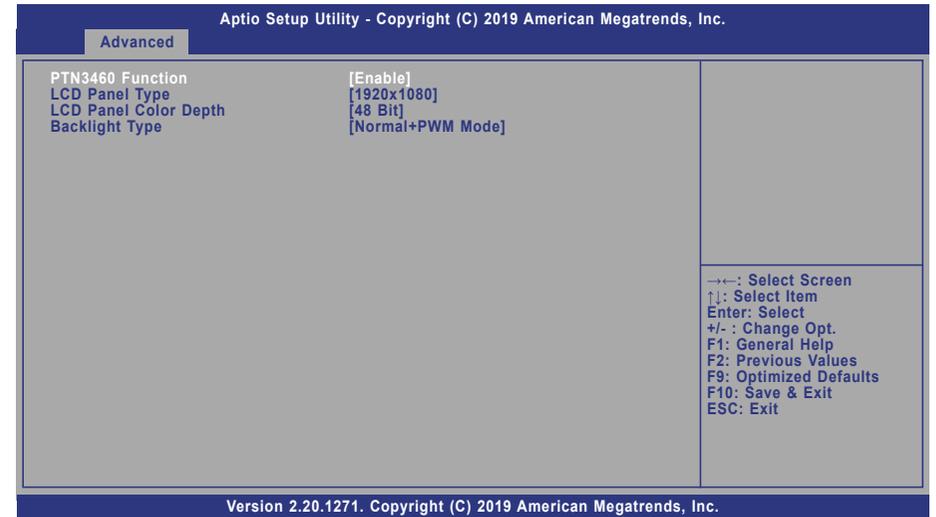
This field is used to enable or disable BIOS support for the security device such as an TPM 2.0 to achieve hardware-level security via cryptographic keys.

Pending operation

To clear the existing TPM encryption, select "TPM Clear" and restart the system. This field is not available when "Security Device Support" is disabled.

▶ Advanced

PTN3460 Configuration



PTN3460 Function

Enable or Disable PTN3460 LCD Features. When this field is disabled, the following fields will remain hidden.

LCD Panel Type

Select the resolution of the LCD Panel – 800X480, 800X600, 1024X768, 1366X768, 1280X1024, 1920X1080, or 1920X1200.

LCD Panel Color Depth

Select the color depth of the LCD Panel – 18 Bit, 24 Bit, 36 Bit, 48 Bit.

Backlight Type

Select the backlight type of the LCD Panel –
Normal + PWM
Normal + DC
Invert + PWM
Invert + DC



Note:

The configuration must match the specifications of your LCD Panel in order for the LCD Panel to display properly.

► Advanced

NCT5525D Super IO Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Advanced	
NCT5525D Super IO Configuration	
Super IO Chip	NCT5525D
WatchDog Timer Unit	[Second]
SuperIO WatchDog Timer	0
► Serial Port 1 Configuration	
→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit	
Version 2.20.1271. Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.	

WatchDog Timer Unit

Select WatchDog Timer Unit – Second or Minute.

SuperIO WatchDog Timer

Set SuperIO WatchDog Timer Timeout value. The range is from 0 (disabled) to 255.



Note:
The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

► Advanced ► NCT5525D Super IO Configuration

► Serial Port Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Advanced	
Serial Port 1 Configuration	
Serial Port	[Enabled]
Device Settings	IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;
Electrical Interface Mode	[RS232]
→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit	
Version 2.20.1271. Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.	

Serial Port

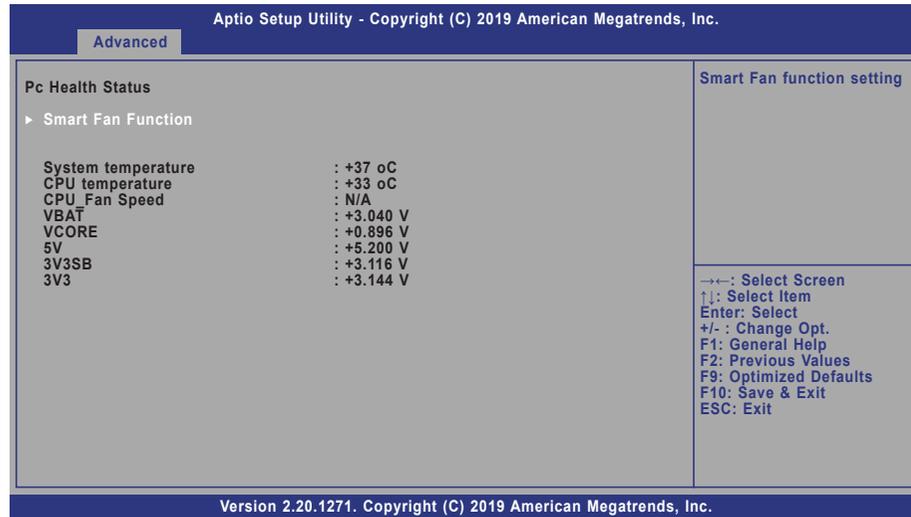
Enable or disable the current serial COM port.

Electrical Interface Mode

Choose mode between RS232 / RS485 / RS422

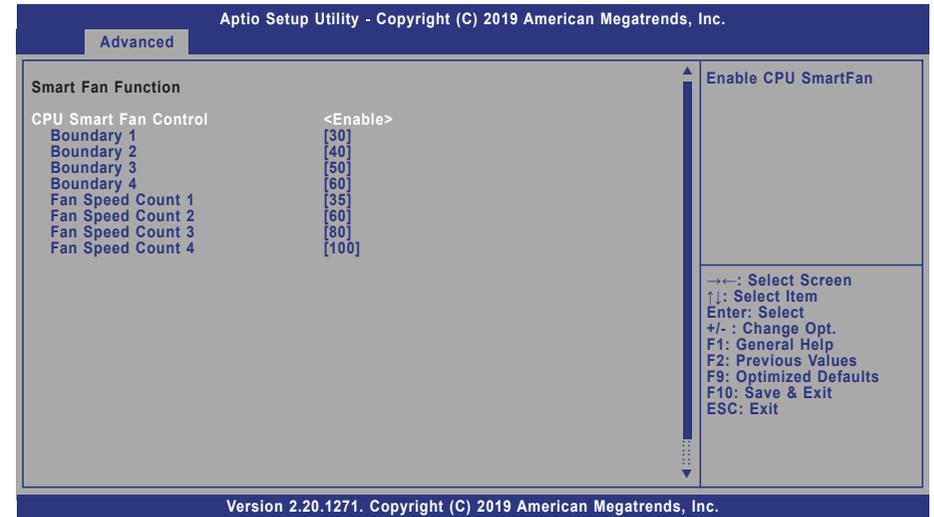
▶ Advanced

NCT5525D HW Monitor



▶ Advanced ▶ NCT5525D HW Monitor

▶ Smart Fan Function



Smart Fan is a fan speed moderation strategy dependent on the current system temperature. When the system temperature goes higher than the Boundary setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the setting of the Fan Speed Count that bears the same index as the Boundary field.

▼ CPU Smart Fan Control = [Enabled]

Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

Set the boundary temperatures that determine the fan speeds accordingly, the value ranging from 0-127°C. For example, when the system temperature reaches Boundary 1 setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the designated speed of the Fan Speed Count 1 field.

Fan Speed Count 1 to Fan Speed Count 4

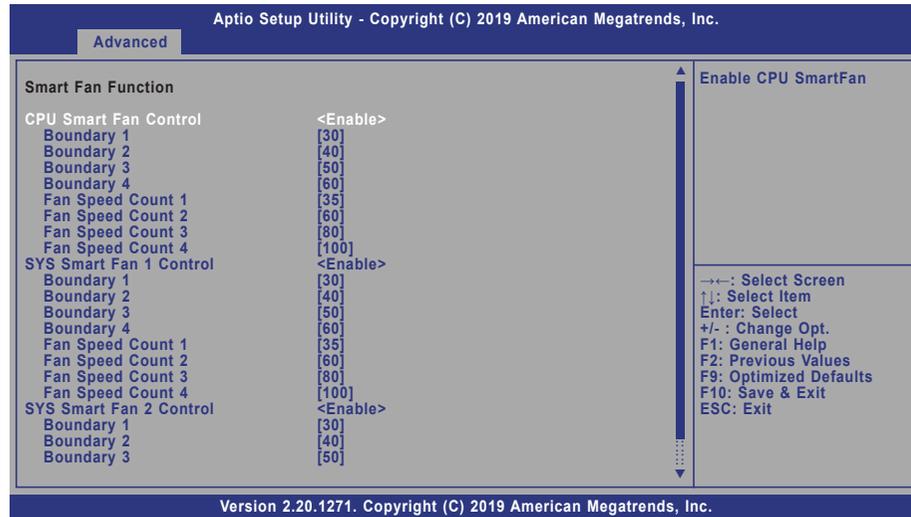
Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will operate according to the specified boundary temperatures above-mentioned.

▼ SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Disabled]

Fix Fan Speed Count

Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will always operate at the specified speed regardless of gauged temperatures.

▶ Smart Fan Function



Smart Fan is a fan speed moderation strategy dependent on the current system temperature. When the system temperature goes higher than the Boundary setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the setting of the Fan Speed Count that bears the same index as the Boundary field.

▼ **SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Enabled]**

Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

Set the boundary temperatures that determine the fan speeds accordingly, the value ranging from 0-127°C. For example, when the system temperature reaches Boundary 1 setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the designated speed of the Fan Speed Count 1 field.

Fan Speed Count 1 to Fan Speed Count 4

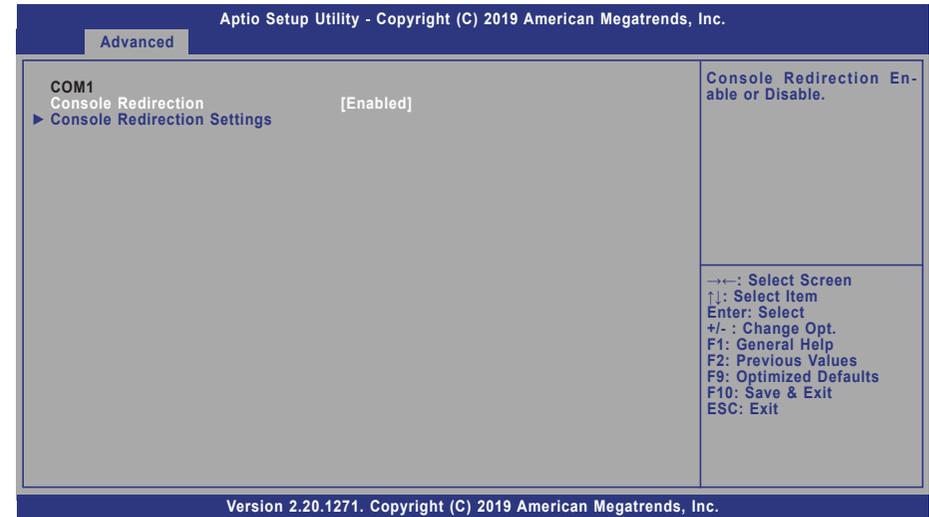
Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will operate according to the specified boundary temperatures above-mentioned.

▼ **SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Disabled]**

Fix Fan Speed Count

Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will always operate at the specified speed regardless of gauged temperatures.

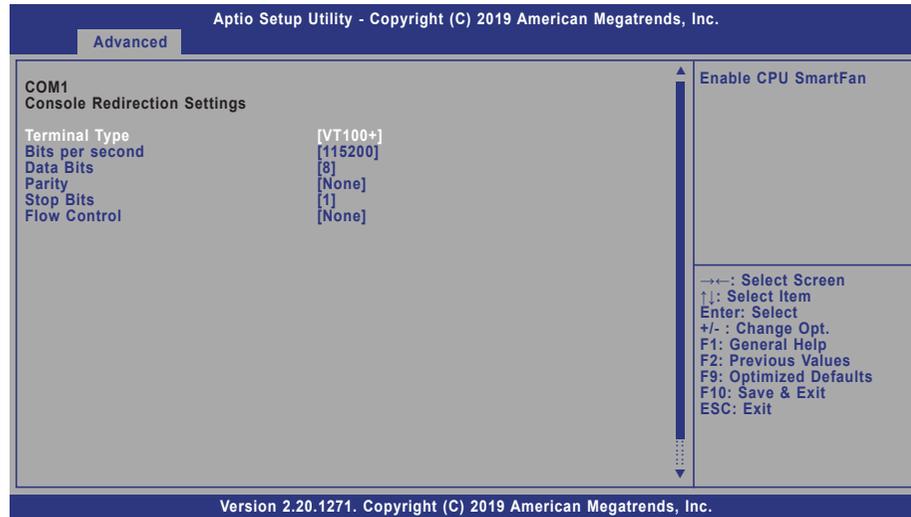
Serial Port Console Redirection



Console Redirection

By enabling Console Redirection of a COM port, the sub-menu of console redirection settings will become available for configuration as detailed in the following.

▶ Console Redirection Settings



Configure the serial settings of the current COM port.

Terminal Type

Select terminal type: VT100, VT100+, VT-UTF8 or ANSI.

Bits per second

Select serial port transmission speed: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 or 115200.

Data Bits

Select data bits: 7 bits or 8 bits.

Parity

Select parity bits: None, Even, Odd, Mark or Space.

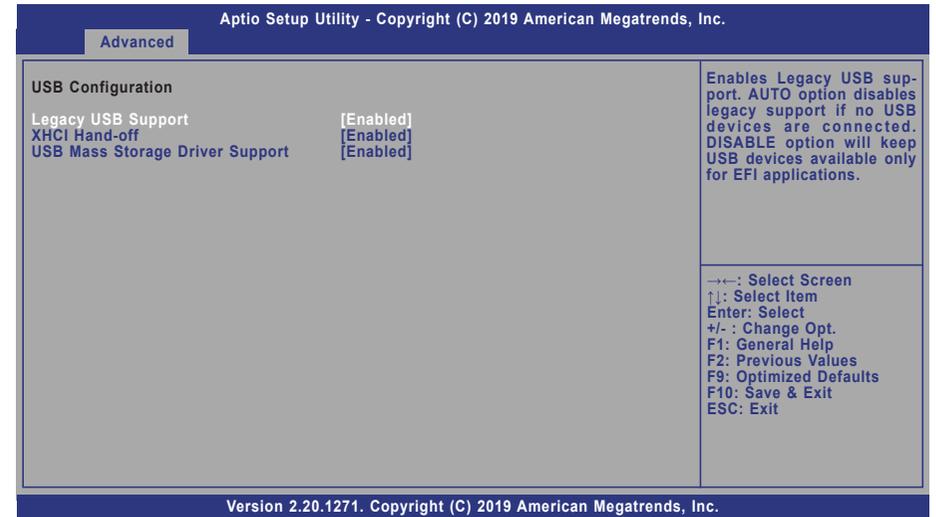
Stop Bits

Select stop bits: 1 bit or 2 bits.

Flow Control

Select flow control type: None or Hardware RTS/CTS.

USB Configuration



Legacy USB Support

- Enabled** Enable Legacy USB support.
- Disabled** Keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.
- Auto** Disable Legacy support if no USB devices are connected.

XHCI Hand-off

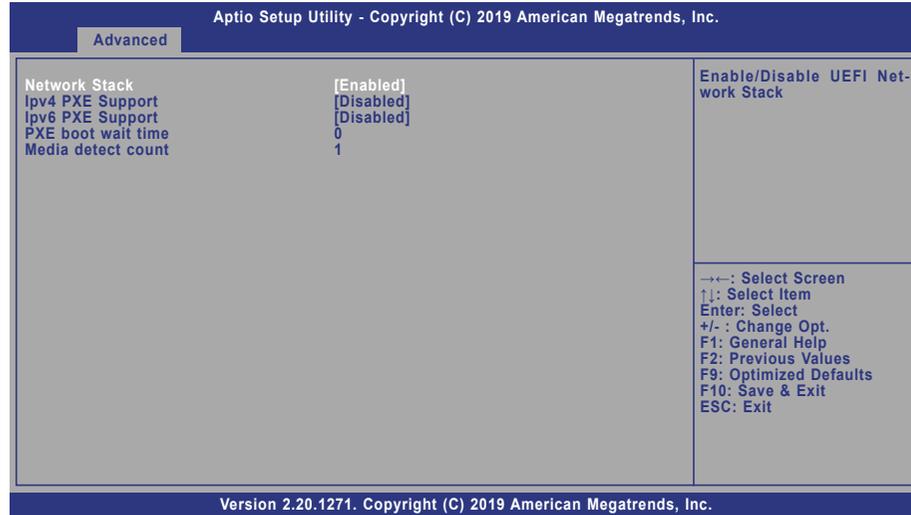
Enable or disable XHCI Hand-off.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Enable or disable USB Mass Storage Driver Support.

► Advanced

Network Stack Configuration



Network Stack

Enable or disable UEFI network stack. The following fields will appear when this field is enabled.

Ipv4 PXE Support

Enable or disable IPv4 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv4 PXE boot support will not be available.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Enable or disable IPv6 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv6 PXE boot support will not be available.

PXE boot wait time

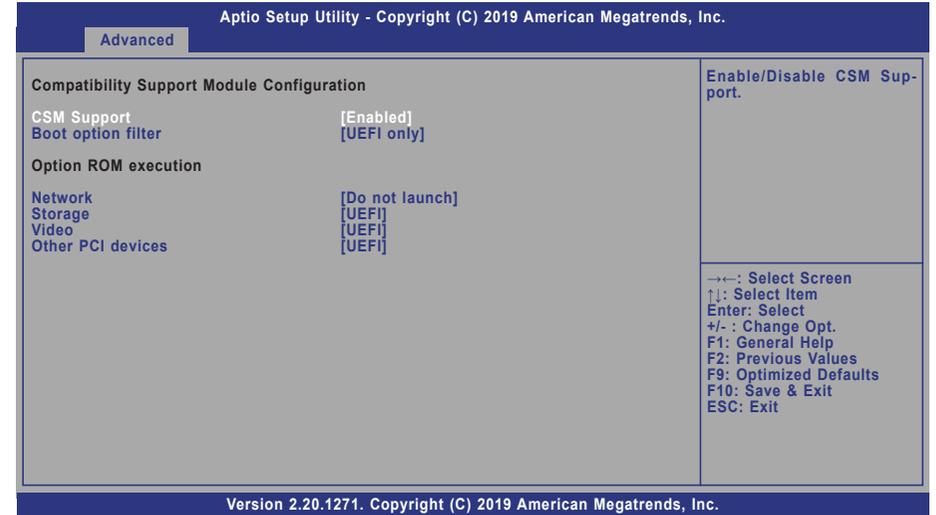
Set the wait time in seconds to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Use either +/- or numeric keys to set the value.

Media detect count

Set the number of times the presence of media will be checked. Use either +/- or numeric keys to set the value.

► Advanced

CSM Configuration



CSM Support

This section is used to enable or disable CSM Support. The following fields are only available when "CSM Support" is enabled.

Boot option filter

This field controls Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority.

Network

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Network OpROM.

Storage

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Storage OpROM.

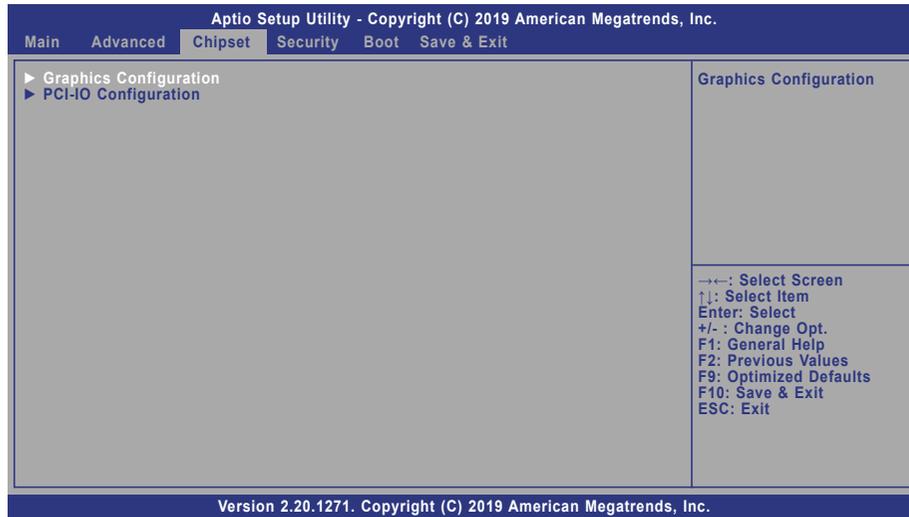
Video

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Video OpROM.

Other PCI devices

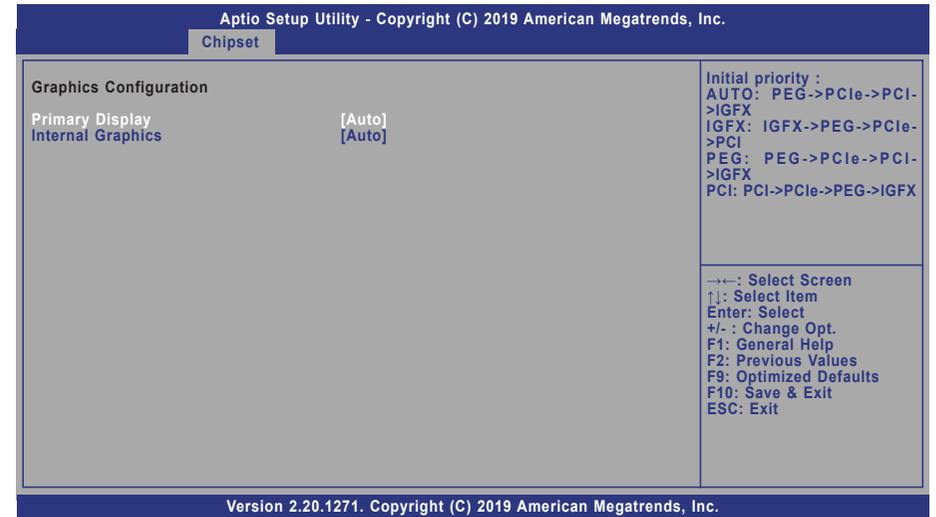
This field determines OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage or Video.

► **Chipset**



► **Chipset**

Graphics Configuration



Primary Display

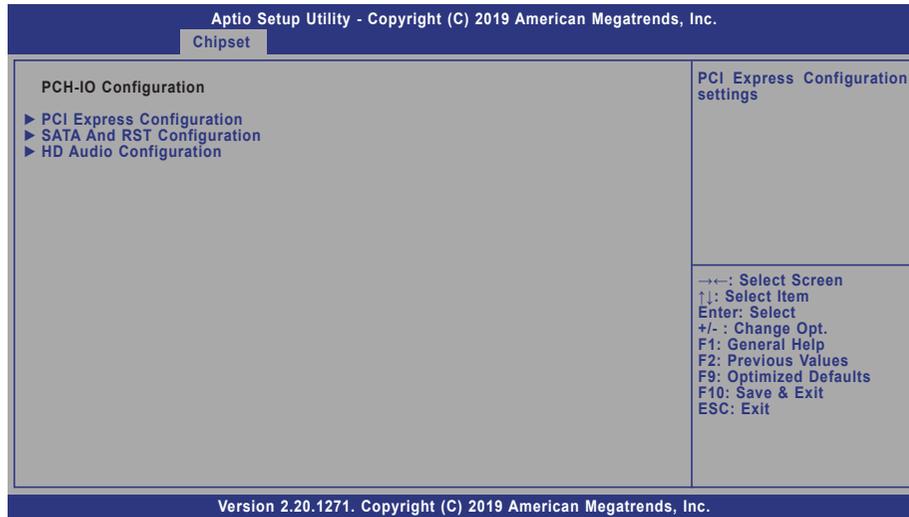
Select which of IGFX/PEG/PCI Graphics device to be the primary display.

Internal Graphics

Keep IGFX enabled based on the setup options.

► Chipset

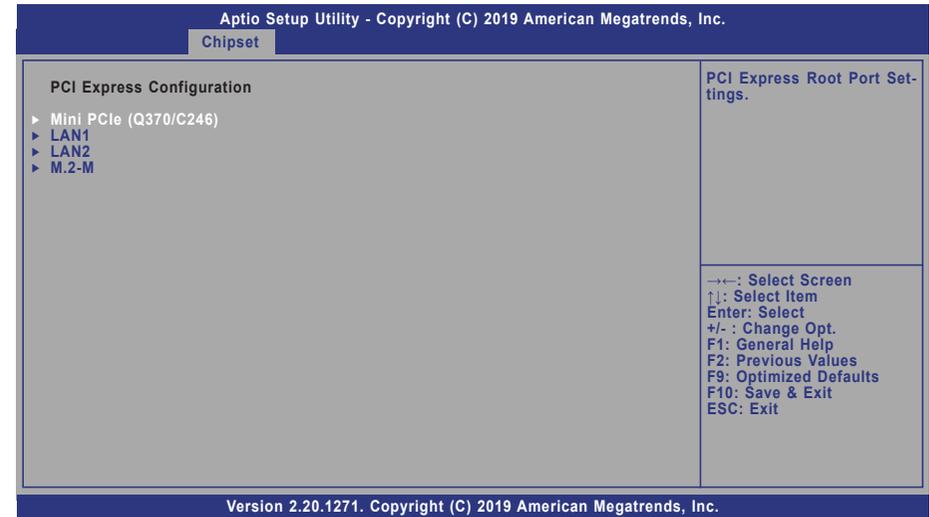
PCH-IO Configuration



Note:
 The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

► Chipset

PCI Express Configuration



Select one of the PCI Express channels and press enter to configure the following settings.

M.2-M/Mini PCIe/LAN2/LAN1

Enable or disable the PCI Express Root Port.

PCIe Speed

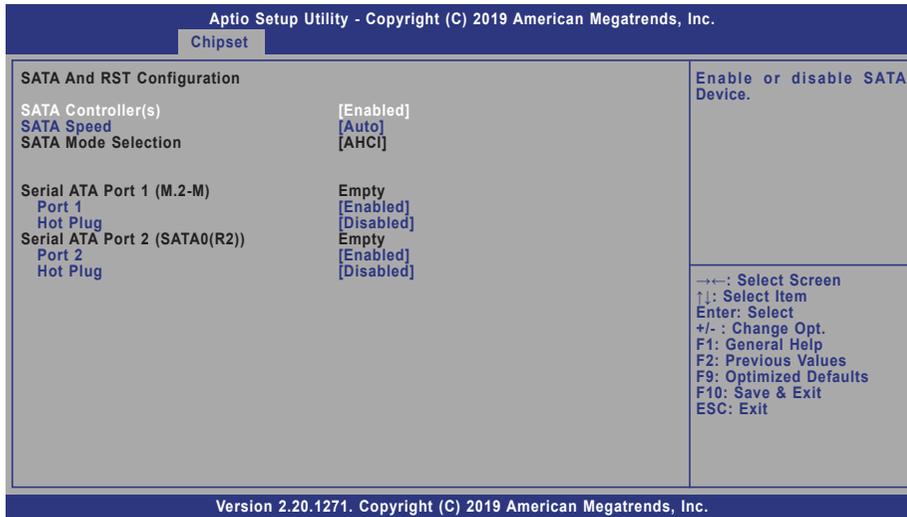
Select PCIe Speed of the current port – AUTO, Gen1, Gen 2, or Gen3. Gen 3 is only available for the PCIe1 port. This field may not appear when the speed of the port is not configurable.

Hot Plug

Enable or disable hot plug function of the port. This field may not appear when the port does not support hot plug.

► **Advanced**

SATA And RST Configuration



SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA controller.

SATA Speed

This field is used to select SATA speed generation limit: Auto, Gen1, Gen2 or Gen3.

SATA Mode Selection

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

AHCI This option allows the Serial ATA controller(s) to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration This option allows you to create RAID or Intel Rapid Storage configuration along with Intel® Optane™ system acceleration on Serial ATA devices.

Use RST Legacy OROM

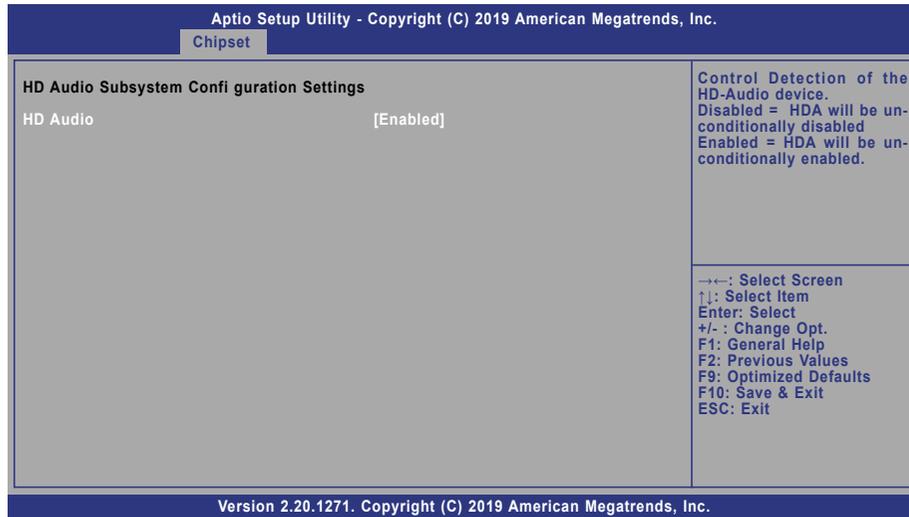
This field shows up when SATA Mode Selection is set to Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration. Enable or disable to use RST Legacy OROM when CSM is enabled.

Port and Hot Plug

Enable or disable the Serial ATA port and its hot plug function.

► Chipset

HD Audio Configuration



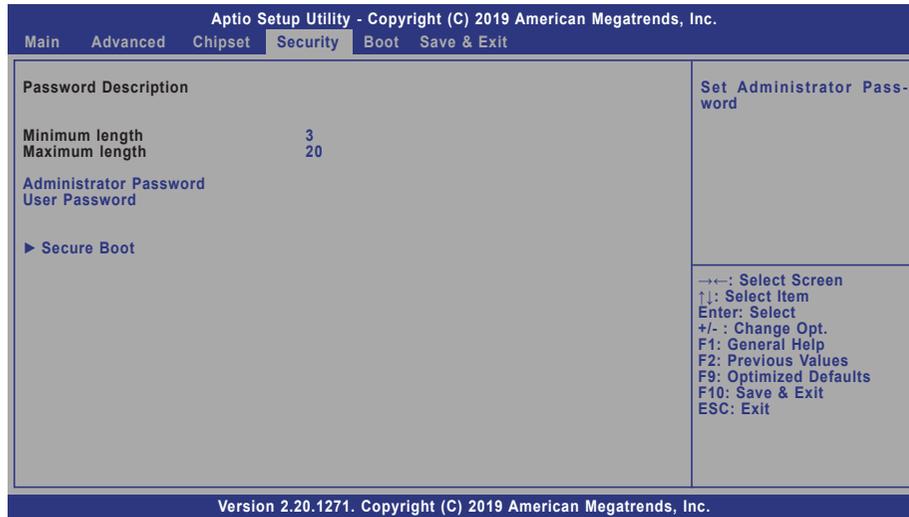
HD Audio

Control the detection of the HD Audio device.

Disabled HDA will be unconditionally disabled.

Enabled HDA will be unconditionally enabled.

► Security



Administrator Password

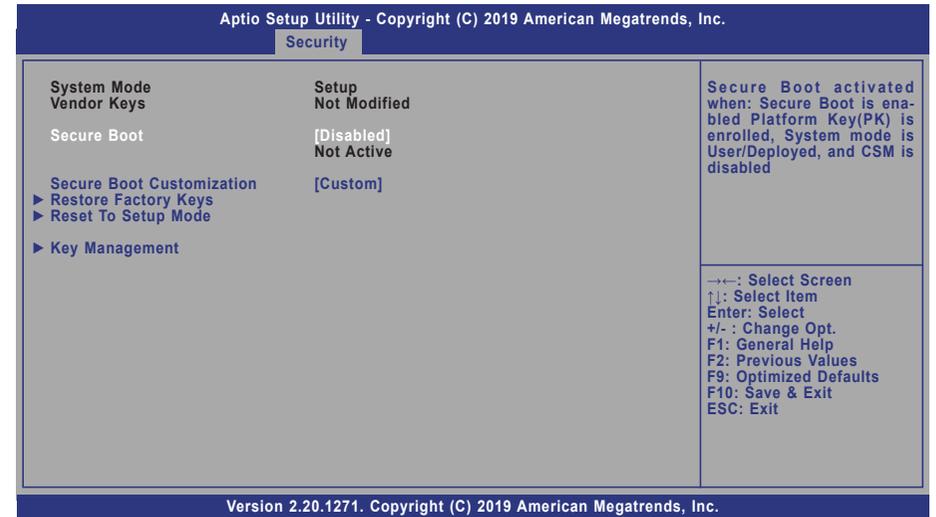
Set the administrator password. To clear the password, input nothing and press enter when a new password is asked. Administrator Password will be required when entering the BIOS.

User Password

Set the user password. To clear the password, input nothing and press enter when a new password is asked. User Password will be required when powering up the system.

► Security

Secure Boot



Secure Boot

The Secure Boot store a database of certificates in the firmware and only allows the OSeS with authorized signatures to boot on the system. To activate Secure Boot, please make sure that "Secure Boot" is "[Enabled]", Platform Key (PK) is enrolled, "System Mode" is "User", and CSM is disabled. After enabling/disabling Secure Boot, please save the configuration and restart the system. When configured and activated correctly, the Secure Boot status will be "Active".

Secure Boot Customization

Select the secure boot mode – Standard or Custom. When set to Custom, the following fields will be configurable for the user to manually modify the key database.

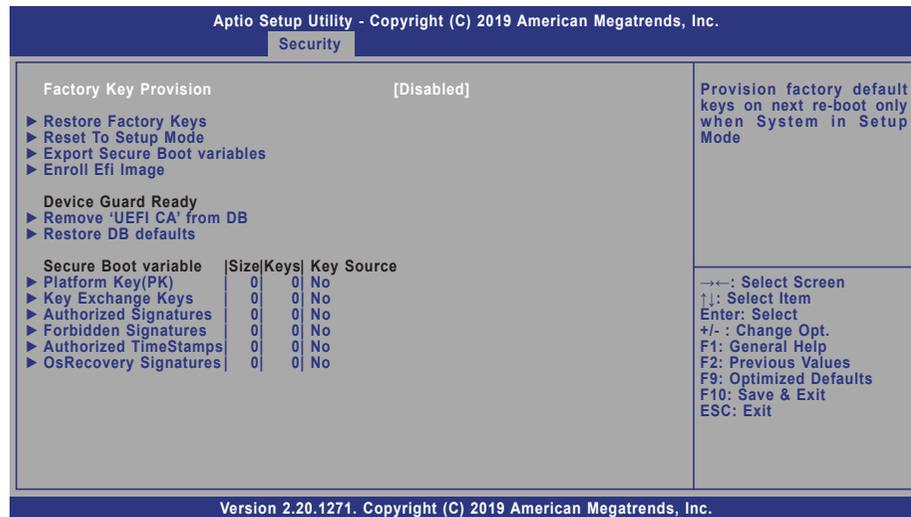
Restore Factory Keys

Force system to User Mode. Load OEM-defined factory defaults of keys and databases onto the Secure Boot. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

Reset To Setup Mode

Clear the database from the NVRAM, including all the keys and signatures installed in the Key Management menu. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

► Key Management



- “PK” for Platform Keys
- “KEK” for Key Exchange Keys
- “db” for Authorized Signatures
- “dbx” for Forbidden Signatures

Enroll Efi Image

Allow the image to run in Secure Boot mode. Enroll SHA256 Hash certificate of a PE image into Authorized Signature Database (db). Press Enter and select a storage device listed in the pop-up menu, select a directory, and then select the EFI Image document.

Remove ‘UEFI CA’ from DB

Remove Microsoft UEFI CA from the Authorized Signature database. For systems that support Device Guard, Microsoft UEFI CA must NOT be included in the Authorized Signature database.

Restore DB defaults

Press Enter to restore the database variable to factory defaults.

Manually configure the following keys and signatures. Move the cursor to the field and press Enter, and then a pop-up menu will show up.

Platform Key(PK), Key Exchange Keys, Authorized Signatures, Forbidden Signatures, Authorized TimeStamps, OsRecovery Signatures

- Details** List the information of enrolled keys and signatures
- Export** Save the key or signature as a file to the root directory of a file system. The saved files will be named automatically according to the type of key/signature as previously listed in the “Export Secure Boot Variables”.
- Update** Load factory default database
- Append** Enroll keys and signatures from a file system
- Delete** Delet keys and signatures

Factory Key Provision

Enable or disable the provision factory default keys on next re-start. This will only take place when the “System Mode” in the previous menu is in “Setup”, which can be achieved by moving the cursor to the “Reset To Setup Mode” and press Enter.

Restore Factory Keys

Force system to User Mode. Configure NVRAM to contain OEM-defined factory default Secure Boot keys.

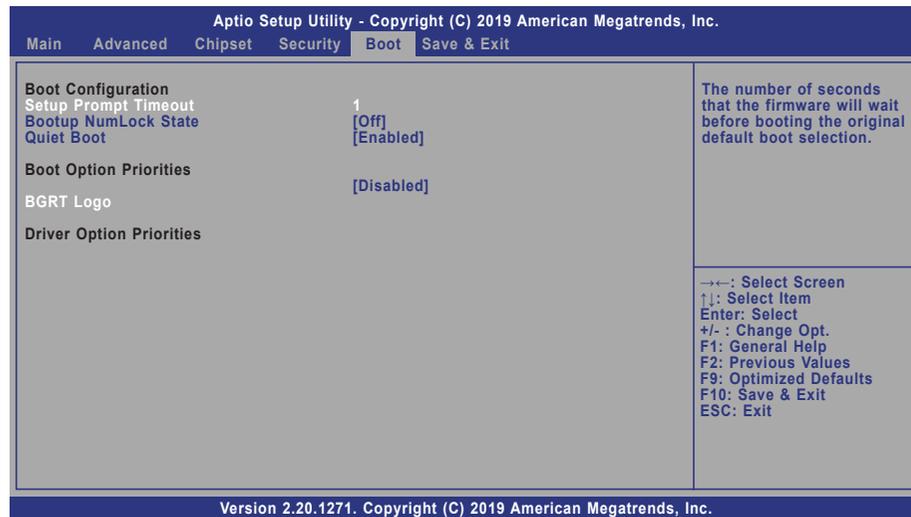
Reset To Setup Mode

Clear the database from the NVRAM, including all the keys and signatures installed in the Key Management menu. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

Export Secure Boot variables

Export the Secure Boot settings (i.e. all keys and signatures) as files to the root directory of a file system device. Press Enter and select a storage device listed in the pop-up menu. The saved files will be named automatically according to the type of key/signature as listed below.

► **Boot**



Setup Prompt Timeout

Set the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

Bootup NumLock State

Select the keyboard NumLock state: On or Off.

Quiet Boot

This section is used to enable or disable quiet boot option.

Boot Option Priorities

Rearrange the system boot order of available boot devices.

BGRT Logo

It is used to enable or disable to support display logo with ACPI BGRT table.

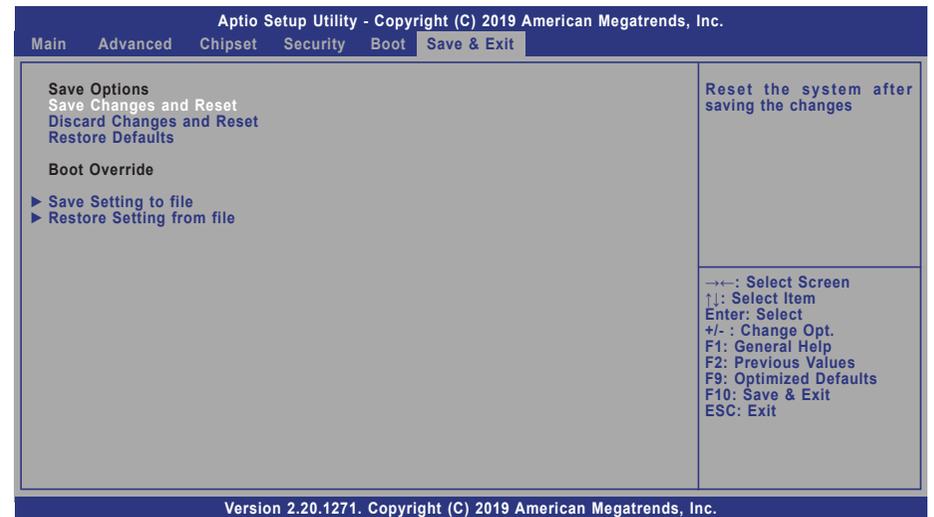
Driver Option Priorities

Rearrange the order of available drivers to be loaded.



Note:
If "Boot option filter" of "CSM Configuration" is set to "UEFI and Legacy" or "UEFI only" and "Quiet Boot" is set to enabled, "BGRT Logo" will show up for configuration. Refer to the Advanced > CSM Configuration for more information.

► **Save & Exit**



Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

Boot Override

Move the cursor to an available boot device and press Enter, and then the system will immediately boot from the selected boot device. The Boot Override function will only be effective for the current boot. The "Boot Option Priorities" configured in the Boot menu will not be changed.

► **Save Setting to file**

Select this option to save BIOS configuration settings to a USB flash device.

► **Restore Setting from file**

This field will appear only when a USB flash device is detected. Select this field to restore setting from the USB flash device.

► Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files and specific instructions about how to update BIOS with the flash utility. For updating AMI BIOS in UEFI mode, you may refer to the how-to video at <https://www.dfi.com/Knowledge/Video/5>.

► Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.



Note:

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.