

M.2 (S42)

3IE7 Series

Customer: _____

Customer

Part

Number: _____

Innodisk

Part

Number: _____

Innodisk

Model Name: _____

Date: _____

**Total Solution For
Industrial Flash Storage**

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REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Description	Date
1.0	Official Release	Aug. 2023

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1. Product Overview

1.1 Introduction of Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is characterized by L³ architecture with the latest SATA III (6.0GHz) NAND controller. Innodisk's exclusive L³ architecture is L² architecture multiplied LDPC (Low Density Parity Check). L² (Long Life) architecture is a 4K mapping algorithm that reduces WAF and features a real-time wear leveling algorithm to provide high performance and prolong lifespan with exceptional reliability. Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is designed for industrial field, and supports several standard features, including TRIM, NCQ, and S.M.A.R.T. In addition, Innodisk's exclusive industrial-oriented firmware provides a flexible customization service, making it perfect for a variety of industrial applications.

CAUTION *TRIM must be enabled.*

TRIM enables SSD's controller to skip invalid data instead of moving. It can free up significant amount of resources, extends the lifespan of SSD by reducing erase, and write cycles on the SSD. Innodisk's handling of garbage collection along with TRIM command improves write performance on SSDs.

1.2 Product View and Models

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is available in follow capacities within 3D TLC specialize in iSLC.

[M.2 \(S42\) 3IE7 16GB](#)

[M.2 \(S42\) 3IE7 32GB](#)

[M.2 \(S42\) 3IE7 64GB](#)

[M.2 \(S42\) 3IE7 128GB](#)

[M.2 \(S42\) 3IE7 256GB](#)

1.3 SATA Interface

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 supports SATA III interface, and compliant with SATA I and SATA II. SATA III interface can work with Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) host system, which is used in server computer. Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is compliant with Serial ATA Gen 1, Gen 2 and Gen 3 specification (Gen 3 supports 1.5Gbps /3.0Gbps/6.0Gbps data rate).

2. Product Specifications

2.1 Capacity and Device Parameters

M.2 (S42) 3IE7 device parameters are shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Device parameters

Capacity	LBA	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors	User Capacity(MB)
16GB	31277232	16383	16	63	15272
32GB	62533296	16383	16	63	30533
64GB	125045424	16383	16	63	61057
128GB	250069680	16383	16	63	122104
256GB	500118192	16383	16	63	244198

Note: User capacity is different because of the Die RAID function.

2.2 Performance

Burst Transfer Rate: 6.0Gbps

Table 2: Performance (112-layer 3D TLC)

Capacity	Unit	16GB	32GB	64GB	128GB	256GB
Sequential * Read (Q32T1)	MB/s	270	440	550	550	550
Sequential * Write (Q32T1)		160	290	500	510	450
4KB Random** Read (Q32T1)	IOPS	24,000	43,000	81,000	85,000	87,000
4KB Random** Write (Q32T1)		39,000	68,000	73,000	73,000	73,000

Note: * Performance results are based on CrystalDiskMark 6.0.2 with file size 1000MB.

Note: ** Performance results are based on Queue Depth 32

2.3 Electrical Specifications

2.3.1 Power Requirement

Table 3: Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 Power Requirement

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V _{IN}	+3.3 DC +- 5%	V

2.3.2 Power Consumption

Table 4: Power Consumption

Mode	Power Consumption (W)
Read (rms)	1.4
Write (rms)	1.4
Idle (rms)	0.8
Boot-Up Peak(max)	3.0

2.4 Environmental Specifications

2.4.1 Temperature Ranges

Table 5: Temperature range for M.2 (S42) 3IE7

Temperature	Range
Operating	Standard Grade: 0°C to +70°C
	Industrial Grade: -40°C to +85°C
Storage	-40°C to +85°C

2.4.2 Humidity

Relative Humidity: 10-95%, non-condensing

2.4.3 Shock and Vibration

Table 6: Shock/Vibration Testing for M.2 (S42) 3IE7

Reliability	Test Conditions	Reference Standards
Vibration	7 Hz to 2K Hz, 20G, 3 axes	IEC 60068-2-6
Mechanical Shock	Duration: 0.5ms, 1500 G, 3 axes	IEC 60068-2-27

2.4.4 Mean Time between Failures (MTBF)

Table 7 summarizes the MTBF prediction results for various M.2 (S42) 3IE7 configurations. The analysis was performed using a RAM Commander™ failure rate prediction.

- **Failure Rate:** The total number of failures within an item population, divided by the total number of life units expended by that population, during a particular measurement interval under stated condition.
- **Mean Time between Failures (MTBF):** A basic measure of reliability for repairable items: The mean number of life units during which all parts of the item perform within their specified limits, during a particular measurement interval under stated conditions.

Table 7: M.2 (S42) 3IE7 MTBF

Product	Condition	MTBF (Hours)
Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7	Telcordia SR-332 GB, 25°C	>3,000,000

2.5 CE and FCC Compatibility

M.2 (S42) 3IE7 conforms to CE and FCC requirements.

2.6 RoHS Compliance

M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is fully compliant with RoHS directive.

2.7 Reliability

Table 8: M.2 (S42) 3IE7 TBW

Parameter		Value
Read Cycles		Unlimited Read Cycles
Flash endurance		100,000 P/E cycles
Wear-Leveling Algorithm		Support
Bad Blocks Management		Support
DIE RAID Recovery		Support
Error Correct Code		Support
TBW* (Total Bytes Written) Units: TB		
Capacity	Sequential workload	Client workload
16GB	1360	1000
32GB	2720	2000
64GB	4080	3000
128GB	5440	4000
256GB	6800	5000
<p>* Note:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Sequential: Mainly sequential write, tested by Vdbench. Client: Follow JESD218 Test method and JESD219A Workload, tested by ULINK. (The capacity lower than 64GB client workload is not specified in JEDEC219A, the values are estimated.) Based on out-of-box performance. 		

2.8 Transfer Mode

M.2 (S42) 3IE7 support following transfer mode:

Serial ATA III 6.0Gbps

Serial ATA II 3.0Gbps

Serial ATA I 1.5Gbps

2.9 Pin Assignment

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 uses a standard SATA pin-out. See Table 9 for M.2 (S42) 3IE7 pin assignment.

Table 9: Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 Pin Assignment

Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
		75	GND
3.3V	74	73	GND
3.3V	72	71	GND
3.3V	70	69	GND
NC	68	67	NC
Notch	66	65	Notch
Notch	64	63	Notch
Notch	62	61	Notch
Notch	60	59	Notch
NC	58		
NC	56	57	GND
NC	54	55	NC
NC	52	53	NC
NC	50	51	GND
NC	48	49	RX+
NC	46	47	RX-
NC	44	45	GND
NC	42	43	TX-
NC	40	41	TX+
DEVSLP	38	39	GND
NC	36	37	NC
NC	34	35	NC
NC	32	33	GND
NC	30	31	NC
NC	28	29	NC
NC	26	27	GND
NC	24	25	NC
NC	22	23	NC
NC	20	21	GND
Notch	18	19	Notch
Notch	16	17	Notch
Notch	14	15	Notch
Notch	12	13	Notch

DAS/DSS	10	11	NC
NC	8	9	NC
NC	6	7	NC
3.3V	4	5	NC
3.3V	2	3	GND
		1	GND

2.10 Mechanical Dimensions

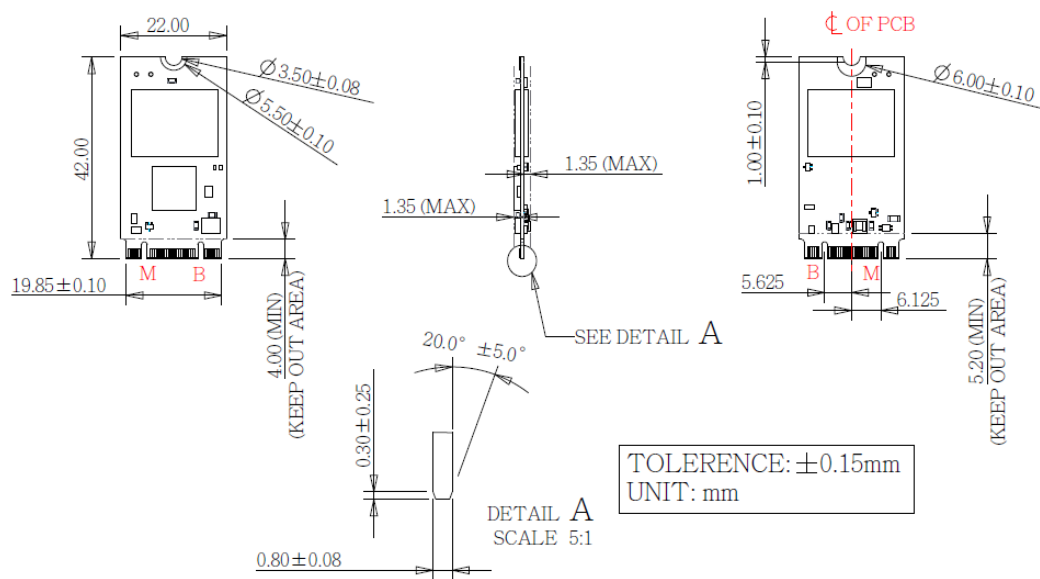


Figure 1: Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 diagram (BGA)

2.11 Assembly Weight

An Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 within flash ICs, 64GB's weight is 8 grams approximately.

2.12 Seek Time

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is not a magnetic rotating design. There is no seek or rotational latency required.

2.13 Hot Plug

The SSD support hot plug function and can be removed or plugged-in during operation. User has to avoid hot plugging the SSD which is configured as boot device and installed operation system.

Surprise hot plug : The insertion of a SATA device into a backplane (combine signal and power) that has power present. The device powers up and initiates an OOB sequence.

Surprise hot removal: The removal of a SATA device from a powered backplane, without first being placed in a quiescent state.

2.14 NAND Flash Memory

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 uses 3D Triple Level Cell (TLC) NAND flash memory, with 100,000 program & erase cycles, which is non-volatility, high reliability and high speed memory storage.

3. Theory of Operation

3.1 Overview

Figure 2 shows the operation of Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 from the system level, including the major hardware blocks.

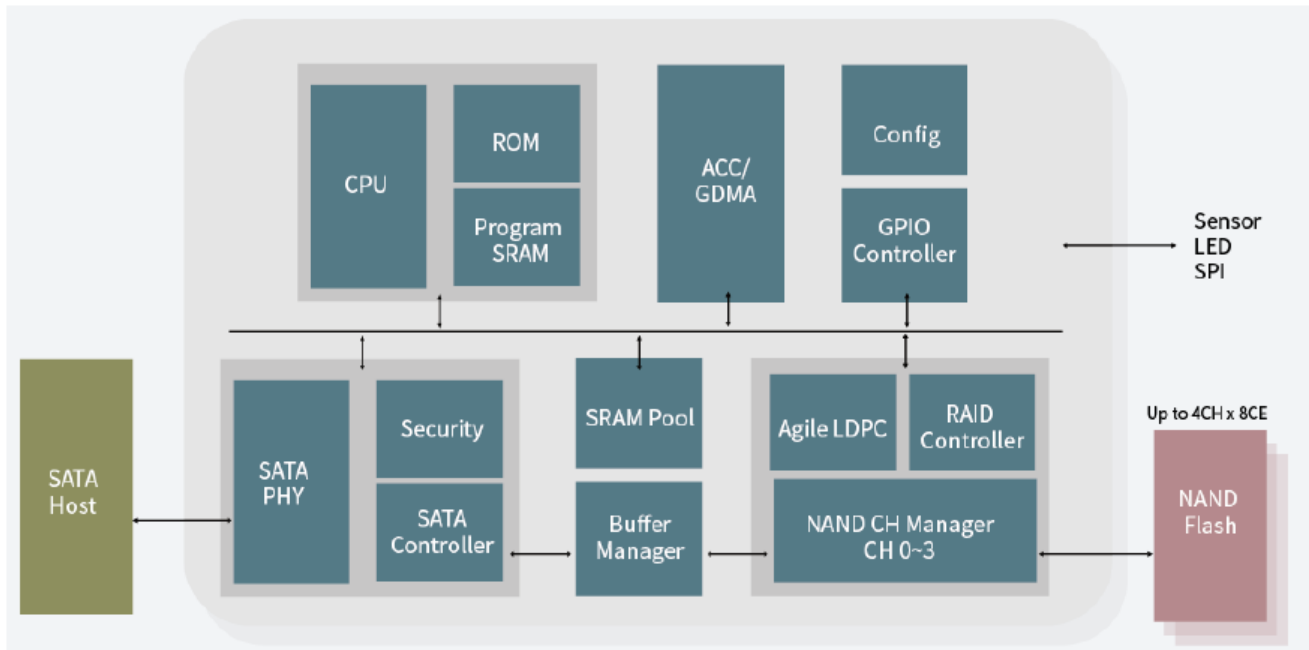


Figure 2: Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 Block Diagram

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 integrates a SATA III controller and NAND flash memories. Communication with the host occurs through the host interface, using the standard ATA protocol. Communication with the flash device(s) occurs through the flash interface.

3.2 SATA III Controller

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 is designed with SATA III 6.0Gbps (Gen. 3) Controller, a SATA III 6.0Gbps (Gen. 3) controller. The Serial ATA physical, link and transport layers are compliant with Serial ATA Gen 1, Gen 2 and Gen 3 specification (Gen 3 supports 1.5Gbps/3.0Gbps/6.0Gbps data rate). The controller has 2 channels for flash interface.

3.3 Error Detection and Correction

Innodisk 2.5" SATA SSD 3IE7 is designed with hardware LDPC ECC engine with hard-decision and soft-decision decoding. Low-density parity-check (LDPC) codes have excellent error correcting performance close to the Shannon limit when decoded with the belief-propagation (BP) algorithm using soft-decision information.

3.4 Wear-Leveling

Flash memory can be erased within a limited number of times. This number is called the **erase cycle limit** or **write endurance limit** and is defined by the flash array vendor. The erase cycle limit applies to each individual erase block in the flash device.

Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 uses a static wear-leveling algorithm to ensure that consecutive writes of a specific sector are not written physically to the same page/block in the flash. This spreads flash media usage evenly across all pages, thereby extending flash lifetime.

3.5 Bad Blocks Management

Bad Blocks are blocks that contain one or more invalid bits whose reliability are not guaranteed. The Bad Blocks may be presented while the SSD is shipped, or may develop during the life time of the SSD. When the Bad Blocks is detected, it will be flagged, and not be used anymore. The SSD implement Bad Blocks management, Bad Blocks replacement, Error Correct Code to avoid data error occurred. The functions will be enabled automatically to transfer data from Bad Blocks to spare blocks, and correct error bit.

3.6 iData Guard

Innodisk's iData Guard is a comprehensive data protection mechanism that functions before and after a sudden power outage to SSD. Low-power detection terminates data writing before an abnormal power-off, while table-remapping after power-on deletes corrupt data and maintains data integrity. Innodisk's iData Guard provides effective power cycling management, preventing data stored in flash from degrading with use.

3.7 Garbage Collection

Garbage collection is used to maintain data consistency and perform continual data cleansing on SSDs. It runs as a background process, freeing up valuable controller resources while sorting good data into available blocks, and deleting bad blocks. It also significantly reduces write operations to the drive, thereby increasing the SSD's speed and lifespan.

3.8 Trim

The Trim command is designed to enable the operating system to notify the SSD which pages no longer contain valid data due to erases either by the user or operating system itself. During a delete operation, the OS will mark the sectors as free for new data and send a Trim command to the SSD to mark them as not containing valid data. After that the SSD knows not to preserve the contents of the block when writing a page, resulting in less write amplification with fewer writes to the flash, higher write speed, and increased drive life.

3.9 iPower Guard

iPower Guard technology is a set of preventive measures that protect the SSD in an unstable power supply environment. This comprehensive package comprises safeguards for startup and shutdown to maintain device performance and ensure data integrity.

3.10 Die RAID

Die RAID is a controller function which leveraged user capacity to back up the data in NAND flash. Die RAID supported can ensure the user data in the NAND Flash more consistent in certain scenario. Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 series is default enable the Die RAID function for the industrial application.

3.11 AES function flow chart (Enabled on D%DK2% PN)

With embedded AES engine, 3IE7 utilizes the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) to secure data. By encrypting data at the hardware level, it ensures data confidentiality and protects against unauthorized access while maintaining SSD performance.

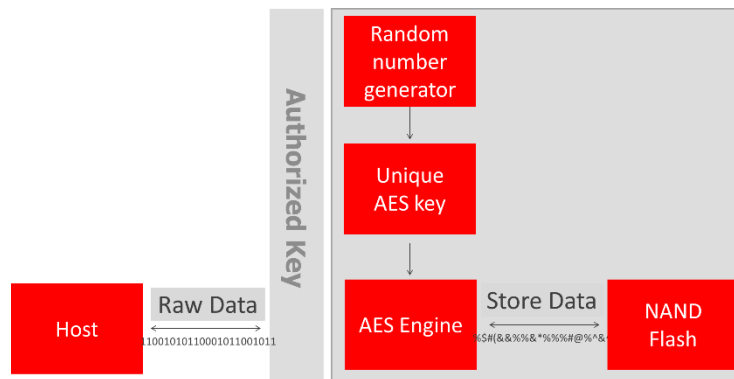


Figure 3: Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 AES flow chart

3.11.1 Encrypted Key Management

Innodisk 3IE7 SSD includes two methods of key management to apply to different applications. The first is a standard approach that allows the firmware to generate a random number and a unique key when it leaves the factory. This method ensures that the user can easily apply the SSD with the data encrypted key. Another approach is to meet unique customer requirements with an encrypted key generated by an SSD from the SATA interface host. The SSD must keep the encrypted key value when receiving the reset commands. This method works best for the SSD as a removable device in different systems. Innodisk provides the test tool to execute the AES hardware encryption. This user-friendly tool, developed by Innodisk Corporation, allows the customer to use/test encryption functions.

3.11.2 Authorized Key Management

In order to complete the physical security layer of protection, encryption needs to be bundled with an ATA user password provided by an ATA Security command. Unlike the AES key, the authorized key must be set by the user via the BIOS configuration. Every time you power on the system with SSD encryption, a password request prompt is sent to access the SSD. If the password is correct, the SSD will run well; if not, you will not be able to access the SSD.

Command	Command Code
SECURITY SET PASSWORD	0XF1
SECURITY UNLOCK	0XF2
SECURITY ERASE PREPARE	0XF3
SECURITY ERASE UNIT	0XF4
SECURITY FREEZE LOCK	0XF5
SECURITY DISABLE PASSWORD	0XF6

Table 10: ATA Security command

Command	Command code		Feature`	Feature Code
SANITIZE	0x B4	+	SANITIZE FREEZE LOCK EXT	0x20
			SANITIZE STATUS EXT	0x00
			BLOCK ERASE EXT	0x12
			SANITIZE ANTIFREEZE LOCK EXT	0x40
			SANITIZE CRYPTO SCRAMBLE EXT	0x11

Table 11: Sanitize command

4. Installation Requirements

4.1 M.2 (S42) 3IE7 Pin Directions

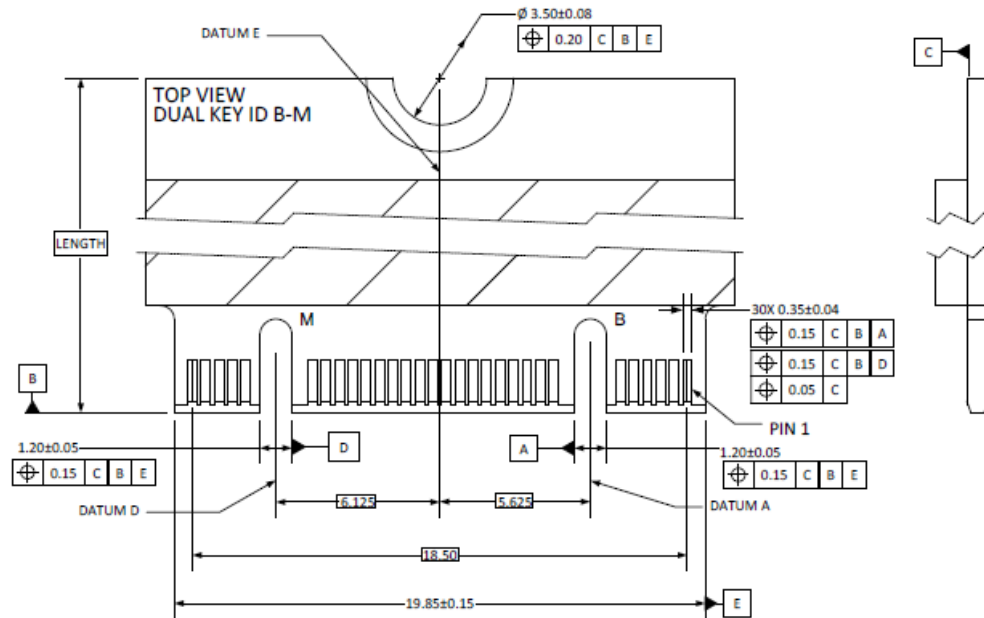


Figure 4: Signal Segment and Power Segment

4.2 Electrical Connections for M.2 (S42) 3IE7

A Serial ATA device may be either directly connected to a host or connected to a host through a cable. For connection via cable, the cable should be no longer than 1meter. The SATA interface has a separate connector for the power supply. Please refer to the pin description for further details.

4.3 Device Drive

No additional device drives are required. The Innodisk M.2 (S42) 3IE7 can be configured as a boot device.

5. SMART Feature Set

Innodisk 3IE7 series support the SMART command set and defines some vendor-specific data to report SMART attributes of SSD.

Table 12: SMART command

Value	Command	Value	Command
D0h	Read Data	D5h	Read Log
D1h	Read Attribute Threshold	D6h	Return Status
D2h	Enable/Disable Auto save	D8h	Enable SMART Operations
D3h	Save Attribute Values	D9h	Disable SMART Operations
D4h	Execute OFF-LINE Immediate	DAh	Return Status

5.1 SMART Attributes

Innodisk 3IE7 series SMART data attributes are listed in following table.

Table 13: SMART attribute

Attribute ID (hex)	Value	Raw Attribute Value						Rsv	Attribute Name
01	X								Read Error Rate
05	X	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Later Bad
09	LSB	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Power-On hours Count
0C	LSB	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Drive Power Cycle Count
A3	X	LSB			MSB	00	00	00	Total Bad Block Count
A5	LSB	LSB			MSB	00	00	00	Max Erase count
A7	LSB	LSB			MSB	00	00	00	Avg Erase count
A9	LSB	LSB	00	00	00	00	00	00	Device Life
AA	X	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Spare Block Count
AB	LSB	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Program fail count
AC	LSB	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Erase fail count
C0	LSB	LSB	MSB	00	00	00	00	00	Unexpected Power Loss Count

C2	LSB			MIN		MAX	00	00	Temperature
E5		ID 0	ID 1	ID 2	ID 3	ID 4	ID 5		Flash ID
EB			MSB	LSB	MSB	LSB	MSB	LSB	Later bad block info (Read/Write/Erase)
F1	00	LSB			MSB	00	00	00	Total LBA written(LBA=32MB)
F2	00	LSB			MSB	00	00	00	Total LBA read(LBA=32MB)

6. Part Number Rule

CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	D	H	M	2	4	-	3	2	G	D	K	1	K	W	A	D	F	-	X	X	X
Definition																					
Code 1st (Disk)											Code 14th (Operation Temperature)										
D : Disk											C: Standard Grade (0°C~ +70°C)										
Code 2nd (Feature set)											W: Industrial Grade (-40°C~ +85°C)										
H : iSLC Mode																					
Code 3rd ~5th (Form factor)											Code 15th (Internal control)										
M24: M.2 Type 2242-D2-B-M											A: BGA PCB version.										
Code 7th ~9th (Capacity)											Code 16th (Channel of data transfer)										
16G: 16GB			32G: 32GB			64G: 64GB					S: Single Channels										
A28: 128GB			B56: 256GB								D: Dual Channels										
											Q: Quad Channels										
Code 10th ~12th (Controller)											Code 17th (Flash Type)										
DK1: SATA 3IE7											F: Kioxia 3D TLC										
DK2: SATA 3IE7 with AES Enabled																					
Code 13th (Flash mode)											Code 19th ~21st (Customize code)										
K: 112 layers 3D TLC																					