



HU551/HU553

Embedded SBC 3.5"
User's Manual

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Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

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Trademarks

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arise from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One HU551/HU553 board
- One Serial ATA data cable
- One Serial ATA power Y cable
- One DVD
- One QR (Quick Reference)
- One Heat sink with fan

Optional Items

- USB port cable
- COM port cable
- Serial ATA data cable
- Power adapter (100W, 12V)
- Power adapter (120W, 19V)

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

Specifications

Processor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4th generation Intel® Core™ processors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> : Intel® Core™ i7-4650U, 4M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz, 15W : Intel® Core™ i5-4300U, 3M Cache, up to 2.9 GHz, 15W : Intel® Core™ i3-4010U, 3M Cache, 1.7 GHz, 15W : Intel® Celeron® 2980U, 2M Cache, 1.6 GHz, 15W BGA 1168 packaging technology 22nm process technology
Super I/O Address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NCT6106/4Eh
System Memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> One 204-pin SODIMM socket Supports DDR3L 1333/1600MHz Supports up to 8GB system memory Supports single channel memory interface DRAM device technologies: 1Gb, 2Gb and 4Gb DDR3L DRAM technologies are supported for x8 and x16 devices, unbuffered, non-ECC
Expansion Interfaces	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 Mini PCIe slots <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 full size supports USB, PCIe, mSATA and LPC signals - 1 half size supports USB, PCIe and 3G signals 1 SIM card socket
Graphics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intel® HD Graphics GT series Display ports: 1 LVDS, 2 DP (default) or 2 HDMI* (optional) LVDS: NXP PTN3460, 48-bit, dual channel, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz DP: resolution up to 3200 x 2000 @ 60Hz HDMI: resolution up to 4096x2304 @ 24Hz or 2560x1600 @ 60Hz Intel® Clear Video Technology Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 2.0 (Intel® AVX 2.0) Instructions Supports DirectX 11.1, OpenGL 4.0, OpenCL 1.2
Audio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Realtek ALC888 5.1-channel High Definition Audio
LAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller Intel® I218 with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab
Serial ATA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 SATA 3.0 ports with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller Supports RAID 0/1 Supports Intel® Smart Response Technology
Active Management Technology - AMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supports iAMT9.5 Out-of-band system access Remote troubleshooting and recovery Hardware-based agent presence checking Proactive alerting Remote hardware and software asset tracking
Trusted Platform Module - TPM* (optional)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a Trusted PC for secure transactions Provides software license protection, enforcement and password protection
WatchDog Timer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Watchdog timeout programmable via software from 1 to 255 seconds
BIOS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AMI BIOS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 64Mbit SPI BIOS

Rear Panel I/O Ports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 12V (HU551) or 15~36V (HU553) DC-in jack or 4-pin power connector* (optional) 2 DP (default) or 2 HDMI ports* (optional) 2 RJ45 LAN ports 4 USB 3.0 ports
I/O Connectors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 connector for 2 external USB 2.0 ports 3 connectors for 3 external serial ports (2.0mm pitch) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 RS485 - 2 RS232 1 LVDS LCD panel connector 1 LCD/inverter power connector 1 8-bit Digital I/O and/or power connector 1 front audio connector for line-out and mic-in jacks 1 LPC connector 1 SMBus connector 2 Serial ATA connectors 1 Serial ATA power connector 1 front panel connector 1 chassis intrusion connector 2 fan connectors
Energy Efficient Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supports ErP Lot6 power saving* (optional) Supports ACPI System Power Management Wake-On-Events include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Wake-On-USB KB/Mouse - Wake-On-LAN - RTC timer to power-on the system AC power failure recovery
Damage Free Intelligence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitors CPU/system temperature and overheat alarm Monitors VCORE/12V/5V/DDR voltages and failure alarm Monitors CPU/system fan speed and failure alarm Read back capability that displays temperature, voltage and fan speed
Power Consumption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HU553-N-4650U: 19.68W with i7-4650U at 1.7GHz and 2x 4GB DDR3L SODIMM
OS Support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Windows 7 Ultimate x86 & SP1 (32-bit) Windows 7 Ultimate x64 & SP1 (64-bit) Windows 8 Enterprise x86 (32-bit) Windows 8 Enterprise x64 (64-bit) Windows 8.1 Embedded Pro x86 (32-bit) Windows 8.1 Embedded Pro x64 (64-bit)
Temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operating: 0°C to 60°C Storage: -20°C to 85°C
Humidity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5°C to 90°C
Dimensions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.5" board 146mm (5.75") x 102mm (4.02")


Note:

*Optional and is not supported in standard model. Please contact your sales representative for more information.

Features

• Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

• DDR3L

DDR3L is a higher performance DDR3 SDRAM interface providing less voltage and higher speed successor. DDR3L SDRAM modules support 1333/1600MHz for DDR modules. DDR3L delivers increased system bandwidth and improved performance to provide its higher bandwidth and its increase in performance at a lower power.

• Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications. Supports 1 LVDS and 2 DP (default); or 2 HDMI (optional) interfaces for display outputs.

• Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s.

• Gigabit LAN

Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet and Intel® I218 with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy controllers support up to 1Gbps data transmission.

• Audio

The Realtek ALC888 audio codec provides 5.1-channel High Definition audio output.

• Power Failure Recovery

When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

• USB

The system board supports the new USB 3.0. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 5 Gbit/s (625 MB/s) and is faster than USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.0 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

• Wake-On-LAN

This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCI LAN card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRQ or DMA interrupt.



Important:

The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 720\text{mA}$.

• Wake-On-USB

This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.



Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5\text{A}$. For 3 or more USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2\text{A}$.

• ACPI STR

The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting “Standby” when you shut down Windows® without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.



Important:

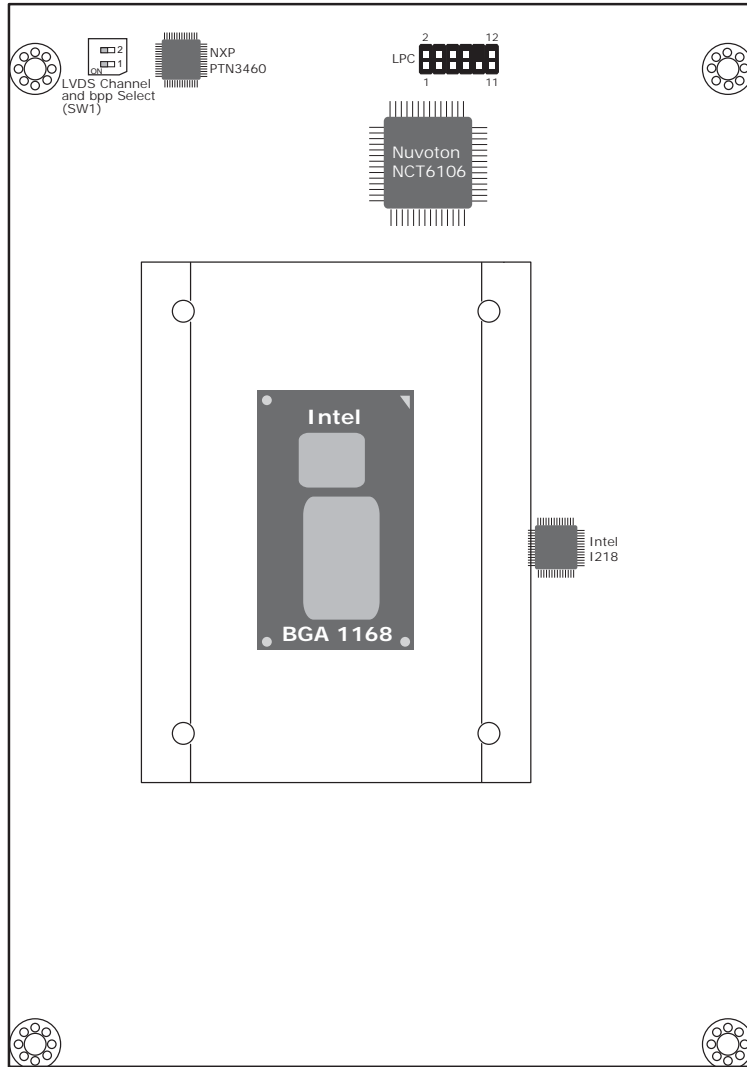
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 720\text{mA}$.

• RTC Timer

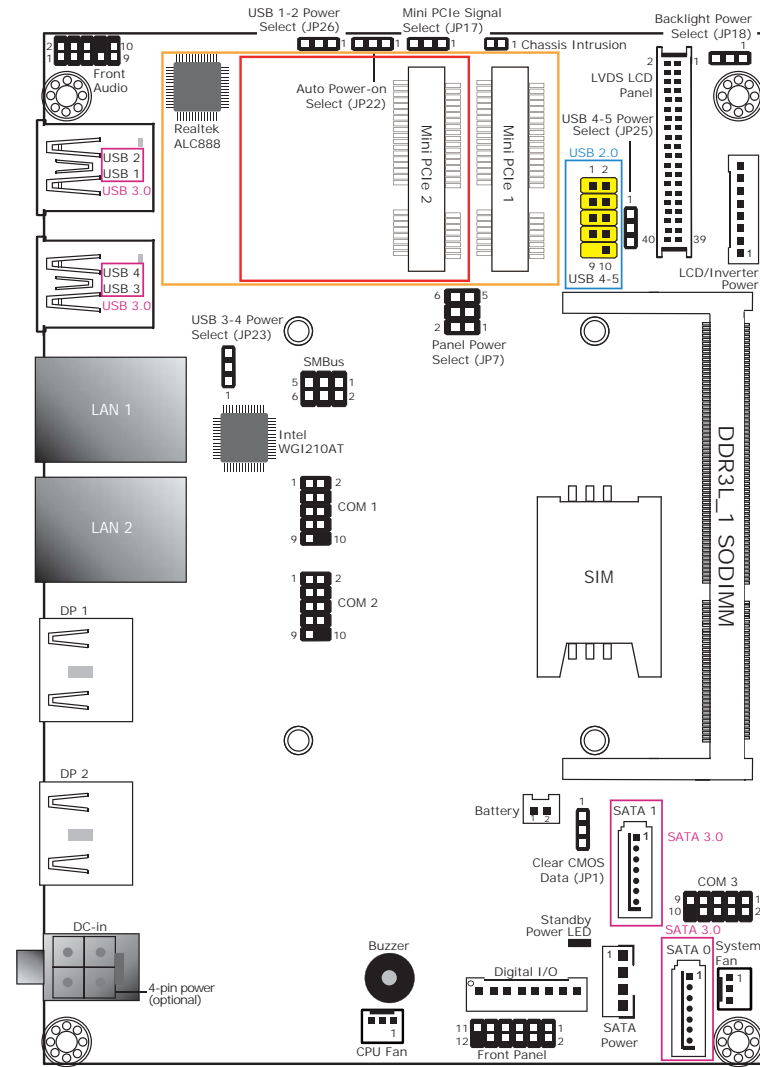
The RTC installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

Board Layout

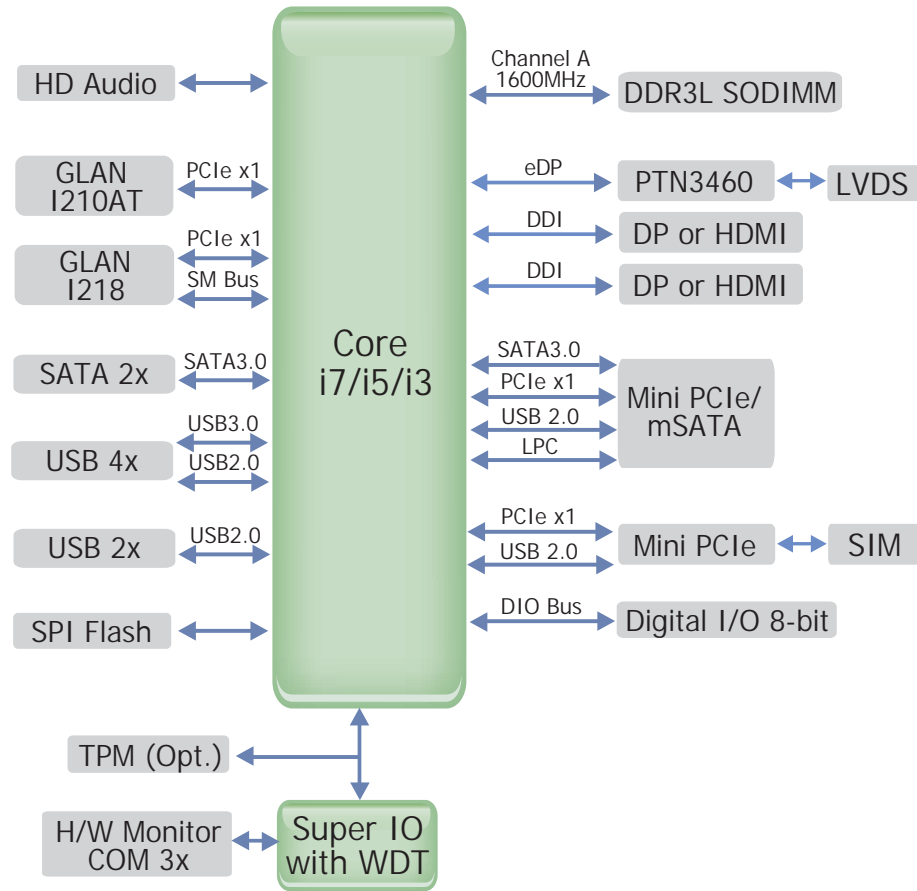


Top View

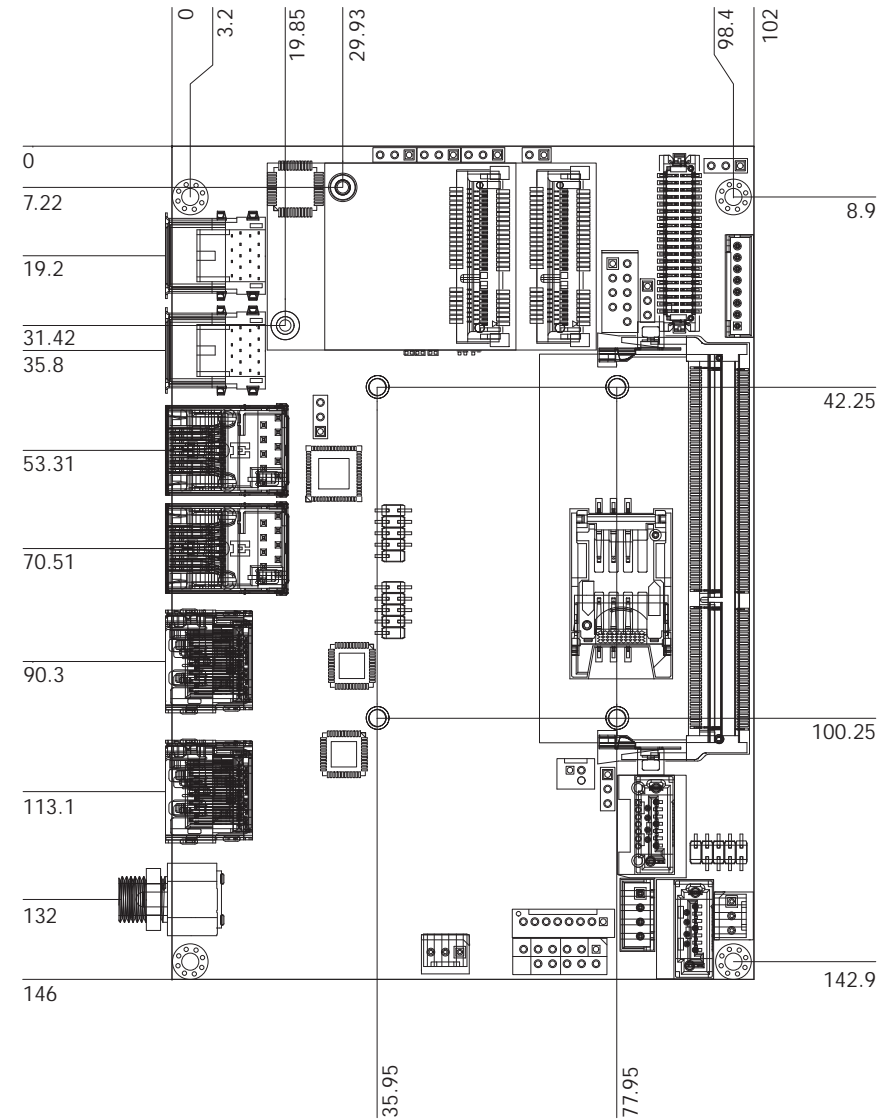


Bottom View

Block Diagram



Mechanical Diagram



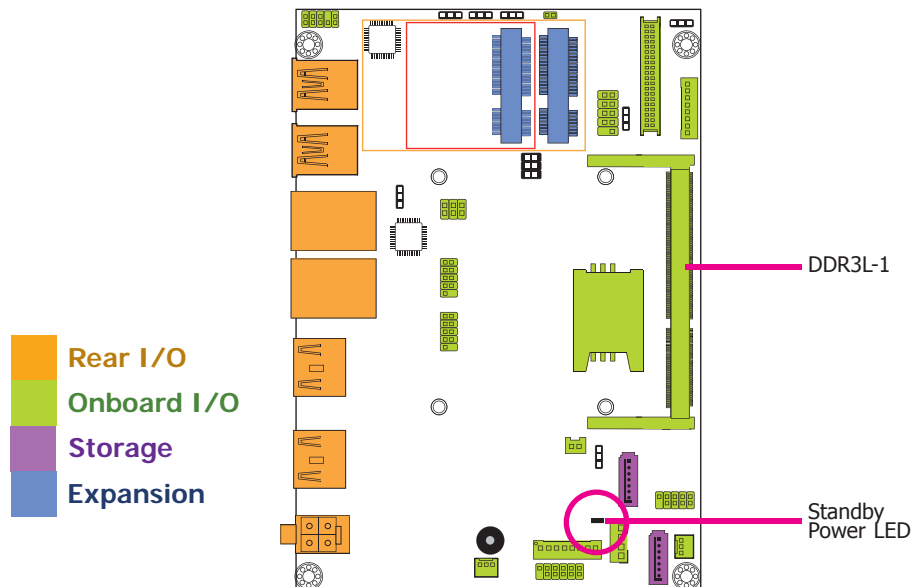
**Important:**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

System Memory

**Important:**

When the Standby Power LED lights red, it indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.



Features

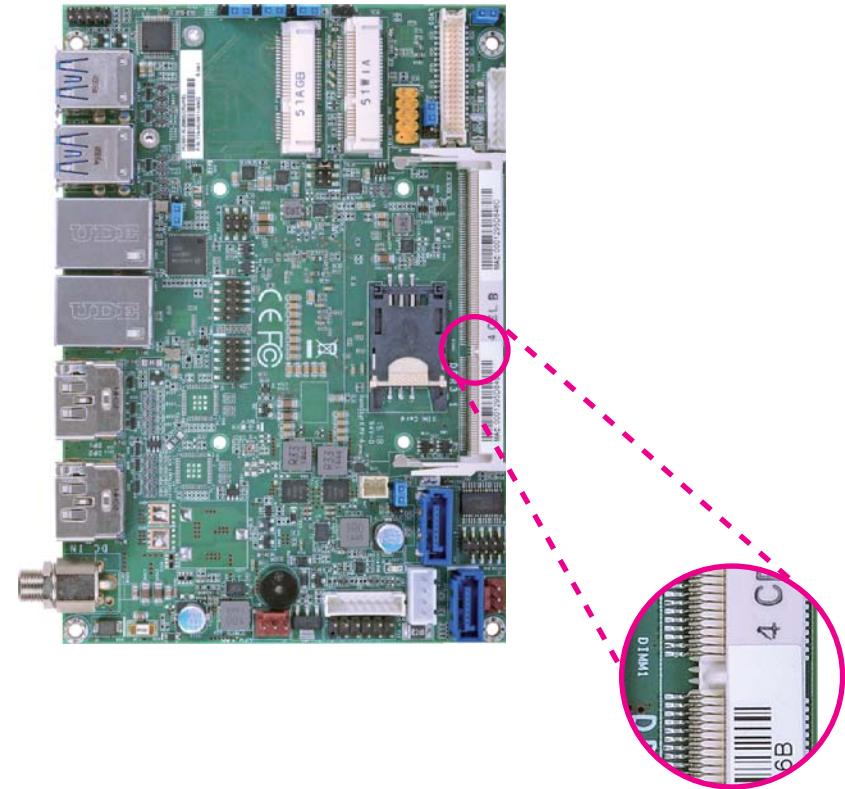
- One 204-pin DDR3L SODIMM socket
- Supports 1333/1600MHz DDR3L SDRAM
- Supports up to 8GB system memory
- Supports single channel memory interface

Installing the DIMM Module

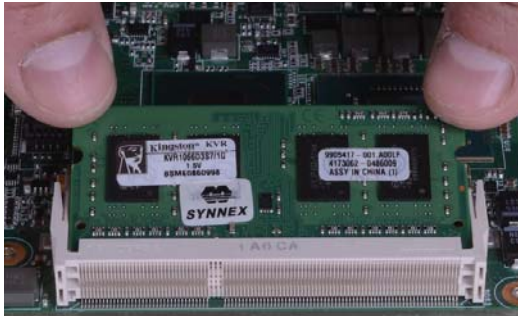
**Note:**

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the SODIMM socket on the system board.
4. Note the key on the socket. The key ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in only one direction.



- Grasping the module by its edges, align the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.

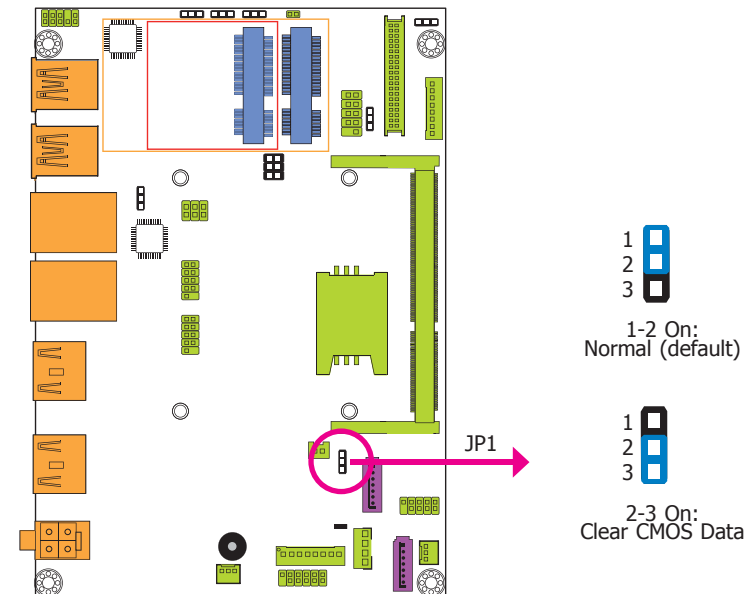


- Push down the module until the clips at each end of the socket lock into position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the module is correctly locked into position.



Jumper Settings

Clear CMOS Data



If you encounter the following,

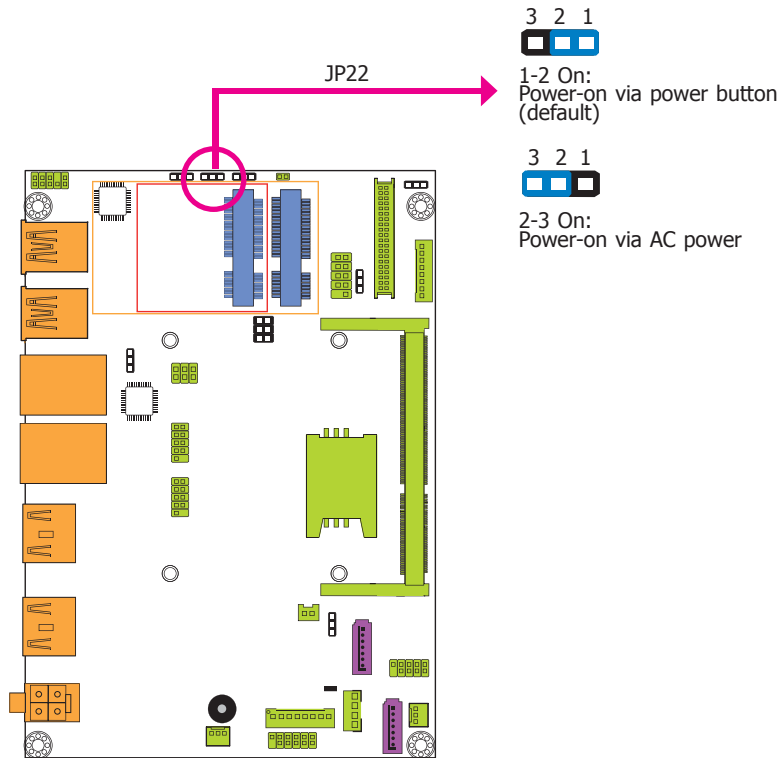
- CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- You forgot the supervisor or user password.

you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

- Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
- Set JP1 pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set JP1 back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
- Now plug the power cord and power-on the system.

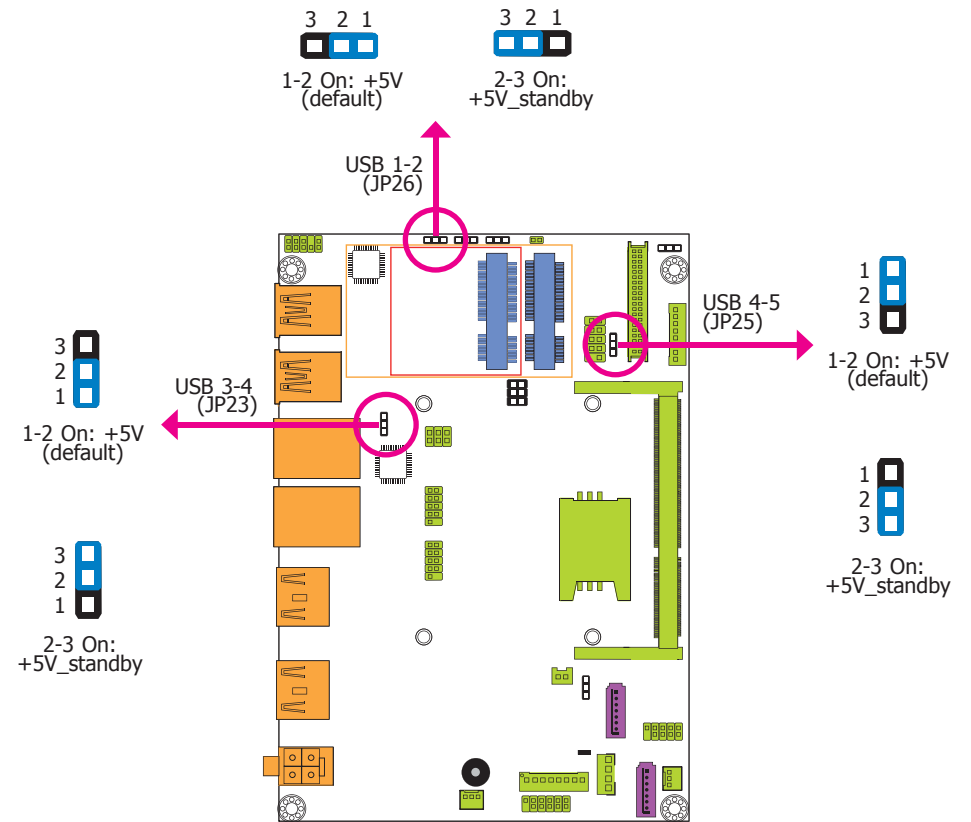
Auto Power-on Select



JP22 is used to select the method of powering on the system. If you want the system to power-on whenever AC power comes in, set JP22 pins 2 and 3 to On. If you want to use the power button, set pins 1 and 2 to On.

When using the JP22 "Power On" feature to power the system back on after a power failure occurs, the system may not power on if the power lost is resumed within 5 seconds (power flicker).

USB Power Select



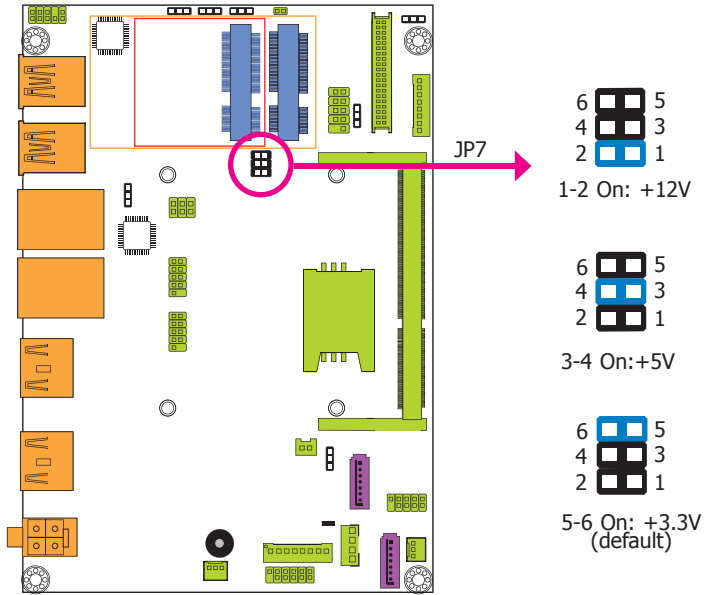
JP23, JP25 and JP26 are used to select the power of the USB ports. Selecting +5V_standby will allow you to use a USB device to wake up the system.



Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5A$. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2A$.

Panel Power Select



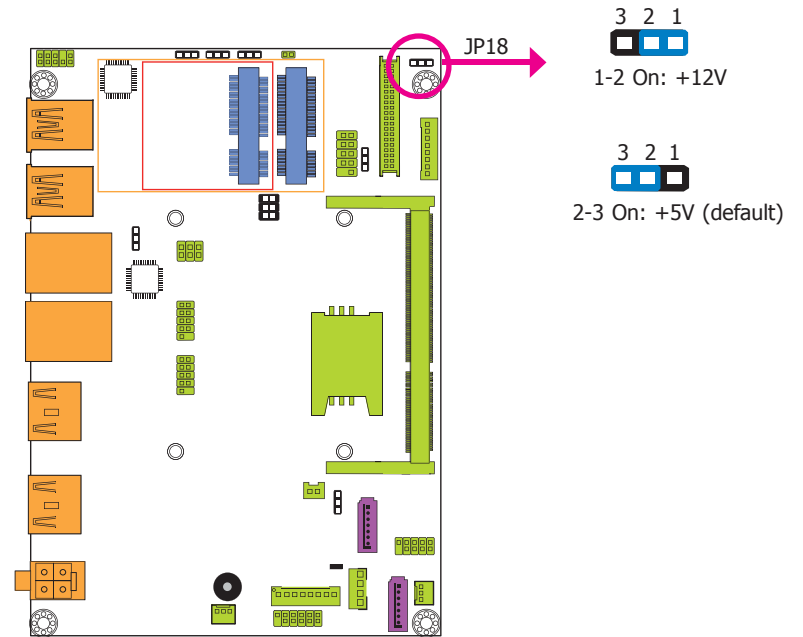
JP7 is used to select the power supplied with the LCD panel.



Important:

Before powering-on the system, make sure that the power settings of JP7 match the LCD panel's specification. Selecting the incorrect voltage will seriously damage the LCD panel.

Backlight Power Select



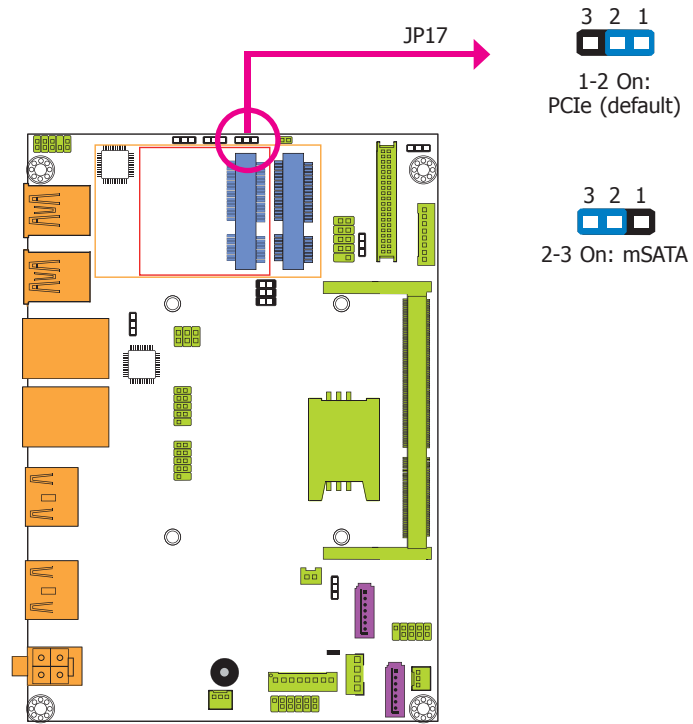
JP18 is used to select the power level of backlight brightness control: +12V or +5V.



Important:

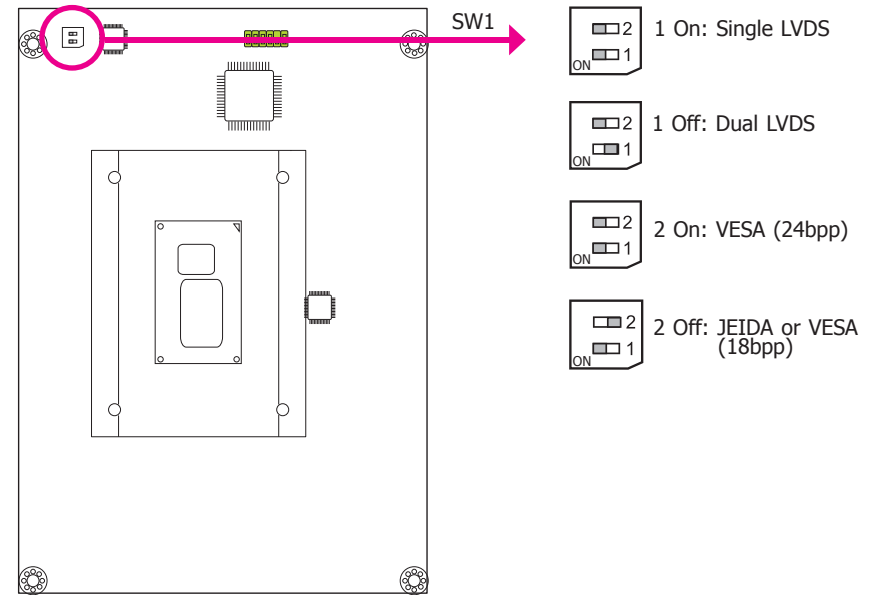
Before powering-on the system, make sure that the power settings of JP18 match the power specification of backlight control. Selecting the incorrect voltage will seriously damage the backlight.

Mini PCIe Signal Select



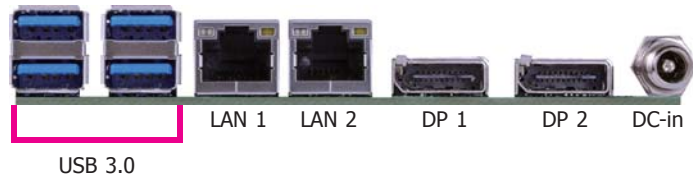
JP17 is used to select the Mini PCIe signal: PCIe (default) or mSATA.

LVDS Channel and bpp Select



Switch 1 allows you to select the LVDS channel and the color of bits per pixel.

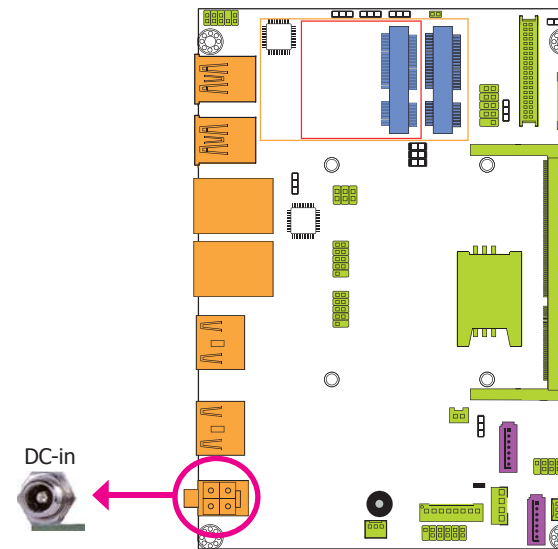
Rear Panel I/O Ports



The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

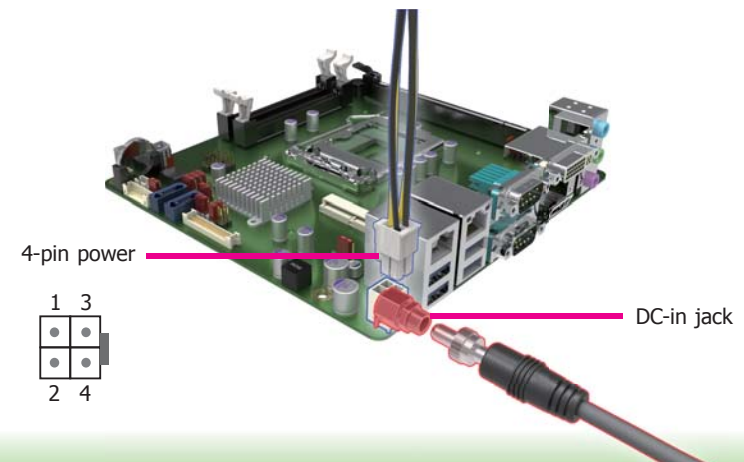
- 1 12V (HU551) or 15~36V (HU553) DC-in jack or 4-pin power connector* (optional)
- 2 DP (default) or 2 HDMI ports* (optional)
- 2 RJ45 LAN ports
- 4 USB 3.0 ports

12V DC-in (HU551)/15~36V DC-in (HU553)



This jack provides maximum of 100W/120W power and is considered a low power solution. Connect a DC power cord to this jack. We only provide 12V/19V power adapter in the optional package contents. Using a voltage more than the recommended range may fail to boot the system or cause damage to the system board.

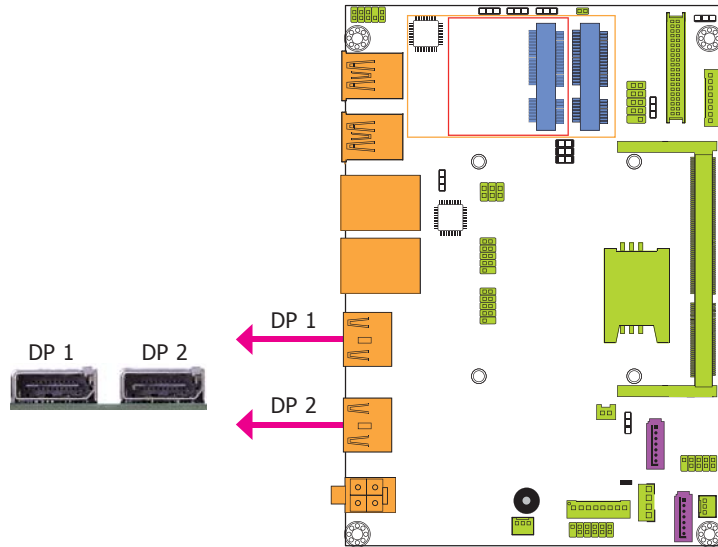
The DC-in jack on the system board co-lays with a 4-pin power connector (optional) as the photo displayed below.



Graphics Interfaces

The display ports consist of the following:

- 2 DP ports



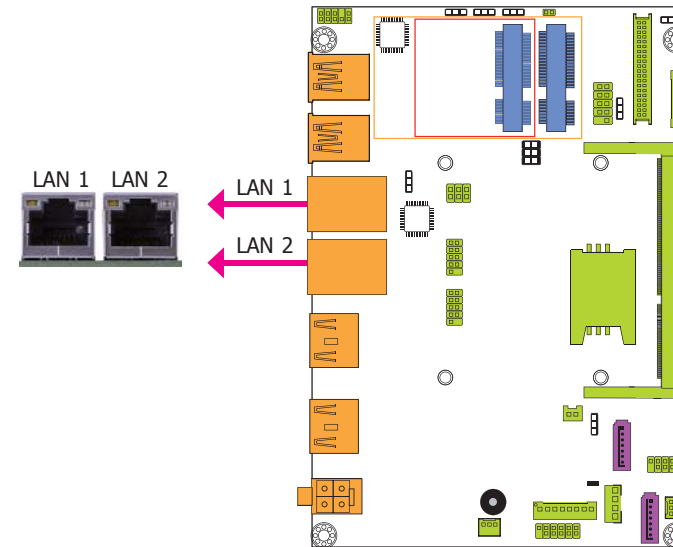
DP Ports

The DisplayPort is a digital display interface used to connect a display device such as a computer monitor. It is used to transmit audio and video simultaneously. The interface, which is developed by VESA, delivers higher performance features than any other digital interface.

Driver Installation

Install the graphics driver. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

RJ45 LAN Ports



Features

- Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller
- Intel® I218 with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy

The LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

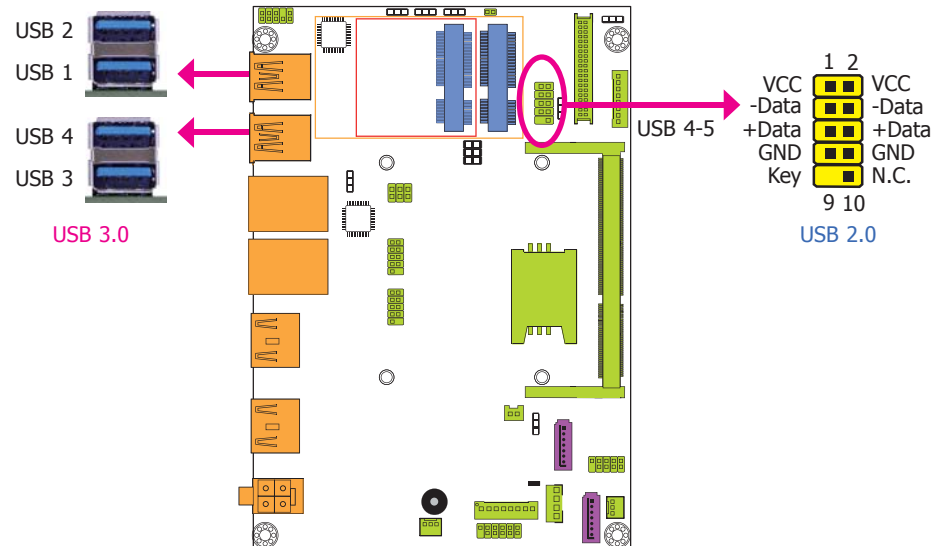
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN in the Chipset menu ("PCH-IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

USB Ports



The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The system board is equipped with four onboard USB 3.0 ports (USB 1-2/USB 3-4). The 10-pin connector allows you to connect 2 additional USB 2.0 ports (USB 4-5). The additional USB port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your operating system to use the USB device. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function:

Jumper Setting

JP23, JP25 and JP26 must be set to "1-2 On: +5V_standby". Refer to "USB Power Select" in this chapter for more information.

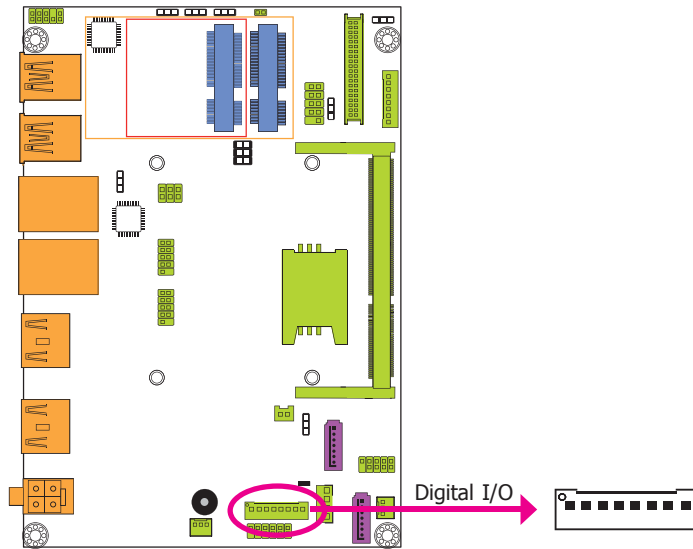


Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5A$. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2A$.

I/O Connectors

Digital I/O and/or Power Connector

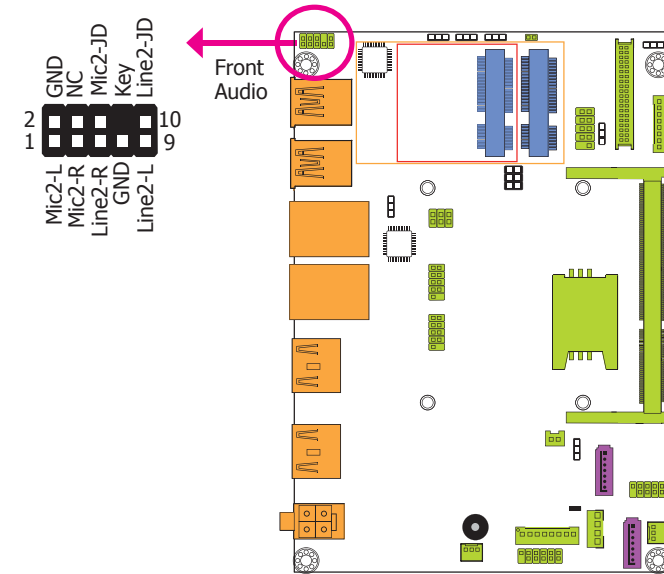


The 8-bit Digital I/O connector provides powering-on function to external devices that are connected to the connector.

Digital I/O Connector

Pins	Function
0	DIO7
1	DIO6
2	DIO5
3	DIO4
4	DIO3
5	DIO2
6	DIO1
7	DIO0

Front Audio Connector



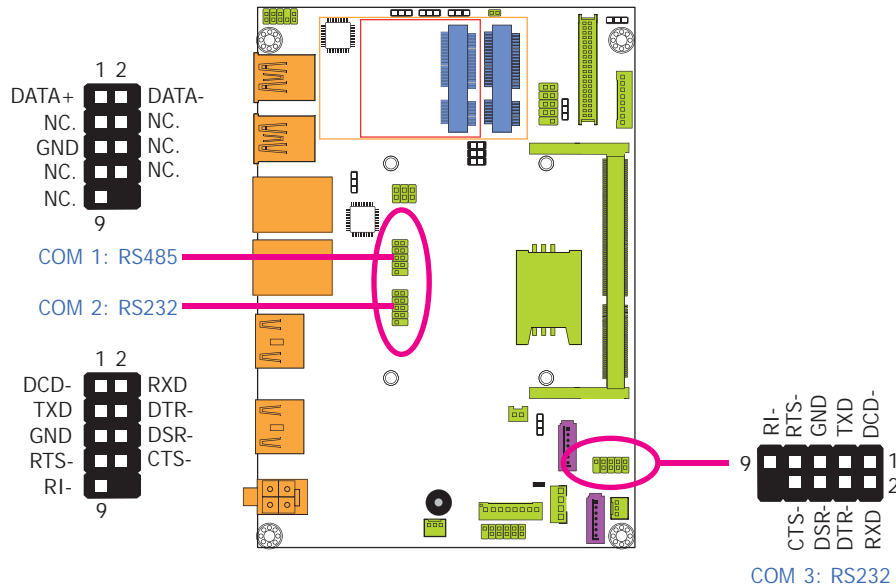
Front Audio

The front audio connector allows you to connect to the second line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system.

Driver Installation

Install the audio driver. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.

COM (Serial) Ports



COM 1 is fixed at RS485. COM 2 and COM 3 are fixed at RS232.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

Connecting External Serial Ports

Your COM port may come mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the serial port cable to the COM connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of the COM connector.

BIOS Setting

Configure the serial COM ports in the Advanced menu ("Super IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

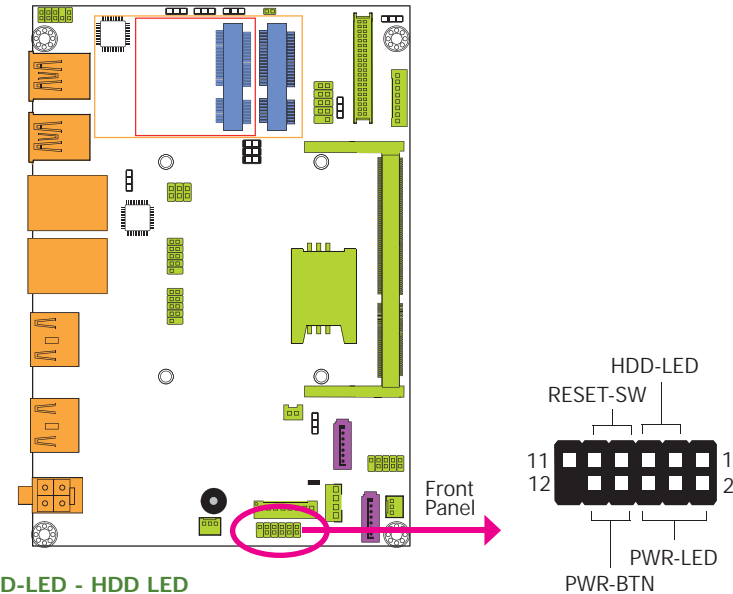


Note:

To make the RS485 auto flow control function work on COM 1, please set either 8 data bits + 1 stop bit or one of the following settings:

- (1) 8 data bits + 1 parity bit + 1 stop bit
- (2) 8 data bits + 1 parity bit + 2 stop bits
- (3) 8 data bits + 2 stop bits

Front Panel Connector



HDD-LED - HDD LED

This LED will light when the hard drive is being accessed.

RESET-SW - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

PWR-BTN - Power Switch

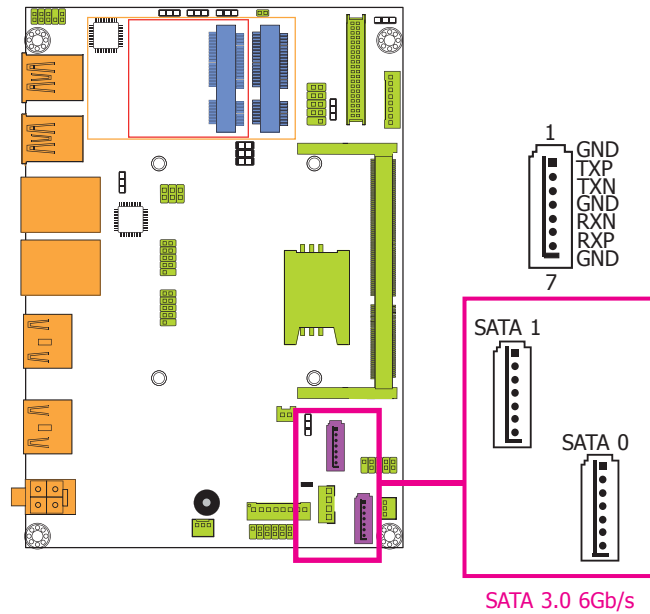
This switch is used to power on or off the system.

PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will light. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
HDD-LED	3	HDD Power	PWR-LED	2	LED Power
	5	Signal		4	LED Power
RESET-SW	7	Ground	PWR-BTN	6	Signal
	9	RST Signal		8	Ground
	11	N.C.		10	Signal

SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors



Features

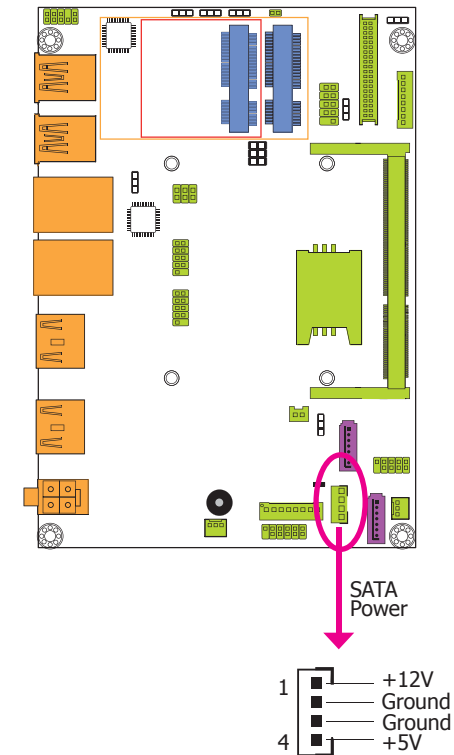
- 2 Serial ATA 3.0 ports with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller
- Supports RAID 0/1
- Supports Intel® Smart Response Technology

The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect Serial ATA devices. Connect one end of the Serial ATA data cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

BIOS Setting

Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced menu ("SATA Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

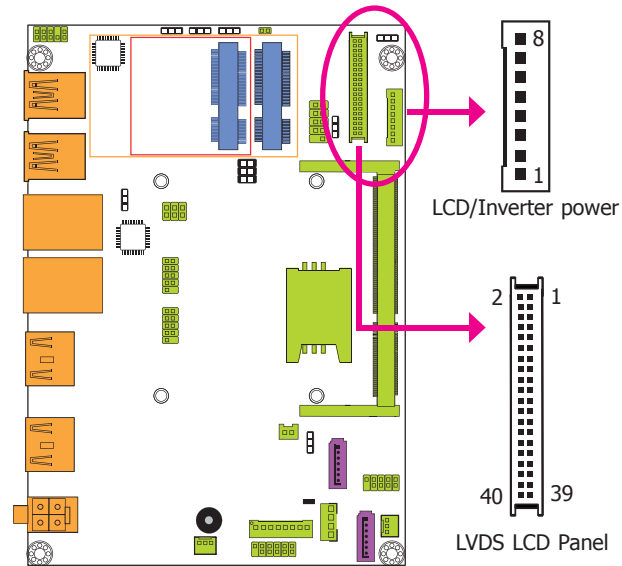
SATA (Serial ATA) Power Connector



The SATA power connector supplies power to the SATA drive. Connect one end of the provided power cable to the SATA power connector and the other end to your storage device.

LVDS LCD Panel Connector

LCD/Inverter Power Connector



The system board allows you to connect a LCD Display Panel by means of the LVDS LCD panel connector and the LCD/Inverter power connector. These connectors transmit video signals and power from the system board to the LCD Display Panel.

Refer to the right side for the pin functions of these connectors.

BIOS Setting

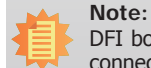
Configure the LCD panel in the Advanced/Chipset Features submenu of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

LVDS LCD Panel Connector

Pins	Function	Pins	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDS_Out3+	4	LVDS_Out7+
5	LVDS_Out3-	6	LVDS_Out7-
7	GND	8	GND
9	LVDS_Out2+	10	LVDS_Out6+
11	LVDS_Out2-	12	LVDS_Out6-
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_Out1+	16	LVDS_Out5+
17	LVDS_Out1-	18	LVDS_Out5-
19	GND	20	GND
21	LVDS_Out0+	22	LVDS_Out4+
23	LVDS_Out0-	24	LVDS_Out4-
25	GND	26	GND
27	LVDS_CLK1+	28	LVDS_CLK2+
29	LVDS_CLK1-	30	LVDS_CLK2-
31	GND	32	GND
33	LVDS_DDCCLK	34	N.C.
35	LVDS_DDCDTA	36	+3.3V
37	Panel Power	38	Panel Power
39	Panel Power	40	Panel Power

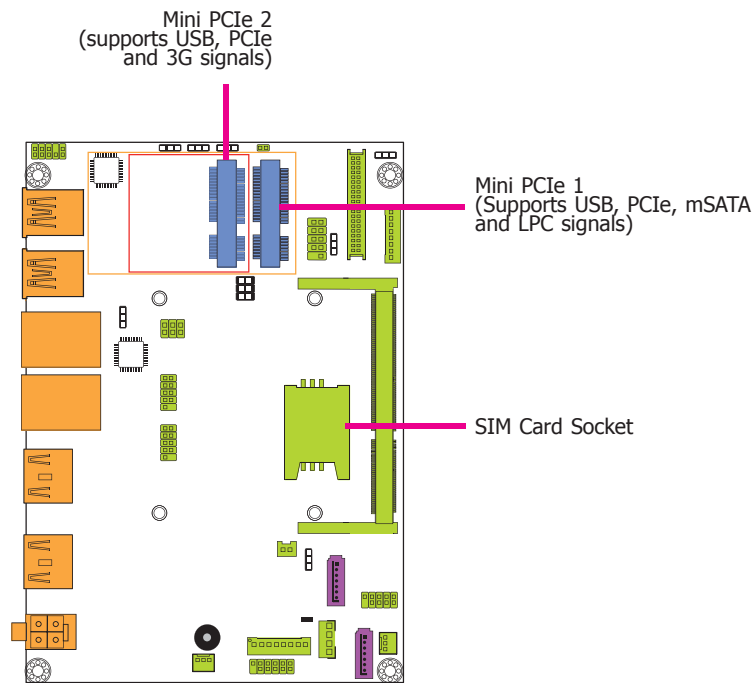
LCD/Inverter Power Connector

Pins	Function
1	GND
2	GND
3	Panel Inverter Brightness Voltage Control
4	Panel Power
5	+3.3V
6	Panel Backlight On/Off Control
7	Backlight Power Select
8	Backlight Power Select

**Note:**

DFI board's LVDS connector: Hirose DF13-40DP-1.25V(91)/40P/1.25mm; cable side connector: Hirose DF13-40DS-1.25C.

Expansion Slots



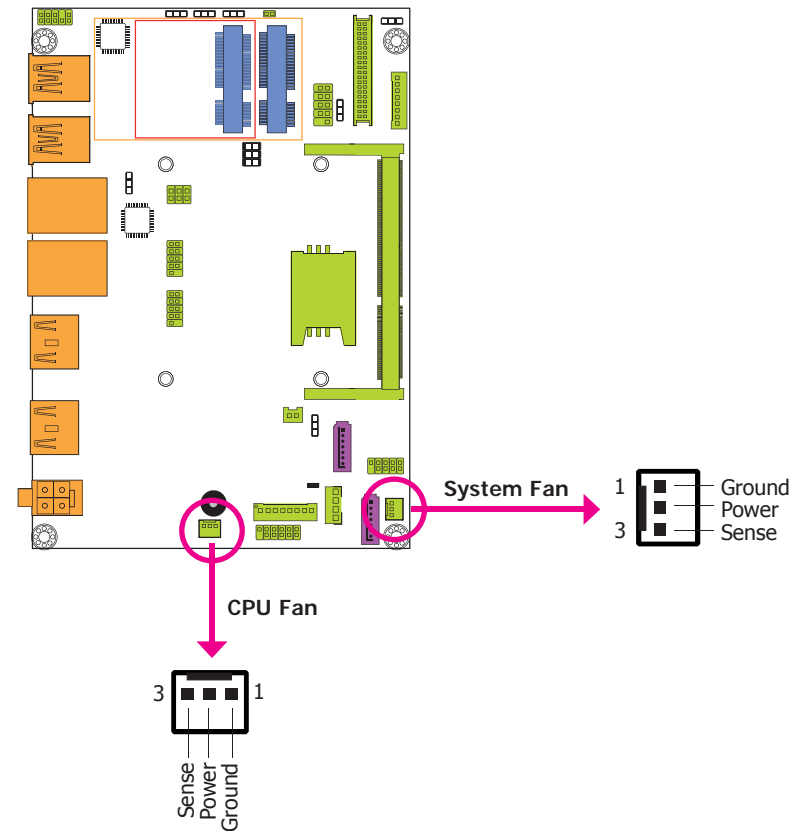
Mini PCI Express Slots

The Mini PCIe socket is used to install a Mini PCIe card. Mini PCIe card is a small form factor PCI card with the same signal protocol, electrical definitions, and configuration definitions as the conventional PCI.

SIM Card Socket

The SIM slot on the system board is used to insert a SIM card.

Cooling Fan Connectors

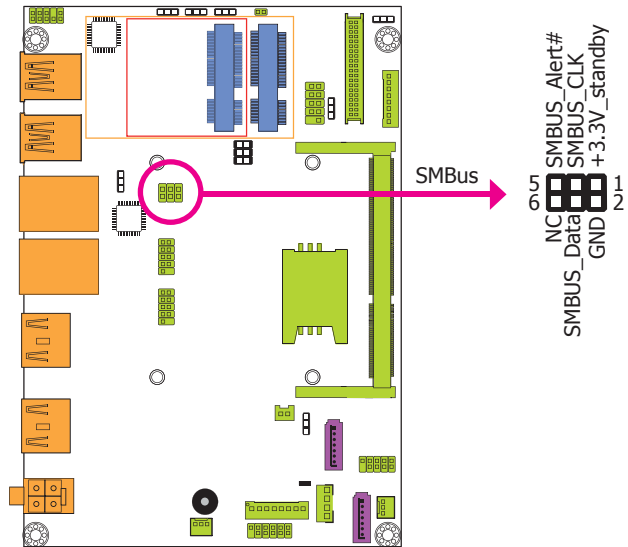


The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

BIOS Setting

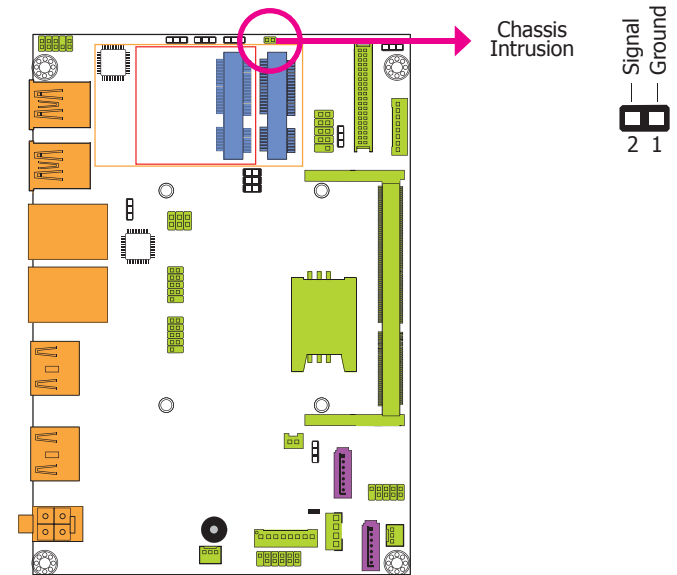
The Advanced menu ("NCT6106D HW Monitor" submenu) of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

SMBus Connector



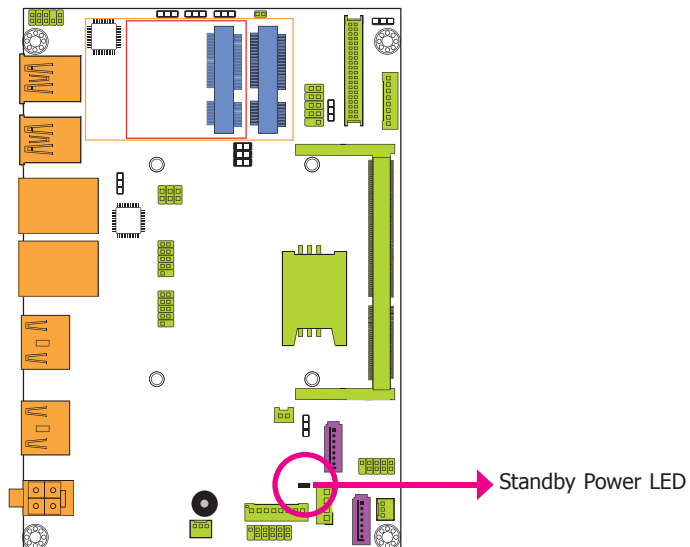
The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect SMBus devices. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

Chassis Intrusion Connector



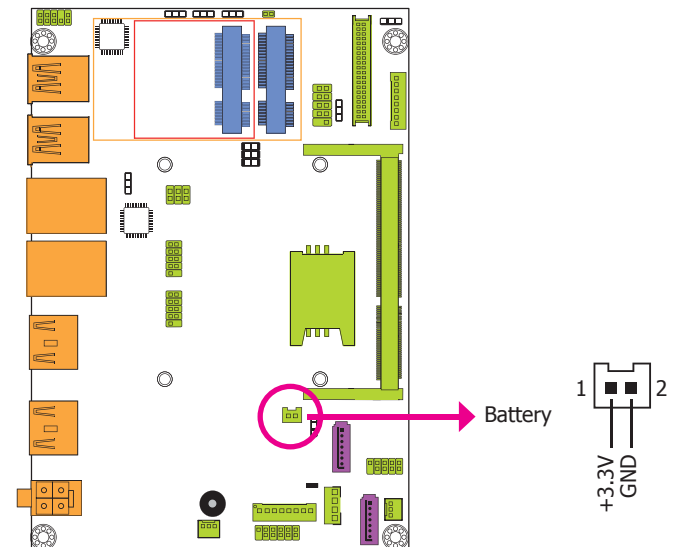
The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

Standby Power LED



This LED will lit red when the system is in the standby mode. It indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC and then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

Battery



The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

Safety Measures

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

Chapter 3 - BIOS Setup

Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



Note:

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and keys simultaneously.

Legends

Keys	Function
Right and Left arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down arrows	Moves the highlight up or down between submenu or fields.
<Esc>	Exit to the BIOS Setup Utility.
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
Tab	Select a field.
<F1>	Displays general help
<F2>	Previous values
<F3>	Optimized defaults
<F4>	Saves and resets the setup program.
<Enter>	Press <Enter> to enter the highlighted submenu.

Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

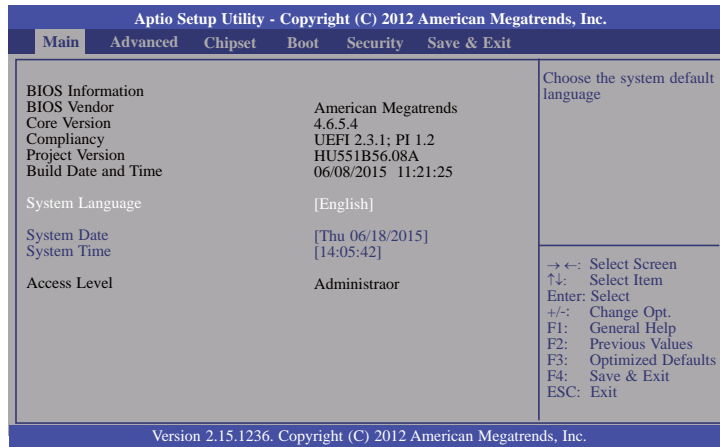
Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

AMI BIOS Setup Utility

Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



System Date

The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

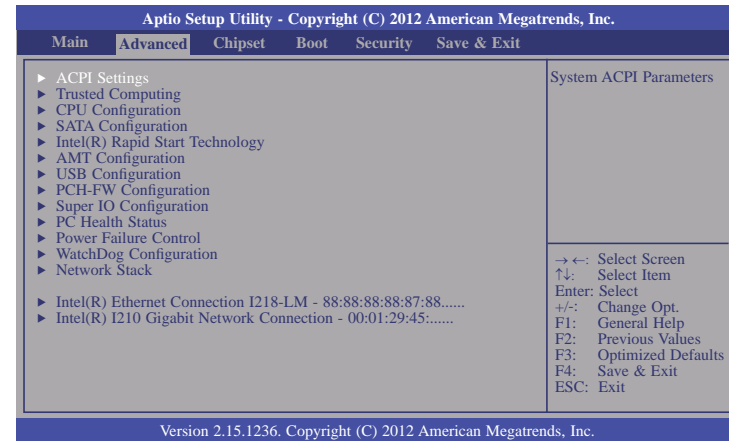
Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



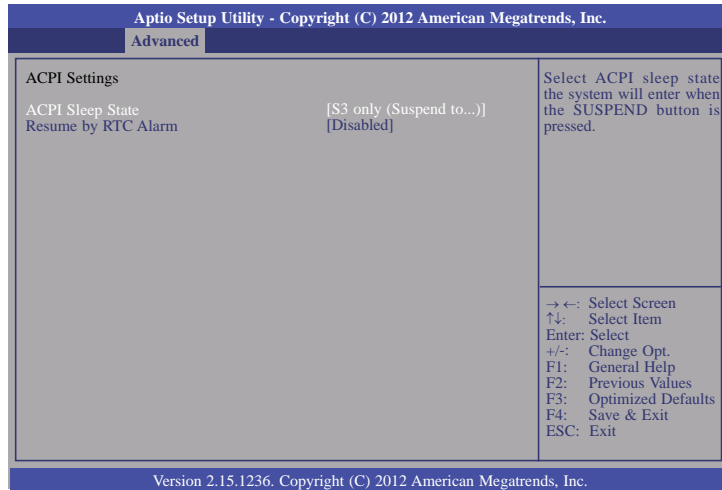
Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



ACPI Settings

This section is used to configure the system ACPI parameters.



ACPI Sleep State

Selects the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the Suspend button is pressed.

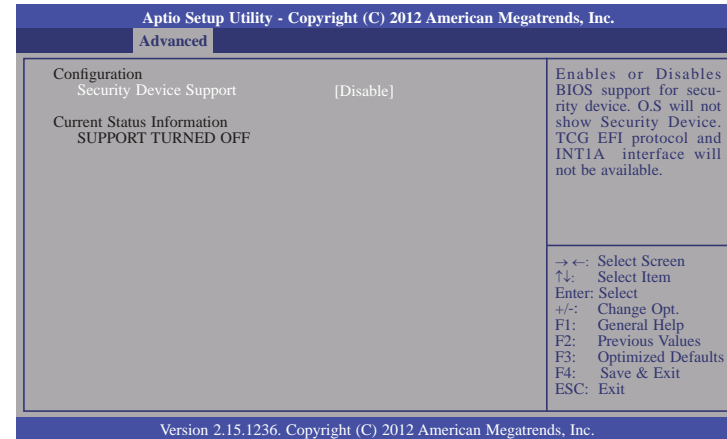
- S1 only (CSC)** Enables the CPU Stop Clock.
- S3 only (STR)** Enables the Suspend to RAM.
- Both S1 and S3 available for OS to choose from**

Resume by RTC Alarm

When Enabled, the system uses the RTC to generate a wakeup event.

Trusted Computing

This section configures settings relevant to Trusted Computing innovations.

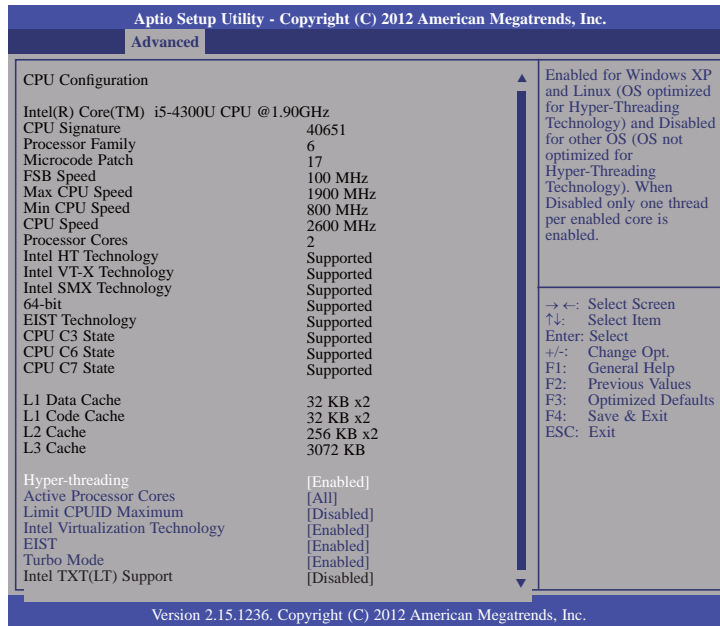


Security Device Support

This field is used to enable or disable BIOS supporting for the security device. O.S will not show the security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.

CPU Configuration

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detected CPU information.



Hyper-threading

Enables this field for Windows XP and Linux which are optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. Select disabled for other OSes not optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.

Active Processor Cores

Number of cores to enable in each processor package.

Limit CPUID Maximum

Disabled for Windows XP.

Intel Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

EIST

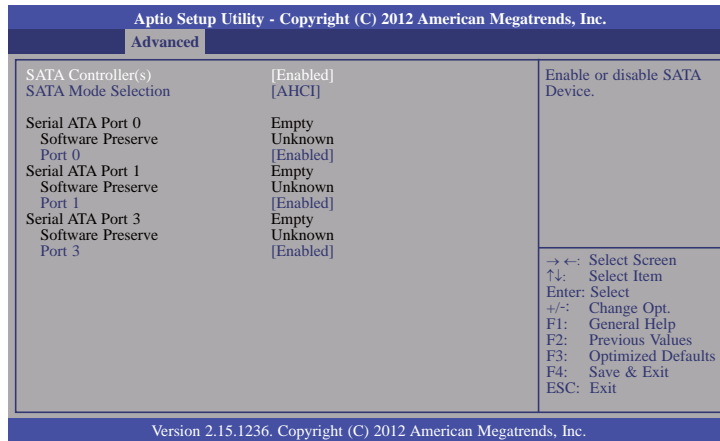
This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Enhanced SpeedStep Technology.

Turbo Mode

The options are Enabled or Disabled.

SATA Configuration

This section is used to configure the settings of SATA device.



SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable Serial ATA devices.

SATA Mode Selection

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

AHCI Mode

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

RAID Mode

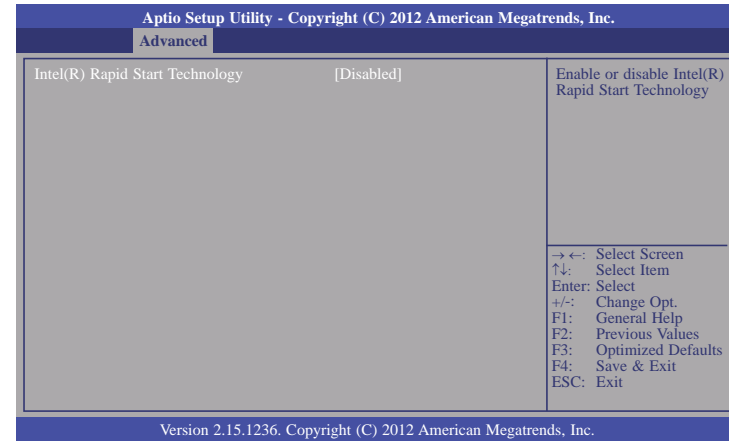
This option allows you to create RAID or Intel Matrix Storage configuration on Serial ATA devices.

Port 0/1/3

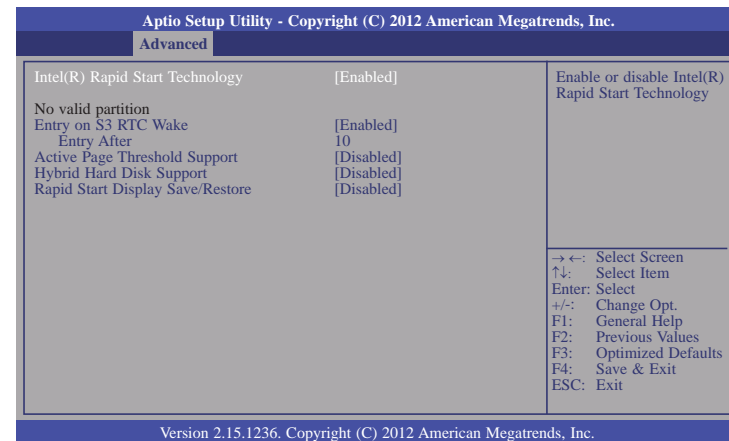
This field is used to enable or disable the serial ATA port.

Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology

This section is used to enable or disable the Intel Rapid Start Technology.



When enabled, it will display the following information.



Entry on S3 RTC Wake

This field is used to enable or disable the rapid start invocation upon S3 RTC wake.

Entry After

Enables RTC wake timer at S3 entry. Enters the value range from 0 (immediately) to 120 minutes.

Active Page Threshold Support

This field is used to support RST with small partition.

Hybrid Hard Disk Support

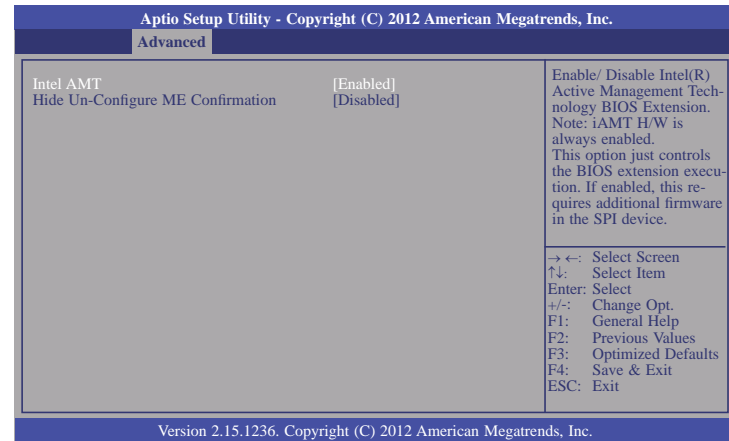
Enables or disables the hybrid hard disk support.

Rapid Start Display Save/Restore

Enables or disables the rapid start display save or restore.

AMT Configuration

This section configures the parameters of Active Management Technology.

**Intel AMT**

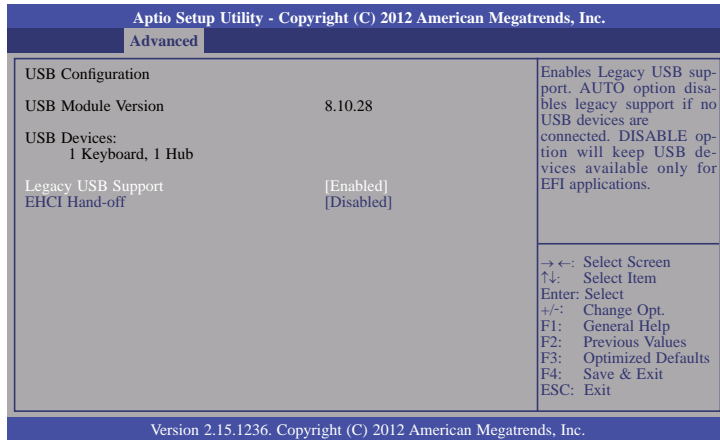
Enables or disables the AMT function.

Hide Un-Configure ME Confirmation

OEMFlag Bit 6: Hide Un-configure ME without the password confirmation prompt.

USB Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of the USB device.



Legacy USB Support

Enabled

Enables legacy USB.

Disabled

Keeps USB devices available only for EFI applications.

Auto

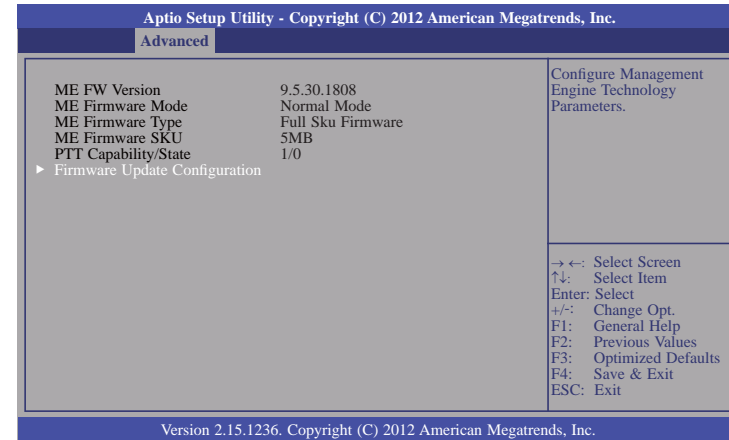
Disables support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

EHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround for OSes without the EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

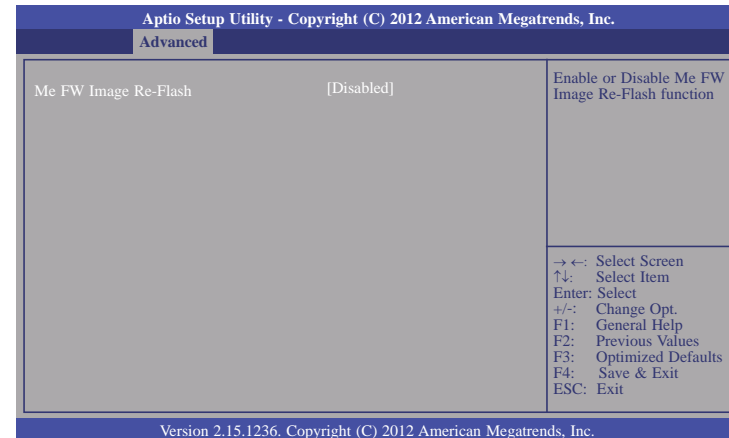
PCH-FW Configuration

This section only displays the parameters of Management Engine Technology.



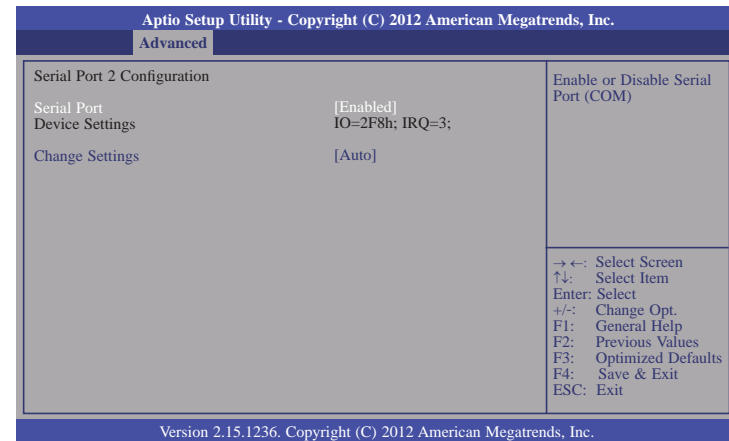
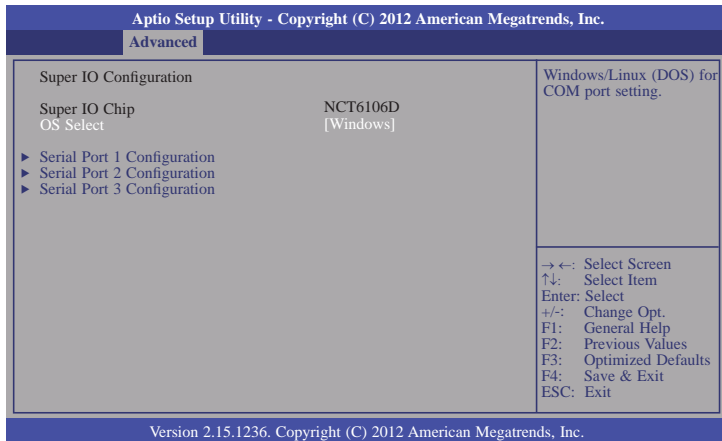
Firmware Update Configuration

This field is used to configure the parameters of Management Engine Technology.



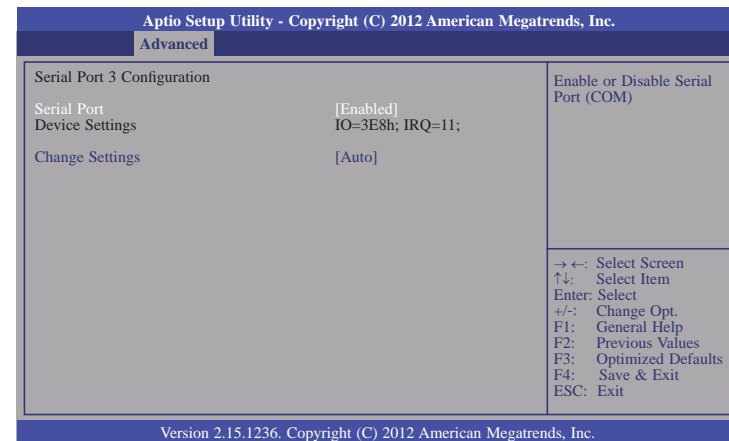
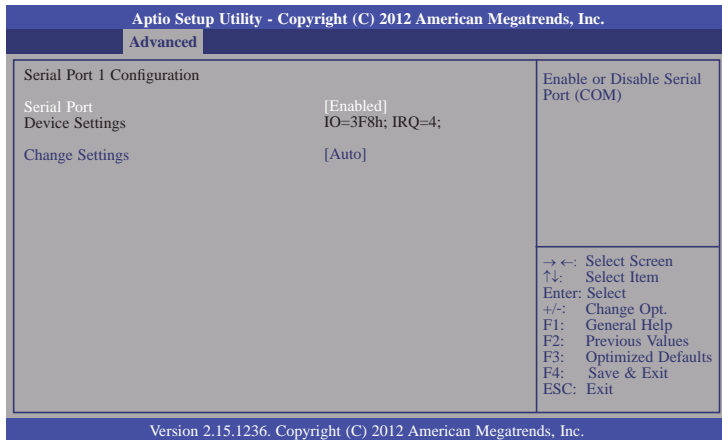
Super IO Configuration

This section is used to configure the I/O functions supported by the onboard Super I/O chip.



Serial Port 1 Configuration to Serial Port 3 Configuration

Sets the parameters of serial port 1 (COM A) to serial port 3 (COM C).



Serial Port

Enables or disables the serial COM port.

Change Settings

Selects the IO/IRQ settings for the super I/O device.



Note:

To make the RS485 auto flow control function work on COM 1, please set either 8 data bits + 1 stop bit or one of the following settings:

- (1) 8 data bits + 1 parity bit + 1 stop bit
- (2) 8 data bits + 1 parity bit + 2 stop bits
- (3) 8 data bits + 2 stop bits

PC Health Status

This section displays the hardware health monitor.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

Advanced

PC Health Status ▶ Smart Fan Function SYS Thermistor Temp : +33.0 C CPU (PECL) Temp : +32.0 C CPUFan Speed : 5465 RPM SysFan 1 Speed : N/A VCORE : +1.744 V VIN0 (5V) : +5.017 V VIN1 (12V) : +12.144 V VIN2 (DRAM) : +1.328 V VBAT : +3.072 V	Smart Fan function setting → ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
--	---

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Smart Fan Function

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Advanced

Smart Fan Function CPU Smart Fan Control [Enabled] Boundary 4 60 Boundary 3 50 Boundary 2 40 Boundary 1 30 Speed Count 5 100 Speed Count 4 75 Speed Count 3 50 Speed Count 2 40 Speed Count 1 30 System Smart Fan (1) Control [Enabled] Boundary 4 60 Boundary 3 50 Boundary 2 40 Boundary 1 30 Speed Count 5 100 Speed Count 4 75 Speed Count 3 50 Speed Count 2 40 Speed Count 1 30	Enable CPU Smart Fan → ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
---	--

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CPU Smart Fan Control

When this feature is set to Automatic, the CPU's fan speed will rotate according to the CPU's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation.

System Smart Fan Control

When this feature is set to Automatic, the System's fan speed will rotate according to the System's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation.

Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

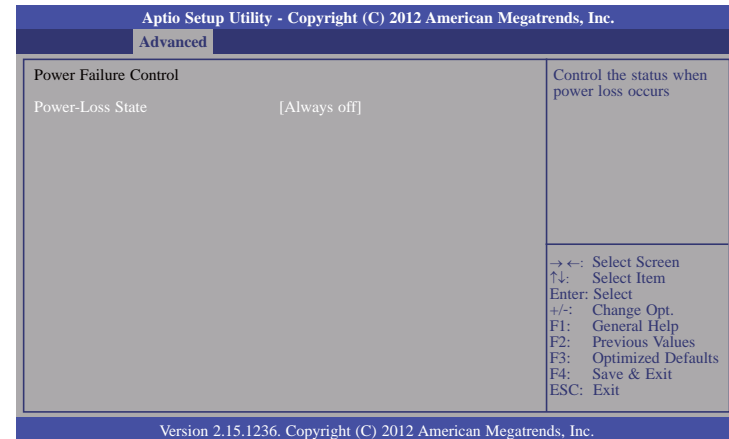
The range is 0-127.

Speed Count 1 to Speed Count 5

The range is 1-100%.

Power Failure Control

This section configures the status control when the power failure occurs.

**Power-Loss State**

Controls the status when the power loss occurs.

Always Off

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power is off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

Always On

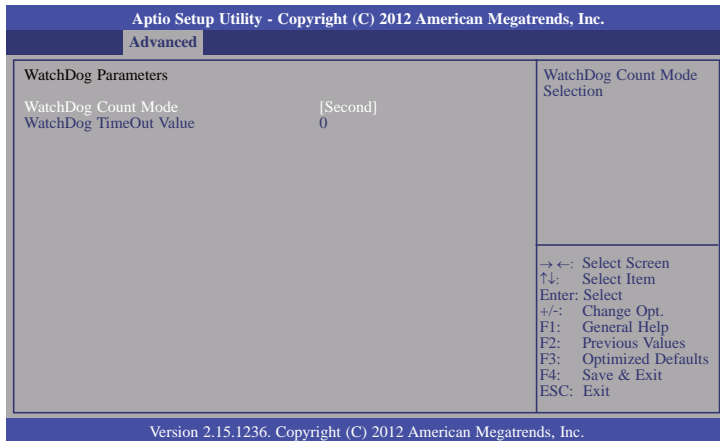
When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will automatically power-on.

Keep Last State

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

WatchDog Configuration

This section sets the system watchdog parameters.



WatchDog Count Mode

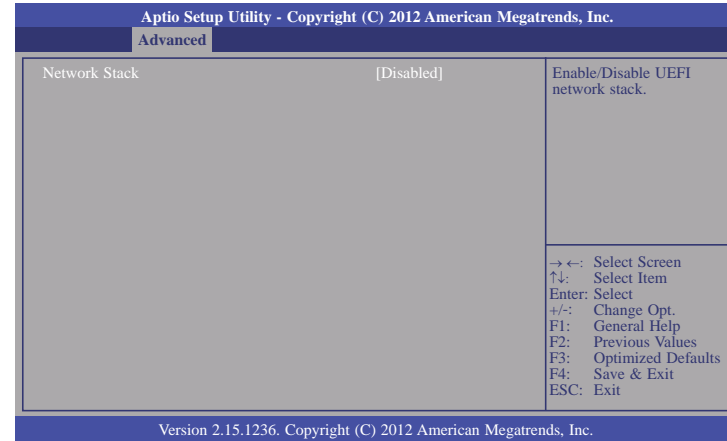
Selects the watchdog count mode.

WatchDog TimeOut Value

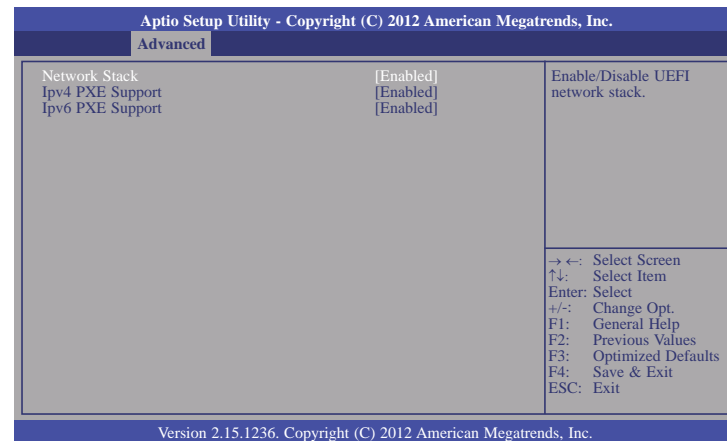
Enters the watchdog timeout value. 0 means disabled.

Network Stack

This section is used to enable or disable UEFI network stack.



When Network Stack is enabled, it will display the following information:



Ipv4 PXE Support

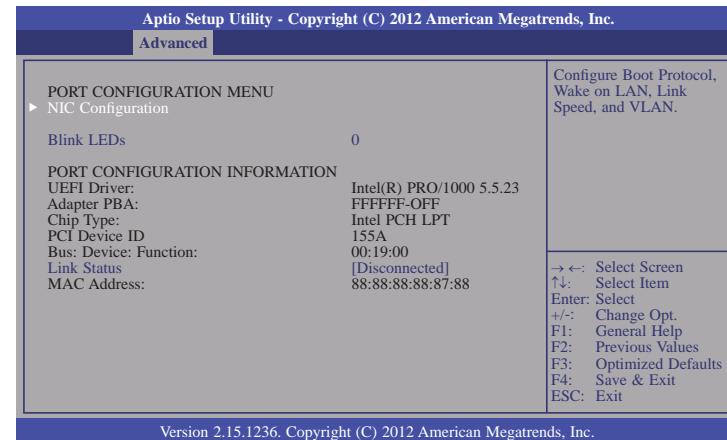
When enabled, Ipv4 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

Ipv6 PXE Support

When enabled, Ipv6 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

Intel(R) Ethernet Connection I218-LM - 88:88:88:88:87:88...

This section is used to configure the parameters of the Gigabit Ethernet device.



Blink LEDs

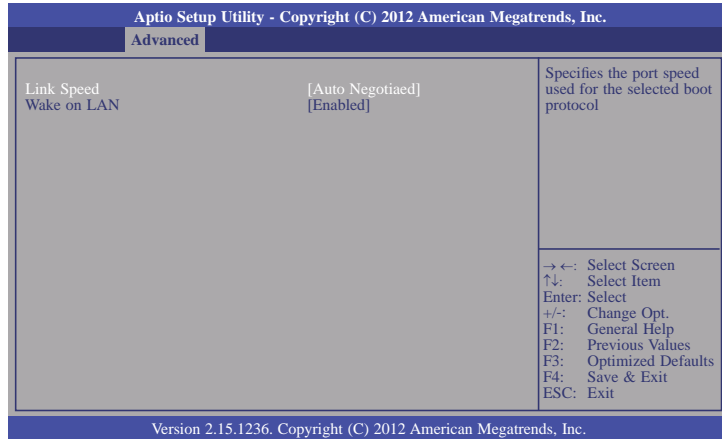
Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.

Link Status

This field indicates the link status of the network device.

NIC Configuration

This field is used to configure the Boot Protocol, Wake on LAN, Link Speed and VLAN.



Link Speed

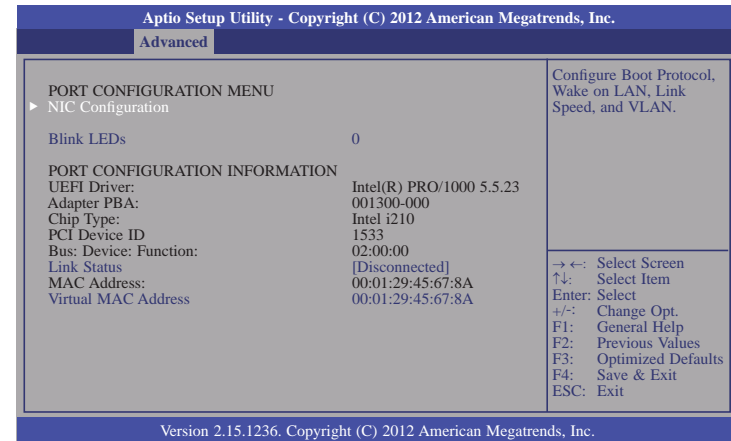
This field is used to specify the port speed used for the selected boot protocol.

Wake on LAN

Enables the server to be powered on using an in-band magic packet.

Intel(R) I210 Gigabit Network Connection - 00:01:29:45...

This section is used to configure the parameters of the Gigabit Ethernet device.



Blink LEDs

Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.

Link Status

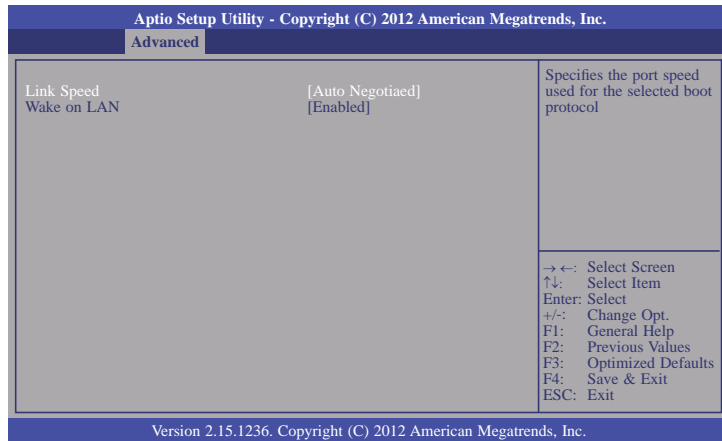
This field indicates the link status of the network device.

Virtual MAC Address

Programmatically assignable MAC address of the Ethernet port.

NIC Configuration

This field is used to configure the Boot Protocol, Wake on LAN, Link Speed and VLAN.



Link Speed

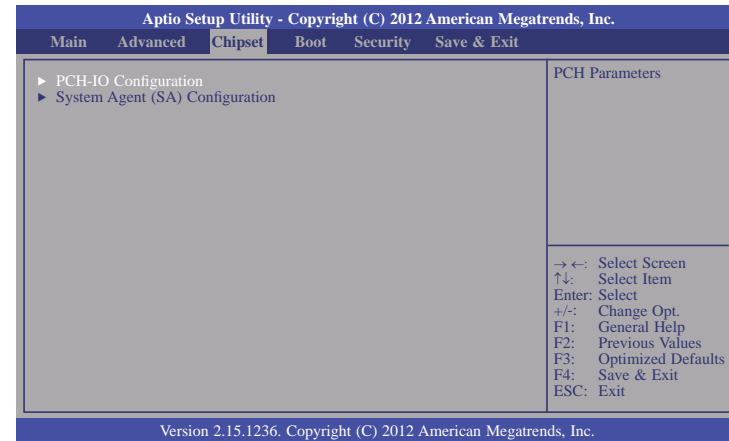
This field is used to specify the port speed used for the selected boot protocol.

Wake on LAN

Enables the server to be powered on using an in-band magic packet.

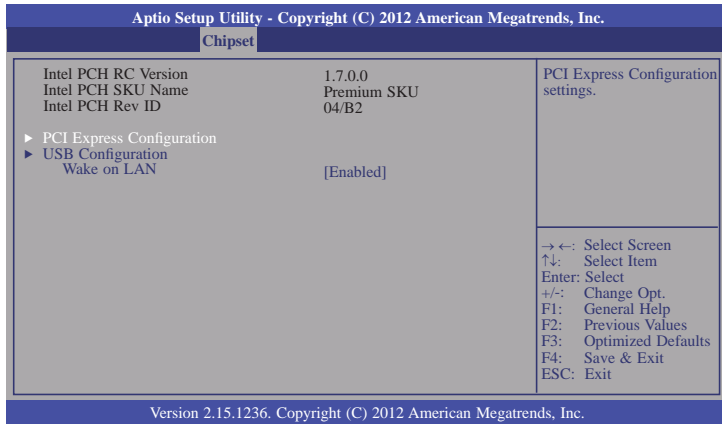
Chipset

This section configures relevant chipset functions.



PCH-IO Configuration

This section illustrates the PCH parameters.

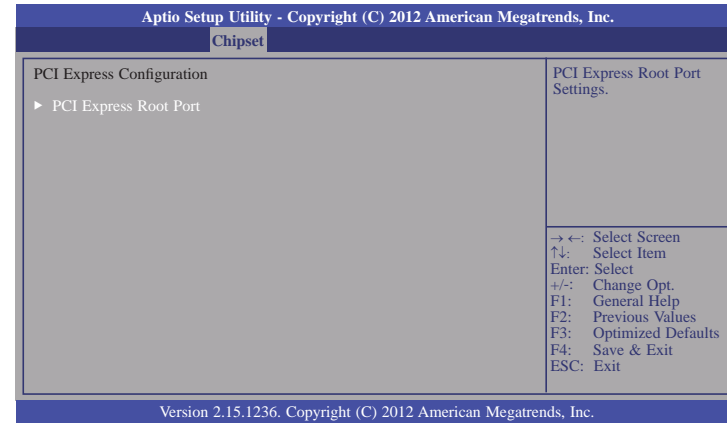


Wake on LAN

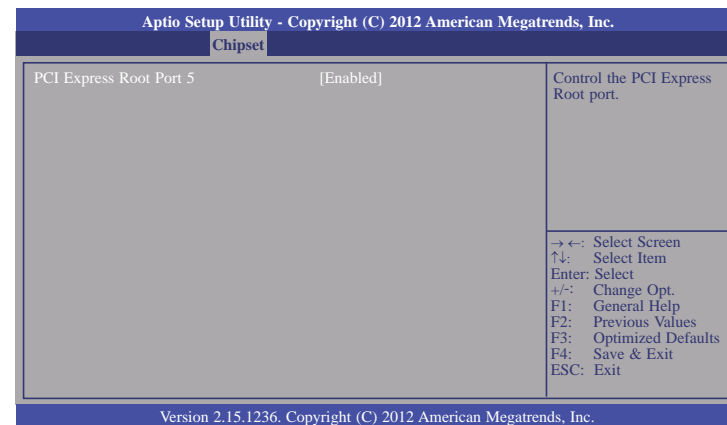
Enables or disables the integrated LAN controller to wake the system. (The Wake on LAN cannot be disabled if ME is set to On at the Sx state.)

PCI Express Configuration

This field is used to configure the PCI Express settings.

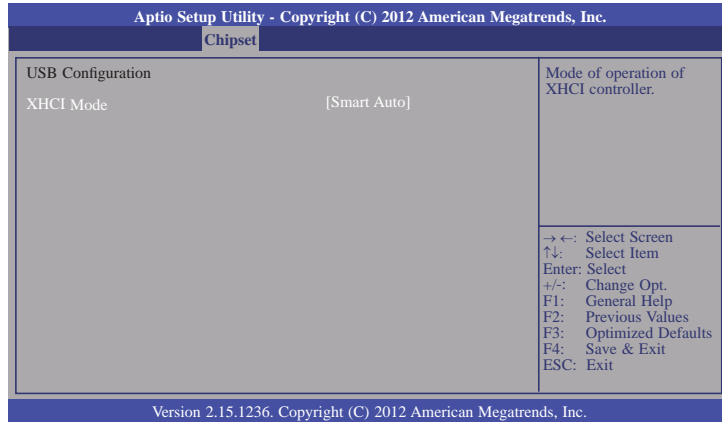


PCI Express Root Port



USB Configuration

This field is used to configure the USB settings.

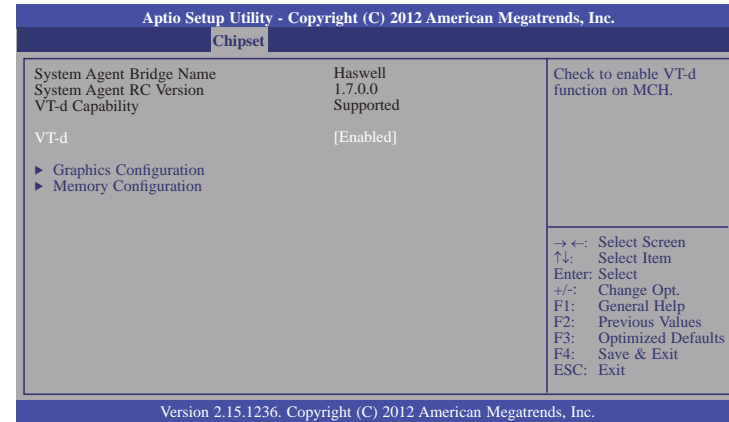


XHCI Mode

Selects the operation mode of the XHCI controller. The options are Smart Auto, Auto, Enabled, Disabled and Manual.

System Agent (SA) Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of System Agent.

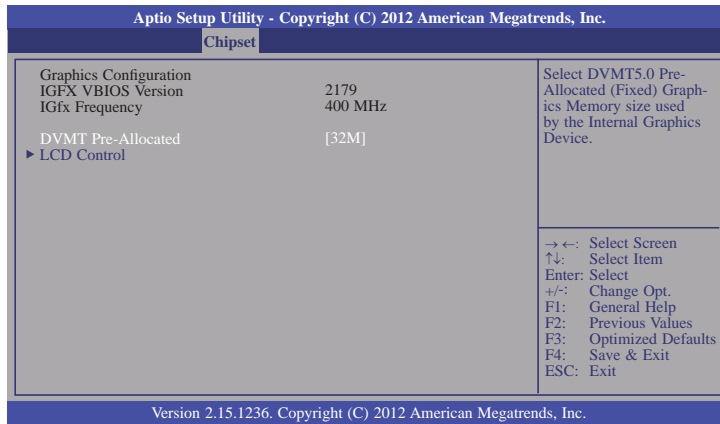


VT-d

Enables the VT-d function on MCH.

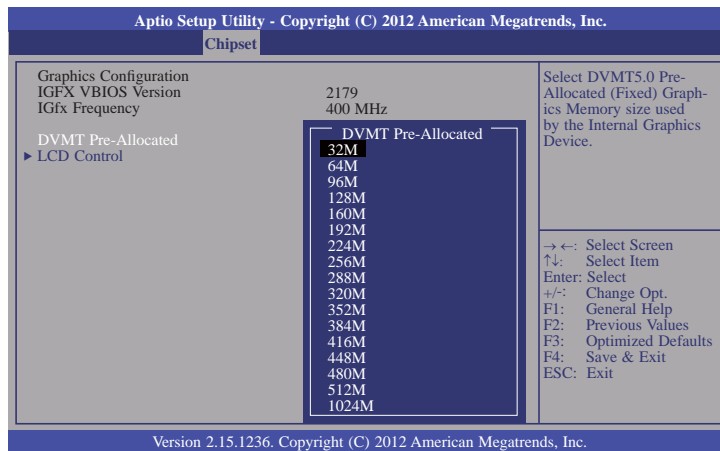
Graphics Configuration

This field configures the graphics settings.



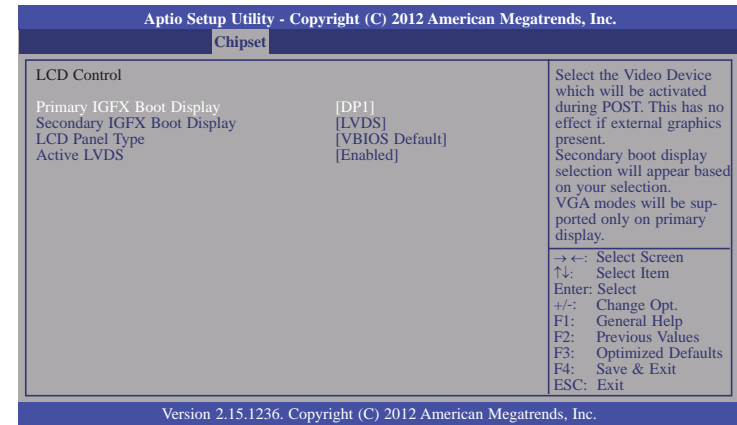
DVMT Pre-Allocated

Selects DVMT 5.0 Pre-Allocated (Fixed) Graphics Memory size used by the Internal Graphics Device. Please refer to the information shown below.



LCD Control

This field configures the LCD control.

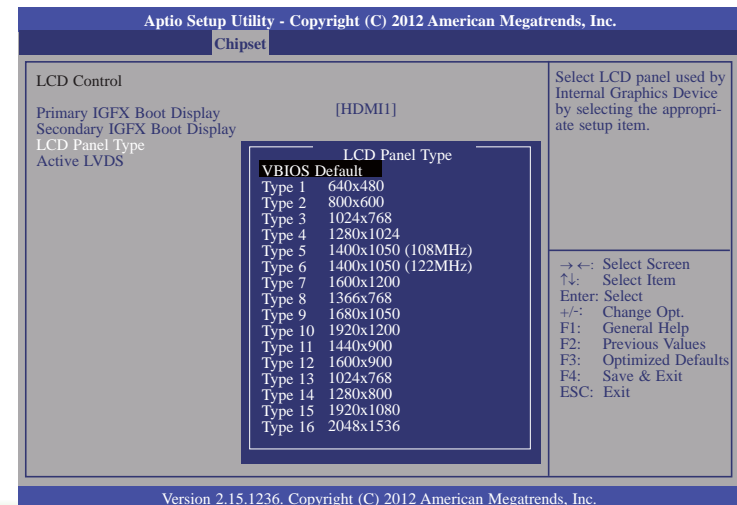


Secondary IGFX Boot Display

Selects the secondary display device.

LCD Panel Type

Selects the LCD panel used by the Internal Graphics Device via selecting the appropriate setup item.



Active LVDS

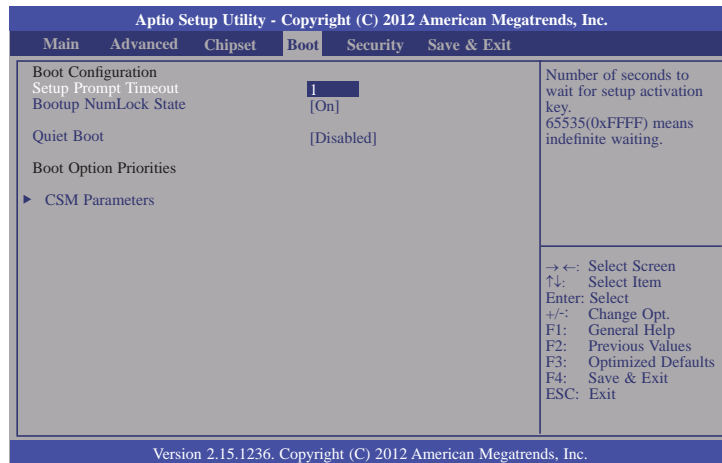
Enables or disables the LVDS function.

Memory Configuration

This field only displays the memory configuration.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
		Chipset
Memory Information		
Memory RC Version	1.7.0.0	
Memory Frequency	1600 Mhz	
Total Memory	2048 MB (DDR3)	
Memory Voltage	1.35V	
DIMM#1	2048 MB (DDR3)	
CAS Latency (tCL)	11	
Minimum delay time		
CAS to RAS (tRCDmin)	11	
Row Precharge (tRPmin)	11	
Active to Precharge (tRASmin)	28	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

Boot



Setup Prompt Timeout

Selects the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

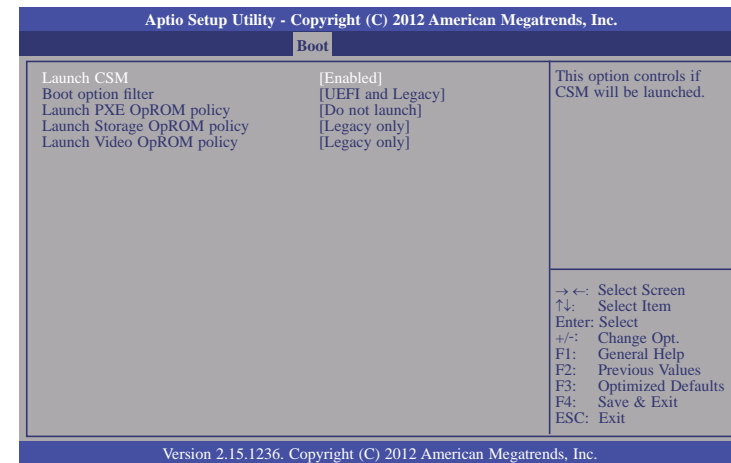
Bootup NumLock State

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

Quiet Boot

Enables or disables the quiet boot function.

CSM Parameters



Launch CSM

This option controls if CSM will be launched.

Boot option filter

This option controls what devices system can boot to.

Launch PXE OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy PXE OpROM.

Launch Storage OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy storage OpROM.

Launch Video OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy video OpROM.

Security

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
Password Description If ONLY the Administrator's password is set, then this only limits access to Setup and is only asked for when entering Setup. If ONLY the User's password is set, then this is a power on password and must be entered to boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will have Administrator rights. The password length must be in the following range: Minimum length 3 Maximum length 20			Set Administrator Password.		
Administrator Password User Password			→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit		
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					

Administrator Password

Sets the administrator password.

User Password

Sets the user password.

Save & Exit

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
Save Changes and Reset Discard Changes and Reset			Reset the system after saving the changes		
Save Options Save Changes Discard Changes					
Restore Defaults Boot Override					
Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device					
			→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit		
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					

Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

Save Changes

Saves changes done so far to any of the setup options.

Discard Changes

Discards changes done so far to any of the setup options.

Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS.EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

```
A: > AFUDOS BIOS_File_Name /b /p /n
```

then press <Enter>.

```
C:\AFU\AFUDOS>afudos filename /B /P /N
-----+-----
                AMI Firmware Update Utility(APTIO) v2.25
                Copyright (C)2012 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved.
-----+-----

Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash ..... done
Erasing BootBlock ..... done
Writing BootBlock ..... done
Verifying BootBlock ..... done

C:\AFU\AFUDOS>
```

Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.

Note:



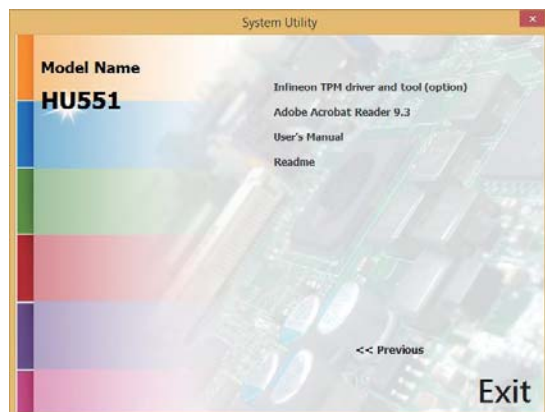
- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

Chapter 4 - Supported Software

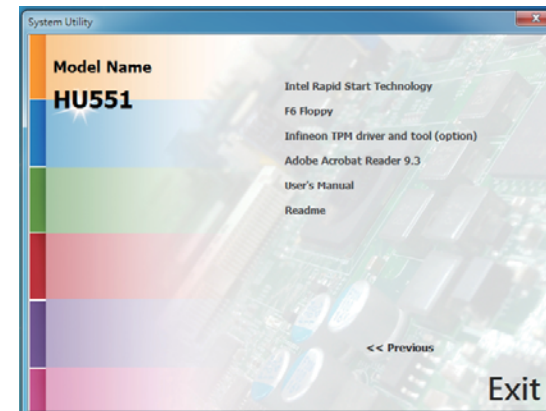
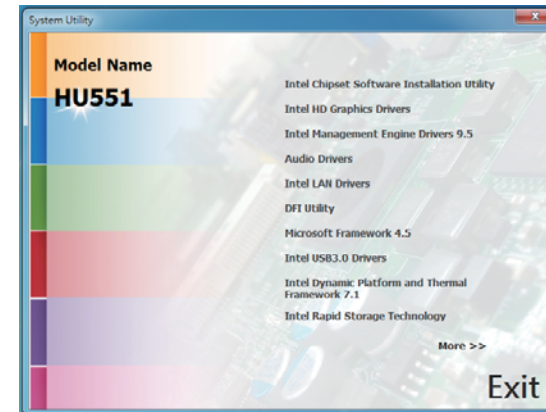
The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".

Auto Run Page (For Windows 7)



Auto Run Page (For Windows 7)



Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click “Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility” on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Click Finish to exit setup.



Intel HD Graphics Drivers

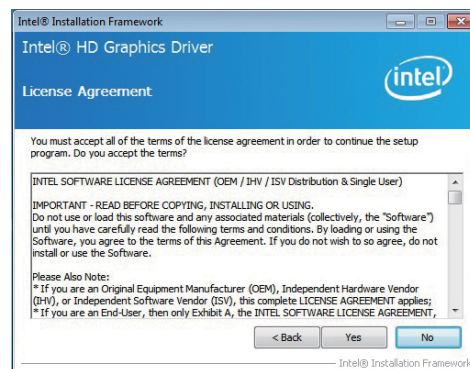
To install the driver, click “Intel HD Graphics Drivers” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.

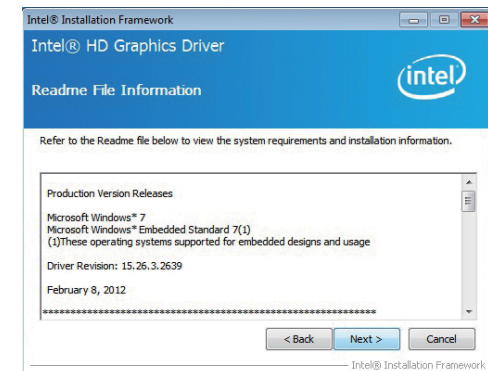


By default, the “Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme” is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows Vista desktop appears. The “blank screen” period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

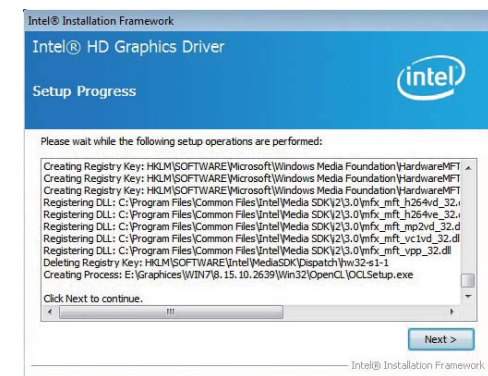
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.

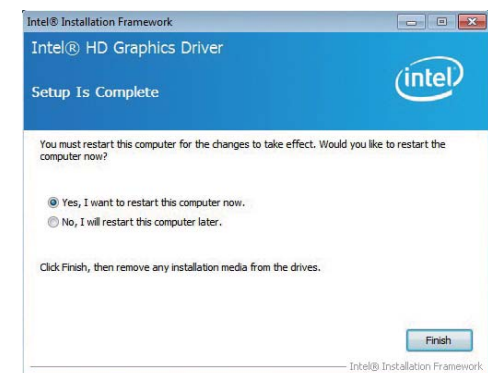


4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



5. Click “Yes, I want to restart this computer now” then click Finish.

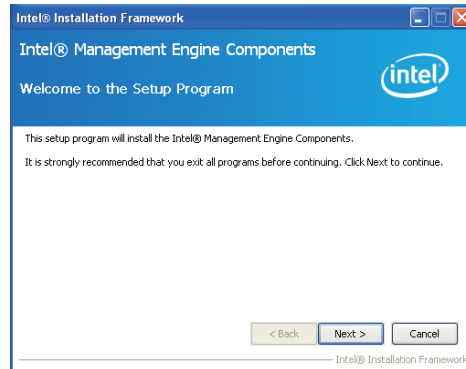
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



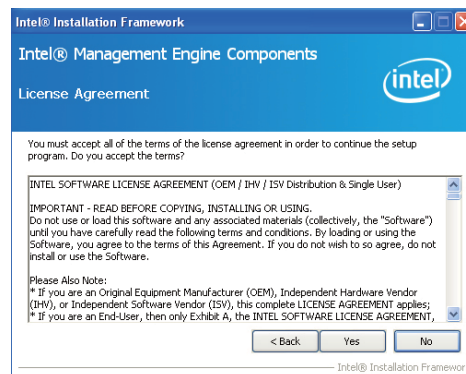
Intel Management Engine Drivers 9.5

To install the driver, click "Intel Management Engine Drivers 9.5" on the main menu.

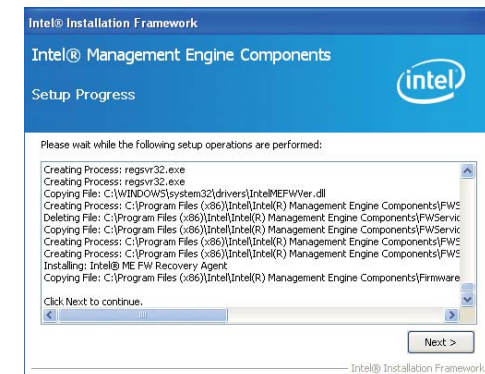
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



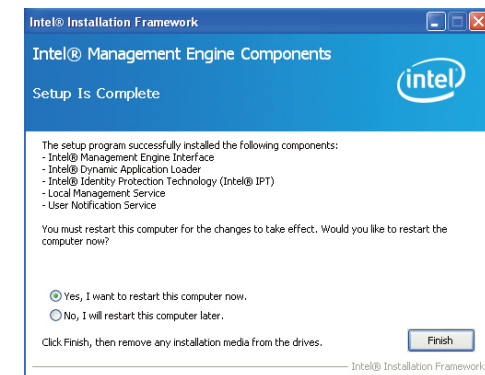
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



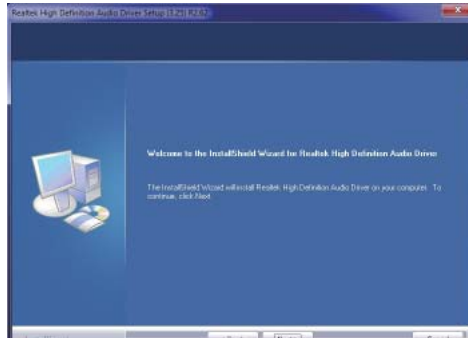
4. After completing installation, click Finish.



Audio Drivers

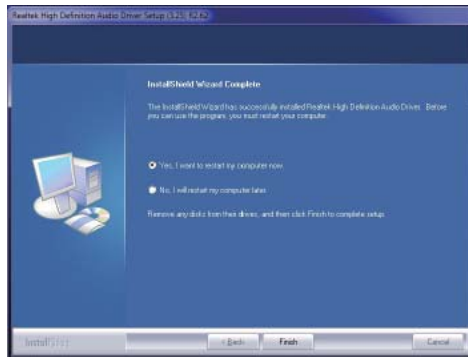
To install the driver, click “Audio Drivers” on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



2. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



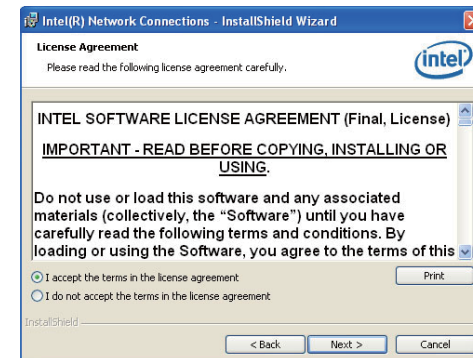
Intel LAN Drivers

To install the driver, click “Intel LAN Drivers” on the main menu.

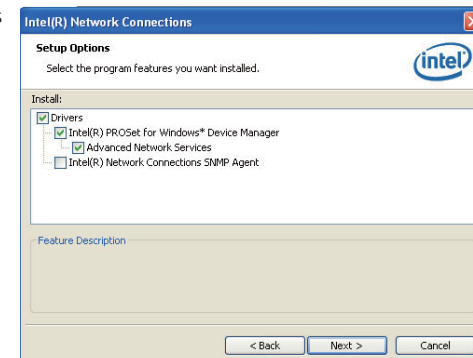
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



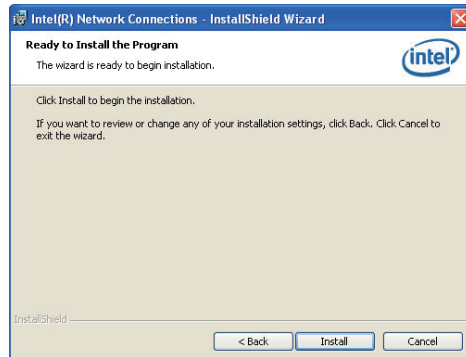
2. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” then click “Next”.



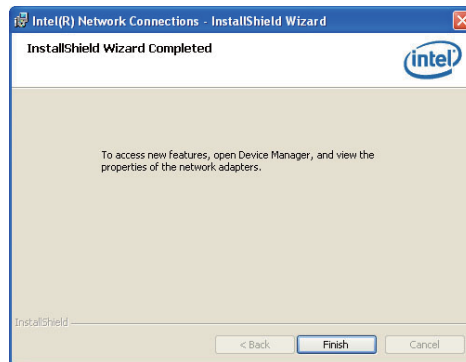
3. Select the program features you want installed then click Next.



4. Click Install to begin the installation.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



DFI Utility

DFI Utility provides information about the board, Watchdog, and DIO. To access the utility, click "DFI Utility" on the main menu.



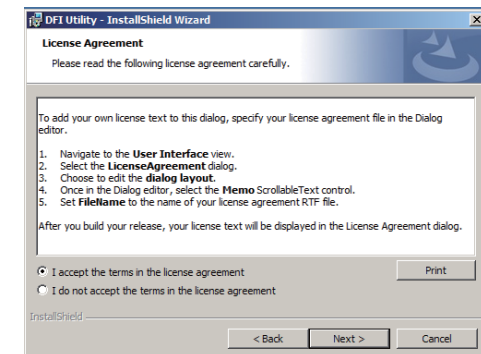
Note:

If you are using Windows 7, you need to access the operating system as an administrator to be able to install the utility.

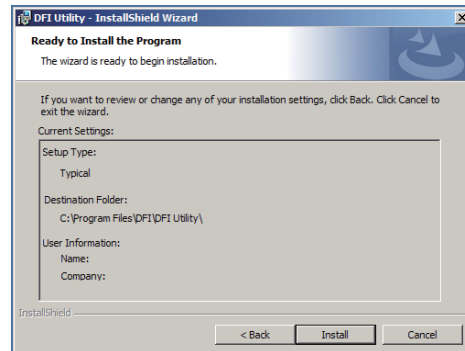
1. Setup is ready to install the DFI Utility driver
Click "Next".



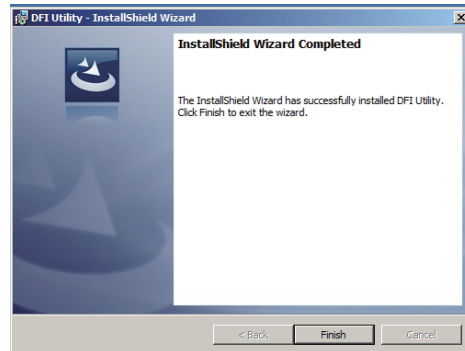
2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



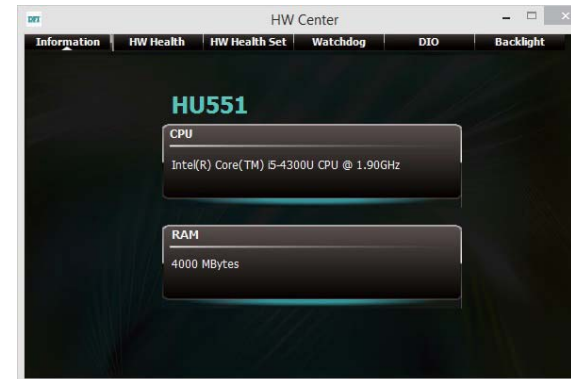
3. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



4. After completing installation, click "Finish".



The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.



Information



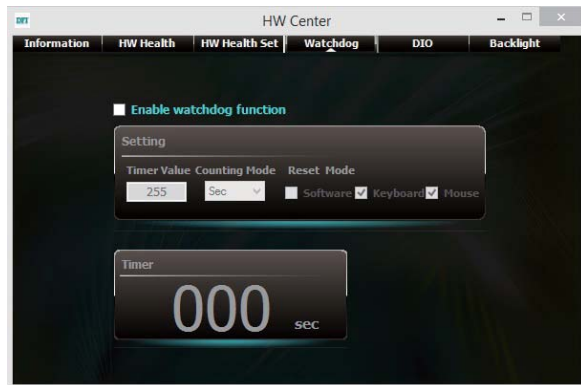
HW Health



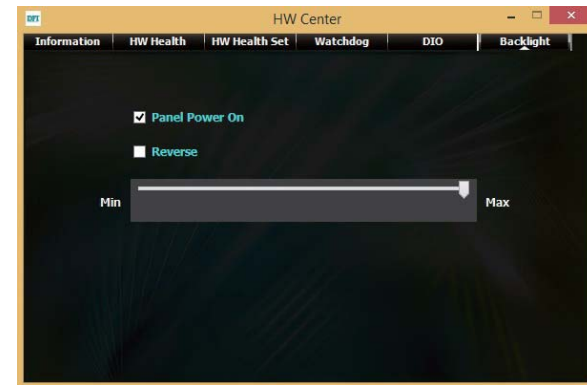
HW Health Set



DIO



WatchDog

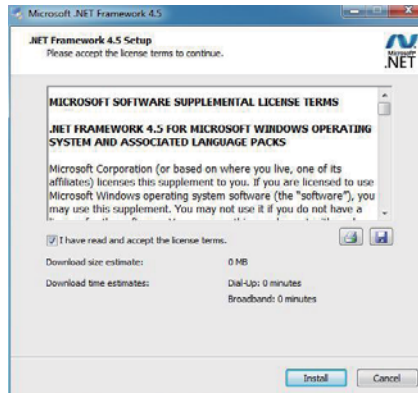


DIO

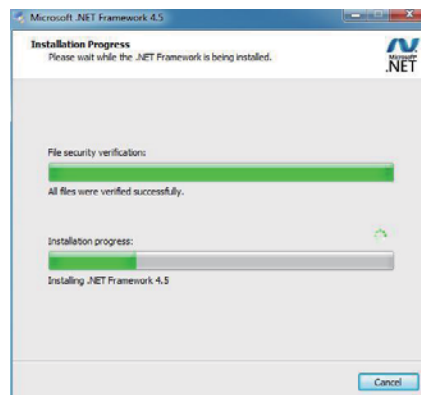
Microsoft Framework 4.5

To install the utility, click "Microsoft Framework 4.5" on the main menu.

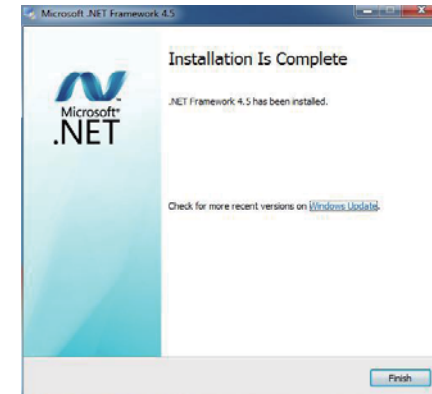
1. Read and accept the license agreement. Then, click "Installation".



2. Setup is installing the driver.



3. After completing installation, click Finish.

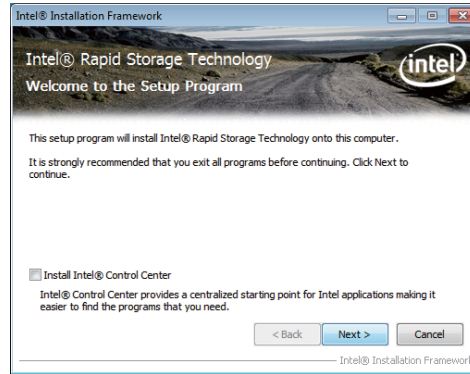


Intel Rapid Storage Technology

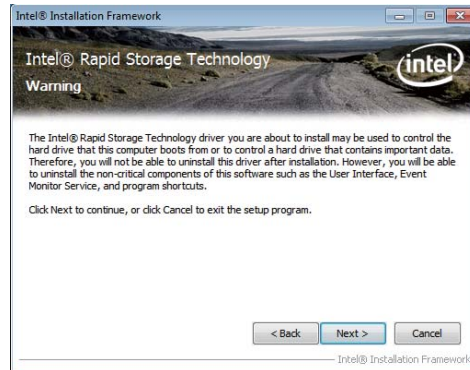
The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology" on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



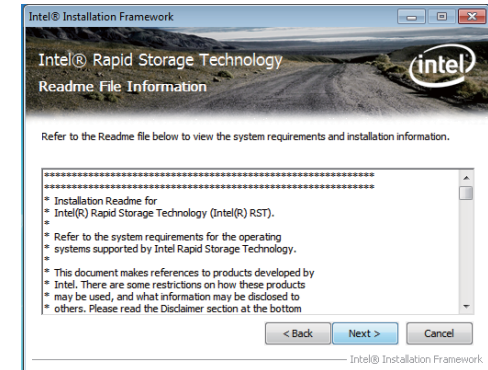
2. Read the warning then click Yes.



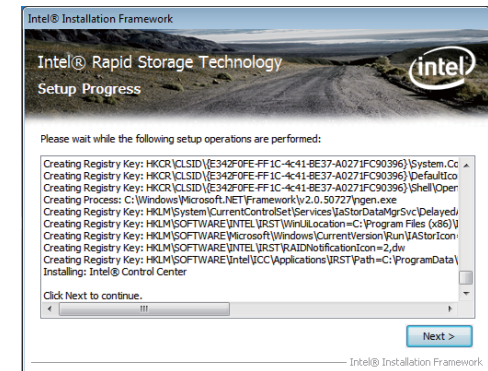
3. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



4. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.

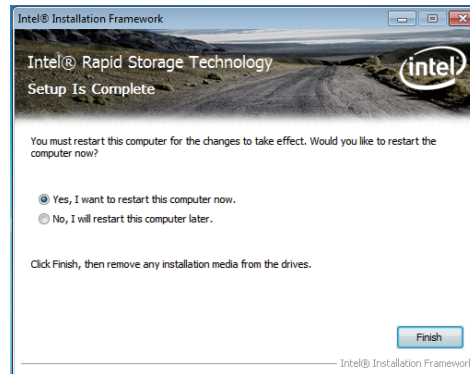


5. Setup is now installing the utility. Click Next to continue.



6. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

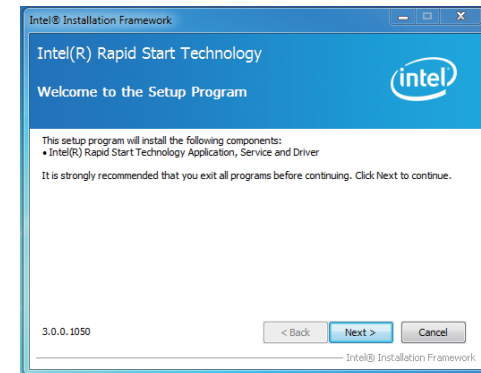
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



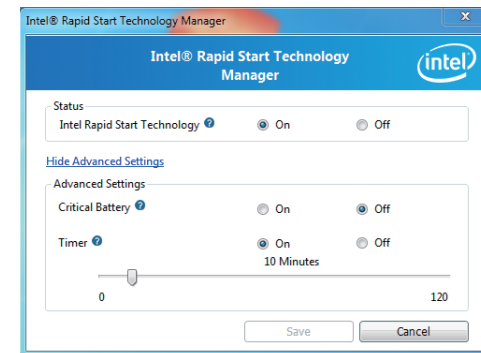
Intel Rapid Start Technology

The Intel Rapid Start Technology is a utility that allows your system to wake up and run faster. To install the driver, click “Intel Rapid Start Technology” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



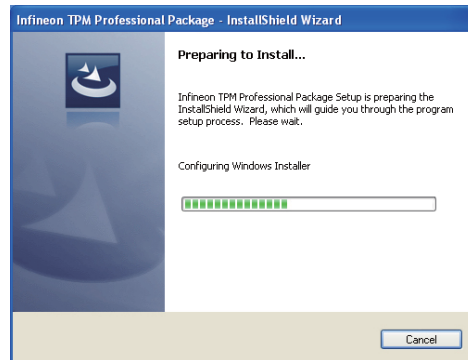
2. Click ON and select the Advanced Settings to enable the Intel Rapid Start Technology. Then, click Save.



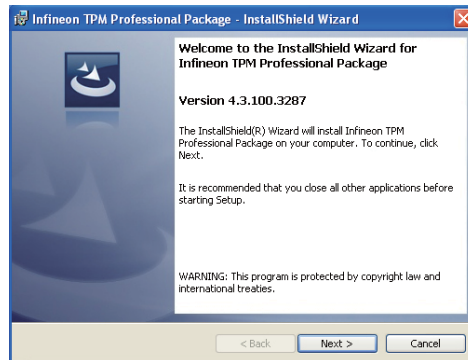
Infineon TPM Driver and Tool (optional)

To install the driver, click “Infineon TPM driver and tool (option)” on the main menu.

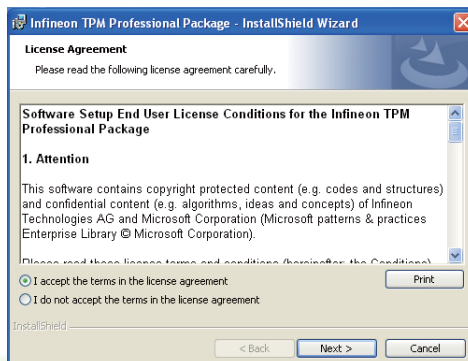
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



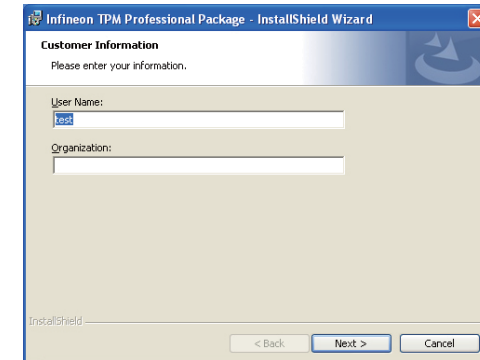
2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



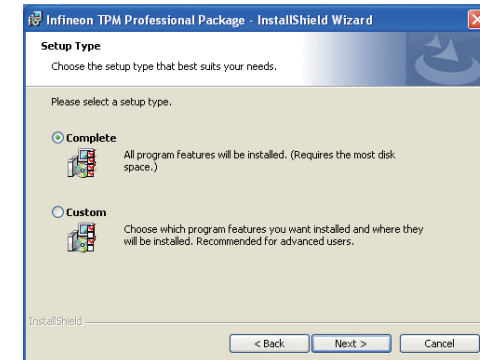
3. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” and then click “Next”.



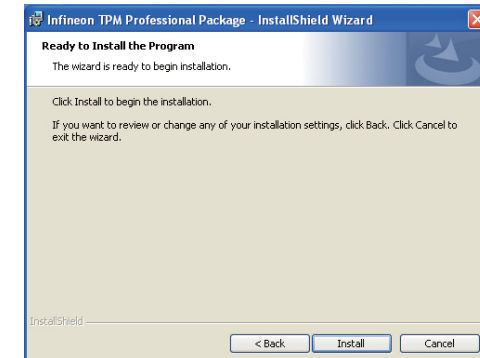
4. Enter the necessary information and then click Next.



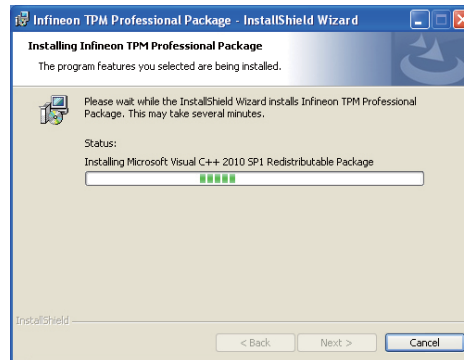
5. Select a setup type and then click Next.



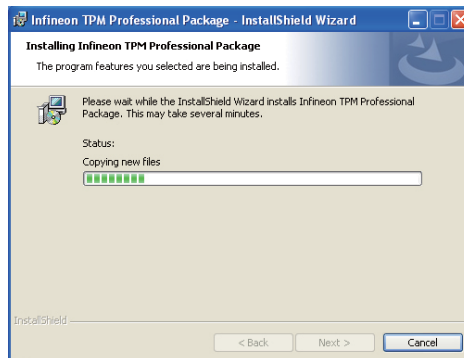
6. Click Install.



7. TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click Install.



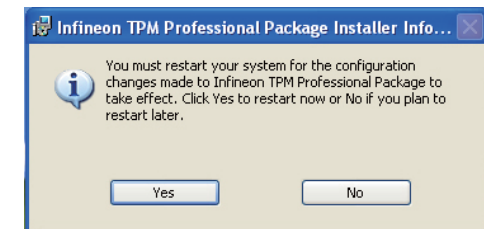
8. The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click Finish.



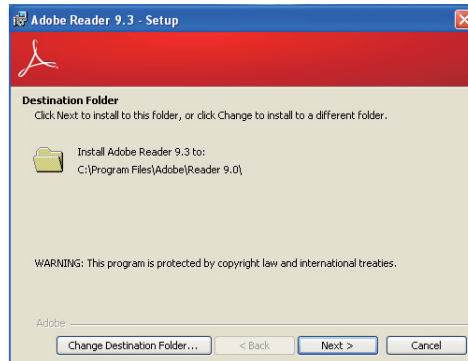
10. Click "Yes" to restart your system.



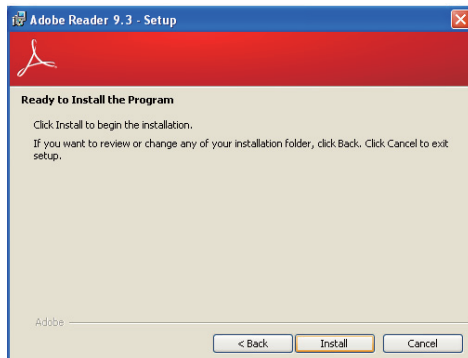
Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

To install the reader, click “Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3” on the main menu.

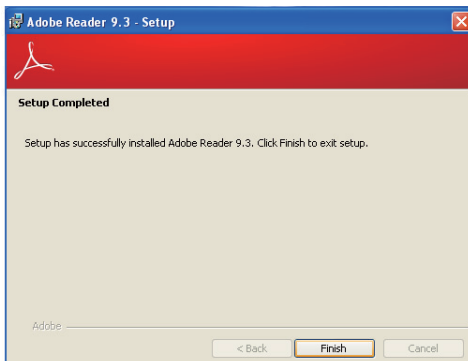
1. Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



Chapter 5 - Digital I/O Programming Guide

Register Description

The Input Port Register (register 0) reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or output by the Configuration Register. They act only on the read operation. Writes to this register have no effect. The default value (X) is determined by the externally applied logic level. Before a read operation, a write transmission is sent with the command byte to indicate to the I²C device that the Input Port Register will be accessed next.

Register 0 (Input Port Register)

BIT	I-7	I-6	I-5	I-4	I-3	I-2	I-1	I-0
DEFAULT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

The Output Port Register (register 1) shows the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by the Configuration Register. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. In turns, reads from this register reflect the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection, not the actual pin value.

Register 1 (Output Port Register)

BIT	O-7	O-6	O-5	O-4	O-3	O-2	O-1	O-0
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

The Polarity Inversion Register (register 2) allows polarity inversion of the pins defined as inputs by the Configuration Register. If a bit in this register is set (written with 1), the corresponding port pin's polarity is inverted. If a bit in this register is clear (written with a 0), the corresponding port pin's original polarity is retained.

Register 2 (Polarity Inversion Register)

BIT	N-7	N-6	N-5	N-4	N-3	N-2	N-1	N-0
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

The Configuration Register (register 3) configures the direction of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set to 1, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with a high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared to 0, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input.

Register 3 (Configuration Register)

BIT	C-7	C-6	C-5	C-4	C-3	C-2	C-1	C-0
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Function Description

I2CWriteByte(SlaveAddr, SubAddr, Data):
Write a Byte data to a specified I2C Device.

I2CReadByte(SlaveAddr, SubAddr, *Data):
Read a Byte data from a specified I2C Device.

SetBit(*Data, Bit) :
Set Data bit n as "1".

ClrBit(*Data, Bit) :
Set Data bit n as "0".

GetBit(Data, Bit) :
Return the value of data bit n.

Sample Code

GPIO Configuration

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR      0x42
#define INPUT_PORT     0x00
#define OUTPUT_PORT    0x01
#define INVERSION_PORT 0x02
#define COMFIG_PORT    0x03

GpioConfig(int PinNum, int Mode)
{
    BYTE Data;
    BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;

    //Pin0-7 Input/Output Configuration
    I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, COMFIG_PORT, &Data);
    if(Mode == 1){SetBit(&Data, TempPinNum);} //Input
    else      {ClrBit(&Data, TempPinNum);} //Output
    I2C_WriteByte(SLAVE_ADDR, COMFIG_PORT, Data);

    return 1;
}
```

GPIO Output Process

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR      0x42
#define INPUT_PORT     0x00
#define OUTPUT_PORT    0x01
#define INVERSION_PORT 0x02
#define COMFIG_PORT    0x03

GpioOut(int PinNum, int Level)
{
    BYTE Data;
    BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;

    //Pin0-7
    I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, OUTPUT_PORT, &Data);
    if(Level == 0){ClrBit(&Data, TempPinNum);}
    else      {SetBit(&Data, TempPinNum);}
    I2C_WriteByte(SLAVE_ADDR, OUTPUT_PORT, Data);

    return 1;
}
```

GPIO Input Process

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR      0x42
#define INPUT_PORT     0x00
#define OUTPUT_PORT    0x01
#define INVERSION_PORT 0x02
#define COMFIG_PORT    0x03

GpioIn(int PinNum, int *Status)
{
    BYTE Data;
    BYTE Group = PinNum/8;
    BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;

    //Pin0-7
    I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, INPUT_PORT, &Data);
    *Status = GetBit(Data, TempPinNum);

    return 1;
}
```

Chapter 6 - RAID

The system board allows configuring RAID on Serial ATA drives. It supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10.

RAID Levels

RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

RAID 1 (Mirroring Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 5

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and more storage capacity.

Settings

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

1. Connect the Serial ATA drives.
2. Configure Serial ATA in the AMI BIOS.
3. Configure RAID in the RAID BIOS.
4. Install the RAID driver during OS installation.
5. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Drivers.

Step 1: Connect the Serial ATA Drives

Refer to chapter 2 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



Important:

1. Make sure you have installed the Serial ATA drives and connected the data cables otherwise you won't be able to enter the RAID BIOS utility.
2. Treat the cables with extreme caution especially while creating RAID. A damaged cable will ruin the entire installation process and operating system. The system will not boot and you will lost all data in the hard drives. Please give special attention to this warning because there is no way of recovering back the data.

Step 2: Configure Serial ATA in the AMI BIOS

1. Power-on the system then press to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. Configure Serial ATA in the appropriate fields.
3. Save the changes in the Save & Exit menu.
4. Reboot the system.

Step 3: Configure RAID in the RAID BIOS

When the system powers-up and all drives have been detected, the Intel RAID BIOS status message screen will appear. Press the <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously to enter the utility. The utility allows you to build a RAID system on Serial ATA drives.

Step 4: Install the RAID Driver During OS Installation

The RAID driver must be installed during the Windows® XP or Windows® 2000 installation using the F6 installation method. This is required in order to install the operating system onto a hard drive or RAID volume when in RAID mode or onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

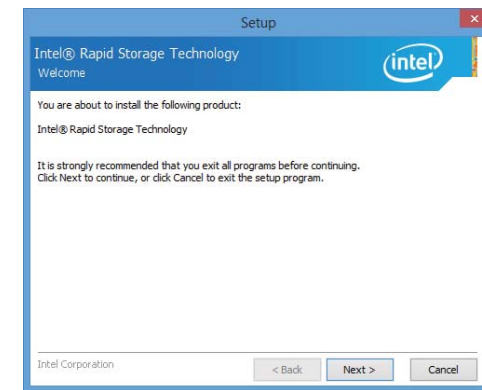
1. Start Windows Setup by booting from the installation CD.
2. Press <F6> when prompted in the status line with the 'Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver' message.
3. Press <S> to "Specify Additional Device".
4. At this point you will be prompted to insert a floppy disk containing the RAID driver. Insert the RAID driver diskette.
5. Locate for the drive where you inserted the diskette then select RAID or AHCI controller that corresponds to your BIOS setup. Press <Enter> to confirm.

You have successfully installed the driver. However you must continue installing the OS. Leave the floppy disk in the floppy drive until the system reboots itself because Windows setup will need to copy the files again from the floppy disk to the Windows installation folders. After Windows setup has copied these files again, remove the floppy diskette so that Windows setup can reboot as needed.

Step 5: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/or SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

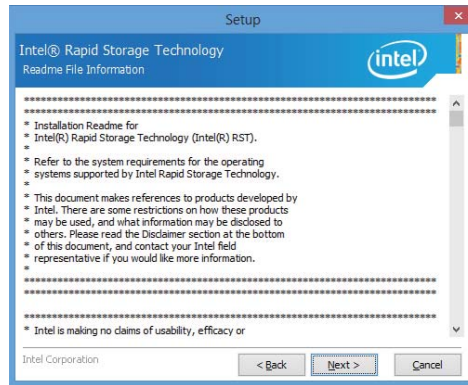
1. Insert the provided CD into an optical drive.
2. Click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility" on the main menu.
3. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



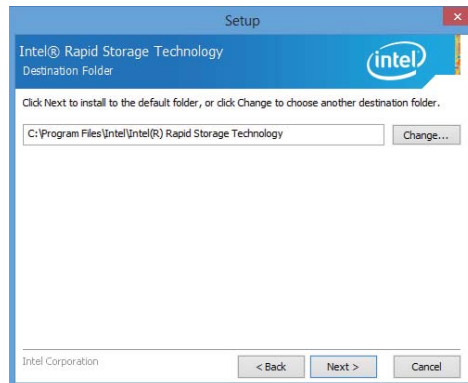
4. Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement." Then, click Next.



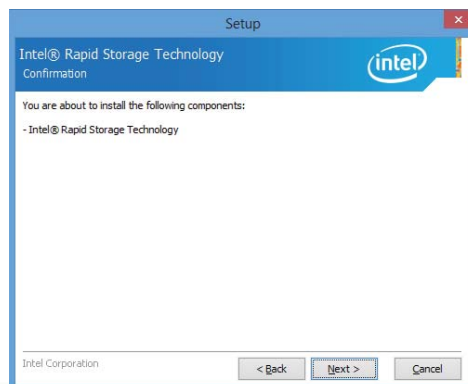
5. Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information then click Next.



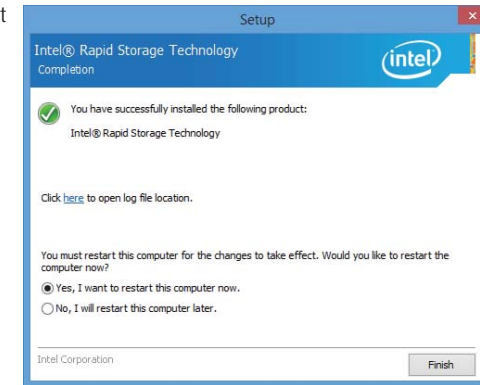
6. Click Next to install to the default folder or click change to choose another destination folder.



7. Confirm the installation and click Next.



8. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and then click Finish.



Chapter 7 - Intel AMT Settings

Overview

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solution to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems.

The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions.

- **Discover**

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

- **Repair**

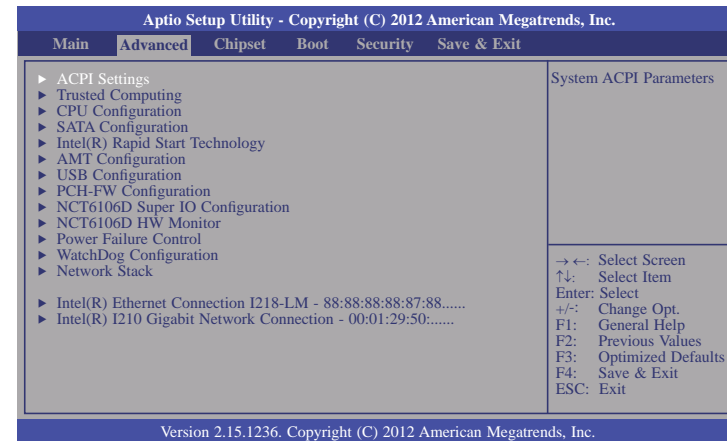
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

- **Protect**

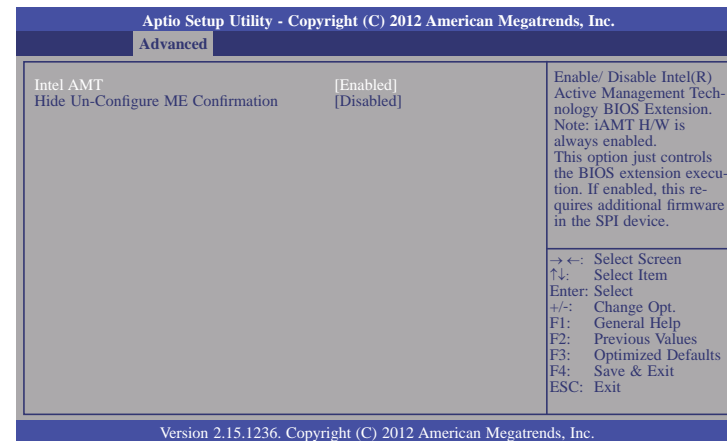
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

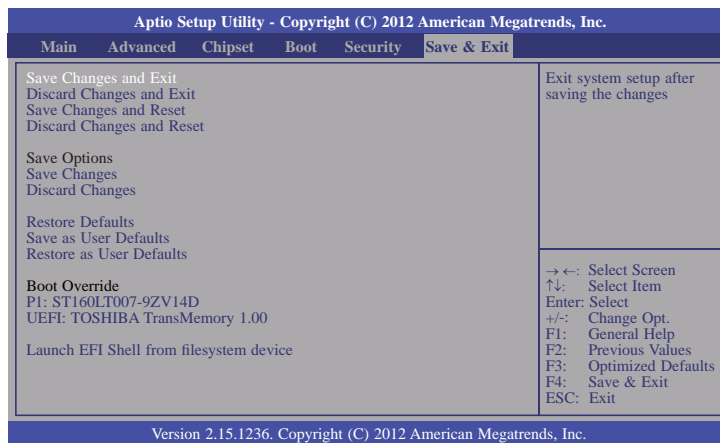
1. Power-on the system then press to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. In the **Advanced** menu, select **AMT Configuration**.



3. In the **Advanced** menu, select **Enable** in the **AMT** field.



4. In the **Save & Exit** menu, select **Save Changes and Reset** then select **OK**.

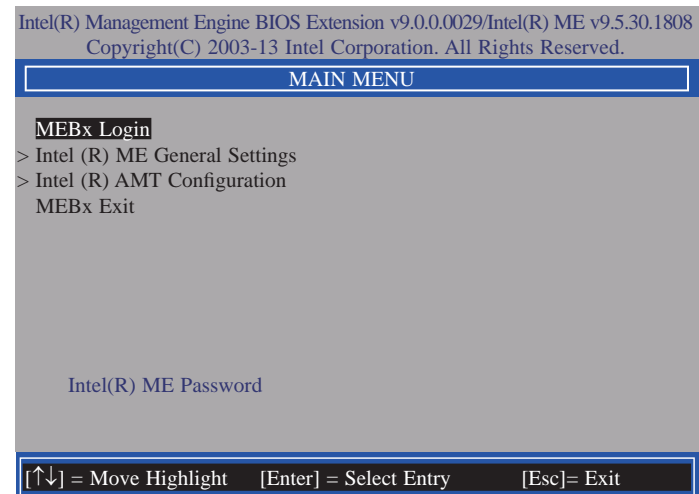


Enable Intel® AMT in the Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX) Screen

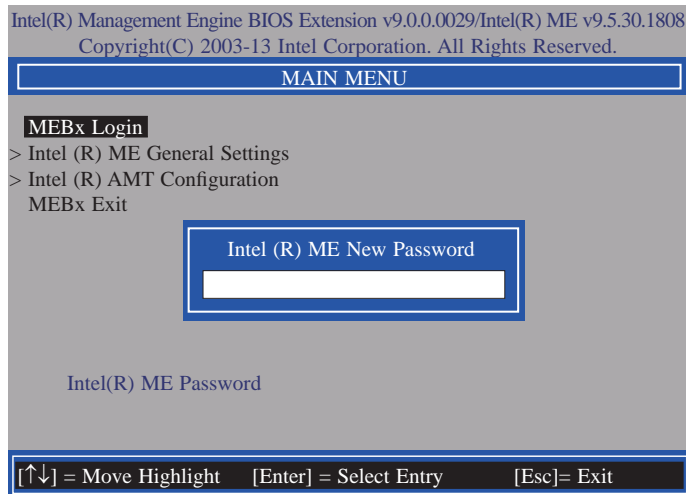
1. When the system reboots, the following message will be displayed. Press **<Ctrl-P>** as soon as the message is displayed; as this message will be displayed for only a few seconds.



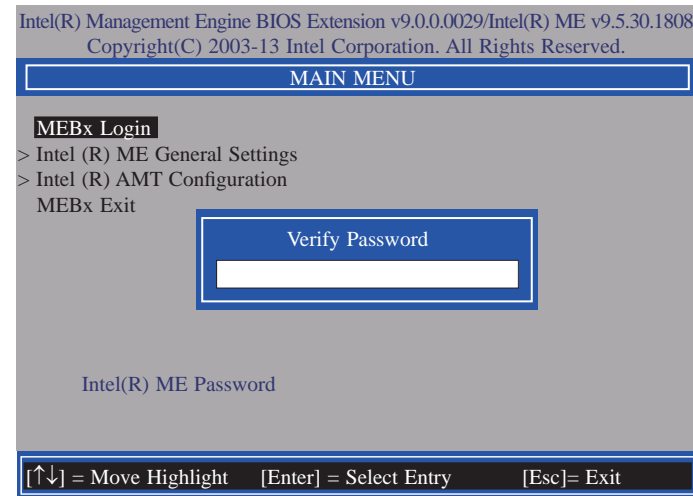
2. You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "**admin**". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME Password then press Enter.



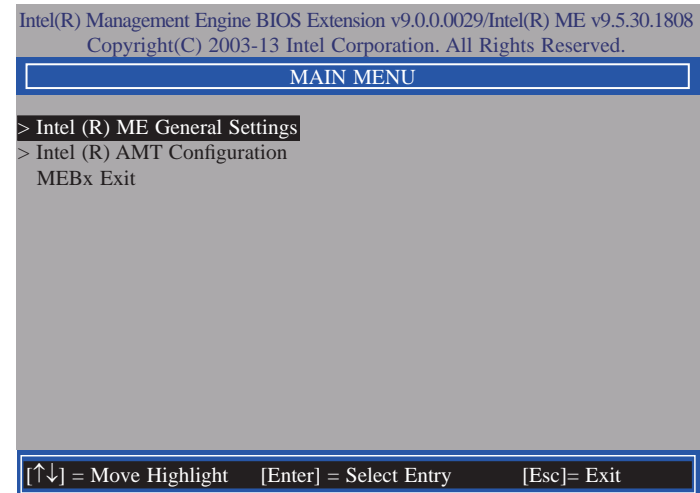
3. Enter a new password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME New Password then press Enter. The password must include:
- 8-32 characters
 - Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
 - At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
 - At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
 - Both lower case and upper case characters



4. You will be asked to verify the password. Enter the same new password in the space provided under Verify Password then press Enter.



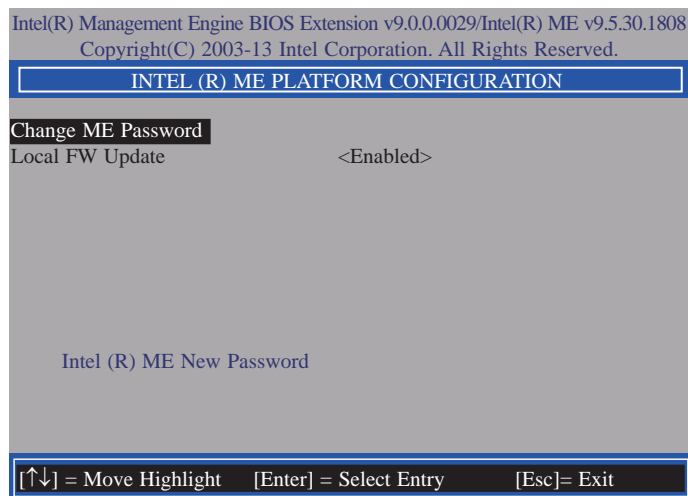
5. Select **Intel(R) ME General Settings** then press Enter.



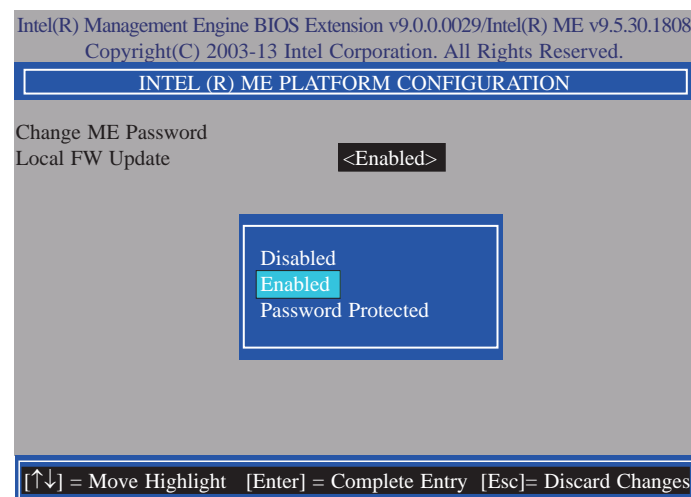
6. Select **Change Intel(R) ME Password** then press Enter.

You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "admin". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME New Password then press Enter.

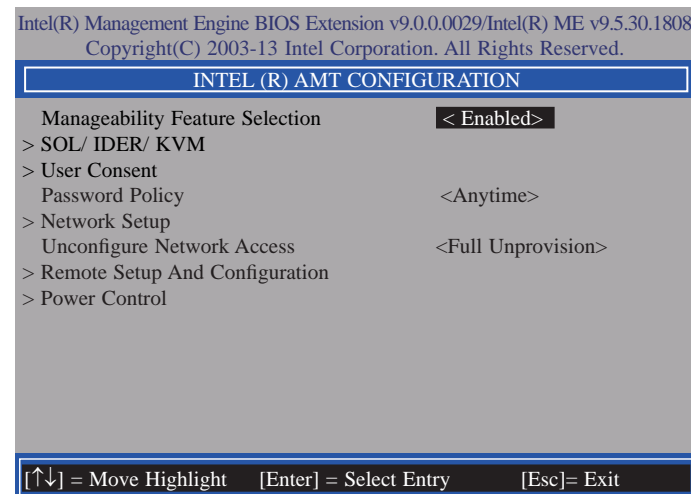
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



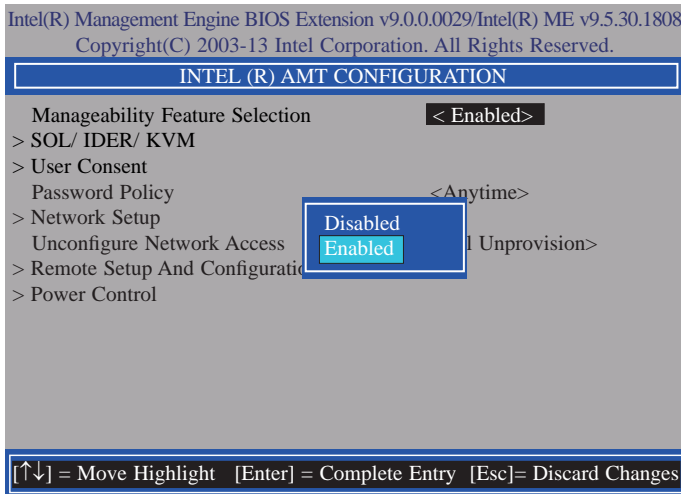
7. Select **Local FW Update** then press Enter. Select **Enabled** then press Enter.



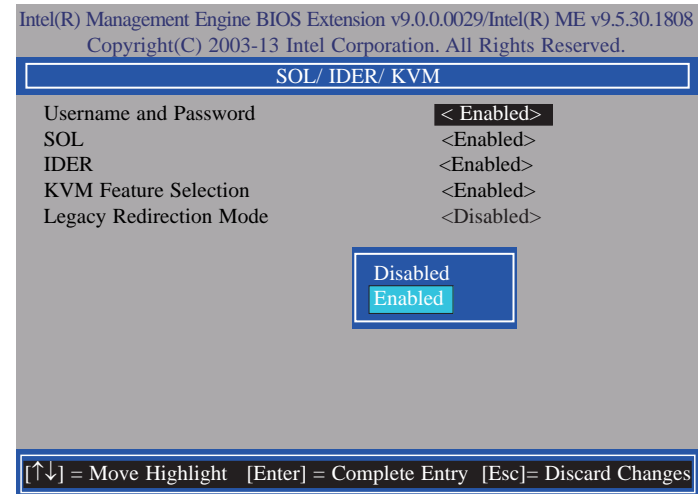
8. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Main Menu**. Select **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** then press Enter.



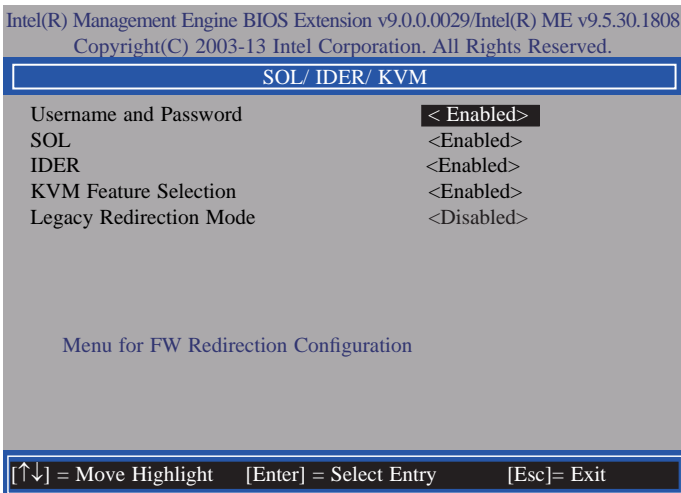
9. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Manageability Feature Selection** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



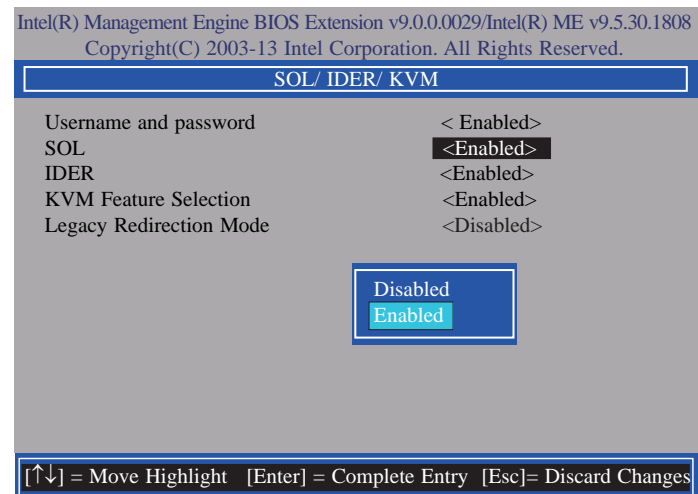
11. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **Username and Password** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



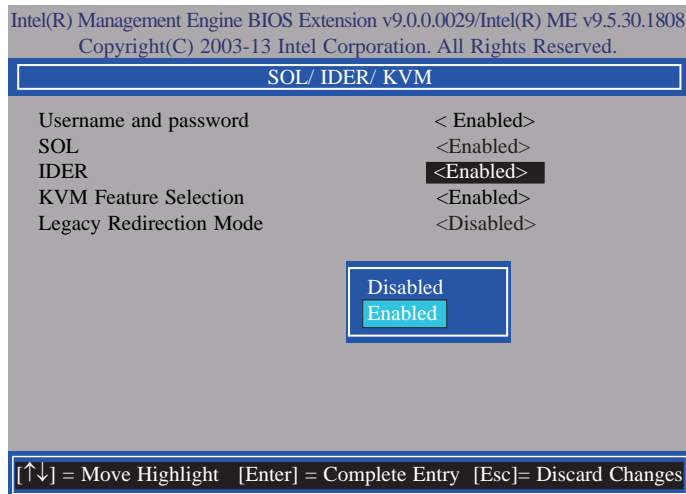
10. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **SOL/IDER/KVM** then press Enter.



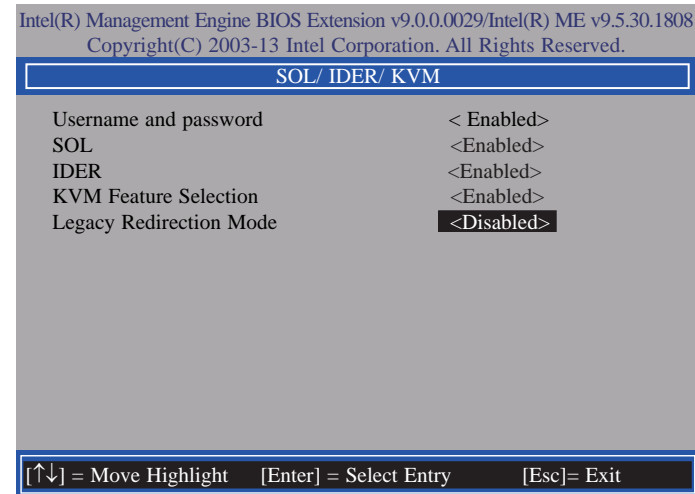
12. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **SOL** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



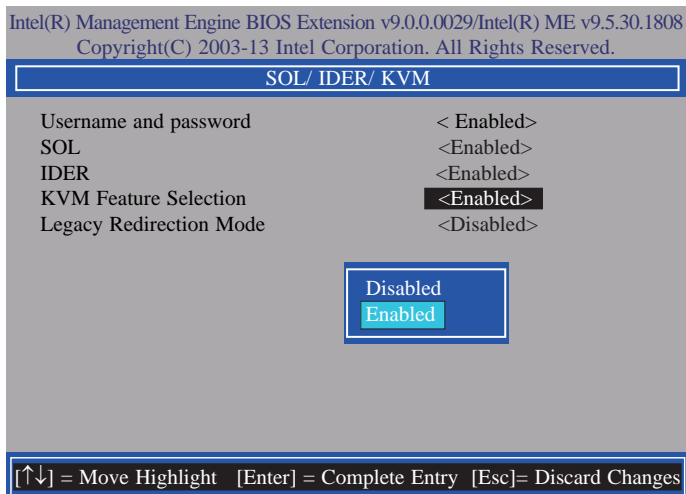
13. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **IDER** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



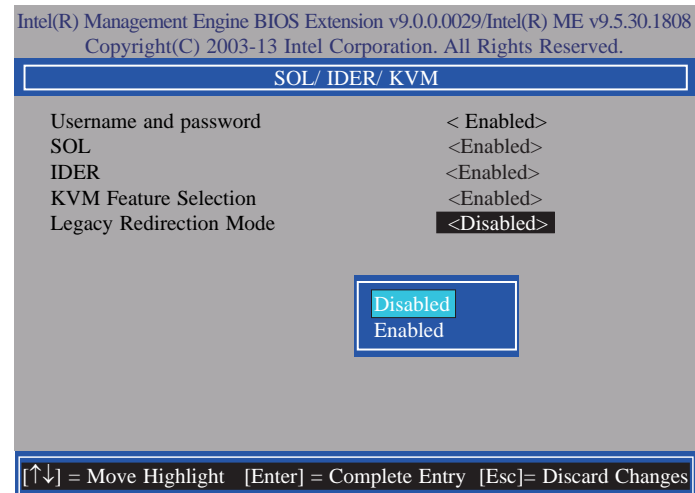
15. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **Legacy Redirection Mode** then press Enter.



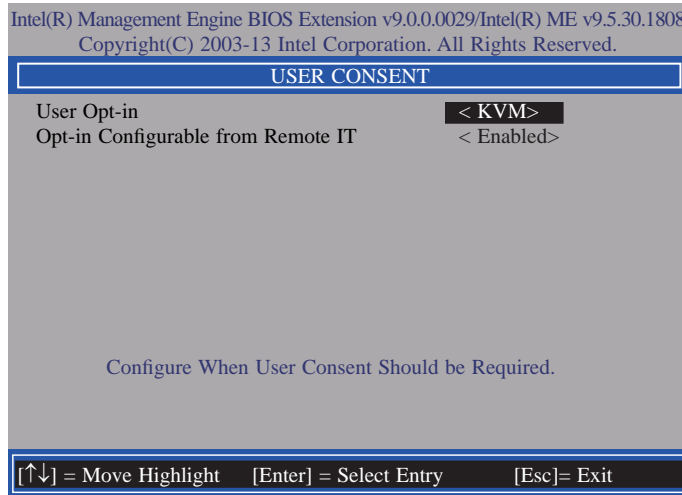
14. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **KVM Feature Selection** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



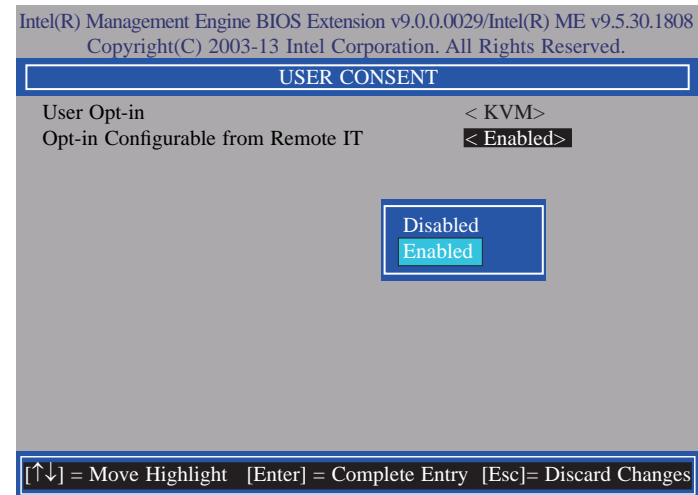
16. Select **Enabled** then press Enter.



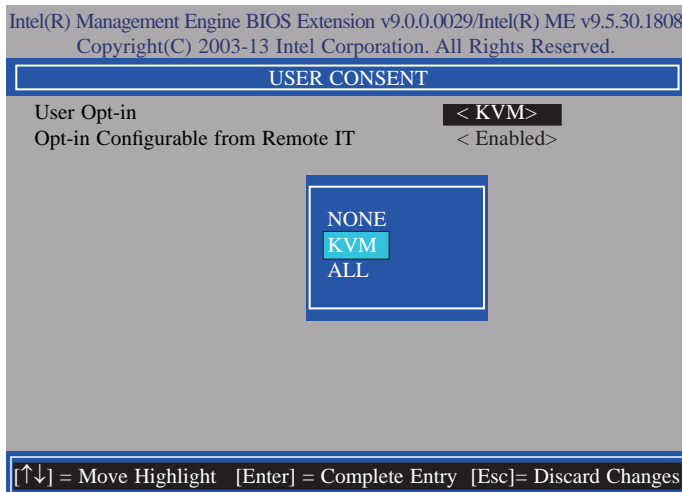
17. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu. Select **User Consent** then press Enter.



19. In the **User Consent** menu, select **Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT** then press Enter. Select **Disable Remote Control of KVM Opt-in Policy** then press Enter.

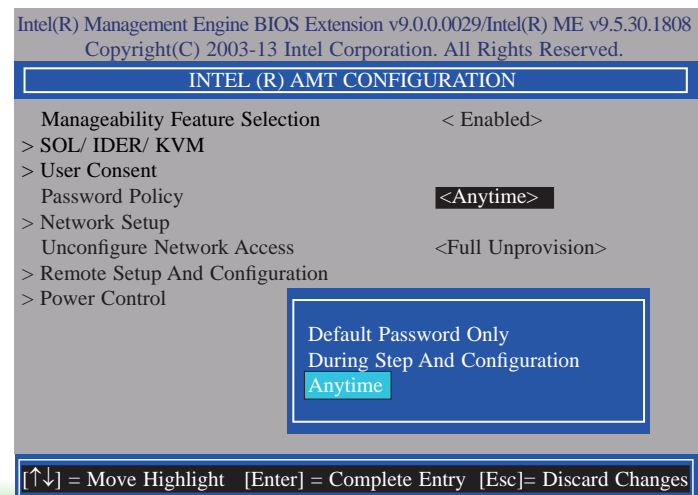


18. In the **User Consent** menu, select **User Opt-in** then press Enter. Select **None** then press Enter.

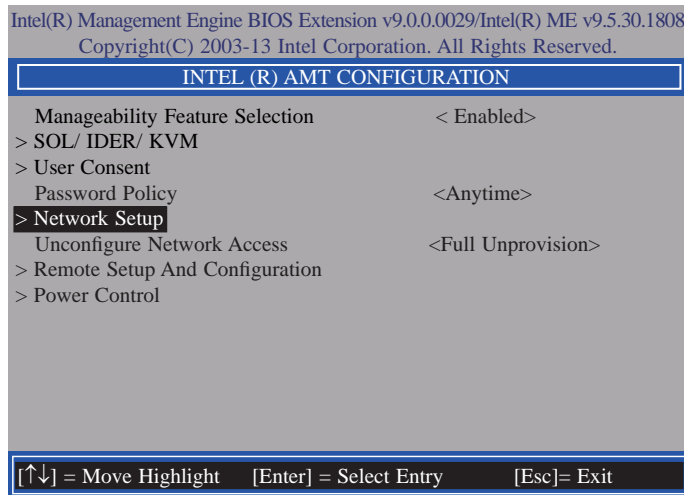


20. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu. Select **Password Policy** then press Enter.

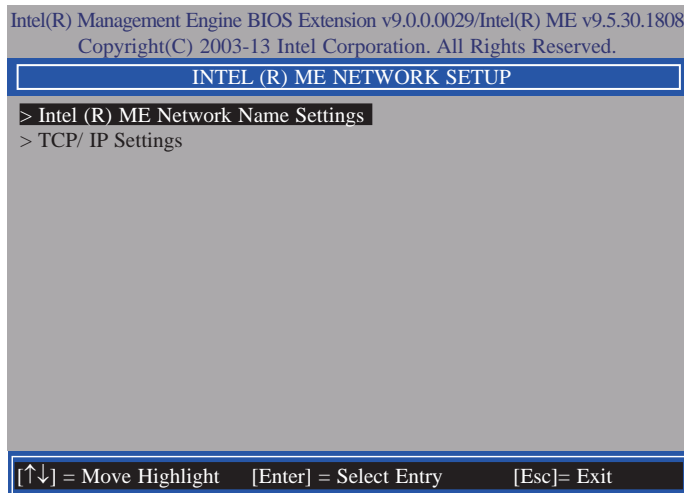
You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.



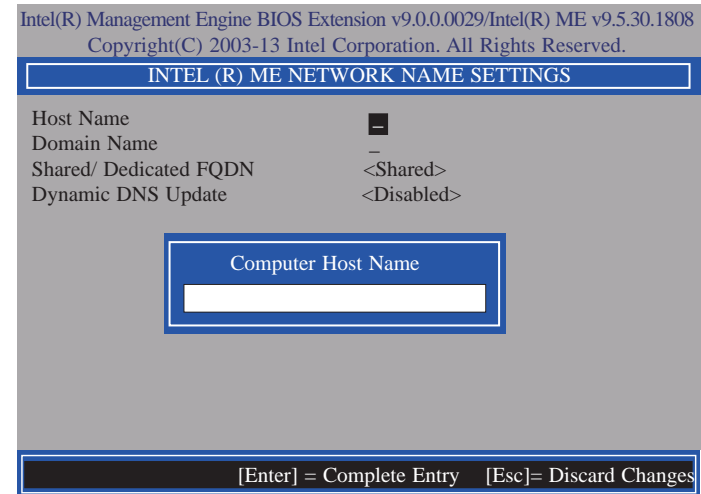
21. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Network Setup** then press Enter.



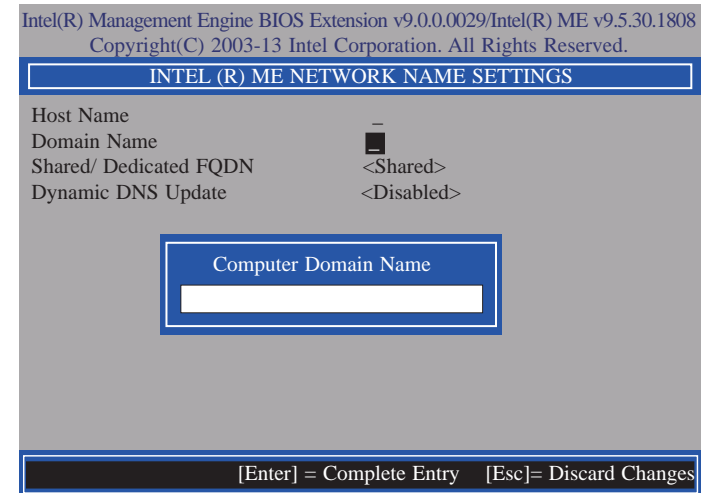
22. In the **Intel(R) ME Network Setup** menu, select **Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings** then press Enter.



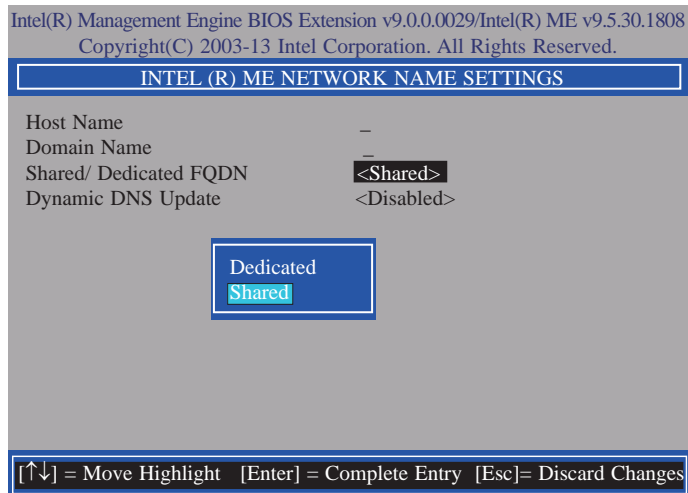
23. In the **Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings** menu, select **Host Name** then press Enter. Enter the computer's host name then press Enter.



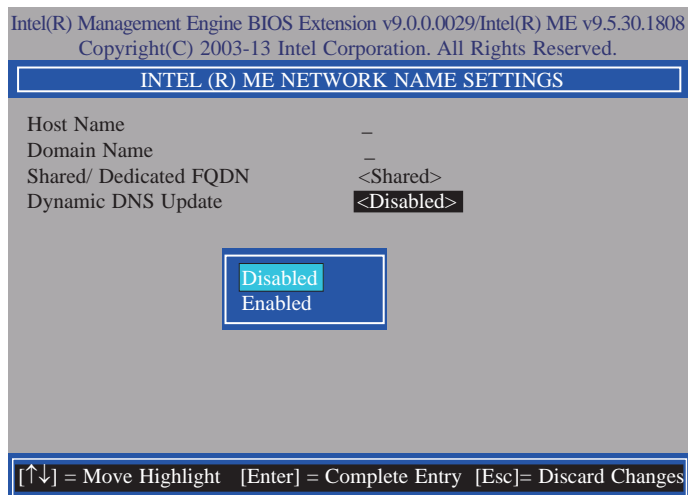
24. Select **Domain Name** then press Enter. Enter the computer's domain name then press Enter.



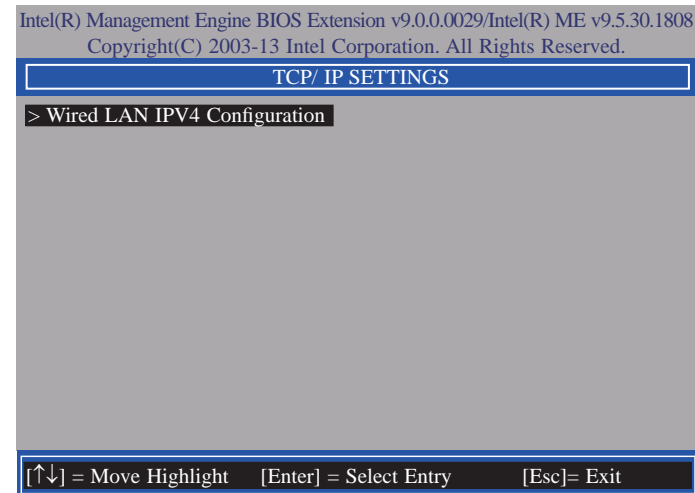
25. Select **Shared/Dedicated FQDN** then press Enter. Select **Shared** or **Dedicated** then press Enter.



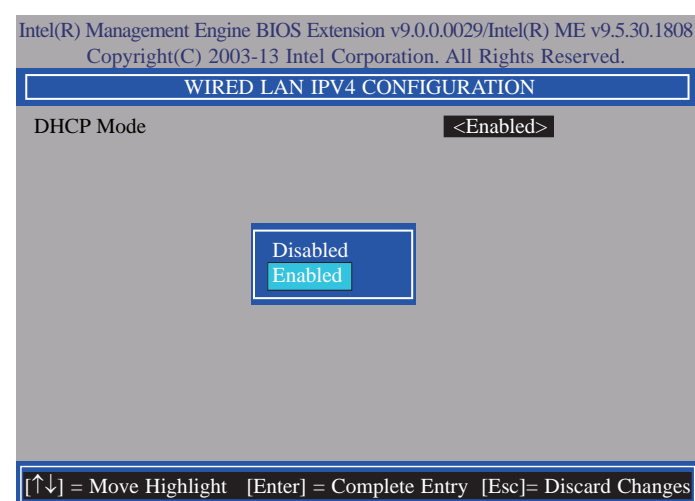
26. Select **Dynamic DNS Update** then press Enter. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** then press Enter.



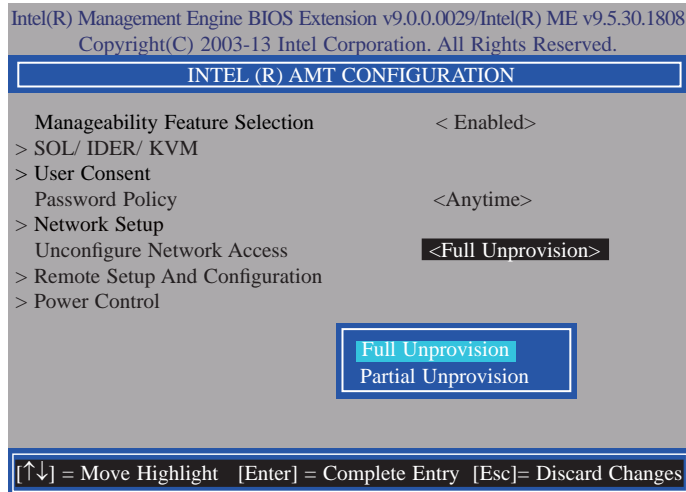
27. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) ME Network Setup** menu. Select **TCP/IP Settings** then press Enter.



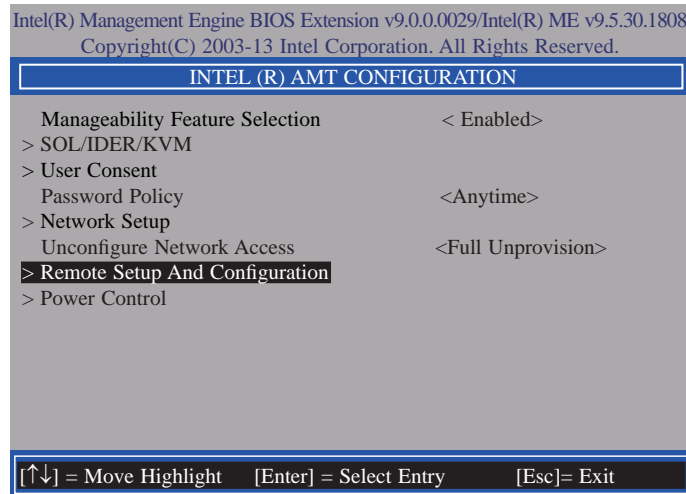
28. In the **TCP/IP Settings** menu, select **Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration** then press Enter.



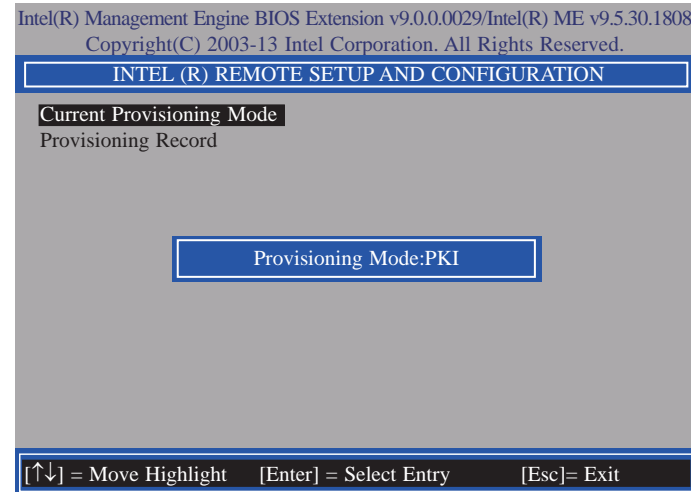
29. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Unconfigure Network Access** then press Enter.



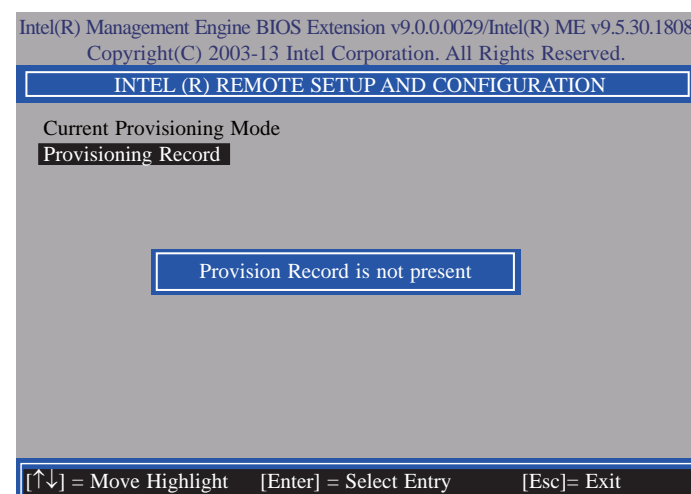
30. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Remote Setup And Configuration** then press Enter.



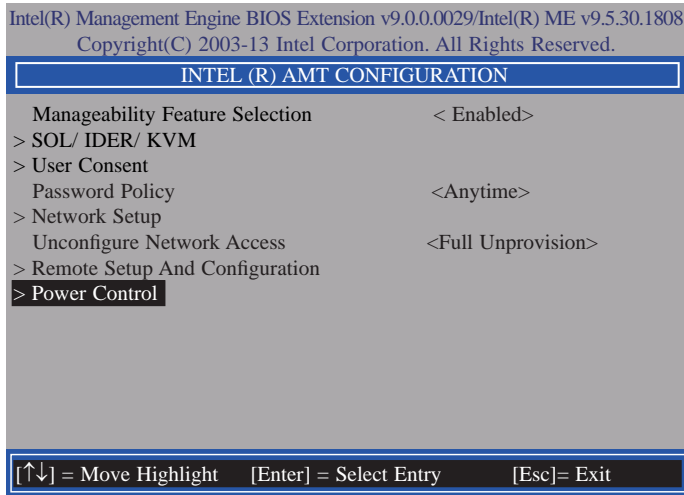
31. In the **Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration** menu, select **Current Provisioning Mode** then press Enter.



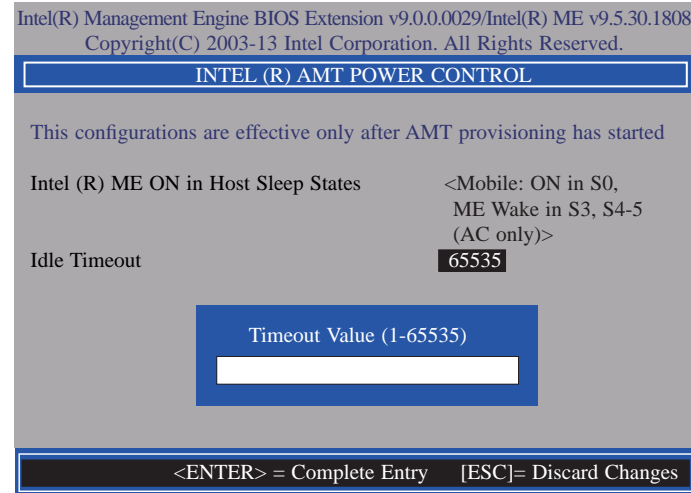
32. In the **Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration** menu, select **Provisioning Record** then press Enter.



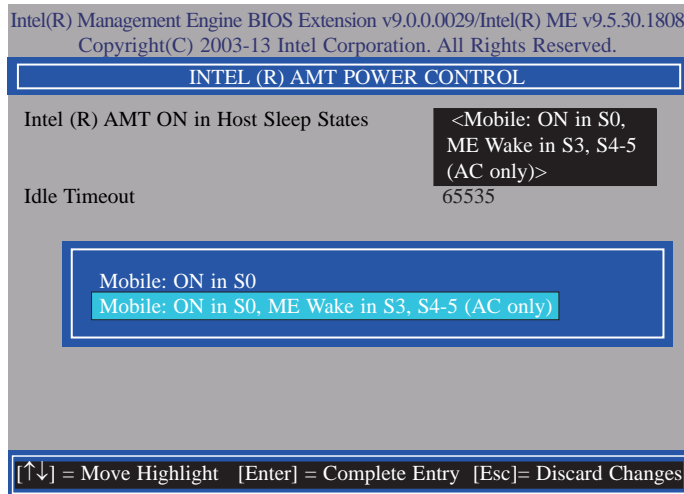
33. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Power Control** then press Enter.



35. In the **Intel(R) AMT Power Control** menu, select **Idle Timeout** then press Enter. Enter the timeout value (1-65535).



34. In the **Intel(R) AMT Power Control** menu, select **Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States** then press Enter. Select an option then press Enter.



36. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Main Menu**. Select **Exit** then press Enter. Type **Y** then press Enter.



Appendix A - Watchdog Sample Code

;Software programming example:

```

;-----
;(1) Enter Super IO Configuration mode
;-----
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,87H
OUT     DX,AL
OUT     DX,AL

;-----
;(2) Configuration Logical Device 8, register CRF0/CRF1 (WDT Control/WDT
timer)
;-----
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,07H           ;Ready to Program Logical Device
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,08H           ;Select Logical Device 8
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL, F1H           ;Select watchdog timer register
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,10H           ;Set watchdog timer value
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL, F0H           ;Select watchdog Control Register
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,02H           ;Set Watchdog Control Value
OUT     DX,AL

;-----
;(1) Exit extended function mode
;-----
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,AAH
OUT     DX,AL

```

Appendix B - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.



Important:

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80)

Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40)

Floppy type mismatch.

Hard Disk(s) fail (80)

HDD reset failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (40)

HDD controller diagnostics failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (20)

HDD initialization error.

Hard Disk(s) fail (10)

Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

Hard Disk(s) fail (08)

Sector Verify failed.

Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key

The BIOS detects that the keyboard is locked. Keyboard controller is pulled low.

Keyboard error or no keyboard present

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

Manufacturing POST loop

System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for the M/B burn in test at the factory.

BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted

The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFH is bad.

Memory test fail

The BIOS reports memory test fail if the memory has error(s).

Appendix C - Troubleshooting Checklist

Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
4. The monitor is turned on.
5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

Monitor/Display

If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
3. Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

The picture seems to be constantly moving.

1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
2. Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

Power Supply

When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

Floppy Drive

The computer cannot access the floppy drive.

1. The floppy diskette may not be formatted. Format the diskette and try again.
2. The diskette may be write-protected. Use a diskette that is not write-protected.
3. You may be writing to the wrong drive. Check the path statement to make sure you are writing to the targeted drive.
4. There is not enough space left on the diskette. Use another diskette with adequate storage space.

Hard Drive

Hard disk failure.

1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

Serial Port

The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

Keyboard

Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

System Board

1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
5. If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.