



CR101-D
Mini-ITX Industrial Motherboard
User's Manual

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Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

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Trademarks

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FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

- The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- 2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

Warranty

- Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
- 2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
- Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
- 4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequencial damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

- To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
- 2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
- 3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
- 4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
- Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One CR101-D motherboard
- One Serial ATA data cable
- One Serial ATA power cable
- One I/O shield
- One DVD
- One OR (Quick Reference)

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Optional Items

- Serial ATA data cable
- Serial ATA power cable
- USB port cable
- COM port cable
- I/O shield
- Power adapter (100W, 12V)

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- A CPU
- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

Specifications

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Processor	• Socket G2 988B for: - 3rd Generation Intel® Core™ processors (22nm process technology) : Intel® Core™ i7-3610QE (6M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz); 45W : Intel® Core™ i5-3610ME (3M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-3120ME (3M Cache, 2.4 GHz); 35W - 2nd Generation Intel® Core™ processors (32nm process technology) : Intel® Core™ i7-2710QE (6M Cache, up to 3.0 GHz); 45W : Intel® Core™ i5-2510E (3M Cache, up to 3.1 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-2330E (3M Cache, 2.2 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ B810 (2M Cache, 1.6 GHz); 35W		
Chipset	• Intel® HM76 Express chipset		
System Memory	Two 204-pin DDR3 SODIMM sockets Supports DDR3 SODIMM		
	3rd Generation Processors2nd Generation ProcessorsDDR3 1066/1333/1600MHzDDR3 1066/1333MHz (i5/i3/Celeron)DDR3 1600MHz (i7)		
	Supports DDR3L SODIMM 1066/1333MHz when operating at 1.35V 1066/1333/1600MHz when operating at 1.5V Supports dual channel memory interface Supports up to 16GB system memory DRAM device technologies: 1Gb, 2Gb and 4Gb DDR3 DRAM technologies are supported for x8 and x16 devices, unbuffered, non-ECC		
Expansion Slots	• 1 PCIe x16 slot - Supports Gen 3.0 (3rd generation processors) - Supports Gen 2.0 (2nd generation processors) - Configurations (supported only via a riser card): : One x8 (GFX) and two x4 (I/O) : Two x8 (GFX, I/O) : One x16 (GFX, I/O) • 1 Mini PCIe slot - Supports USB and PCIe signals - Supports half size card		
Graphics	 Intel® HD Graphics 4000 Display ports: HDMI, DVI-I, and LVDS Dual independent display HDMI and DVI: resolution up to 1920x1200 @60Hz VGA: resolution up to 2048x1536 @75Hz, 32-bit LVDS: Single Channel - 18/24-bit; Dual Channel: 36/48-bit; resolution up to 2048x1536 @60Hz Intel® Clear Video Technology DirectX Video Acceleration (DXVA) for accelerating video processing - Full AVC/VCI/MPEG2 HW Decode Supports DirectX 11/10.1/10/9 and OpenGL 3.0 		
Audio	Realtek ALC886 5.1-channel High Definition Audio Audio outputs: Mic-in/Center+Subwoofer, Line-in/Surround and Line-out S/PDIF audio interface		
LAN	2 Realtek RTL8111DL PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controllers Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab		
Power Consumption	• 61.71 W with i7-3610QE at 2.3GHz and 2x 4GB DDR3 SODIMM		

Serial ATA	 4 Serial ATA ports 2 SATA 3.0 ports with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s 2 SATA 2.0 ports with data transfer rate up to 3Gb/s Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller
Rear Panel I/O Ports	 1 12V DC-in 1 DB-9 serial port - Supports RS232/422/485 (RS232 and/or Power) 1 DVI-I port 1 HDMI port 2 RJ45 LAN ports 4 USB 3.0/2.0/1.1 ports Mic-in/Center+Subwoofer, Line-in/Surround and Line-out jacks
I/O Connectors	2 connectors for 4 external USB 2.0/1.1 ports 1 connector for 1 RS232/422/485 serial port 1 LVDS LCD panel connector 1 LCD/inverter power connector 1 front audio connector for line-out and mic-in jacks 1 S/PDIF connector 4 Serial ATA ports 1 4-pin peripheral power connector 1 4-pin 12V power connector 1 chassis intrusion connector 1 front panel connector 1 LPC connector 3 fan connectors
BIOS	AMI BIOS G4Mbit SPI BIOS
Energy Efficient Design	Supports ErP Lot6 power saving (optional) ACPI v3.0 specification System Power Management Wake-On-Events include: - Wake-On-USB KB/Mouse - Wake-On-LAN - RTC timer to power-on the system AC power failure recovery
Damage Free Intelligence	 Monitors CPU/system temperature and overheat alarm Monitors VCORE/1.05V/DDR/3.3V/5V/12V voltages and failure alarm Monitors CPU/system fan speed and failure alarm Read back capability that displays temperature, voltage and fan speed Watchdog timer function
OS Support	 Windows XP Professional x86 & SP3 (32-bit) Windows XP Professional x64 & SP2 (64-bit) Windows 7 Ultimate x86 & SP1 (32-bit) Windows 7 Ultimate x64 & SP1 (64-bit) Windows 8 Enterprise x86 (32-bit) Windows 8 Enterprise x64 (64-bit)
Temperature	Operating: 0°C to 60°C Storage: -20°C to 85°C
Humidity	• 10% to 90%
Dimensions	Mini-ITX form factor 170mm (6.7") x 170mm (6.7") Heat spreader with heat sink and fan 62mm x 60mm x 42mm
Certification	CE FCC Class B UL ROHS

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Features

Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly "clear" the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

DDR3

DDR3 delivers increased system bandwidth and improved performance. The advantages of DDR3 are its higher bandwidth and its increase in performance at a lower power than DDR2.

Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications. Supports HDMI, DVI-I and LVDS interfaces for 3 display outputs.

DVI

DVI (Digital Visual Interface) is a form of video interface technology made to maximize the quality of flat panel LCD monitors and modern video graphics cards. Data is transmitted using the TMDS (Transition Minimized Differential Signaling) protocol, providing a digital signal from the PC's graphics subsystem to the display.

Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 3Gb/s (SATA 2.0) and 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s. The bandwidth of the SATA 3.0 will be limited by carrier board design.

Gigabit LAN

Two Realtek RTL8111DL Gigabit LAN controllers support up to 1Gbps data transmission.

Audio

The Realtek ALC886 audio codec provides 5.1-channel High Definition audio output.

USB

The system board supports the new USB 3.0. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 5 Gbit/s (625 MB/s) and is faster than USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.0 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

Wake-On-LAN

This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCI LAN card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRO or DMA interrupt.

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Important:

The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

Wake-On-USB

This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.



Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the $5V_{standby}$ power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5A$. For 3 or more USB ports, the $5V_{standby}$ power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2A$.

RTC Timer

The RTC installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

ACPI STR

The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting "Standby" when you shut down Windows® without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.

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Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

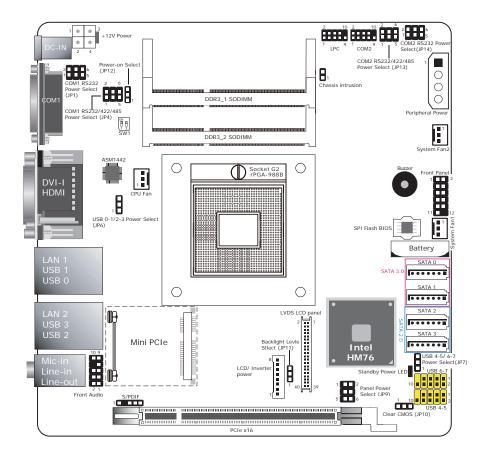
• Power Failure Recovery

When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

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Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

Board Layout





Important:

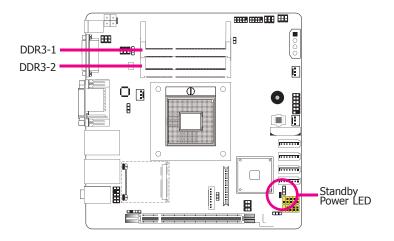
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

System Memory



Important:

When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.



Features

- Two 204-pin DDR3 SODIMM sockets
- Supports 1066/1333/1600MHz DDR3 SDRAM
- Dual channel memory interface
- Supports maximum of 16GB system memory

The system board supports the following memory interface.

Single Channel (SC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 64 bits (8B) from the memory channels.

Dual Channel (DC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 128 bits from the memory channels. Dual channel provides better system performance because it doubles the data transfer rate.

Single Channel	DIMMs are on the same channel. DIMMs in a channel can be identical or completely different. However, we highly recommend using identical DIMMs. Not all slots need to be populated.
Dual Channel	DIMMs of the same memory configuration are on different channels.

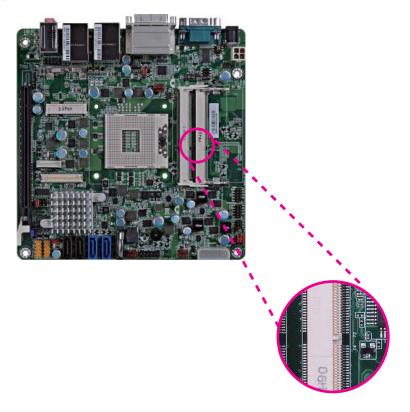
Installing the DIM Module



Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

- 1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Locate the SODIMM socket on the system board.
- 4. Note the key on the socket. The key ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in only one direction.



Grasping the module by its edges, align the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.



6. Push down the module until the clips at each end of the socket lock into position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the module is correctly locked into position.



CPU

Overview

The system board is equipped with a surface mount PGA 988B CPU socket.

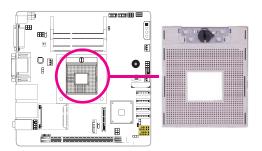


Note:

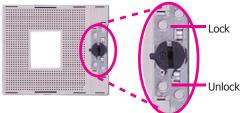
The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

Installing the CPU

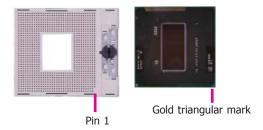
- 1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Locate the PGA 988B socket on the system board.



4. Make sure the screw is in its unlock position. If it's not, use a screwdriver to turn the screw to its unlock position.



 Position the CPU above the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with pin 1 of the CPU socket.





Important:

Handle the CPU by its edges and avoid touching the pins.

 Insert the CPU into the socket until it is seated in place. The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be inserted without exerting any force. Use a screwdriver to turn the screw to its lock position.





Important:

Do not force the CPU into the socket. Forcing the CPU into the socket may bend the pins and damage the CPU.

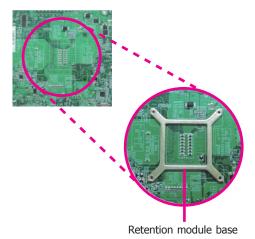
Installing the Fan and Heat Sink

The CPU must be kept cool by using a CPU fan with heat sink. Without sufficient air circulation across the CPU and heat sink, the CPU will overheat damaging both the CPU and system board.



Note:

- Use only certified fan and heat sink.
- Your fan and heat sink package usually contains the fan and heat sink assembly, and an installation guide. If the installation procedure in the installation guide differs from the one in this section, please follow the installation guide in the package.
- On the solder side of the board, match the retention module base to the mounting holes around the CPU socket.



- 2. Turn to the component side of the board making sure the retention module base is positioned and fitted properly under the board.
- 3. Apply a thin layer of thermal paste on top of the CPU. Do not spread the paste all over the surface. When you later place the heat sink on top, the compound will disperse evenly.

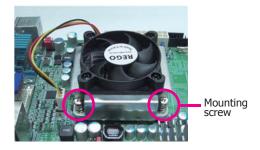
4. Place the fan / heat sink assembly on top of the CPU. The 4 screws around the heat sink must match the screw holes of the retention module base. We strongly recommend using this type of fan / heat sink assembly because it provides adequate cooling to the components of the system board.

Turn each Phillips head screw half way down first to initially stabilize the heat sink onto the board, then finally tighten each screw.

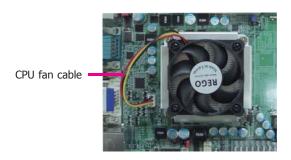


Important

Do not turn the first screw all the way down followed by the next and so on. This is to avoid imbalance which might cause cracks or fractures to the CPU and/or heat sink assembly.

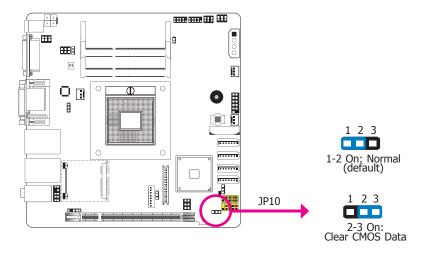


5. Connect the CPU fan's cable connector to the CPU fan connector on the system board.



Jumper Settings

Clear CMOS Data



If you encounter the following,

- a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- b) You forgot the supervisor or user password.

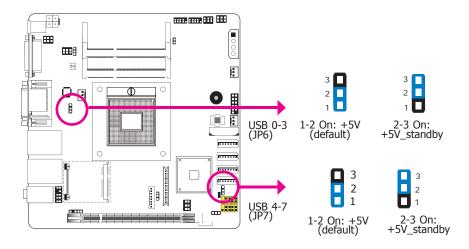
you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
- Set JP10 pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set JP10 back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
- 3. Now plug the power cord and power-on the system.

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USB Power Select



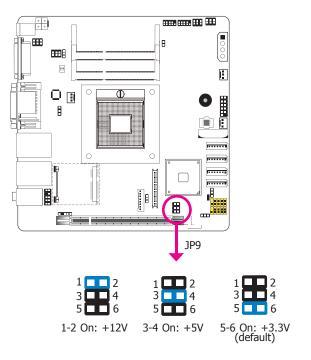
This jumper is used to select the power of the USB ports. Selecting +5V_standby will allow you to use a USB device to wake up the system.



Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5A$. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2A$.

Panel Power Select



JP9 is used to select the power supplied to the LCD panel.

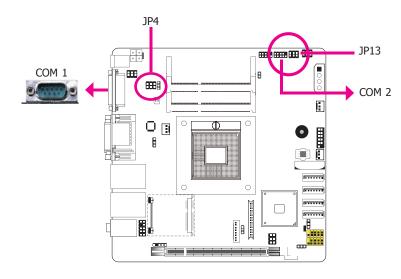


Important:

Before powering-on the system, make sure JP9's setting matches the LCD panel's specification. Selecting the incorrect voltage will seriously damage the LCD panel.

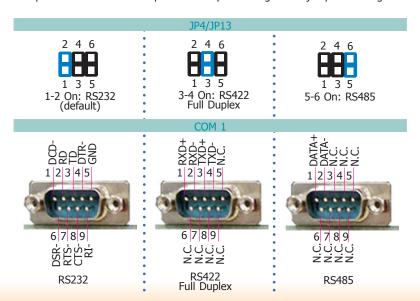
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COM1/COM2 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select

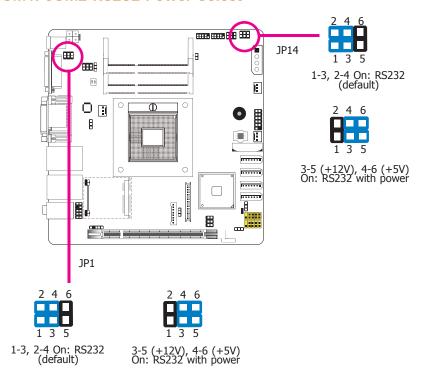


JP4 (for COM1) and JP13 (for COM2) are used to configure the COM ports to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485.

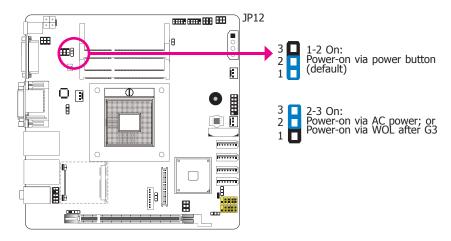
The pin function of the COM ports will vary according to the jumper's setting.



COM1/COM2 RS232 Power Select



Power-on Select



To power-on via WOL after G3:

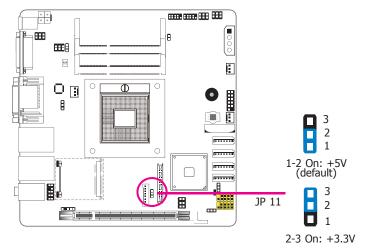
- 1. Set JP12 pins 2 and 3 to On.
- 2. Set the "After G3" field to Power Off/WOL.
- 3. Set the "GbE Wake Up From S5" to Enabled.

The BIOS fields are in the "South Bridge Configuration" submenu (Chipset menu) of the AMI BIOS utility.

To power-on via AC Power:

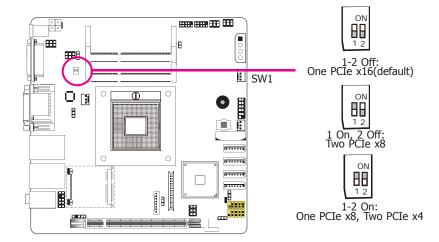
- 1. Set JP12 pins 2 and 3 to On.
- 2. Set the "After G3" field to Power On.

Backlight Level Select



JP 11 is used to select the backlight level +5V or +3.3V.

Switch



SW1 is used to configure the PCIe x16 slot.

Rear Panel I/O Ports

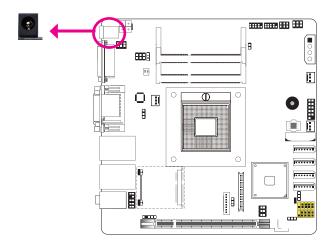


The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

- 12V DC-in

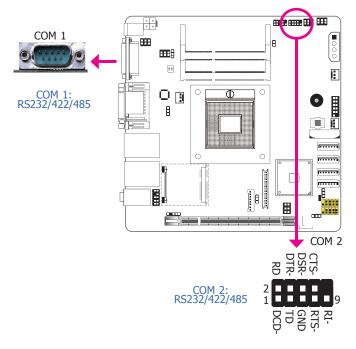
- COM port DVI-I port HDMI port 2 LAN ports 4 USB ports
- Line-out jackLine-in jackMic-in jack

12V DC-in



This jack provides maximum of 60W power and is considered a low power solution. Connect a DC power cord to this jack. Use a power adapter with 12V DC output voltage. Using a voltage higher than the recommended one may fail to boot the system or cause damage to the system board.

COM (Serial) Ports



The pin function of COM 1 and COM 2 ports will vary according to JP4/JP13's setting. Refer to "COM1/COM2 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select" in this chapter for more information.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

Connecting External Serial Ports

Your COM port may come mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the serial port cable to the COM connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of the COM connector.

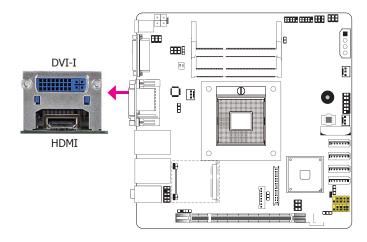
BIOS Setting

Configure the serial ports in the Advanced menu ("Super IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Graphics Interfaces

The display ports consist of the following:

- HDMI
- DVI-I port



HDMI Port

The HDMI port which carries both digital audio and video signals is used to connect a LCD monitor or digital TV that has the HDMI port.

DVI-I Port

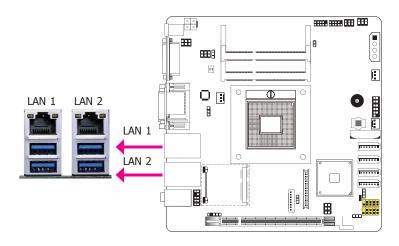
The DVI-I port is used to connect an LCD monitor.

Connect the display device's cable connector to the DVI-I port. After you plug the cable connector into the port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

BIOS Setting

Configure the display device in the Chipset menu ("North Bridge Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

RJ45 LAN Ports



Features

Realtek 8111DL PCI Express Gigabit LAN controller

The LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

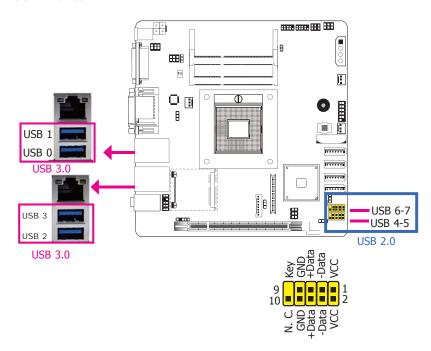
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN in the Chipset menu ("South Bridge Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

USB Ports



USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The system board is equipped with four onboard USB 3.0/2.0/1.1 ports (USB 0-3). The two 10-pin connectors allow you to connect 4 additional USB 2.0/1.1 ports (USB 4-7). The additional USB ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your operating system to use the USB device. Refer to your operating system's manual or documentation for more information.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function:

Jumper Setting

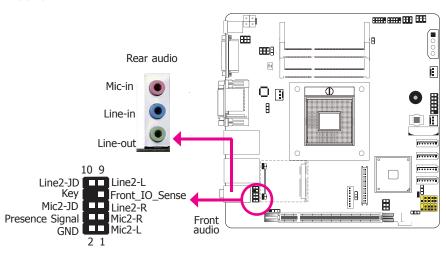
JP6 must be set to "2-3 On: +5V_standby". Refer to "USB Power Select" in this chapter for more information.



Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5A$. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2A$.

Audio



Rear Audio

The system board is equipped with 3 audio jacks. A jack is a one-hole connecting interface for inserting a plug.

- Mic-in Jack (Pink)
 This jack is used to connect an external microphone.
- Line-in Jack (Light Blue)
 This jack is used to connect any audio devices such as Hi-fi set, CD player, tape player,
 AM/FM radio tuner, synthesizer, etc.
- Line-out Jack (Lime)
 This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.

Front Audio

The front audio connector allows you to connect to the second line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system.

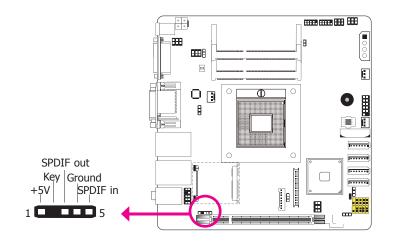
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard audio in the Chipset menu ("South Bridge" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the audio driver. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

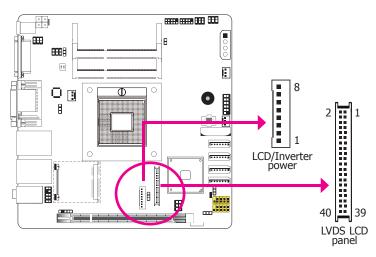
I/O Connectors S/PDIF Connector



The S/PDIF connector is used to connect an external S/PDIF port. Your S/PDIF port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then connect the audio cable to the S/PDIF connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the S/PDIF connector.

LVDS LCD Panel Connector

LCD/Inverter Power Connector



The system board allows you to connect a LCD Display Panel by means of the LVDS LCD panel connector and the LCD/Inverter power connector. These connectors transmit video signals and power from the system board to the LCD Display Panel.

Refer to the next page for the pin functions of these connectors.

BIOS Setting

Configure the LCD panel in the Advanced Chipset Features submenu of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

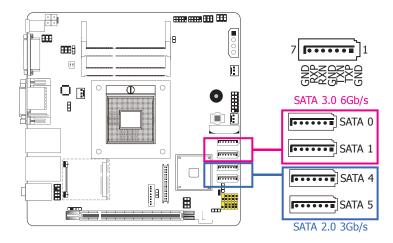
LVDS LCD Panel Connector

Pins	Function	Pins	Function		
1	GND	2	GND		
3	LVDS_Out3+	4	LVDS_Out7+		
5	LVDS_Out3-	6	LVDS_Out7-		
7	GND	8	GND		
9	LVDS_Out2+	10	LVDS_Out6+		
11	LVDS_Out2-	12	LVDS_Out6-		
13	GND	14	GND		
15	LVDS_Out1+	16	LVDS_Out5+		
17	LVDS_Out1-	18	LVDS_Out5-		
19	GND	20	GND		
21	LVDS_Out0+	22	LVDS_Out4+		
23	LVDS_Out0-	24	LVDS_Out4-		
25	GND	26	GND		
27	LVDS_CLK1+	28	LVDS_CLK2+		
29	LVDS_CLK1-	30	LVDS_CLK2-		
31	GND	32	GND		
33	LVDS_DDCCLK	34	N.C.		
35	LVDS_DDCDAA	36	N.C.		
37	Panel Power	38	Panel Power		
39	Panel Power	40	Panel Power		

LCD/Inverter Power Connector

Pins	Function
1	GND
2	GND
3	Panel Inverter Brightness Voltage Control
4	Panel Power
5	+3.3V
6	Panel Backlight On/Off Control
7	+12V
8	+12V

SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors



Features

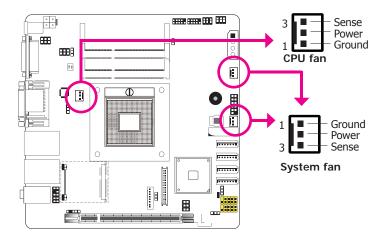
- 4 Serial ATA ports
 - 2 SATA2 ports with data transfer rate up to 3Gb/s
 - 2 SATA3 ports with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller

The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect Serial ATA devices. Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

BIOS Setting

Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced menu ("IDE Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Cooling Fan Connectors

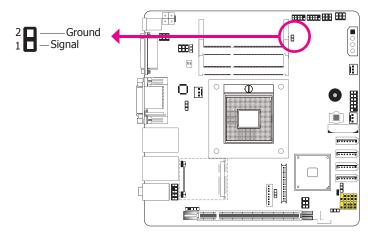


The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

BIOS Setting

The Advanced menu ("Hardware Health Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Chassis Intrusion Connector

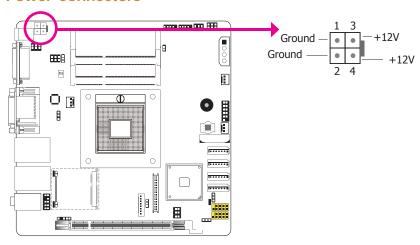


The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

MyGuard Hardware Monitor

Install the "MyGuard Hardware Monitor" utility. By default, the chassis intrusion detection function is disabled. When enabled, a warning message will appear when the chassis is open. The utility can also be configured so that a beeping alarm will sound when the chassis is open. Refer to the "MyGuard Hardware Monitor" section in chapter 4 for more information.

Power Connectors



Use a power supply that complies with the ATX12V Power Supply Design Guide Version 1.1. An ATX12V power supply unit has a standard 4-pin ATX main power connector that must be inserted into the 4-pin connector.

The power connector from the power supply unit are designed to fit the 4-pin connector in only one orientation. Make sure to find the proper orientation before plugging the connectors.

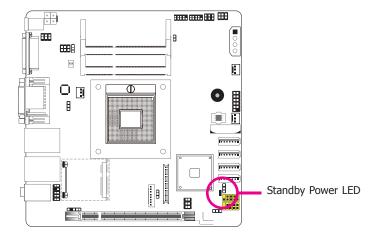
The system board requires a minimum of 300 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (CPU power, amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed the minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power is provided, we strongly recommend that you use a minimum of 400 Watt (or greater) power supply.



Important:

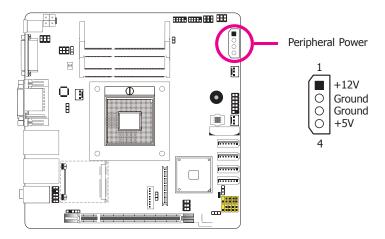
Insufficient power supplied to the system may result in instability or the add-in boards and peripherals not functioning properly. Calculating the system's approximate power usage is important to ensure that the power supply meets the system's consumption requirements.

Standby Power LED

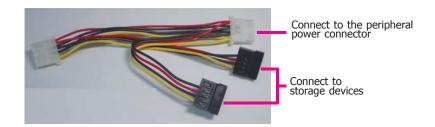


This LED will lit red when the system is in the standby mode. It indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC and then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

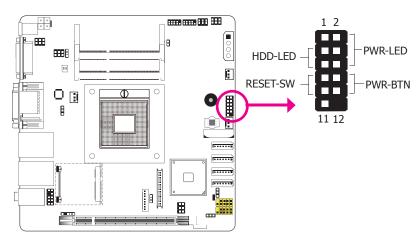
Peripheral Power



The peripheral power connector supplies power to the SATA drive and IDE hard disk drive. Connect one end of the provided power cable to the peripheral power connector and the other ends to your storage devices.



Front Panel Connectors



HDD-LED - HDD LED

This LED will light when the hard drive is being accessed.

RESET SW - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

PWR-BTN - Power Switch

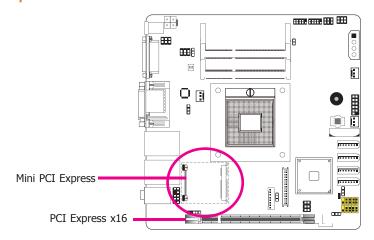
This switch is used to power on or off the system.

PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will light. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
HDD-LED	3	HDD Power		2	LED Power
	5	Signal	PWR-LED	4	LED Power
RESET SW	7	Ground		6	Signal
	9	RST Signal	PWR-BTN	8	Ground
	11	N.C.		10	Signal

Expansion Slots



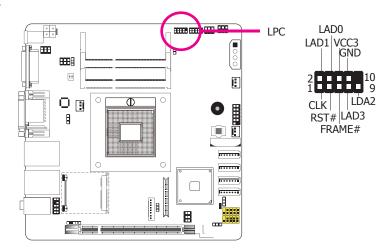
PCI Express x16 Slot

Install PCI Express x16 graphics card, that comply to the PCI Express specifications, into the PCI Express x16 slot. To install a graphics card into the x16 slot, align the graphics card above the slot then press it down firmly until it is completely seated in the slot. The retaining clip of the slot will automatically hold the graphics card in place.

Mini PCIe Slot

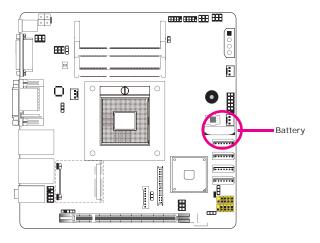
The Mini PCIe socket is used to install a Mini PCIe card. Mini PCIe card is a small form factor PCI card with the same signal protocol, electrical definitions, and configuration definitions as the conventional PCI.

LPC



The Low Pin Count Interface was defined by Intel® Corporation to facilitate the industry's transition towards legacy free systems. It allows the integration of low-bandwidth legacy I/O components within the system, which are typically provided by a Super I/O controller. Furthermore, it can be used to interface firmware hubs, and embedded controller solutions. Data transfer on the LPC bus is implemented over a 4 bit serialized data interface, which uses a 33MHz LPC bus clock. For more information about LPC bus refer to the Intel® Low Pin Count Interface Specification Revision 1.1'.

Battery



The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

Safety Measures

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

Chapter 3 - BIOS Setup

Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



Note:

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and keys simultaneously.

Legends

Keys	Function
Right and Left arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down arrows	Moves the hightlight up or down between submenu or fields.
<esc></esc>	Exit to the BIOS Setup Utility.
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
Tab	Select a field.
<f1></f1>	Displays General Help
<enter></enter>	Press <enter> to enter the highlighted submenu.</enter>

Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

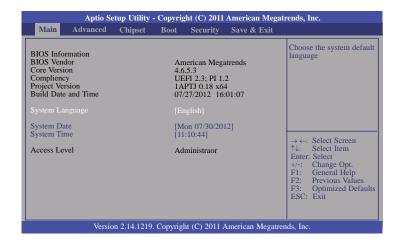
Submenu

When " \blacktriangleright " appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

AMI BIOS Setup Utility

Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



System Date

The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

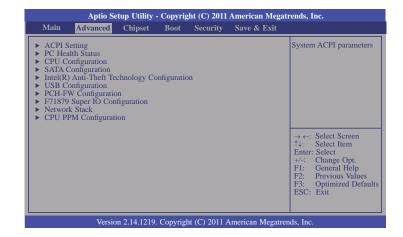
Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



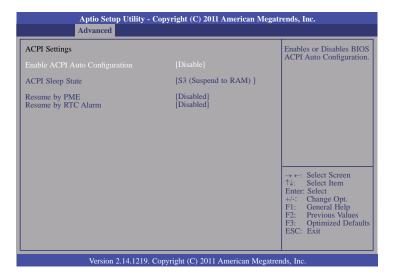
Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



ACPI Power Management Configuration

This section is used to configure the ACPI Power Management.



ACPI Sleep State

Selects the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the Suspend button is pressed.

S1(POS) Enables the Power On Suspend function.

S3(STR) Enables the Suspend to RAM function.

Resume by PME

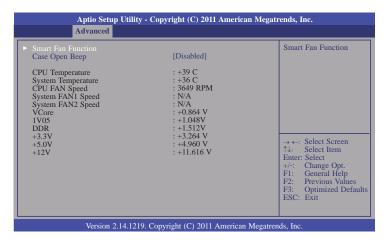
Enable this field to use the PME signal to wake up the system.

Resume by RTC Alarm

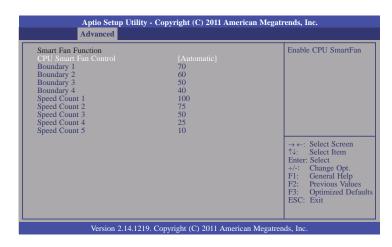
When Enabled, the system uses the RTC to generate a wakeup event.

PC Health Status

This section displays the SIO hardware health monitor.



Smart Fan Function



CPU Smart Fan Control

When this feature is set to Automatic, the CPU's fan speed will rotate according to the CPU's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation.

Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

The range is from 0-127.

Speed Count 1 to Speed Count 5

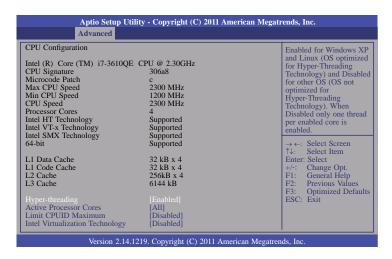
The range is from 1-100.

Case Open Beep

Set this field to Enabled to allow the system to alert you of a chassis intrusion event.

CPU Configuration

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detected CPU information.



Hyper-threading

Enable this field for Windows XP and Linux which are optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. Select disabled for other OSes not optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.

Active Processor Cores

Number of cores to enable in each processor package.

Limit CPUID Maximum

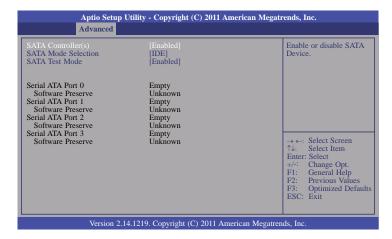
The CPUID instruction of some newer CPUs will return a value greater than 3. The default is Disabled because this problem does not exist in the Windows series operating systems. If you are using an operating system other than Windows, this problem may occur. To avoid this problem, enable this field to limit the return value to 3 or less than 3.

Intel Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

SATA Configuration

This section is used to configure SATA functions.



SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA channels.

SATA Mode Selection

IDE Mode

This option configures the Serial ATA drives as Parallel ATA storage devices.

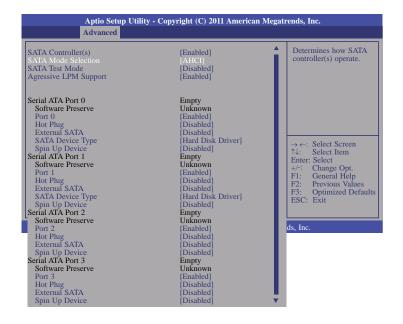
AHCI Mode

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

SATA Test Mode

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA test mode.

If AHCI is selected in the SATA Mode Selection, it will display the following information:



Serial ATA Port 0 to Serial ATA Port 3

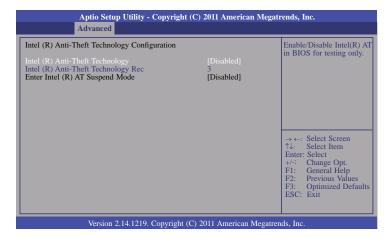
These fields are used to configure the connected SATA devices.

Aggressive LPM Support

Enter PCH to aggressively enter link power state.

Intel Anti-Theft Configuration

This section is used to disable the PC at the hardware level in the event of loss or theft.



Intel Anti-Theft Technology

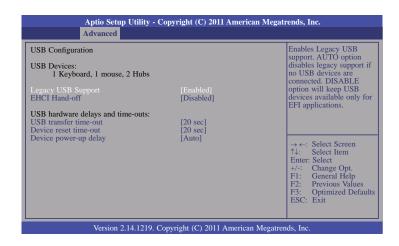
The options are Enabled and Disabled.

Enter Intel AT Suspend Mode

The options are Enabled and Disabled.

USB Configuration

This section is used to configure USB.



Legacy USB Support

Enabled

Enables legacy USB.

Auto

Disables support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

Disabled

Keeps USB devices available only for EFI applications.

EHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround for OSes that does not support EHCI hand-off. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

USB transfer time-out

The time-out value for Bulk and Interrupt transfers.

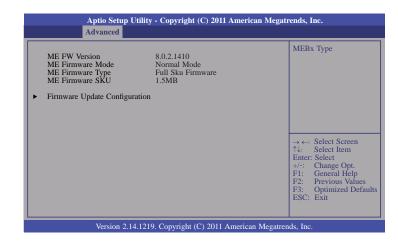
Device reset time-out

Selects the USB mass storage device start unit command timeout.

Device power-up delay

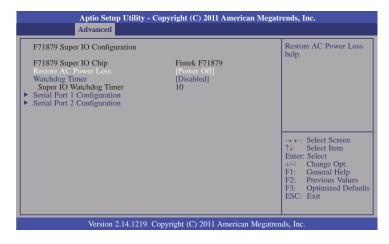
Maximum time the device will take before it properly reports itself to the Host Controller. "Auto" uses default value: for a Root port it is 100 ms, for a Hub port the delay is taken from Hub descriptor.

PCH-FW Configuration



F71879 Super IO Configuration

This section is used to configure the I/O functions supported by the onboard Super I/O chip.



Restore AC Power Loss

Off

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power is off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

On

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will automatically power-on.

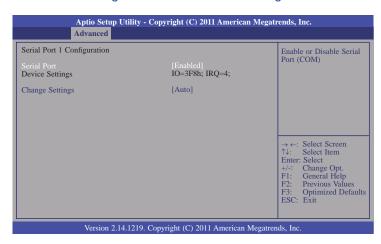
Last State

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

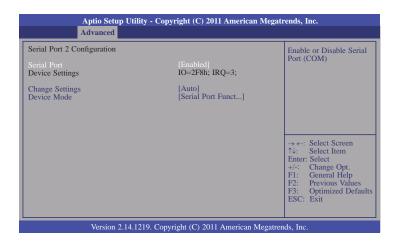
Watchdog Timer

Enable or disable Super I/O watchdog timer.

Serial Port 1 Configuration to Serial Port 2 Configuration



35



Serial Port

Enables or disables the serial port.

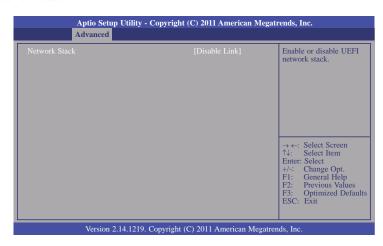
Change Settings

Selects the IO/IRQ setting of the I/O device.

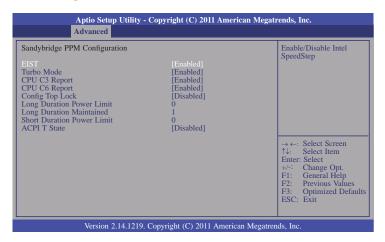
Device Mode

Enable or disable serial port (COM)

Network Stack



CPU PPM Configuration



EIST

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Enhanced SpeedStep Technology.

Turbo Mode

The options are Enabled and Disabled.

CPU C3 Report and CPU C6 Report

Enables or disables CPU C3 (ACPI C2), C6 report to OS.

Config Top Lock

Lock the Config TDP control register.

Long Duration Power Limit

Long duration power limit in Watts, 0 means use factory default.

Long Duration Maintained

Time window which the long duration power is maintained.

Short Duration Power Limit

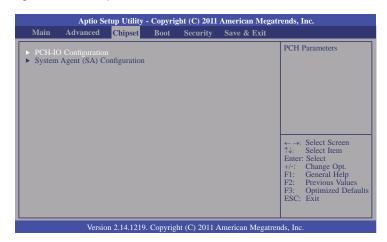
Short duration power limit in Watts, 0 means use factory default.

ACPI T State

Enable or disable ACPI T state support.

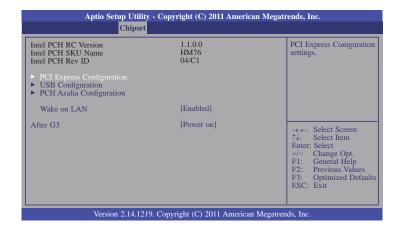
Chipset

Configures relevant chipset functions.



37

PCH-IO Configuration



Wake on LAN

Set this field to Enabled to wake up the system via the onboard LAN or via a LAN card that supports the remote wake up function.

After G3

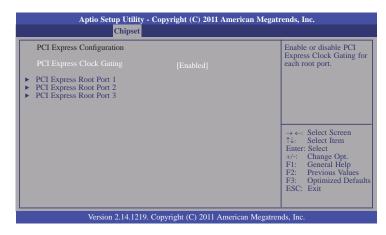
Power Off / WOL

Power-on the system via WOL after G3.

Power On

Power-on the system after G3.

PCI Express Configuration



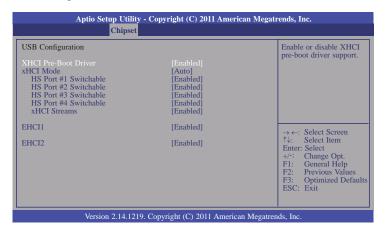
PCI Express Clock Gating

Enables or disables PCI Express Clock Gating for each root port.

PCI Express Root Port 1 to PCI Express Root Port 3

Controls the PCI Express Root Port.

USB Configuration



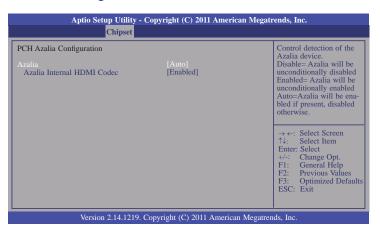
xHCI Mode

Mode of operation of xHCI controller. Options are Smart Auto, Auto, Enabled, Disabled.

EHCI1 and EHCI2

These fields are used to enable or disable USB 2.0.

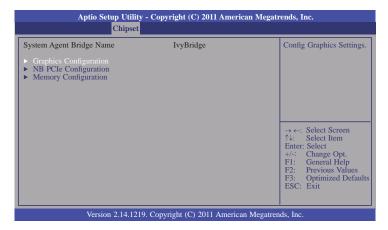
PCH Azalia Configuration



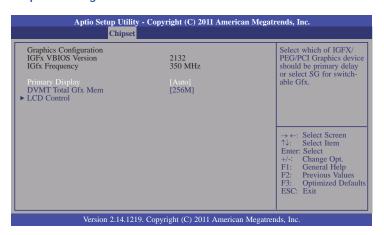
Azalia internal HDMI codec

Enables or disable the Azalia internal HDMI codec.

System Agent (SA) Configuration



Graphics Configuration



Primary Display

Auto	When the system boots, it will auto detects the display device.
IGFX	When the system boots, it will first initialize the onboard VGA.
PEG	When the system boots, it will first initialize the PCI Express x16 graphics
	card.

DVMT Total Gfx Mem

This field is used to select the graphics memory size used by DVMT mode.

LCD Control



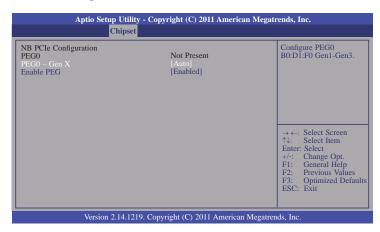
Primary IGFX Boot Display and Secondary IGFX Boot Display

The options are VBIOS Default, CRT, HDMI, LVDS, DVI-I and DVI-D.

LCD Panel Type

This field is used to select the type of LCD panel used by the internal graphics device.

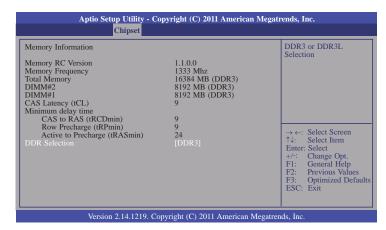
NB PCIe Configuration



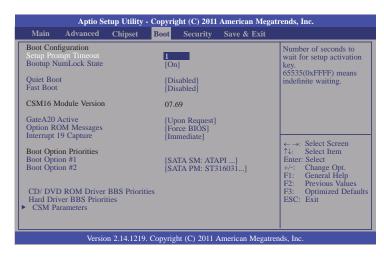
Enabled PEG

To enable or disable the PEG.

Memory Information



Boot



Setup Prompt Timeout

Selects the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

Bootup NumLock State

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

Quiet Boot

Enables or disables the quiet boot function.

Fast Boot

Enables or disables boot with initialization of a minimal set of devices required to launch active boot option. Has no effect for BBS boot options.

GateA20 Active

Upon Request- GA20 can be disabled using BIOS services.

Alwasy- Do not allow disabling GA20; this option is useful when any RT code is executed above 1MB.

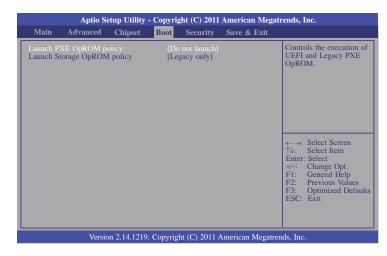
Option ROM Messages

Set display mode for option ROM.

Interrupt 19 Capture

When enabled, it allows the optional ROM to trap Int 19.

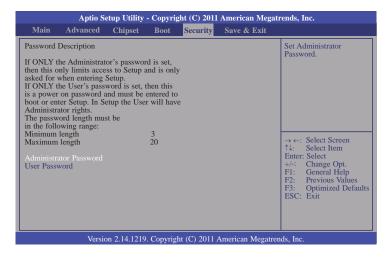
CSM Parameters



Launch Storage OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy storage OpROM.

Security



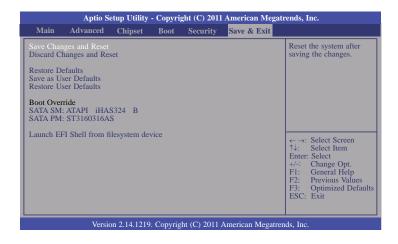
Administrator Password

Sets the administrator password.

User Password

Sets the user password.

Save & Exit



Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

Save as User Defaults

To save changes done so far as user default, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to save values as user default.

Restore User Defaults

To restore user default to all the setup options, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore user default.

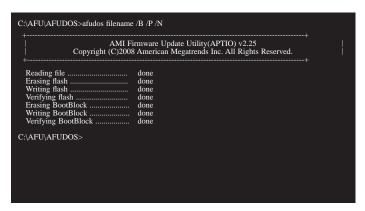
Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS. EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

A:> AFUDOS BIOS_File_Name /b /p /n

then press <Enter>.



Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

- The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
- 2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
- 3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.

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Note:

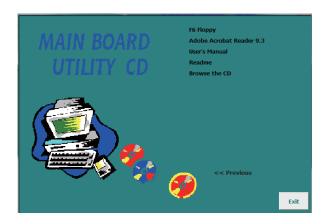
- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not

Chapter 4 - Supported Software

The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".





Auto Run Pages (for Windows 7)





Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 (SP1) (for Windows XP only)

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Note:

Before installing Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5, make sure you have updated your Windows XP operating system to Service Pack 3.

To install the driver, click "Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5" on the main menu.

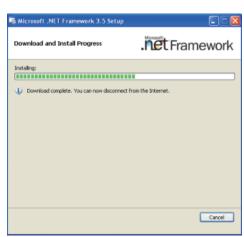
Read the license agreement carefully.

Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 Setup.

Click "I have read and accept the terms of the License Agreement" then click Install.



2. Setup is now installing the driver.



3. Click Exit.



Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click "Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



 Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Click Finish to exit setup.



Intel Graphics Drivers

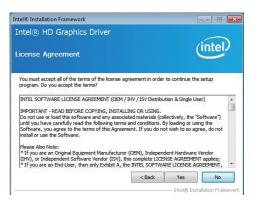
To install the driver, click "Intel Graphics Drivers" on the main menu.

 Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.



By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows Vista desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

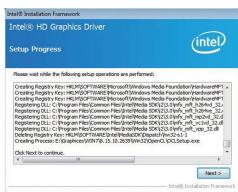
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



 Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



Intel Turbo Boost Monitor (for Windows 7)

To install the driver, click "Intel Turbo Boost Monitor" on the main menu.

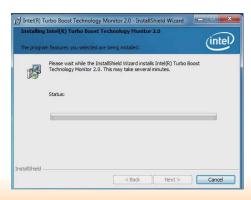
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



Read the license agreement and then click "I accept the terms in the license agreement". Click Next.



3. The setup program is currently installing the software.



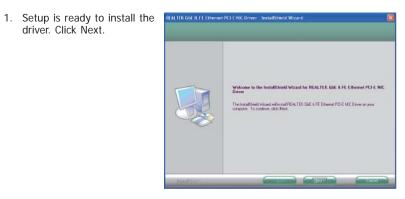
4. Click Finish.



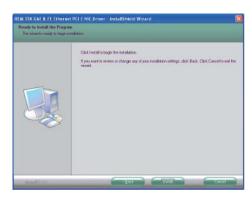
Realtek LAN Drivers

To install the driver, click "Realtek LAN Drivers" on the main menu.

driver. Click Next.



2. Click Install to begin the installation.



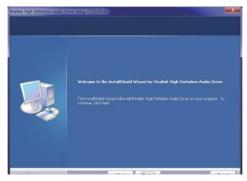
3. After completing installation, click Finish.



Audio Drivers

To install the driver, click "Audio Drivers" on the main menu.

Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



2. Click "Yes, I want to restart Realthis High Definition Audio Dinner Setup (3.2). F2.6 my computer now" then click Finish.

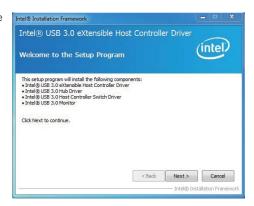
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



Intel USB 3.0 (for Windows 7)

To install the driver, click "Intel USB 3.0" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



 Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



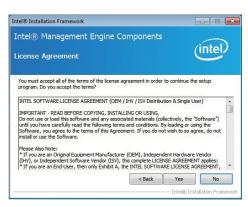
Intel Management Engine Drivers

To install the driver, click "Intel Management Engine Drivers" on the main menu.

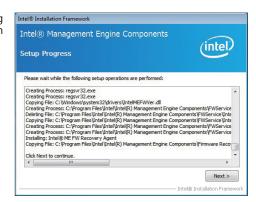
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



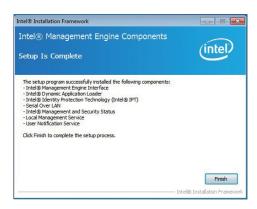
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



 Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



4. After completing installation, click Finish.



Intel Rapid Storage Drivers

To install the driver, click "Intel Rapid Storage Drivers" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



5. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now." then click Finish.

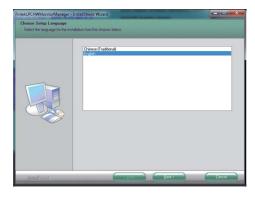
Restarting the system will allow the new software installlation to take effect.



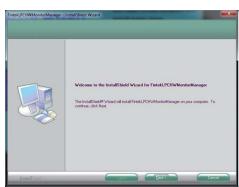
Fintek MyGuard

Fintek HWMonitor Manager provides information about the Temperature, Fan, Voltage, and Others information. To access the utility, click "Fintek HWMonitor Manager" on the main menu.

 Under the Language Support section, select the language you would like the installation to display and then click Next.



2. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



3. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



4. After completing installation, click Finish.



To run the Fintek Hardware Monitor utility, click the Start button and then select FitHwMonitor > FintekLPCHWMonitorManager > Fintek_LPC_HW_MonitorManager.



DFI Utility

DFI Utility provides information about the board, Watchdog, DIO, and Backlight. To access the utility, click "DFI Utility" on the main menu.



Note:

If you are using Windows 7, you need to access the operating system as an administrator to be able to install the utility.

1. Setup is ready to instal the DFI Utility driver Click "Next".



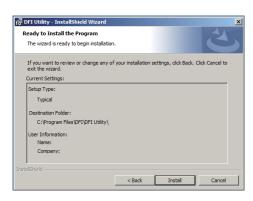
2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



3. Enter "User name" and "Organization" information then click "Next".



4. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



5. After completing installa tion, click "Finish".



The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.



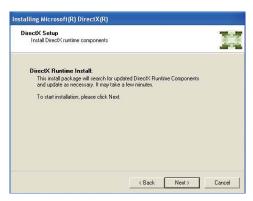
Microsoft DirectX 9.0C (for Windows XP only)

To install the driver, click "Microsoft DirectX 9.0C" on the main menu.

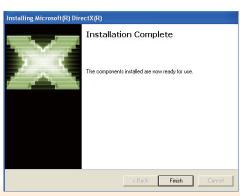
1. Click "I accept the agreement" then click Next.



2. To start installation, click Next.



Click Finish. Reboot the system for DirectX to take effect.



F6 Floppy

This is used to create a floppy driver diskette needed when you install Windows® XP using the F6 installation method. This will allow you to install the operating system onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

- 1. Insert a blank floppy diskette.
- Locate for the drivers in the CD then copy them to the floppy diskette. The CD includes drivers for both 32-bit and 64-bit operating systems. The path to the drivers are shown below.

32-bit CD Drive:\AHCI_RAID\F6FLOPPY\f6flpy32

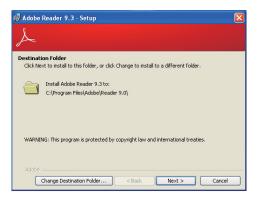
64-bi

CD Drive:\AHCI_RAID\F6FLOPPY\f6flpy64

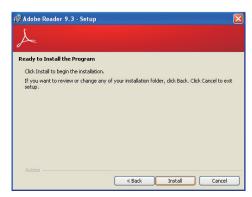
Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

To install the reader, click "Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3" on the main menu.

 Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



Appendix A - NLITE and AHCI Installation Guide

nLite

nLite is an application program that allows you to customize your XP installation disc by integrating the RAID/AHCI drivers into the disc. By using nLite, the F6 function key usually required during installation is no longer needed.



Note:

The installation steps below are based on nLite version 1.4.9. Installation procedures may slightly vary if you're using another version of the program.

1. Download the program from nLite's offical website.

http://www.nliteos.com/download.html

2. Install nLite.



Important

Due to it's coding with Visual.Net, you may need to first install .NET Framework prior to installing nLite.

Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files from Intel's website. The drivers you choose will depend on the operating system and chipset used by your computer.

The downloaded driver files should include iaahci.cat, iaAHCI.inf, iastor.cat, iaStor. inf, IaStor.sys, license.txt and TXTSETUP.OEM.



- 4. Insert the XP installation disc into an optical drive.
- Launch nLite. The Welcome screen will appear. Click Next.

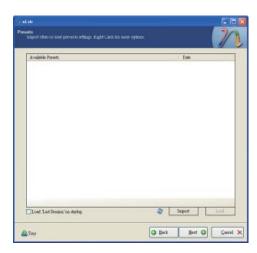


 Click Next to temporarily save the Windows installation files to the designated default folder.

If you want to save them in another folder, click **Browse**, select the folder and then click **Next**.



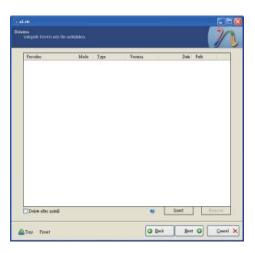
7. Click Next.



 In the Task Selection dialog box, click **Drivers** and **Bootable ISO**. Click **Next**.



 Click Insert and then select Multiple driver folder to select the drivers you will integrate. Click Next.



 Select only the drivers appropriate for the Windows version that you are using and then click **OK**.

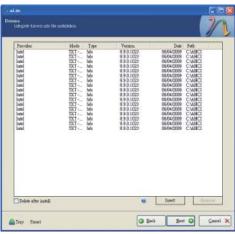
Integrating 64-bit drivers into 32-bit Windows or vice versa will cause file load errors and failed installation.



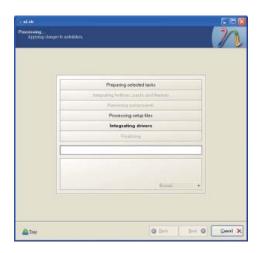
 If you are uncertain of the southbridge chip used on your motherboard, select all RAID/AHCI controllers and then click OK.



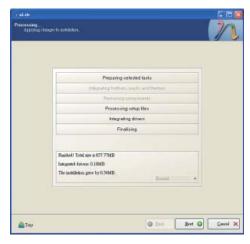
12. Click Next.



13. The program is currently integrating the drivers and applying changes to the installation.



14. When the program is finished applying the changes, click **Next**.

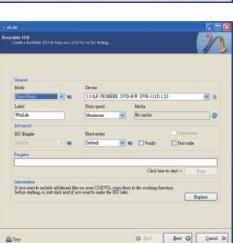


 To create an image, select the Create Image mode under the General section and then click Next.



 Or you can choose to burn it directly to a disc by selecting the **Direct Burn** mode under the General section.

Select the optical device and all other necessary settings and then click **Next**.



17. You have finished customizing the Windows XP installation disc. Click **Finish**.

Enter the BIOS utility to configure the SATA controller to RAID/AHCI. You can now install Windows XP.



AHCI

The installation steps below will guide you in configuring your SATA drive to AHCI mode.

- 1. Enter the BIOS utility and configure the SATA controller to IDE mode.
- 2. Install Windows XP but do not press F6.
- Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files supported by the motherboard chipset from Intel's website.

Transfer the downloaded driver files to C:\AHCI.

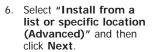


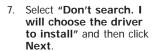
 Open Device Manager and right click on one of the Intel Serial ATA Storage Controllers, then select Update Driver.

If the controller you selected did not work, try selecting another one.

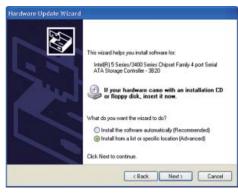


 In the Hardware Update Wizard dialog box, select "No, not this time" then click Next.



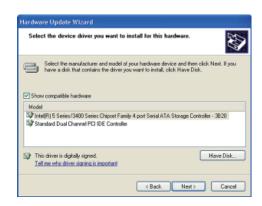








8. Click "Have Disk".



9. Select C:\AHCI\iaAHCI.inf and then click **Open**.



 Select the appropriate AHCI Controller of your hardware device and then click Next.

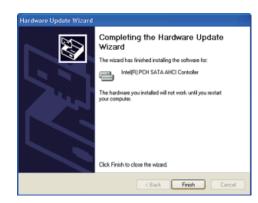


 A warning message appeared because the selected SATA controller did not match your hardware device.

Ignore the warning and click **Yes** to proceed.

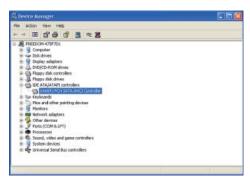
12. Click Finish.





- The system's settings have been changed.
 Windows XP requires that you restart the computer. Click Yes.
- 14. Enter the BIOS utility and modify the SATA controller from IDE to AHCI. By doing so, Windows will work normally with the SATA controller that is in AHCI mode.





Appendix B - Watchdog Sample Code

;Software programming example:			
;(1) Ent	er Super IO Conf	iguration mode	
MOV	DX,2EH AL,87H DX,AL DX,AL		
;(2) Co timer)	nfiguration Logic	al Device 7, register CRF5/CRF6 (WDT Control /WDT	
MOV	DX,2EH AL,07H		
MOV MOV OUT	DX,2FH AL,07H DX,AL	;Select Logical Device 7	
MOV MOV OUT	DX,2EH AL, F6H DX,AL	;Select watchdog timer register	
MOV MOV OUT	DX,2FH AL,10H DX,AL	;Set watchdog timer value	
MOV MOV OUT	DX,2EH AL, F5H DX,AL	;Select watchdog Control Register	
MOV MOV OUT	DX,2FH AL,61H DX,AL	;Set Watchdog Control Value	
;(1) Exit	t extended function		
MOV MOV	DX,2EH AL,AAH DX,AL		

Appendix C - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.



Important:

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80)

Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40)

Floppy type mismatch.

Hard Disk(s) fail (80)

HDD reset failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (40)

HDD controller diagnostics failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (20)

HDD initialization error.

Hard Disk(s) fail (10)

Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

Hard Disk(s) fail (08)

Sector Verify failed.

Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key

The BIOS detects that the keyboard is locked. Keyboard controller is pulled low.

Keyboard error or no keyboard present

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

Manufacturing POST loop

System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for the M/B burn in test at the factory.

BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted

The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFH is bad.

Memory test fail

The BIOS reports memory test fail if the memory has error(s).

Appendix D - Troubleshooting Checklist

Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

- 1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
- 2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
- 3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
- 4. The monitor is turned on.
- 5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
- 6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
- 7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

Monitor/Display

If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

- 1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
- 2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
- Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
- 4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

The picture seems to be constantly moving.

- 1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
- Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
- 3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

Power Supply

When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

- Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
- 2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
- 3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

Floppy Drive

The computer cannot access the floppy drive.

- 1. The floppy diskette may not be formatted. Format the diskette and try again.
- 2. The diskette may be write-protected. Use a diskette that is not write-protected.
- 3. You may be writing to the wrong drive. Check the path statement to make sure you are writing to the targeted drive.
- 4. There is not enough space left on the diskette. Use another diskette with adequate storage space.

Hard Drive

Hard disk failure.

- 1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
- 2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

Serial Port

The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled

characters.

- 1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
- 2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
- 3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
- 4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

Keyboard

Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

- 1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
- 2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

System Board

- 1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
- 2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
- 3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
- 4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
- If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
- 6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.